



SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier **SPX TRACK BITE**

Other means of identification

Recommended use Adhesive

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer Pilot Thomas Logistics

Company name 201 N. Rupert St.

Address Fort Worth, TX 76107

Telephone 1-844-785-8326

Website www.pilotthomas.com

Emergency phone number PERS: 1-800-633-8253
Customer #1898



2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2

Health hazards Acute toxicity, oral Category 2

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard Category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard Category 3

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word DANGER!

Hazard statement

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H300 Harmful if swallowed.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapors or mist

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P301 + P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Isopropanol		67-63-0	50-80
n-Hexane		110-54-3	5-30
Ethanol		64-17-5	0.1-10
Hexane (other Isomers)		Mixture	0.1-10
Methylcyclopentane		96-37-7	0.1-10
Toluene		108-88-3	0.1-10
Proprietary Resin		Mixture	10-20

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	If overexposure to vapors or mist, move to fresh air. Call a physician if breathing becomes difficult.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Avoid spark promoters. Eliminate sources of ignition. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m3 1000 ppm
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3 400 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3 500 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3
		500 ppm
	TWA	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	180 mg/m3
		50 ppm
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	375 mg/m3
		100 ppm

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	40 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.4 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedion , without hydrolysis	Urine	*
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Skin designation applies.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Hand protection

Wear protective gloves.

Skin protection**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

General hygiene considerations When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Yellow Liquid.
Odor	Mild Citrus Alcohol.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	150.8 °F (66 °C) estimated
Flash point	-0.4 °F (-18.0 °C) (Lowest flashing component)
Evaporation rate	> 1 (BuAc = 1)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	1 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	15 % estimated
Vapor pressure	77.6 hPa (1 hPa = 0.75006 mmHg)
Vapor pressure temp.	@ 20 Deg. C
Vapor density	> 1 (Air = 1)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Appreciable
Auto-ignition temperature	Not determined
Other information	
Percent volatile	88.88 % (approx)
Pounds per gallon	6.492 lb/gal
Specific gravity	0.779
VOC (Weight %)	88.88 % (approx)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Suitable precautions should be utilized if using this product at temperatures above the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizers and strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known if stored and applied as directed.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Fatal if swallowed.
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Fatal if swallowed. Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Components	Species	Test Results
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	39 mg/l, 4 Hours
	Rat	20000 ppm, 10 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Dog	5.5 g/kg
	Guinea pig	5.6 g/kg
	Mouse	3450 mg/kg
	Rat	6.2 g/kg
<i>Other</i>		
LD50	Mouse	933 mg/kg
	Rat	1440 mg/kg
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Dog	4797 mg/kg
	Mouse	3600 mg/kg
	Rabbit	5.03 g/kg
	Rat	4.7 g/kg
<i>Other</i>		
LD50	Mouse	1509 mg/kg
	Rat	1099 mg/kg
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	48000 ppm, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	24 mg/kg
	Wistar rat	49 mg/kg
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	12124 mg/kg
		14.1 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	5320 mg/l, 8 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
		400 mg/l, 24 Hours
	Rat	26700 mg/l, 1 Hours
		12200 mg/l, 2 Hours
		8000 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	2.6 g/kg
<i>Other</i>		
LD50	Mouse	59 mg/kg
	Rat	1332 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Overexposure to N-Hexane can cause injury to peripheral nerves. Overexposure to high vapor concentrations (>1000 ppm) of N-Hexane has resulted in testicular changes in rats, but not mice. Human relevance of these studies is unclear.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Components	Species	Test Results
Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) > 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon, silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch) 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethanol	-0.35, @ 20 C
Isopropanol	0.05
Methylcyclopentane	3.37

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT BULK / NON-BULK:

UN number	1133
Proper shipping name	Adhesives
Hazard class	3
Packing group	II
ERG code	128

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)	Listed.
Methylcyclopentane (CAS 96-37-7)	Listed.
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	Listed.
Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)	Listed.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
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None listed

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
n-Hexane	110-54-3	10-30
Toluene	108-88-3	0.1-10

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

DEA Essential Chemical Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methylcyclopentane (CAS 96-37-7)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) 500 LBS

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) 500 LBS

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5)

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

Methylcyclopentane (CAS 96-37-7)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Ethanol (CAS 64-17-5) Listed: April 29, 2011

Listed: July 1, 1988

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	03-24-2015
Version #	01
Disclaimer	This information is based on data available to us and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge at the time of printing. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of the suitability of this material for the use contemplated is the sole responsibility of the user. Buyer assumes all risk and liabilities. Buyer accepts and uses this material on these conditions.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.