MAP Growth Administration

Fall: August 29-September 2, 2022 Winter: January 9-13, 2023 Spring: April 24-28, 2023

Elementary & Middle School

READING

MATH

Growth:

Math K-2

CCSS 2010 V2

LANGUAGE

KINDER - 2ND*

*2ND: Select ONE test per subject based on student's ability.

2ND* - 5TH

Growth:

Reading K-2 CCSS 2010

Growth:

Reading 2-5 CCSS 2010 V4

Growth:

Reading 2-5

CCSS 2010 V4

Math 2-5

CCSS 2010 V2

Growth:

Growth:

Math 2-5

CCSS 2010 V2

Growth:

Language 2-12 CCSS 2010 V2

Growth:

Language 2-12

CCSS 2010 V2

SCIENCE



3RD - 5TH

Growth:

Reading 6+ CCSS 2010 V4 Growth:

Math 6+

CCSS 2010 V2

Growth: Science 3-5: SD 2015

Growth:

Language 2-12

CCSS 2010 V2

Growth: Science

6-8: SD 2015

Questions? Email: robyngrimsley@txsda.org

6TH - 8TH

MAP Growth grade-level test guidance (K-2 to 2-5)

Which Test do I give to my 2nd Graders?

MAP® Growth® assessments are available for different grade levels in Reading, Math, Language Usage, and Science. For a given subject, MAP Growth assessments have some overlap in grades and test content, which is essential given the adaptive nature of these assessments. The choice of assessment is clear for some students. The following table explains when students should use each test.¹

K	MAP Growth K-2
1	MAP Growth K-2
2	MAP Growth 2-5 (with some exceptions)
	Exceptions
	If a student has a previous MAP Growth 2-5 RIT in Reading of 170 or lower the student should take the MAP Growth K-2
	If a student has a previous MAP Growth 2–5 RIT in Math of 170 or lower the student should take the MAP Growth K–2
3-5	MAP Growth 2-5
Note: The	ese exceptions apply to ALL grades.
for stu	oove recommendations may be adjusted idents with IEP's, 504's, or have other I needs such as ELL
+ State	or district policy may supersede the above

For other students, the choice of assessment is more difficult. Many second-graders and other students are in a transitional period as they learn to read. Exceptions to using the 2–5 test with these students are explained in the next two sections. Your decision should consider curriculum exposure (i.e. opportunity to learn), test content, prior RIT scores, and prior scores on other measures such as classroom assessments and homework.

recommendations

Selecting the right reading assessment for transitional students

MAP Growth K-2 Reading assesses standardsaligned content that is appropriate for students in early grades who are pre, emergent, or beginning readers. The Reading test uses a mix of audio support and independent reading to measure foundational reading skills, comprehension (both supported and independent), vocabulary, and writing/language.

MAP Growth 2–5 Reading assesses content aligned with state and/or Common Core standards appropriate for students in second- to fifth-grade. It measures independent reading comprehension of literary and informational text, as well as vocabulary development. The 2–5 Reading test is designed for students who can read connected text, and by default it does not include audio support. Administering the 2–5 Reading test to struggling readers will likely result in a frustrating student experience and limited-utility results. For some students, such as those on individualized learning plans or some English learners, a designated feature of text-to-speech is available and can be assigned by a proctor.

For independent readers, the 2-5 assessment is a more appropriate measure of reading ability. The focus of instruction for these students shifts away from direct instruction on foundational skills and deals more with engaging in progressively complex texts. Using the K-2 Reading test with independent readers will provide less instructionally useful information about student progress in reading. Administering the K-2 Reading test to independent readers will likely result in artificially increased scores, and a drop-in growth when the student transitions to the 2-5 Reading test. Using the 2-5 assessment for a student who is likely to become an independent reader at any point during the year will yield better information and more accurately reflect student growth. If the student is likely to become an independent reader at any point during the year, the student should take the 2-5 assessment in fall, winter, and spring.

NWEA* recommends that educators consider an existing RIT score, performance on measures, and opportunity to learn when determining whether or not a *2ND: Select ONE test per subject based on student's ability.

READING

Growth:

Reading K-2

CCSS 2010

Growth:

Reading 2-5

2ND* - 5TH

Administering the K–2 Reading test to independent readers will likely result in artificially increased scores, and a drop-in growth when the student transitions to the 2–5 Reading test.

CCSS 2010 V4

Using the 2–5 assessment for a student who is likely to become an independent reader at any point during the year will yield better information and more accurately reflect student growth

student is an independent reader and can read without audio support. Prior MAP Growth scores serve as one piece of evidence in determining whether a student is an independent reader. If the student has already taken MAP Growth K-2 Reading and has scored 190 RIT or higher, the student is ready to take the relevant MAP Growth 2-5 assessment. Similarly, if a student has already taken MAP Growth 2-5 and scored 170 or lower, the MAP Growth K-2 assessment is more appropriate.

Selecting the right mathematics assessment for transitional students

MAP Growth K-2 Mathematics assesses standardsaligned content that is appropriate for students in kindergarten to second-grade who are pre, emergent, or beginning readers. It uses embedded audio support throughout the test so that the student's reading ability does not adversely affect his or her performance on the math assessment.

MAP Growth 2-5 Mathematics also assesses content aligned with state and/or Common Core standards appropriate for second- to fifth-grade students. However, the 2-5 test is designed for students who can read connected text, and by default does not include audio support. Administering the 2-5 math test to students who are not ready for it will likely result in a frustrating student experience and limited-utility results. For some students, such as those on individualized learning plans or some English learners, a designated feature of text-to-speech is available and can be assigned by a proctor.

Using the K-2 Mathematics test with independent readers and students performing at high levels in mathematics will provide less instructionally useful information about student progress in mathematics. Moreover, administering the K-2 Mathematics test to high-performing, independent readers will likely result in artificially increased scores, and a drop in growth when the student transitions to the 2-5 Mathematics test.

For independent readers with strong mathematics skills, the MAP Growth 2–5 Mathematics test is more appropriate. NWEA recommends that educators use an existing RIT score, performance on other measures, and opportunity to learn into account when determining whether or not a student is currently an independent reader and can read without audio support. Prior MAP Growth scores serve as one piece of evidence in determining whether a student is ready to take the 2–5 assessment. If the student has already taken MAP Growth K–2 Mathematics and has scored 200 RIT or higher, the student is ready to take the MAP Growth 2–5 Mathematics assessment. Similarly, if a student has already taken MAP Growth K–2 assessment is more appropriate.

Which Test do I give to my 2nd Graders?

Special considerations

Students with IEPs, 504s, or who have other needs such as ELL students may have circumstances that may best be served taking an assessment that differs from their peers, even when scores are aggregated across district or state. Comparative interpretations should be treated cautiously in any cases where students take different assessments. For example, if the K-2 is chosen for a student with special circumstances, if other students in the class have taken the 2-5 test, the teacher should be cautious about equating the scores from those two different measures.

Additional information regarding the recommendation from NWEA for MAP Growth Grade Level Test Guidance is available in the *Psychometric Evidence for the 2019 MAP Growth Grade-Level Test Guidance*.

Reference:

NWEA. (2019). Psychometric Evidence for the 2019 MAP Growth Grade-Level Test Guidance. Portland, OR: Author.

MATH

KINDER - 2ND*

Growth:

Math K-2

CCSS 2010 V2

*2ND: Select ONE
test per subject based
on student's ability.

Growth:

Math 2-5

2ND* - 5TH

CCSS 2010 V2

MAP Growth K–2 Mathematics assesses standards-aligned content that is appropriate for students in kindergarten to second-grade who are pre, emergent, or beginning readers.

Administering the K–2
Mathematics test to highperforming, independent
readers will likely result in
artificially increased scores,
and a drop in growth when
the student transitions to the
2–5 Mathematics test

MAP Growth Administration Fall: August 29-September 2, 2022 *Spanish Testing

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*Spanish RIT scores ARE comparable to English RIT scores IN Reading. Math will show EITHER the English OR Spanish RIT, but NOT both.

LANGUAGE READING **SCIENCE** MATH Growth: Spanish Reading K-2 KINDER - 2ND* CCSS 2012 *2ND: Select ONE test per subject based on student's ability. Growth: Growth: Spanish Reading 2-5 2ND* - 5TH CCSS 2010 V2 CCSS 2012 V2 Growth: Reading 2-5 3RD - 5TH Spanish Math 2-5 CCSS 2012 V2 CCSS 2010 V2 Growth: Spanish Growth: Reading 6-8 Spanish Math 6+ 6TH - 8TH CCSS 2012 V2 CCSS 2010 V2

MAP Growth Administration Fall: August 29-September 2, 2022 High School

Winter: January 9-13, 2023

Spring: April 24-28, 2023

READING

MATH

LANGUAGE

SCIENCE

9th-12th: **Mandatory**

Growth: Reading 6+ CCSS 2010 V4

Growth: Math 6+ CCSS 2010 V2

Growth: Language 2-12 CCSS 2010 V2

Growth: Science 9-12: SD 2015

Optional: Based on Student's Classes

Growth: Algebra 1 CCSS 2010

Growth: Algebra 2

CCSS 2010

Growth: Geometry

CCSS 20120

Growth: High School

Integrated Math 1

CCSS 2010

Growth: High School

Integrated Math 2

Growth: High School

Integrated Math 3

CCSS 2010

Ouestions?

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