

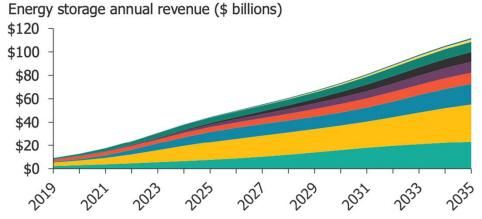
Energy. Timely. Certain.

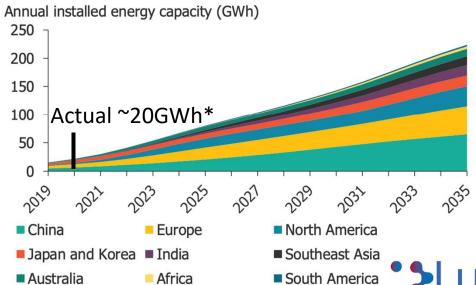
Low-cost battery for grid reliability

# Market Opportunity

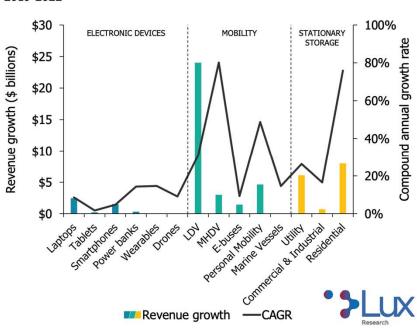
#### 2019 projections

#### Global stationary storage market forecasts





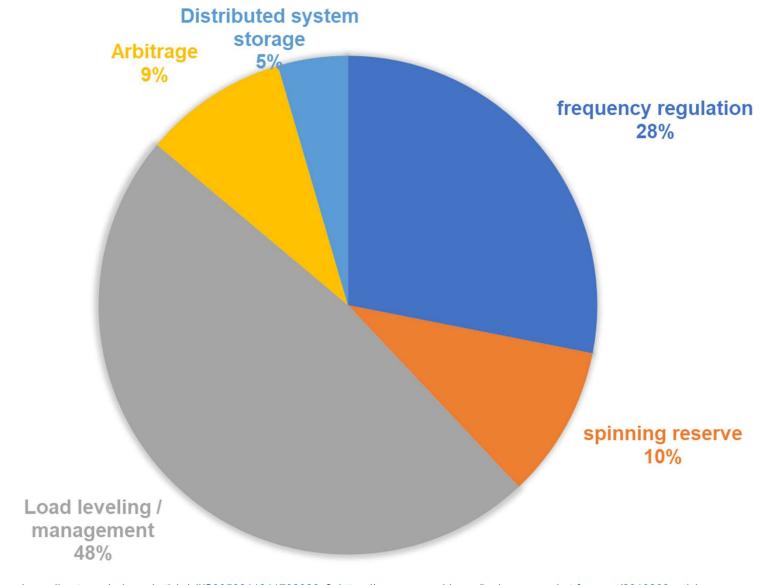
#### **Near-term growth opportunities** 2019-2022



Utility scale storage expected to grow at 20% CAGR in the nearterm with growth concentrated in China, EU and North America.

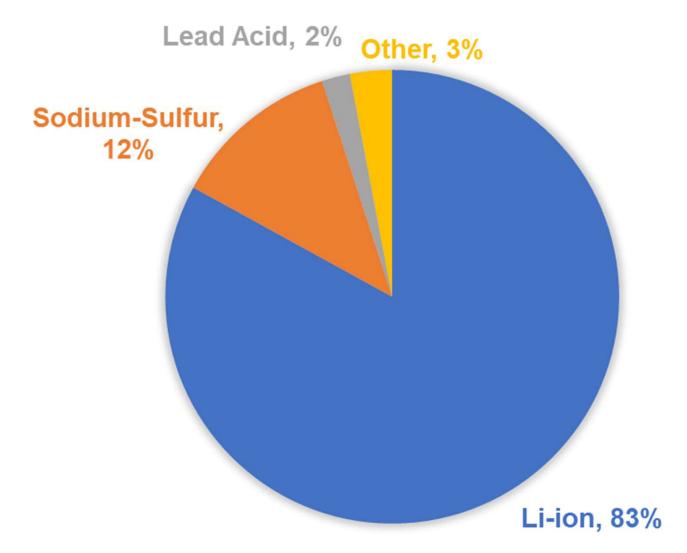
<sup>\*</sup>https://www.iea.org/reports/energy-storage

# **Battery storage market distribution**



http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0958211811702026;
 https://www.gasworld.com/hydrogen-market-forecast/2010268.article;
 http://www.marketsandmarkets.com/Market-Reports/micro-grid-electronics-market-917.html;
 http://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability-and-resource-productivity/our-insights/the-new-economics-of-energy-storage
 5.GTM US energy storage monitor – 2017

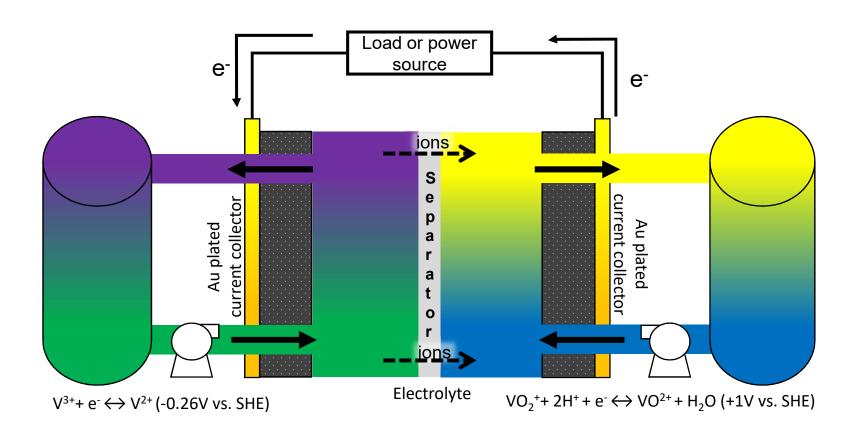
# Battery storage technology distribution



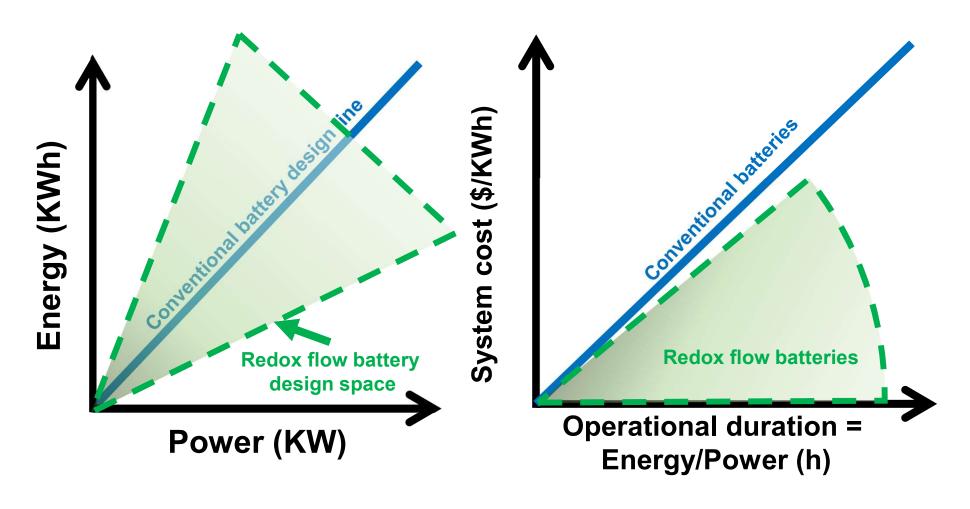
#### Other technologies include Flow batteries

http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0958211811702026;
 https://www.gasworld.com/hydrogen-market-forecast/2010268.article;
 http://www.marketsandmarkets.com/Market-Reports/micro-grid-electronics-market-917.html;
 http://www.mckinsey.com/business-functions/sustainability-and-resource-productivity/our-insights/the-new-economics-of-energy-storage
 GTM US energy storage monitor – 2017

## The answer is (always) flow batteries

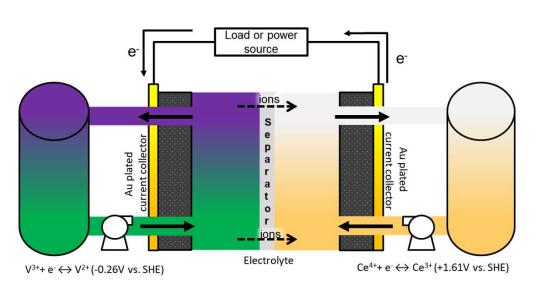


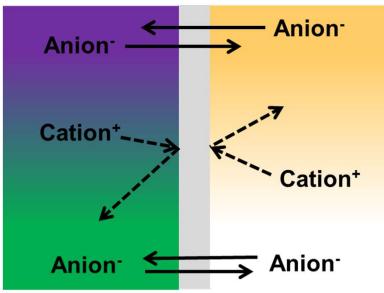
# Why EnTice redox flow batteries?



Bigger the system - lower the marginal cost

# Electrode-decoupled flow batteries





- ✓ Far less expensive compared to all-V RFB (~\$400/KWh at scale)
- ✓ Design flexibility greater variety of actives
- ✓ Tunable cell voltage
- X Can lead to capacity fade due to mixing
- X Some designs require phase change (deposition/dissolution) of one or more actives

Our system is all-soluble, electrode-decoupled and long lasting

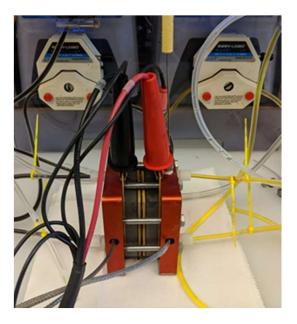
# The EnTice battery

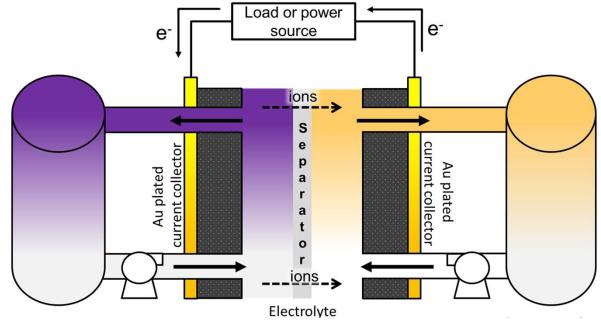
### Patented redox flow battery (RFB) chemistry

United States Patent Sankarasubramanian et al.

(10) Patent No.: US 11,177,497 B2 (45) Date of Patent: Nov. 16, 2021

- Sub-linear scaling of cost with scale
- Pathway to meet DoE battery cost targets of
   <\$50/KWh We use rock forming minerals as actives</li>





# The EnTice battery

### Patented membrane technology

- Enables our unique RFB architecture
- United States Patent Wang et al.

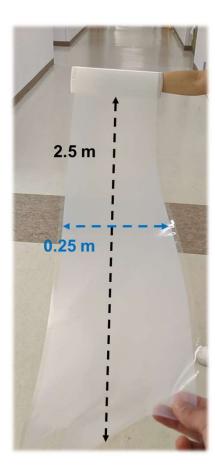
(10) Patent No.: US 10,910,656 B2

(45) **Date of Patent:** Feb. 2, 2021

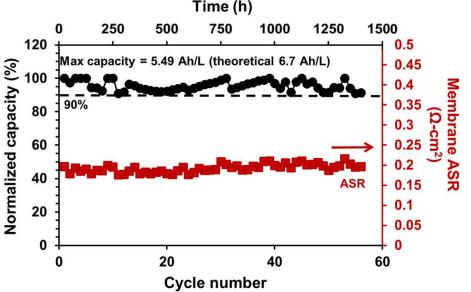
 In advance stage of scale-up and possible commercialization





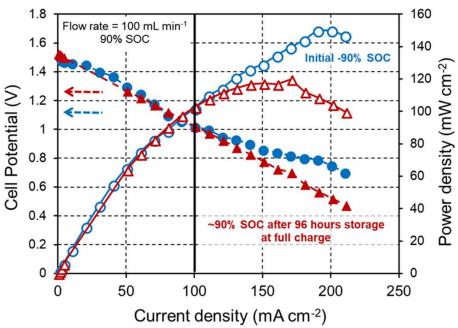


# The EnTice advantage

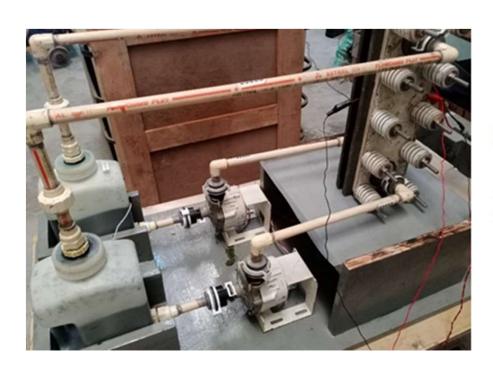


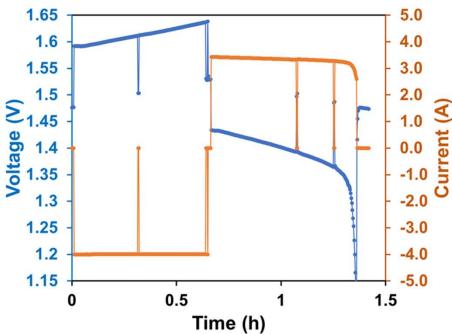
Long-term cycling performance demonstrated in the lab

Long term storage with no performance degradation



# The EnTice advantage





### Third-party validation ongoing

# The EnTice advantage

#### 2020 all-V RFB cost estimates from US DOE (supplier cost)

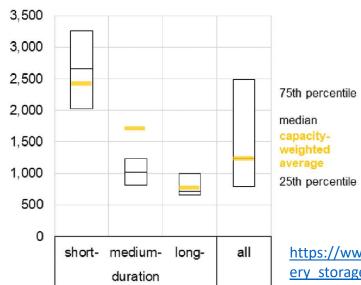
	1 MW/4 MWh System		10 MW/40 MWh System	
Estimate Year	2020	2030	2020	2030
DC system (with SB and container costs) (\$/kWh)	\$367	\$299	\$341	\$278
PCS (\$/kWh)	\$22	\$17	\$17	\$13
PCS markup (\$/kW)	\$2.2	\$1.7	\$2	\$1
ESS equipment total (\$/kWh)	\$391	\$318	\$360	\$292
Integrator margin (\$/kWh)	\$58	\$48	\$36	\$29
Complete ESS equipment total (\$/kWh)	\$449	\$365	\$396	\$321
EPC (\$/kWh)	\$101	\$82	\$79	\$64
AC Installed Cost (\$/kWh)	\$551	\$447	\$475	\$386

https://www.pnnl.gov/sites/default/files/media/file/RedoxFlow Methodology.pdf

#### 2020 Utility installed energy storage costs from EIA

#### energy capacity cost

dollars per kilowatthour (\$/kWh)



Most utility scale systems are <4-h duration LIBs and utilities are willing to pay >>\$600/kWh

https://www.eia.gov/analysis/studies/electricity/batterystorage/pdf/battery storage.pdf

# Present costs of the EnTice system

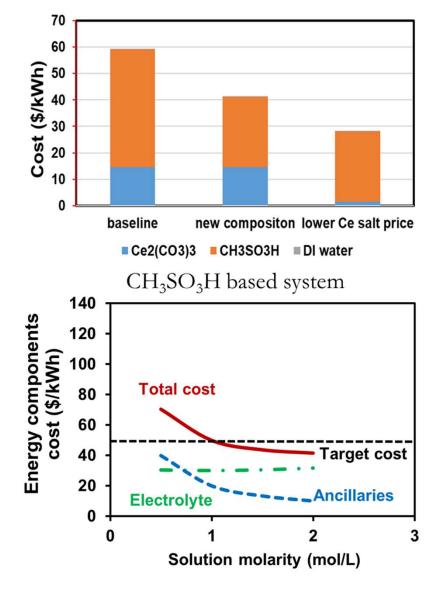
- Present costs of Ti-Ce RFB estimated by Mr. Thomas
  Gregory of Borealis Technology Solutions LLC. He has over
  30 years of process modeling, design and costing
  experience with Dow chemicals. He has worked on Dow's
  battery efforts.
- Our model matches DOE's all-V RFB model
  - Power 1MW; Duration 4h; 1 molar electrolyte solution concentration; 100 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> power density.
  - Same PCS, ESS and integrator margins assumed.

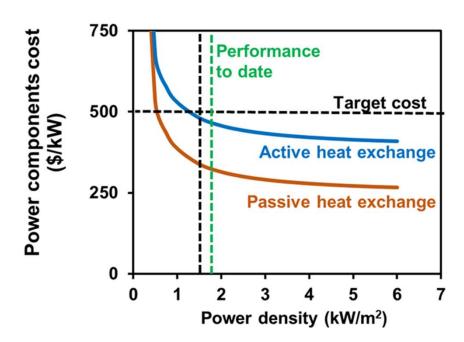
#### WUSTL Ti-Ce RFB cost estimates (supplier cost) – no optimizing assumptions

	1MW/4MWh	10MW/40MWh
DC system (\$/kWh)	267	248
AC installed cost (\$/kWh)	401	345

# Future state costs of EnTice system

Projections are for GW-scale production with optimizing assumptions





Pathways exist to reach <\$50/KWh and <\$500/KW – accepted by ARPA-E

### End users













# The competition

Lithium ion batteries

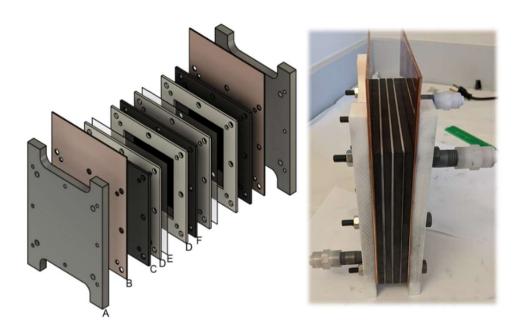
- SAMSUNG
- Proven tech that is available now
- Lithium and Cobalt supply are limited and not assured





- Natural gas
  - EnTiCe Batteries are cheaper at scale (>100GWh/year)

### The Future





Short stack built – testing ongoing

#### **Future steps:**

- Scale-up membrane production to a minimum 20cm wide roll to enable RFB scale-up.
- Develop, build and test a 40KW RFB module.

### The Future

#### Team building

- Business development experience with utilities interactions and B2B sales.
- Systems engineering experienced systems engineer with RFB, filtration or fuel cells background.

#### **Company formation**

Need to determine vehicle – start-up vs. JV

#### **Funding needs**

Pursuing non-dilutive options (SBIR/STTR)

#### The Team



Vijay Ramani

- 20+ years of electrochemical engineering experience
- SBIR phase 2B Co-PI
- Sought after consultant on energy storage tech



Shrihari Sankarasubramanian

- 12 years of electrochemical engineering experience
- 2 patent awarded, 5 pending
- Worked with GE, Toyota, Nissan, HydroQuebec