

Settling an estate can feel overwhelming but like estate planning, it doesn't have to be! We've partnered with Cadence to provide you with this guide and checklist to help you navigate the different parts of settling an estate.





### **What You May Need**

Legal	Government	<b>Employment/Pensions</b>	
Funeral Director Statement of	Social Insurance Number	Employment contracts	
Death or Death Certificate	Driver's license	Pension/benefit statements	
Last Will and Testament	Health card	Social assistance/disability	
Beneficiary contact info	Birth certificate	records	
Marriage license	Status card	Military service records	
Divorce/separation papers	Metis/Inuit membership	Employment insurance	
Pre/postnuptial agreements	Passport	records	
Trust agreements	Permanent resident card	Professional/Union memberships	
List of assets	Immigration/citizenship documents	·	
	Firearm license	Banking	
Home/Property		Safety deposit box	
Vehicle registration	Insurance	Statements, agreements	
Lease or rental agreements	misurance	Debit card, cheques, bank books	
Landlord/tenant Info	Life insurance policy	Mortgage information	
Deeds and titles	Home insurance policy	Credit card statements	
Mineral rights	Vehicle insurance policy	Lines of credit/loans	
Property income statements	Annuity statements		
Timeshare agreements			
Timeshare agreements	Descionario	Investments	
	Business	Investment portfolio	
Utilities/Telecom	Incorporation documents	RRSP/RRIF/RESP	
	Business license	Stocks, bonds and	
Security	Shareholder agreements	investment certificates	
Gas/hydro	Buy/sell agreements	Annuities	
Electricity		Crypto wallet	
Phone/internet			
Cable/Satellite	Memberships/Accounts		
Water	Accounts held	Taxes	
	Passwords/account numbers	Tax returns/assessments	
	Passwords/account numbers  Accessible parking permit	Tax returns/assessments  Property tax bills	





Looking after an estate is unfamiliar to most people. We've compiled this list to help you get started. Not everything on this list will apply to your situation. Cadence assists with notifications, applications and cancellations marked with below. We also provide you with detailed guidance through the estate settlement process and are available to answer any questions you may have.

First Steps Control of the Control o			
	Make funeral/burial/donation arrangements.  Arrange for the safe care of dependents, pets and/or livestock.  Secure the property and personal valuables of the deceased.  Determine the immediate cash needs of the family.	Secure the Funeral Director's Statement of Death (request several copies).  Consider publishing an obituary.  Redirect mail (if property is unoccupied).	

#### The Will

Locate the Will and any codicils or memoranda.

#### If there is a Will:

- Identify the executor(s) and review the final wishes of the deceased.
- The executor(s) should ensure they understand their duties and potential liabilities before proceeding. Consider executor liability insurance.
- Notify beneficiaries and communicate the Will
- Retrieve any information needed from beneficiaries to execute the Will.

#### If there is no Will, or it cannot be found:

Conduct a Will search.

- Determine the requirements set out in the Will and act as required.
- Keep detailed written records of all estate-related activities.
- Determine if Letters Probate are required to transfer assets and apply if necessary.
- Refer to the Provincial probate requirements.
- Apply for Letters of Administration through the court (if required).

\*Legal counsel may be required with or without a Will. Estate lawyers can assist with a wide array of legal estate issues, including Letters Probate, Letters of Administration, interim and final distributions of the estate, etc.

Disclaimer: This list has been prepared for general informational purposes only and may not apply to every situation. It does not constitute legal or accounting advice





### **Next Steps**

- Check wallet, purse, briefcase, files, mail to locate IDs, credit cards and important documents (see "Settling an estate What you will need").
- Consider applying for a Provincial Death Certificate (you will need this if dealing with land titles and some insurance companies).
- Inquire about continued benefit coverage for dependents.

- Document the contents of a safety deposit box (in the presence of a third-party).
- Return medical equipment/prescriptions, cancel deliveries, in-home care.
- Initiate settlement of life insurance policies.
- Contact life insurance, pension plan(s) and extended health insurance plans to initiate claims.

#### **Financial**

- Open an estate bank account and transfer balances.
- Notify financial institutions where the deceased held accounts or owed money.
- For any joint bank accounts, transfer to the surviving account holder.
- Cancel or redirect pre-authorized debits or credits to the estate account.
- Confirm outstanding balances, loans, lines-of-credit.
- Cancel credit cards and determine if any insurance exists to cover balances.
- Determine assets and liabilities by contacting financial institutions, employer, insurance companies, brokers, and RRSP/PRIF trustees.
- Prepare an inventory of the assets and liabilities.
- Locate investment certificates, stocks & bonds, including online accounts.

- Review the investment portfolio and other finances. A financial advisor or accountant can assist with this.
- Search the Bank of Canada's Unclaimed Balances Registry to find any unclaimed bank accounts.
- Settle all debts and claims.
- Publish advertisement for creditors before distribution of assets (if required).
- Confirm completion of tax returns for the last six years.
- Prepare and file any unfiled returns, the Terminal T1 Tax Return and other relevant returns with Revenue Canada within six months of the date of death. Request clearance certificate(s).
- File foreign tax returns, if required.

\*Consider hiring an accountant to assist with financial matters and tax returns.

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### **Real Estate & Property**

- For vacant real estate, arrange for maintenance, property tax and utility payments, protection and care of the property (consider changing locks).
- Verify that adequate insurance is in place and updated to protect all real assets (house, vehicles, cabin, etc.).
- Review mortgage documents and secure property deed(s), land titles and mineral rights.
- Contact mortgage issuer to check for insurance, stop or redirect payments.
- Update records at the Land Registry office if property is transferred to the surviving owner.

- Terminate the lease or arrange for a sublet if the deceased lived in a rental property.
- Contact rental property tenants if the deceased owned rental property. (Cheques should now be payable to the estate bank account.)
- Arrange for valuations of real estate, personal property, securities and automobiles.
- Transfer or sell any real estate or personal effects according to the Will. Note: If probate is required, property cannot change hands until probate is confirmed.

#### **Business**

- Contact the lawyer/accountant used for business purposes.
- If the deceased was a sole proprietor, ensure control of operations and continuation of the business.

\*When dealing with a business, it is advised to seek legal advice.

- Review incorporation documents, shareholder agreements, business continuation plan, succession plan, buy/sell agreements, etc.
- Arrange for valuation of any business interests.

### **Applications**

- Canada Pension Plan Death Benefit
- Canada Pension Plan Survivor's Pension and Child(ren) 's Benefits
- Allowance for the Survivor
- Child rearing provision

- Guaranteed Income Supplement (for spouse)
- Victim Services benefits
- Workers Compensation benefits
- Vehicle Insurance death benefits

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### Wrapping It Up

#### If you are the estate representative:

- Verify that your asset and debt spreadsheet and expense tracker are current and up to date.
- Pay all debts and liabilities.
- Document the estate distribution plan according to the terms of the Will (or applicable legislation).
- Prepare an account of all expenses (final statement of accounts).
- Present distribution plan and final statement of accounts to beneficiaries after the following are complete: secured Letters Probate or Letters of Administration, settled debts and claims, paid taxes owing, received CRA clearance certificate(s), and recommended wait time has passed.

- Secure releases from beneficiaries for final statement of accounts and estate distribution plan.
- Complete Passing of Accounts (if necessary).
- Distribute the estate.
- Compensate the estate representative.
- Close estate bank account after confirming all cheques have cleared.
- Provide beneficiaries with the final report on all aspects of administration.
- Keep all records and communications in a secure and safe place.

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Cadence is a leading provider of estate settlement software.

Visit **cadencecares.ca** for more resources and support through the estate settlement process.



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