LO:To count in decimals up to 3 decimal places.

Success criteria:

- identify place values after the decimal point
- count in tenths
- count in hundredths
- count in thousandths

Starter game: Match the decimals, percentages and									
decimals,	percenta	ages and	b						
fractions?	60%	1/4	13/20						
3/8	40/100	37.5%)						
0.25 40%	3/5 0.375	0.6 0.4							
-0 /0	65%		0.65						

T	oda	y w	e w	ill b	e co	punt	ing	in c	lecii	mal	S.				
 R	em	emt	ber	dec	ima	ls a	re u	sec	l to	rep	rese	ent			
 pa	arto	of a	wh	ole.											
Ċ) ()	.1			0.	5			0	9					
	As yo	ou car	see	there	are te	n tent	hs be	tween	0 and	1					
			C)	2	3/8	-	1	2/6							
 Ì															
Î															
î		ů.	1	1	Y		1		i			-	Y	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

									/eer	0 ר	and		
0.1	Ν	/e h	ave	ter	n hu	ndr	edth	າຣ.					
0	0	.01			0	.05			0	.09	0.10		
A	s yc	ou car	n see t	here	are te	n hun	dredth	ns bet	ween	0 an	d 0.1		
			C)	2	3/8	-	1	2/6					
					1								

			take								een	0		
and	d (0.01	we	ha	ve t	en f	ιhοι	isar	ndth	S.				
0	0	.001			0	.005			0	.009	0.010			
A	s vc	u car	see t	here	are te	n thoi	Isand	ths be	tweer	1 0 an	d 0 0'			
	<u> </u>													
			C)	2	3/8		1	2/6						
													<u> </u>	
											<u> </u>			

Lets have a go at counting in tenths. Can you count 5 tenths on from these numbers?

3.5

4.1

5.8

Lets have a go at counting in tenths. Can you count 5 tenths on from these numbers?

3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 4
4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6
5.8, 5.9, 6, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3

Lets have a go at counting in hundredths. Can you count 5 hundredths on from these numbers?

- 3.52
- 4.13
- 5.87

Lets have a go at counting in hundredths. Can you count 5 hundredths on from these numbers?

3.52, 3.53, 3.54, 3.55, 3.56, 3.57

4.13, 4.14, 4.15, 4.16, 4.17, 4.18

5.87, 5.88, 5.89, 5.9, 5.91, 5.92

Today	we	will k	oe ro	undi	ing c	lecin	nals.						
When answe		nding	g we	nee	d to	iden	tify tl	ne tv	vo po	ossib	le		
Round	-							umb	er w	e ne	ed		
to ider	ntify	the t	wo p	ossi	ble a	answ	ers.						
3			۷	ŀ			Ę	5			6	5	

As you						en 3	anc	4. 1	Thes	e are	e		
our two	o po	SSID	le ar	iswe	rs.								
			On	ce w	e ha	ve id	entifi	ed th	ne tw	o			
3.4			•			wers							
1					i	ne rig 34 y		1	1	î .			
						_							
	ł		50	109)	you r	ound	up.						
3			2	-			Į	5			(5	

R	ule	s for	rour	nding											
		, J			•			wers	- W	hat n	umb	ers	does		
	•		ımbe the o					the	plac	e va	lue v	ou a	are		
	rol	undir		, for	exar	nple	if ro	undi	ng to	o the	-			you	
•	Ар	ply t	he ru						•	dowr	n. 56	78 o	r 9 y	ou	
	rol	Ind เ	лр.												

Can you round these to the nearest whole number?

- 4.7
- 3.5
- 6.4
- 7.3

Can you round these to the nearest whole number?

4.7	5
3.5	5
6.4	6
7.3	7

This applies	s to when ro	unding to t	he nearest	tenth.	
Ŭ	.26 to the ne mbers. Whe				
				Detween	·
			0.0		
3.1	3.2		3.3	3	3.4

This appli	es to	whe	n ro	undii	ng to	the	nea	rest	tenth	۱.			
As you ca	n see	e 3.2	6 co	mes	in b	etwe	en 3	3.2 a	nd 3	.3			
Once this	has	been	ide	ntifie	d we	e loo	k to	the r	ight	num	ber,	whic	h
is a 6 this	mea	ns w	e ro	und	up to	3.3	-		-				
					ţ								
3.1		3	.2			3.	3			3	3.4		

Can you round these numbers to the nearest tenth.

- 5.64
- 3.17
- 4.89
- 7.45

Can you round these numbers to the nearest tenth.

5.64	5.6
3.17	3.2
4.89	4.9
7.45	7.5

LO: To order decimals up to and including 3 decimal places.

Success criteria

- To correctly lay out a place value grid
- To understand the value of each digit within a number
- Look carefully at the ordering rule, largest to smallest or smallest to

largest

Starter activity: Countdown

Can you make the target number using only the numbers provided, you can only use the numbers once.

240	653
100, 10, 6, 4, 5, 2,	75, 9, 6, 3, 5, 8



Le	ets v	wor	k tł	nroi	ıgh	thi	s o	ne	tog	eth	er.			
2.	002	2, 2	2,	0.2	02,	20	.00	2, 0).22	>				-
St	tep	1:1	ets	wri	te d	dow	/n c	bur	pla	ce	valı	le é	grid	-
St	tep	2: I	ets	wri	te o	our	nui	mb	ers	un	der	ea	ch	
ot	her	- g	oin	g d	owi	n in	CO	lun	nns	-				
St	tep	3: p	but	in p	olac	e v	alu	e h	old	ers	wh	ere	•	
ne	ece	ssa	ry.											

2.002, 2.2	2, 0.2	202, 2	20.0	02, 0	.22	—As	s vou	can	see	it is r	nuch	clea	rer
02.	002	2				to	orde	r the	se si	malle	st to	large	
	200)				pl	ace v	/alue	hold	lers.		emb	
	202					οι	ır de	cima	m po	int m	iust I	ine u	р.
20.	002)											
00.	220)											

2.002, 2.	2, 0.2	202.	20.0	02. 0	.22	 Sm	alle	st f	o I	arg	est	
	002			,			0	0.2	02			
0 2.	2 <mark>00</mark>)					-0	0.2	2 <mark>0</mark>			
00.	202	2					0	2.0	02			
20.	002	2					0	2.2	00			
00.	22 <mark>(</mark>)					2	0.0	02			

LO: I can multiply and divide decimal numbers by 10, 100 and 1000

Success criteria

- I Know that when you multiply numbers they move left along the place value grid as they get larger
 - I know that when you divide numbers move right along the place value grid as they get smaller
 - I know that the amount of times numbers move along the place value is dependent on how many zeros there are in the calculation
- I can accurately use a place value grid to help me when moving numbers.

Starter activity: Bar modelling

Try and fill in and label the bar model provided using information from the word problem?

Mohammed runs the 800m in 1 minute and 24 seconds. Rob is 12 seconds quicker than Mohammed and Chris is 6 seconds slower than Mohammed. What is the difference in time between Rob and Chris?



My legs don't run

Use this saying to help understand the movement numbers along the place value grid.

My legs don't run

multiplication left division right



When dividing by 10, 100 or 1000 the numbers move right along the place value because the numbers are getting smaller. The amount of times they move is dependent on how many zeros there are i.e. 10 is one jump, 100 is two jumps and 1000 is three jumps.

	Millions			Thousands			Units			Decimals				
Hundreds of Millions 100 000 00	Tens of Millions 10 000 000	One Millions 1 000 000	Hundreds of Thousands 100 000	Tens of Thousands 10 000	One Thousands 1000	Humdreds 100	Tens 10	Units 1	Decimal Point	Tenths _{ci} l – 0.1 or	Hundreths 릵 → 0.01 or	Thousandths 텛 - 0.001	Tens of Thousandths	Hundreds of Thousandths $\overrightarrow{8}$ \rightarrow 0.00001
							3	0	•					
								•	•					
								3	•					
									•					
							3	0	•					
									•					
								0	•	3				
							3	0.	•					
								0	•	0	3			

Let's do some together

 $30 \div 100 = 0.3$

 $30 \div 1000 = 0.03$

	Millions		Thousands				Units			Decimals				
Hundreds of Millions 100 000 00	Tens of Millions 10 000 000	One Millions 1 000 000	Hundreds of Thousands 100 000	Tens of Thousands 10 000	One Thousands 1000	Hundreds 100	Tens 10	Units 1	Decimal Point	Tenths _{ci} l → 0.1 or	Hundreths 릵 → 0.01 or	Thousandths 텛 - 0.001	Tens of Thousandths	Hundreds of Thousandths
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					

Complete these calculations independently using the place value grid.

70 ÷ 10 =

70 ÷ 100 =

70 ÷ 1000 =

	Millions		т	housand	s		Units			Decimals				
Hundreds of Millions 100 000 00	Tens of Millions 10 000 000	One Millions 1 000 000	Hundreds of Thousands 100 000	Tens of Thousands 10 000	One Thousands 1000	Humdreds 100	Tens 10	Units 1	Decimal Point	Tenths al - 0.1 or	Hundreths 릵 → 0.01 or	Thousandths 텛 - 0.001	Tens of Thousandths	Hundreds of Thousandths $\overrightarrow{8}$ - 0.00001
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					

When multiplying by 10, 100 or 1000 the numbers move left along the place value because the numbers are getting larger. The amount of times they move is dependent on how many zeros there are i.e. 10 is one jump, 100 is two jumps and 1000 is three jumps.

	Millions		т	housand	s		Units			Decimals				
Hundreds of Millions 100 000 00	Tens of Millions 10 000 000	One Millions 1 000 000	Hundreds of Thousands 100 000	Tens of Thousands 10 000	One Thousands 1000	Hundreds 100	Tens 10	Units 1	Decimal Point	Tenths ⊲i ⊸ 0.1 or	Hundreths 릵 → 0.01 or	Thousandths 텛 0.001	Tens of Thousandths	Hundreds of Thousandths $\overrightarrow{80} = 0.00001$
								8	•					
								ノ	•					
							8	0	•					
								8	•					
							く	ノ	•					
						8	0	0	•					
								8	•					
						ノノ	ノヘ	/	•					
					8	0	0	0	•					

Let's complete some together.

8 x 10 =

8 x 100 =

8 x 1000 =

Tip: remember to put in zeros as place value holders.

	Millions		т	housand	s		Units			Decimals				
Hundreds of Millions 100 000 00	Tens of Millions 10 000 000	One Millions 1 000 000	Hundreds of Thousands 100 000	Tens of Thousands 10 000	One Thousands 1000	Hundreds 100	Tens 10	Units 1	Decimal Point	Tenths _{ci} l → 0.1 or	Hundreths 릵 → 0.01 or	Thousandths 텛 - 0.001	Tens of Thousandths	Hundreds of Thousandths $\begin{vmatrix} \overrightarrow{0} \\ 0.00001 \end{vmatrix}$ \rightarrow
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					
									•					

Complete these question independently.

5 x 10 =	63 x 10 =
5 x 100 =	63 x 100 =
5 x 1000=	63 x 1000 =

LO: To use my knowledge of multiplication and division to solve decimal word problems

Success criteria

- To apply the RUCSAC method
- To understand and highlight the key information in a question
- To use the correct operation based on the words in the word problems

Starter activity: Odd one out

Can you use your mathematical knowledge to identify which number is the odd one out. There are no right or wrong answers as long as you can justify why one number is the odd one out.



7

RUCSAC method



The **RUCSAC** Method for solving maths word problems

R	Read the question carefully	Find the important information - <u>underline</u> it!
υ	<u>Understand</u> the question	What do you have to find out? Draw a 'picture' of the question, if it helps.
С	Choose the correct method of calculation	+ - x + What method is best for you to use?
S	Solve the problem	Show every step and keep your working out neat.
A	Answer the question	Read the question again - have you answered it? Make the answer clear.
С	Check your answer	Does it make sense? Find a way to check - estimate or use the inverse.

Let's apply the RUCSAC method to this word problem.

Jasmine goes shopping. She buys 3 dvd's for £8.99 each. How much change does she get from £30.

Let's apply the RUCSAC method to this word problem.

Jasmine goes shopping. She buys <u>3 dvd's</u> for <u>£8.99 each</u>. How much change does she get from <u>£30</u>.

Jasmine goes shopping. She buys <u>3 dvd's</u> for <u>£8.99 each</u>. How <u>much change</u> does she get from <u>£30.</u>



LO: To complete an arithmetic test

Questions to watch out for

2, 3, 8, 16 = percentages of an amount

To calculate percentage of a number

first find 1%

Then multiply by the percentage you are trying to work out

13% of 140 140÷100= 1.4 1.4 x 13 = 18.2

Questions to watch out for

6) fraction multiply a number

3/4 x 24 = 18

Remember in this case times means of.

So, to answer we divide by the denominator then multiply by the numerator.

 $24 \div 4 = 6$

6 x 3 = 18

Questions to watch out for

10) fraction divide whole number (keep change flip)

$$3/4 \times 5 = 3/4 \div 5$$

keep change flip
 $3/4 \times 1/5 = 3/20$