CONNECTAS 2005012

Wisconsin's Statewide Long-Range Transportation Plan



WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT of TRANSPORTATION
Division of Transportation Investment Management

BUREAU of PLANNING and ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

December 2021 | DRAFT

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Overview

Our quality of life and economic growth in Wisconsin depend on a safe, efficient, and coordinated multimodal transportation system to move people and freight. Connect 2050, Wisconsin's statewide long-range transportation plan provides the vision, goals, and objectives that will guide development of the statewide transportation system well into the future.

Innovation, technological advances, and many other factors affect travel of people and goods. Emerging modes of transportation such as automated vehicles, ebikes, and shared vehicles have the potential to provide enhanced mobility and accessibility to businesses, drivers, and non-drivers. Technologies such as alternatively fueled vehicles, hybrid trains, and connected infrastructure have potential to improve air quality through emission reduction, increase travel time reliability, reduce congestion, and increase transportation safety for everyone. Social changes such as telecommuting and home delivery services may completely change the number and frequency of trips we take throughout the week.

While we cannot say for certain how any of these innovations will affect us, being agile and adaptable will support a changing transportation system.

Purpose

Connect 2050 is Wisconsin's statewide, multimodal, longrange plan, required in 23 CFR 450.216(a). The plan will facilitate decision-making for improvements to and investments in all types of transportation throughout Wisconsin from now to 2050. Connect 2050 is:

- Long-range. It looks to the future, in this case to 2050.
- Statewide. It has a broad reach; its vision, goals, and objectives will guide WisDOT's decision-making for all of Wisconsin and for all people.
- Multimodal. It sets goals and objectives that apply to all modes and means of transportation in Wisconsin, including cars, <u>roads</u>, <u>transit</u>, <u>biking</u>, <u>walking</u>, <u>rail</u>, <u>aviation</u>, and <u>water transport</u>.

Connect 2050 includes the Vision, Goals, and Objectives for Wisconsin's entire transportation system. A complex series of technical reports, modal plans, operational plans, business plans, local plans, and programs -- all of which are or will be guided by Connect 2050's Vision, Goals, and Objectives. The format of Connect 2050, which relies on technical reports and other plans, is designed to ensure that Connect 2050 will stay relevant over time by pointing to the most up-to-date data, policies, and actions affecting each transportation mode. Many of these other resources are linked throughout Connect 2050, print copies of which will be provided upon request by contacting the WisDOT Office of Public Affairs at (608) 266-3581 or by writing P.O. Box 7910, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, WI 53705.

This document is designed to accompany the <u>Connect 2050 website</u>, which includes information that influenced development of Connect 2050 and the state of our transportation system. The website is a supplement to the plan, and it will be frequently updated as part of WisDOT's continuous planning process.

Vision

Connect 2050's vision statement will serve as the Wisconsin Department of Transportation's (WisDOT's) guiding vision for the transportation system as it is developed and maintained over time:

WisDOT envisions an integrated multimodal transportation system that maximizes the safe and efficient movement of people and products throughout the state in a way that enhances economic productivity, transportation accessibility and the quality of Wisconsin's communities while minimizing impacts to the natural environment and socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources.



The vision, carried over from the previous plan Connections 2030, is the desired destination; *how* we get there is identified in is detailed in a complex series of plans and programs that are guided by Connect 2050's goals and objectives.

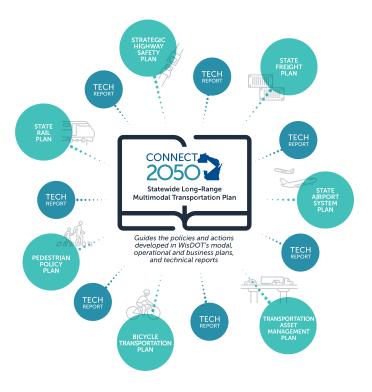
WisDOT is the state agency that oversees and establishes programs for state and federal investments in Wisconsin's transportation system. WisDOT collaborates with federal agencies, local governments, metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs), and regional planning commissions (RPCs) to oversee local, regional, and statewide transportation planning processes.

Goals and Objectives

The goals and objectives in Connect 2050 are statewide and multimodal in nature, meaning that they apply to all modes of transportation and all people throughout the entire state of Wisconsin. The goals and objectives were established from the review and update of policies in the previous long-range plan, Connections 2030, and through assimilation of public comments. Over the life of the plan, the goals will guide and support development of an integrated, efficient, and safe multimodal transportation system.

- Goals are high-level statements that set direction and identify topics of critical importance to furthering the statewide multimodal transportation system.
- Objectives are more specific than goals and identify the ends to which specific action items, or policies, will be aimed.
- Policies are specific action-based statements that identify means by which the goals and objectives will be implemented. In the context of WisDOT's longrange planning process, policies are identified in WisDOT's modal plans such as the <u>Wisconsin Rail Plan</u> or <u>Freight Plan</u>, business plans such as the <u>Transportation Asset Management Plan</u>, or other strategic planning efforts.
- Actions are specific activities WisDOT or other entities will perform to implement policies such as identifying a project for funding.

It is WisDOT's goal, as part of a 3C (continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive) planning process to update modal plans and program guidance to align with the vision, goals, and objectives in Connect 2050. Items that were included in Connections 2030, such as the **State Access Management Plan** and Corridors 2030, will remain in effect until superseded. Please see **Appendix A** for more information.



Implementation of the plan's goals and objectives will happen through a series of short-term actions identified in technical reports, modal plans, operational plans, business plans, local plans, and programs, including WisDOT's Six-Year Highway Improvement Program and Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP). Please see Appendix B for more information.

Goals, objectives, policies, and actions must work together to implement the Connect 2050 vision. Connect 2050 is not meant to be specific in nature but rather sets goals and objectives that are universal across all modes of travel, allowing policies and actions to be customized and successfully implemented mode by mode.



Connect 2050 Goals and Objectives

Goal 1. Pursue sustainable long-term transportation funding.

- Objective 1.a. Ensure funding is managed efficiently and is sufficient to support WisDOT's long-term plans for providing a transportation system that is in a state of good repair and is safe, efficient, and accessible, all of which support Wisconsin's economy and quality of life.
- Objective 1.b. Facilitate access to funding at the regional and local level according to state and/or federal requirements, and prudent financial management of WisDOT-administered programs.
- Objective 1.c. Pursue innovative and sustainable funding mechanisms and solutions to ensure system health across all modes.

Goal 2. Focus on partnerships.

- Objective 2.a. Ensure the transportation system is developed in a way that addresses the needs of all users.
- Objective 2.b. Ensure inclusivity, equity, access, and safety.
- Objective 2.c. Eliminate and reduce transportation accessibility barriers.
- Objective 2.d. Ensure the transportation system can adapt to changes over time, such as connected and automated vehicles, use of alternative fuels, telecommuting and other social changes, and needs of an aging population.
- Objective 2.e. Collaborate with partners and stakeholders to identify strategic transportation investment opportunities.
- Objective 2.f. Identify and communicate transportation system needs, priorities, and benefits to maximize transportation investments.
- Objective 2.g. Ensure project considerations include the character and needs of communities.

Goal 3. Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes.

- Objective 3.a. Strategically align resources and emphasize integrating performance-based decision-making throughout the department.
- Objective 3.b. Use cost-effective techniques to maximize transportation investments.
- Objective 3.c. Continue using performance measures to inform sound investment decisions.
- Objective 3.d. Be agile in adapting to changing data needs over time.
- Objective 3.e. Assess, expand, and improve data collection through technological means by processing, monitoring, using, reporting, and sharing data.

Goal 4. Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods.

- Objective 4.a. Ensure adequate system mobility to support and enhance Wisconsin's quality of life and economic competitiveness though system reliability, efficiency, and a resilient supply chain.
- Objective 4.b. Enhance transportation equity, access, mobility, and safety.
- Objective 4.c. Facilitate mode choice options that support transit use and active transportation such as bicycling and walking.
- Objective 4.d. Close gaps and create an inter-connected network of transportation facilities to move people and goods safely and efficiently.

Goal 5. Maximize technology benefits.

- Objective 5.a. Identify opportunities to integrate transportation and technology that will support WisDOT's vision.
- Objective 5.b. Embrace technology and be agile in implementing technology-based solutions to improve all aspects of transportation including materials, safety, resiliency, operations, maintenance, and transportation system impacts on sensitive resources.
- Objective 5.c. Use technology and data to maximize transportation investment benefits.



Goal 6. Maximize transportation safety.

- Objective 6.a. Develop and maintain a system that is safe and secure.
- Objective 6.b. Strategically align resources to make progress towards the goal of zero fatalities in Wisconsin.
- Objective 6.c. Leverage data and technology to improve safety.
- Objective 6.d. Research and implement innovative safety solutions that involve education, engineering, enforcement, emergency management, and everyone.

Goal 7. Maximize transportation system resiliency and reliability.

- Objective 7.a. Develop physical and operational systems that are adept at preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident, whether natural or the result of human activity.
- Objective 7.b. Emphasize system resiliency to reduce repair costs and improve safety and security.
- Objective 7.c. Identify and assess risk-based solutions for system vulnerabilities.

Goal 8. Balance transportation needs with those of the natural environment and socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources.

- Objective 8.a. Develop a transportation system that avoids, minimizes, and compensates for environmental impacts.
- Objective 8.b. Prioritize emissions reduction and alternative fuels to improve air quality.
- Objective 8.c. Reduce waste and recycle materials during transportation projects.
- Objective 8.d. Consider cultural, socioeconomic, and historic resources during the project development process.
- Objective 8.e. Foster a safe and environmentally sensitive transportation system.



Guiding Principles

People are at the heart of Connect 2050's strategic direction. These guiding principles recognize who uses Wisconsin's transportation system and demonstrate the commitment to accessibility for all. Equity is recognized throughout this plan as a vital component to ensuring that the transportation system works for all Wisconsinites. Connect 2050 guiding principles represent a commitment to do the following:

- Implement and maintain a safe and efficient statewide multimodal transportation system that provides safe, affordable, accessible, and equitable transportation choices for *all people*.
- Ensure that *no person* is excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise subjected to discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, disability, sex, age, religion, income status or limited English proficiency in any programs, activities or services administered by WisDOT.
- Embrace a *continuing, cooperative, comprehensive* planning process.

Connect 2050 represents a statewide planning effort among MPOs, local communities, all affected transportation agencies, and WisDOT. For more information, see the <u>WisDOT Coordination Document</u>.

Public Involvement

WisDOT public engagement strategies were conducted in accordance with the <u>Connect 2050 Public Involvement Plan (PIP)</u>, approved by WisDOT in February 2020.

The PIP outlines a comprehensive public involvement process that helps ensure Connect 2050 and its related transportation system decisions incorporate input from Wisconsin's residents, businesses, and other transportation system users.

The Connect 2050 public involvement process that the PIP originally outlined has been updated to reflect the impacts of the COVID-19 Pandemic. During the Pre-Draft Plan phase, all engagement was conducted virtually, and all in-person engagements were cancelled in accordance with state and local public health guidelines for group gatherings during the Pandemic.

Comments and feedback received through public involvement activities contributed toward developing Connect 2050's goals and objectives. The engagement strategies used, and comments received during the planning process are found in **Appendix E**.

State Planning Regulations

Trans 400.07(2)(b)2 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code indicates a System Plan Environmental Evaluation (SEE) may be prepared if proposals within system plans may significantly affect the quality of the human environment and represents a significant departure from, or expansion of, the department's existing responsibilities by substantially expanding or reducing total resources allocated to any existing programs. If an analysis concludes that the system plan does not contain any such proposals, the plan (or a separately identifiable and retained record) may include a clear statement of that determination. See **Appendix C** for more information.



Federal Planning Regulations

23 CFR 450.216 requires states to develop a long-range statewide transportation plan with a minimum 20-year plan horizon at the time of adoption that provides for the development and implementation of the multimodal transportation system. The long-range statewide transportation plan shall consider and include, as applicable, elements and connections between public transportation, nonmotorized modes, rail, commercial motor vehicles, waterway, and aviation facilities, particularly with respect to intercity travel.

In accordance with 23 CFR 450.220, WisDOT certifies that its statewide transportation planning process addresses major issues facing the state and is being carried out in accordance with the following requirements:

- 23 USC 134 and 135, 49 USC 5303 and 5304.
- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 USC 2000d–1) and 49 CFR 21.
- 49 USC 5332, prohibiting discrimination based on race, color, creed, national origin, sex, or age in employment or business opportunity.
- 23 CFR 230, regarding implementation of an equal employment opportunity program on Federal and Federal-aid highway construction contracts.

- Section 1101(b) of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act) (P.L. 114-357), and 49 CFR 26 regarding the involvement of disadvantaged business enterprises in the USDOT funded projects.
- The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 USC 12101 et seq.) and 49 CFR 27, 37, 38.
- In nonattainment and maintenance areas, Sections 174 and 176 (c) and (d) of the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 USC 7504, 7506 (c) and (d)) and 40 CFR 93.
- The Older Americans Act, as amended (42 USC 6101), prohibiting discrimination based on age in programs or activities receiving Federal financial assistance.
- Section 23 USC 324, regarding the prohibition of discrimination based on gender.
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 USC 794) and 49 CFR 27 regarding discrimination against individuals with disabilities.

Federal Planning Factors

States must address 10 factors when creating a statewide transportation plan. The matrix below identifies the planning factors, and how each planning factor ties to the goals of Connect 2050.



Federal Planning Factor Matrix

Federal Planning Factor	Connect 2050 Goal
 Support the economic vitality of the United States, the states, metropolitan areas, and nonmetropolitan areas, especially by enabling global competitiveness, productivity, and efficiency. 	 Pursue sustainable long-term transportation funding. Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes. Maximize technology benefits.
Increase the safety of the transportation system for motorized and nonmotorized users.	Maximize transportation safety.
Increase the security of the transportation system for motorized and nonmotorized users.	Maximize transportation safety.
4. Increase accessibility and mobility of people and freight.	Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods.
 Protect and enhance the environment, promote energy conservation, improve the quality of life, and promote consistency between transportation improvements and state and local planned growth and economic development patterns. 	Balance transportation needs with those of the natural environment, socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources.
Enhance the integration and connectivity of the transportation system, across and between modes throughout the state, for people and freight.	Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods.
7. Promote efficient system management and operations.	 Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes. Maximize technology benefits.
Emphasize the preservation of the existing transportation system.	 Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes. Maximize technology benefits.
Improve the resiliency and reliability of the transportation system and reduce or mitigate stormwater impacts of surface transportation.	Maximize transportation system resiliency and reliability.
10. Enhance travel and tourism.	Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods.

Performance-Based Decision-Making

Performance-based decision-making entails setting targets and analyzing trends, combined with measuring and tracking progress toward meeting targets. When WisDOT measures progress, we can identify what we are doing well and what areas need improvement, allowing for prioritization of constructive actions.

In 2012, USDOT established requirements for states and MPOs. More information and links to the most recent federal targets can be found on WisDOT's <u>Federal</u> Transportation Performance Measures webpage.

In addition to the federal requirements, <u>WisDOT's MAPSS</u>
<u>Performance Improvement Program</u> focuses on five core goals of **M**obility, **A**ccountability, **P**reservation, **S**afety, and **S**ervice (MAPSS). These associated performance measures, which are reported upon quarterly, guide WisDOT in achieving its mission "to provide leadership in the development and operation of a safe and efficient transportation system." See **Appendix D** for more information.

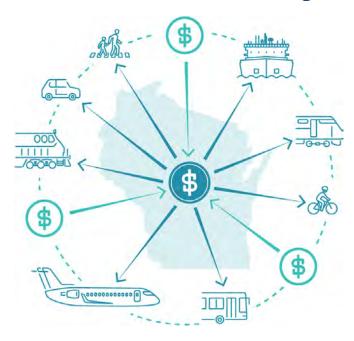
WisDOT also combines performance management with asset management. The <u>Transportation Asset</u>

<u>Management Plan (TAMP)</u> identifies investment strategies to maximize system performance. As time goes on and performance is monitored and reported, performance targets are updated, and the asset management-based investment strategies are updated to reflect the current system conditions.



This cycle, when combined with the strategic direction in Connect 2050 and other planning documents, provides WisDOT a continuous process by which conditions are monitored, investments are prioritized, and policy direction set. This is done to ensure the transportation system is operated, maintained, and improved in the most efficient way possible.

Goal 1. Pursue sustainable long-term transportation funding



Goal 1 Objectives

- 1.a. Ensure funding is managed efficiently and is sufficient to support WisDOT's long-term plans for providing a transportation system that is in a state of good repair and is safe, efficient, and accessible, all of which support Wisconsin's economy and quality of life.
- Facilitate access to funding at the regional and local level according to state and/or federal requirements, and prudent financial management of WisDOTadministered programs.
- Pursue innovative and sustainable funding mechanisms and solutions to ensure system health across all modes.

Funding is the key to maintain and develop Wisconsin's transportation system so that it is safe for all users, meets current and future demand, and exists in a state of good repair that facilitates lowering long-term costs. This leverages prudent asset management practices that maximize the benefit of available funding.

Transportation funding is complex and generally involves federal, state, and local funding sources, and sometimes private funding. Financial management and asset management techniques help ensure prudent use of funding. For more information on financial and asset management concepts, please see **Goal 3** and **Goal 5**.

Funding for transportation infrastructure or service differs greatly based on mode. Funding source, funding rules, budgetary constraints, and level of public and private involvement can differ greatly.

For example, federal transportation funds generally come from the Federal Highway Trust Fund and are then subdivided into the Highway Account to fund highway related projects, and the Mass Transit Account to fund transit related projects. The Highway Trust Fund revenues primarily come from federal taxes on gasoline and diesel fuel. Federal formula transportation funds are authorized or given the authority to be spent up to a certain level, which is identified in the current federal transportation reauthorization act. Funds are then appropriated, which identifies the amounts and purposes for which funds can be used. Once appropriated, budget authority allows funds to be spent. Generally, budget authority is not given at 100 percent of the funding level. Once both funds and budget are available, the funds can be obligated or put on specific projects. All funding sources have limitations on how they can be used, which are outlined in the federal transportation reauthorization act. Federal discretionary transportation funds are competitive in nature and must be applied for, and contain limitations identified in their enabling legislation.

State funds on the other hand, largely come from state fuel taxes and vehicle registration fees and are allocated through the <u>state's biennial budget process</u>. State and federal transportation funds are appropriated to various transportation programs by the state legislature. Transportation programs are limited in their use by state and federal rules.



Regardless of the source of transportation funds, between now and 2050, the landscape of transportation will change. While we do not know what specific technologies will change transportation and how they will do so, we do know that increases in use of electric and alternatively fueled vehicles will become more common and lead to declining fuel-tax revenue for transportation funding. For more information on WisDOT's budget trends, please see the latest <u>Transportation Budget Trends Report</u>.

However, obtaining sufficient funding to adequately maintain and improve infrastructure across Wisconsin's transportation systems will remain a challenge. This further highlights the importance of sustainable, long-term transportation funding at the federal, state, regional, and local levels to provide the resources to address transportation needs over time.

WisDOT also administers state and federal funds to local units of government through many different programs. Partnering with local governments to inform them about available funding opportunities, equitable access to funding when available, and the means to properly manage funds if awarded has been and will always be vital to appropriately and responsibly using available funding.

While WisDOT is the primary state agency managing the transportation system, its authority is limited.

For example, WisDOT manages the state, U.S., and Interstate highway systems in Wisconsin, but local authorities control most roadway miles The statemanaged system carries about 60 percent of Wisconsin's traffic but comprises only about 10 percent of total roadway miles.

Effective partnerships (see **Goal 2**) foster relationships, so that all Wisconsinites are working toward a common goal, efficiently managing and maximizing available funding, and practicing prudent stewardship of available resources.

Goal 2. Focus on partnerships



Goal 2 Objectives

- 2.a. Ensure the transportation system is developed in a way that addresses the needs of all users.
- 2.b. Ensure inclusivity, equity, access, and safety.
- 2.c. Eliminate and reduce barriers to transportation accessibility.
- 2.d. Ensure the transportation system can adapt to changes over time, such as connected and automated vehicles, use of alternative fuels, telecommuting and other social changes, and needs of an aging population.
- 2.e. Collaborate with partners and stakeholders to identify strategic transportation investment opportunities.
- Identify and communicate transportation system needs, priorities, and benefits to maximize transportation investments.
- 2.g. Ensure project considerations include the character and needs of communities.

Effective partners work together to identify common goals. They communicate with each other and help each other when support is needed. Wisconsin will focus on transportation partnerships to coordinate and cooperate toward shared objectives.

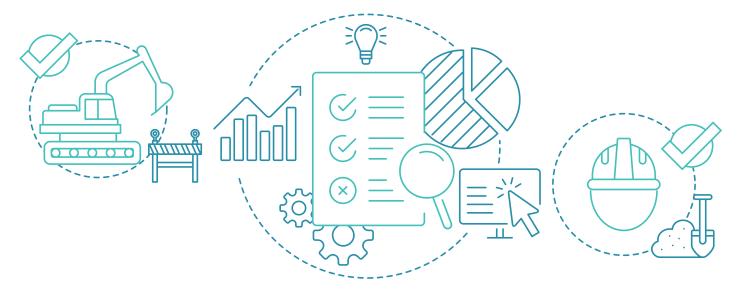
As Wisconsin heads into the future, we know that how, when, and why people make trips will change. People will use more connected and automated vehicles; our needs will change as Wisconsin's population ages; telecommuting for work may increase; and alternatively fueled vehicles may become more predominant in society. Fostering partnerships with experts, advocacy groups, agencies, and businesses that have insight into these changes and the ability to share information with users will ensure that strategic investment decisions are made with the best available information and data so that the transportation system will be adaptable to changes over time.

Partnerships throughout the transportation planning and project development process – from the time a transportation need is identified, to the time the solution is funded and constructed – are vital to ensure equity so that all voices and perspectives are heard, and solutions address user needs to the maximum extent practicable. This involves identification of and interaction with stakeholders – or those who have interest in a project.

For example, stakeholder identification for a state highway project in a small Wisconsin downtown may involve residents, businesses, and local units of government. Identifying and working with these groups and others, helps find satisfactory solutions. Transportation is fundamentally intertwined with the needs of society, linking people to places, services, and products. Transportation partnerships allow us to work together to ensure the transportation system is safe, efficient, and effective for all users – from maintaining a state of good repair on physical infrastructure to eliminating and reducing barriers to transportation accessibility, such as sidewalk gaps and areas without transit service (see **Goal 4**).

WisDOT works to collaborate with others through committees such as <u>Wisconsin Automated Vehicle External Advisory Committee (WAVE), Freight Advisory Committee (FAC)</u>, and <u>Wisconsin Non-Driver Advisory Committee (WINDAC)</u>. These groups include members representing many a wide array of interests, and they provide input and advice about planning priorities, system user needs, implementation policies, strategic investment opportunities, and impacts on the state's transportation system.

Goal 3. Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes



Goal 3 Objectives

- Strategically align resources and emphasize integrating performance-based decision-making throughout the Department.
- 3.b. Use cost-effective techniques to maximize transportation investments.
- 3.c. Continue using performance measures to inform sound investment decisions.
- 3.d. Be agile in adapting to changing data needs over time.
- Assess, expand, and improve data collection through technological means by processing, monitoring, using, reporting, and sharing data.

The process to use data for transportation decision-making has been around for decades at the state-level. WisDOT currently uses its MAPSS Performance Improvement Program, combined with Federal Iransportation Performance Measures to set targets and track progress for many different factors. WisDOT also uses performance based practical design techniques (PBPD). PBPD uses performance analysis tools to ensure the development of cost-effective solutions that increase net system benefit of improvement projects.

Data analytics and it's use for understanding transportation needs and performance, helps inform decision-making at many levels. For example, data is used as a basis of travel advisories in adverse weather; data is used to determine



project scope and prioritize the timing of maintenance and improvement of physical infrastructure; and data helps us understand system use such as annual average daily traffic and the number of passengers on trains, buses and planes.

WisDOT will continue to pursue improvements to datadriven decision-making processes by expanding its use, improving data and processes, and by using performance metrics to achieve goals and maximize transportation investment benefits.

Data-driven decision-making ensures that the transportation system is operated, maintained, and improved in the most efficient and effective way possible, so that the right project is implemented in the right place and at the right time. Using data to inform sound investment decisions is the foundation of prudent



stewardship and is also known as asset management. The department's asset management approaches use data to inform decision-making to get the most system benefit from transportation investments.

Asset management is more than just financial and performance data analysis; it also relies on models that incorporate material science and asset deterioration information. Asset management is at play when determining project scopes such as crack repair, resurface, reconstruction, or the use of recycled materials.

For state, U.S., and Interstate highways, the department developed a <u>Transportation Asset Management Plan</u> (<u>TAMP</u>), that identifies strategic investment decisions that will preserve and maintain the useful life of transportation assets over time. While the TAMP is highway focused, Wisconsin will seek to integrate the fundamental principles of asset management and data-driven decision-making throughout modal investments over time so that all programs, not just the highway programs, are using strategic data-driven decision-making to inform investment decisions.

When funding transit vehicle replacement WisDOT uses a performance-based approach, considering useful life (age and miles) and operational safety thresholds (vehicle damage that presents a safety hazard) to prioritize funding.

As technology advances, (see **Goal 5**) how we collect, use, manage, and share data will change. Wisconsin must remain ready to adapt to technologies that improve data in a way that can enhance the quality of transportation investment decisions.

Goal 4. Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods



Goal 4 Objectives

- 4.a. Ensure adequate system mobility to support and enhance Wisconsin's quality of life and economic competitiveness though system reliability, efficiency, and a resilient supply chain.
- 4.b. Enhance transportation equity, access, mobility, and safety.
- 4.c. Facilitate mode choice options that support transit use and active transportation such as bicycling and walking.
- 4.d. Close gaps and create an inter-connected network of transportation facilities to move people and goods safely and efficiently.

Mobility and transportation choices are at the core of an efficient and effective transportation system, which is critical to Wisconsin's economic vitality and quality of life.

Ensuring adequate and reliable mobility, or ability to travel without excessive and unexpected delay, and enhancing transportation choices, or the ways by which people and goods move, provides many benefits for both people and businesses. Benefits include increased access to jobs and wholesale and consumer goods and services; reduced congestion and lower transportation costs from improved system efficiency, and improved efficiency can improve air quality; and increased options for moving goods, agricultural products, and other

freight creates a more resilient supply chain. All these benefits enhance Wisconsin's economic competitiveness and quality of life

Improving connections and closing gaps between modes are critical parts of increasing mobility and equity, creating a network of transportation facilities that are inter-connected and allowing people and goods to move easily from one mode to another. An example of this is the Milwaukee Intermodal Station which integrates Amtrak, local transit, coach busses, automobiles, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and ridesharing services all in one location. For example, this allows passengers to ride a bicycle to a bus stop in their neighborhood, take the bus and their bike to the Milwaukee Intermodal Station, and jump on a train to Chicago or Minneapolis with their bike. This smooth transfer from mode-to-mode exemplifies Wisconsin's vision for mobility.

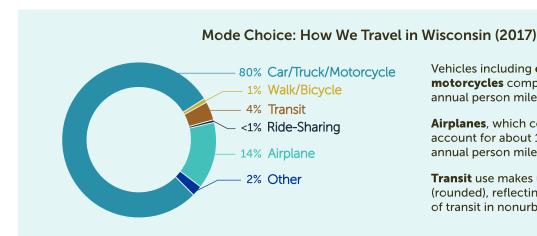
A large urban facility, while a good example of enhanced mobility, mode choices and connections, is not possible for many of Wisconsin's more rural and smaller communities. Enhancing mode choices, access, and equity for small and rural communities may include options such as park-and-ride facilities, increased transit service, or improving sidewalk connections within the community. Increasing mobility can also be achieved by reducing congestion. The department will continue to prioritize reducing congestion and emphasize innovative options to do so, such as using flex lanes to accommodate increased traffic during peak hours and

offering viable alternatives to driving that include transit and active transportation options such as bicycling and walking. Increasing system capacity by adding lanes is typically considered when less intensive options are not effective solutions to address a roadway project's purpose and need.

Enhancing mobility and mode choices is not a one-size-fits-all solution – it will vary depending upon local needs.

Consequently, it is important to partner with local communities and organizations to find mobility solutions that will work for the community (see **Goal 2**).

Increasing mode choice options and enhancing mobility in, Wisconsin can reduce travel time and improve transportation equity, access and – in many instances – safety.



Vehicles including **cars, trucks and motorcycles** comprise about 80 percent of annual person miles of travel in Wisconsin.

Airplanes, which cover long distances, account for about 14 percent of total annual person miles of travel.

Transit use makes up about 4 percent (rounded), reflecting the limited availability of transit in nonurban areas of the state.

Source: Federal Highway Administration. National Household Travel Survey, 2017.

Goal 5. Maximize technology benefits



Goal 5 Objectives

- 5.a. Identify opportunities to integrate transportation and technology that will support WisDOT's vision.
- 5.b. Embrace technology and be agile in implementing technology-based solutions to improve all aspects of transportation including materials, safety, resiliency, operations, maintenance, and transportation system impacts on sensitive resources.
- 5.c. Use technology and data to maximize transportation investment benefits.

Technological change has occurred rapidly, and that trend is expected to continue from now through 2050. About 30 years ago in the 1990s, the first website was published to the internet, many cars on the road still had carburetors, and cell phones were just beginning to be marketed to the public. Now, cell phones are in the pockets of almost everyone, internet access is deemed a necessity, and new vehicles are controlled by a complex series of computers and sensors.

Sometimes, an identified need will facilitate the search for a technology-based solution. Other times, a new technology will facilitate decisions on how to incorporate it to help improve existing circumstances. The purpose of this goal is to continue a proactive and agile approach to use new technologies that will provide transportation benefits and increase the cost-effectiveness of transportation solutions.

Connected and automated vehicle (CAV) technology in simple form is expected to make driving safer through functionality such as lane departure assist, adaptive cruise control, blind-spot assistance, and braking assistance, etc. Other CAV technology communicates with infrastructure, other vehicles, pedestrians, bicycles, or other devices equipped with a compatible technology. Many vehicles on the road today have limited connected and automated technology, and research is being done on topics that will instruct broader implementation, including the possibility of fully automated vehicles. CAV technology has the potential to make the transportation system safer by reducing crashes and increasing system efficiency by improving the ability to adjust vehicles speeds to keep traffic flowing better. WisDOT has been, and will continue to implement Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) and Automated Traffic Management Systems (ATMS) solutions that help operational efficiency and safety by communicating information to CAV and non-CAV vehicles.

Connected and Automated Vehicle Test Facilities in Wisconsin



Several Wisconsin organizations and companies are involved in CAV research including the University of Wisconsin-Madison, UW-Milwaukee, MGA Research Corporation, Traffic & Parking Control Co. Inc., the city of Madison, and WisDOT.

- **EAU CLAIRE**
 - Chippewa Valley Regional Airport
- RACINE
 - UW-Madison Extension Racine County
 - City of Racine
 - Gateway Technical College
- MADISON
 - UW-Madison
 - City of Madison
- 4 BURLINGTON
 - MGA Research
- 5 ELKHART LAKE
 - Road America

Source: University of Wisconsin-Madison. Wisconsin Automated Vehicle Proving Grounds website (Accessed July 2020) Retrieved from https://wiscav.org/.

WisDOT has established an advisory team of stakeholders, known as the <u>Wisconsin Automated Vehicle External Advisory Committee (WAVE)</u>. This committee was created to review CAV issues and provide input and advice to WisDOT on CAV related planning priorities, implementation policies, and transportation system impacts (see **Goal 2**).

Technology has potential to reduce transportation's impact on sensitive resources (see **Goal 8**). Electric and other alternatively fueled vehicles, combined with technologies that improve traffic flow, can reduce emissions, and improve air quality. The use of liquid brine is reducing the use of road salt during the winter months, thereby reducing salt runoff, and providing water quality and many other environmental benefits.

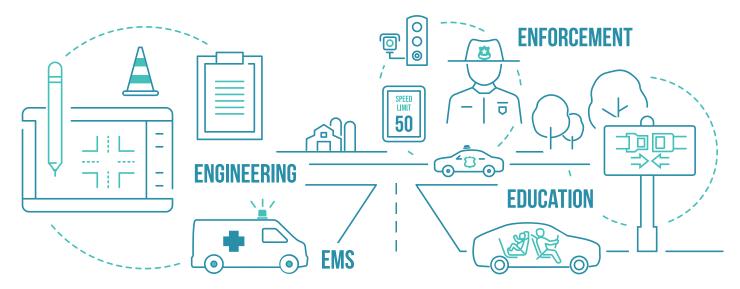
Technology will continue to influence shipping and freight. Examples include safety and regulatory items such as Electronic Logging Devices (ELDs) to ensure truck drivers operate under hours-of-service rules; sonar surveys of inland rivers to ensure channels are of sufficient depth and free of obstructions; and Positive Train Control (PTC) systems that prevent train collisions. WisDOT's use of technology for freight includes Weigh-In-Motion (WIM) systems and infrared cameras (to ensure brake function) at Safety and Weight Enforcement Facilities (SWEFs). Technology is also used to improve efficiency and service, including real-time monitors of intermodal containers that detect location, internal temperature, and security of the door locks. These and other technologies are used to establish performance measures for the transportation providers and are used to generate predictive analytics that identify equipment to be serviced before in-transit failures occur.

WisDOT regularly engages with the freight community on discussions that include the application of technology to freight transportation. Partnerships such as the Freight Advisory Committee (FAC) and the Motor Carrier Advisory Committee (MCAC) help ensure that technology-based investments are efficiently and appropriately integrated with the freight system (see Goal 2).

Technological advances do not just affect cars and infrastructure. Technology-driven transportation advancement occurs in other modes, like shared mobility, or ridesharing such as Uber and Lyft, bike sharing services (i.e., rent a bicycle for a short trip), and micromobility services such as rental scooters (see **Goal 4**). Technology has created opportunities for shared mobility options and has the potential to offer increased transportation choices. Communities will be challenged in the next 30 years to better understand how to integrate technology into local infrastructure as these changes occur.

While technology will play a key role in creating a more safe and efficient system, there are many challenges associated with new technologies such as connected and automated vehicles and related infrastructure technologies, access to technology-based services for people who may not have a cell phone or internet access, and system security and resiliency from cyber-attacks. We do not yet know how all these challenges will be overcome, but we are confident they will be.

Goal 6. Maximize transportation safety



Goal 6 Objectives

- 6.a. Develop and maintain a system that is safe and secure.
- 6.b. Strategically align resources to make progress towards the goal of zero fatalities in Wisconsin.
- 6.c. Leverage data and technology to improve safety.
- 6.d. Research and implement innovative safety solutions that involve education, engineering, enforcement, emergency management, and everyone.

WisDOT has always prioritized <u>transportation safety</u> as a goal. A safe transportation system benefits all of Wisconsin, whether it be by providing safe roadways for <u>freight movement</u> and vehicular traffic, safe ways for <u>pedestrians</u> to cross roadways, or safe and secure <u>airport facilities</u>. Safety and security are naturally intertwined; Wisconsin's focus on creating a resilient transportation system (see **Goal 7**) and continuing to improve the ability to prevent, coordinate, respond to, and recover from incidents, will create a system that is safe and secure for all users.

Wisconsin must employ a comprehensive approach to safety for all modes that comprises the following "5 Es":

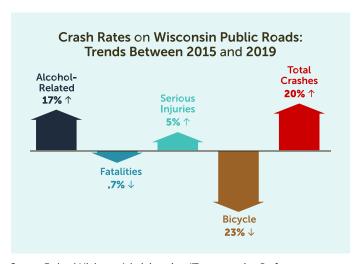
- Education programs such as "Click It or Ticket,"
 "Wisconsin Motorcycle Safety Program," "Safe Routes
 to School" and "Drive Sober or Get Pulled Over" are
 critical to emphasizing the importance of safety to all
 users. WisDOT partners with local governments,
 federal agencies, stakeholders, and many others to
 disseminate transportation safety information and
 spread awareness of how we can all play a part in
 creating a safer system.
- Engineering includes building and re-building facilities to improve safety. This could be as simple as adding a shelter to an existing bus stop, adding lighting or improved signage to a roadway, or as complex as reconstructing a section of roadway to improve sight distance and reduce crashes.
- **Enforcement** is essential for improving transportation safety. Ensuring that traffic laws are being followed is a major component of changing driver behavior to encourage safe practices. For example, the enforcement component of the "Click It or Ticket" program, combined with its educational elements helped Wisconsin reach 89.2 percent safety belt usage in 2020 (WisDOT MAPSS Performance Improvement Report, October 2020).

- Emergency Medical Services (EMS) involves incident response and ensuring that EMS professionals can arrive at the scene of an incident as quickly as possible to provide life-saving services.
- Everyone is responsible for safety.

Implementation of innovative safety measures, using data and technology, and strategically aligning resources are integral to WisDOT's efforts to progress towards its goal of zero transportation fatalities (see **Goal 5**). As an example of Wisconsin's commitment to transportation safety, WisDOT monitors, measures, and reports on safety performance data through <u>Federal Transportation</u> <u>Performance Measures (TPM)</u> and the <u>MAPSS</u> <u>Performance Improvement Program</u>.

WisDOT, in partnership with the Wisconsin Traffic Operations and Safety (TOPS) Laboratory at the University of Wisconsin-Madison created the WisTransPortal Data Hub. The system provides a central source of traffic operations, safety, and intelligent transportation systems (ITS) data. WisTransPortal is an ongoing effort to ensure that WisDOT and its partners have access to current data to align resources and make strategic investment decisions at the state and local levels. The behavioral safety component of WisTransPortal, Community Maps provides a user-friendly tool with nearly real-time data to identify crash hotspots.

WisDOT's Bureau of Aeronautics administers an initiative called the Airport NextGen Program. The focus of this state funded program is to enhance the safety and efficiency of Wisconsin's air transportation system. The first phase of the program will include obstruction clearing of trees and other vegetation in and around runway approach areas at select airports within the State Airport System Plan. This is being accomplished because obstruction removal is integral to the safe aircraft operation environment and capacity of Wisconsin's airports. This program will allow aircraft operations to take advantage of NextGen aeronautical technology and fully utilize related runway approach and departure infrastructure. Over the next several years, subsequent phases will further enhance the safety of Wisconsin's air transportation system.

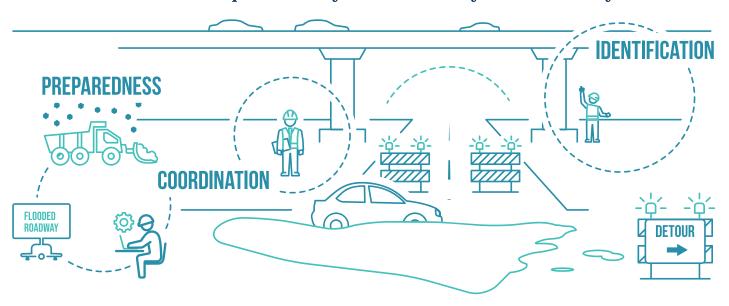


Source: Federal Highway Administration. "Transportation Performance Management State Profile: Wisconsin." June 2020. Retrieved from https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/tpm/reporting/state/.

A key component of WisDOT's safety efforts is Wisconsin's <u>Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP)</u>, a statewide, comprehensive, and data-driven plan that identifies the leading issue areas, both behavioral and infrastructure related, to improve statewide safety. Infrastructure related safety improvements are identified in the <u>Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)</u> and behavioral related safety improvements are identified in the <u>Highway Safety Plan (HSP)</u>.

At the local level, WisDOT works with <u>Traffic Safety</u> <u>Commissions (TSCs)</u> to implement the statewide SHSP (see **Goal 2**). WisDOT strives to provide support to the TSCs through data, countermeasures, and sometimes funding. Required for each county by Wisconsin Statute 83.013, TSCs are critical to addressing safety on Wisconsin's roadways and creating a system that is safe for all users. WisDOT is currently working on a 12-county pilot project with the TSCs to use predictive analytics and Community Maps to identify crash hotspots and develop proactive education, engineering, and enforcement solutions to change driver behavior.

Goal 7. Maximize transportation system resiliency and reliability



Goal 7 Objectives

- 7.a. Develop physical and operational systems that are adept at preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident, whether natural or the result of human activity.
- 7.b. Emphasize system resiliency to reduce repair costs and improve safety and security.
- Identify and assess risk-based solutions for system vulnerabilities.

Resiliency is defined as the ability for the transportation system to continue operating in the face of an obstacle. Reliability is defined as the ability to move people and goods successfully and consistently when impacted by congestion, inclement weather, crashes, etc. Reliability and resiliency typically go hand in hand; if the system is resilient, it will be reliable for users. Resiliency and reliability with respect to transportation infrastructure and services involves a strategic risk-based approach that prioritizes investments to ensure the transportation system is sufficiently prepared to withstand, or operate acceptably, when facing adverse weather events, the effects of climate change, and cyber-security threats.

To enhance the resiliency and reliability of the transportation system, and in accordance with federal requirements, Wisconsin will continue to focus on resiliency with infrastructure assessments, like those in Facilities Repeatedly Requiring Repair and Reconstruction (F4R). This program, required by 23 CFR 667, identifies and conducts evaluations of roadways and bridges that have had catastrophic damage resulting in state emergency declarations on two or more occasions. These efforts identify and consider alternatives that will mitigate, or partially or fully resolve, the root cause of the recurring damage.

In addition to F4R, WisDOT is currently developing a flood-risk assessment tool to identify locations on the state highway system with the highest risk of experiencing flooding or being significantly impacted by flooding. This tool will use data and a risk-based scoring system combined with a project prioritization methodology to identify high-risk flood-prone areas for improvement throughout the state at the ¼-mile level.

Extreme flooding events impact the highway system by damaging infrastructure such as roads or bridges, thus reducing mobility for people and goods. This tool will enhance WisDOT's ability to implement strategic, costeffective solutions that will increase the resiliency of the highway system. After successful proof of concept, WisDOT will share its approach to facilitate local application of strategic risk assessment and prioritization.

Moving toward 2050, planning, leveraging technology, and implementing cost effective solutions will play a major role in creating a more resilient and reliable system. To be successful, Wisconsin must remain vigilant in its preparation by ensuring: robust data-driven consideration in the planning, design, and prioritization processes; and responses to incidents such as crashes, flooding, and extreme winter weather are well coordinated and efficiently and effectively implemented.

Goal 8. Balance transportation needs with those of the natural environment, socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources



Goal 8 Objectives

- 8.a. Develop a transportation system that avoids, minimizes, and compensates for environmental impacts.
- 8.b. Prioritize emissions reduction and alternative fuels to improve air quality.
- 8.c. Reduce waste and recycle materials during transportation projects.
- 8.d. Consider cultural, socioeconomic, and historic resources during the project development process.
- 8.e. Foster a safe and environmentally sensitive transportation system.

The natural environment and Wisconsin's cultural resources contribute greatly to our quality of life. The transportation system must be developed and maintained in a way that balances transportation needs with those of the landscapes in which transportation exists. Landscapes include the physical environment such as waterways, forests, and neighborhoods, but also include socioeconomic interests and resources such as access to food, jobs, and healthcare. It is vital that we understand the interests of the public (see **Goal 2**) to successfully balance transportation decisions with other resource interests.

Wisconsin's strong agricultural roots, historic resources (such as historic homes and buildings), and cultural resources such as archaeological sites continue to influence where and how we build our transportation infrastructure. This will continue to the year 2050, and beyond.

Sometimes, transportation projects impact the environment. WisDOT and all involved in the transportation planning process ensure that environmental impacts are avoided whenever possible. When impacts are unavoidable, the goal is to minimize the impacts, and where possible, compensate for the impacts through programs such as Wisconsin's wetland mitigation banking program. The wetland mitigation banking program restored more than 5,800 acres of wetlands since 1993. For more information, please see WisDOT's Environmental Programs webpage.

As we move toward 2050, we can help reduce transportation's impact on the environment in many ways. For example, alternatively fueled vehicles can greatly reduce emissions and improve air quality along transportation corridors. <u>Air quality conformity</u> must be planned for and improvements made.

Material recycling during construction projects not only reduces project cost, but also reduces the amount of raw material such as rock or sand that must be extracted from the earth for use as construction materials, (see **Goal 3**).

Innovative design, construction, and maintenance techniques may reduce physical impacts to landscapes. WisDOT currently strives to reduce roadside mowing and uses native vegetation management practices to reduce overall maintenance costs while providing habitat for native and endangered pollinator species. It is anticipated that technological advancements will help to better evaluate sensitive resources and better identify related transportation impacts (see **Goal 5**). Avoiding and minimizing impacts will help preserve Wisconsin's valued resources.



To help prevent wintertime road and driveway closures, WisDOT works with rural areas and residents to implement **living snow fences**. These "fences" are naturally occurring or strategically planted trees, shrubs and native grasses that trap and control blowing and drifting snow, piling it up before it reaches a road, waterway, farmstead or community.

Connect 2050 Goal 8: Balance transportation needs with those

Appendix A. Connections 2030 Policy Matrix

The predecessor to Connect 2050, Connections 2030, contained 37 policies which set direction for Wisconsin's transportation system. Connect 2050 is a refinement of Connections 2030; existing policies were analyzed, and public comments were considered, the process of which resulted in Connect 2050's goals and objectives. The matrix below shows the policies from Connections 2030, and which Connect 2050 goal the policies relate to. The linkage between goals and policies may be direct or indirect. A direct linkage is where the Connections 2030 policy is clearly reflected in the Connect 2050 goal and/or its objectives, whereas an indirect link is where the policy is considered a component, factor, or related to the goal or one of its objectives. The matrix below illustrates the relationship, either directly (darker color) or indirectly (lighter color), between the Connections 2030 policies and Connect 2050 goals.

It is WisDOT's goal, as part of a 3C (continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive) planning process, to update modal plans and program guidance to align with the vision, goals, and objectives in Connect 2050. Modal plans and program guidance may carry forward policies from Connections 2030 until the modal plans or guidance is updated. Items that were included in Connections 2030, such as the State Access Management Plan (SAMP) and Corridors 2030 are to remain in effect until superseded.

Table A-1: Connections 2030 Policies – Connect 2050 Goal Matrix

KEY	Direct Relationship	Indirect Relationship					
7	DR	IDR					
				Connect 2050			
				Goal 3: Pursue	Connect 2050		
			Connect 2050	continuous	Goal 4: Increase		
			Goal 1: Pursue	improvement	ontions	Connect 2050	Connect 2050

Connect 2050 of the natural Goal 7: environment, sustainable longand expand Goal 6: Maximize connections, and Goal 5: socioeconomic. Connect 2050 data-driven mobility for Maximize Maximize transportation historic, and term decision-making transportation Goal 2: Focus people and technology transportation system resiliency cultural ▼ Connections 2030 Policy and reliability funding on partnerships processes goods benefits safety resources **IDR** Partner with stakeholders to ensure that freight movements are safe and reliable DR DR **IDR** DR DR **IDR** DR and provide positive environmental and community impacts Partner with consumers and businesses to DR DR **IDR IDR IDR IDR** increase transportation sustainability

D R AF T | DECEMBER 2021



▼ Connections 2030 Policy	Connect 2050 Goal 1: Pursue sustainable long- term transportation funding	Connect 2050 Goal 2: Focus on partnerships	Connect 2050 Goal 3: Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes	Connect 2050 Goal 4: Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods	Connect 2050 Goal 5: Maximize technology benefits	Connect 2050 Goal 6: Maximize transportation safety	Connect 2050 Goal 7: Maximize transportation system resiliency and reliability	Connect 2050 Goal 8: Balance transportation needs with those of the natural environment, socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources
Ensure that freight rail remains a viable transportation mode for Wisconsin shippers	DR	DR	IDR	IDR	IDR		IDR	DR
Improve airport facilities and infrastructure to create more business airplane-capable airports	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR		IDR	DR
Maintain and improve waterways critical to Wisconsin's transportation system	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR		IDR	DR
Promote Wisconsin tourism through transportation system maintenance and improvements	DR	DR	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR	DR
Preserve the local road and bridge system	DR	DR	DR		IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR
Continue and improve the performance of the Major Highway Development Program	DR	DR	DR	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR
Provide grant and loan assistance to Wisconsin businesses and communities	DR	DR	IDR					DR
Promote a diverse workforce in Wisconsin's transportation industry by building alliances and business opportunities through civil rights initiatives	DR	DR						

▼ Connections 2030 Policy	Connect 2050 Goal 1: Pursue sustainable long- term transportation funding	Connect 2050 Goal 2: Focus on partnerships	Connect 2050 Goal 3: Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes	Connect 2050 Goal 4: Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods	Connect 2050 Goal 5: Maximize technology benefits	Connect 2050 Goal 6: Maximize transportation safety	Connect 2050 Goal 7: Maximize transportation system resiliency and reliability	Connect 2050 Goal 8: Balance transportation needs with those of the natural environment, socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources
Continue a comprehensive approach to integrating transportation and environmental issues	DR	DR	IDR		DR			DR
Preserve and enhance a positive land use/transportation relationship	DR	DR	IDR		DR			DR
Emphasize the preservation of protected resources	DR	DR	IDR		DR			DR
Emphasize air quality improvement	DR	DR	IDR		DR			DR
Continue community sensitive solutions efforts	DR	DR					IDR	DR
Incorporate environmental justice in all planning, programming, and project decisions	DR	DR	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR	IDR	DR
Modify driver behavior	DR	DR				DR		
Support innovative, comprehensive safety programs	DR	DR	DR			DR		
Improve standards for infrastructure	DR	DR	DR		DR	DR	DR	
Improve emergency response	DR	DR	DR		DR	DR	DR	
Improve emergency response to make the transportation system more resilient	DR	DR	DR		DR	DR	DR	

▼ Connections 2030 Policy	Connect 2050 Goal 1: Pursue sustainable long- term transportation funding	Connect 2050 Goal 2: Focus on partnerships	Connect 2050 Goal 3: Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes	Connect 2050 Goal 4: Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods	Connect 2050 Goal 5: Maximize technology benefits	Connect 2050 Goal 6: Maximize transportation safety	Connect 2050 Goal 7: Maximize transportation system resiliency and reliability	Connect 2050 Goal 8: Balance transportation needs with those of the natural environment, socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources
Enhance the security of the transportation system by reducing vulnerability	DR	DR	DR		DR	DR	DR	
Support public, specialized, and human services transit	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR			IDR
Support development of fixed-guideway transit services	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR			IDR
Increase intercity travel options by improving intercity passenger rail service	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR			IDR
Improve intercity bus service and connections	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR			IDR
Support bicycle and pedestrian facilities and plans	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR			IDR
Encourage transportation demand management strategies	DR	DR	IDR	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR
Facilitate intermodal passenger connections	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR	IDR	DR	IDR
Advocate for improved air service at Wisconsin airports	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR			IDR
Implement cost-effective maintenance activities on Wisconsin's state trunk highway system infrastructure	DR	DR	DR	IDR	DR			IDR

▼ Connections 2030 Policy	Connect 2050 Goal 1: Pursue sustainable long- term transportation funding	Connect 2050 Goal 2: Focus on partnerships	Connect 2050 Goal 3: Pursue continuous improvement and expand data-driven decision-making processes	Connect 2050 Goal 4: Increase options, connections, and mobility for people and goods	Connect 2050 Goal 5: Maximize technology benefits	Connect 2050 Goal 6: Maximize transportation safety	Connect 2050 Goal 7: Maximize transportation system resiliency and reliability	Connect 2050 Goal 8: Balance transportation needs with those of the natural environment, socioeconomic, historic, and cultural resources
Preserve Wisconsin's state trunk highway system infrastructure	DR	DR	DR	IDR	IDR			IDR
Preserve Wisconsin's airport system infrastructure	DR	DR	DR	IDR	IDR			IDR
Improve the reliability and efficiency of state trunk highway system operations	DR	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR
Actively manage the daily operation of the state trunk highway network via the State Traffic Operations Center and other technology systems	DR	DR	DR	IDR	DR	DR	IDR	IDR
Optimize traffic movement on the state trunk highway system by utilizing tools to improve existing capacity and, where necessary, adding capacity	DR	DR	DR	IDR	DR	IDR	IDR	IDR
Manage access on Wisconsin's state trunk highway system	DR	DR	DR	DR	IDR	IDR		IDR



Appendix B. Plan Updates

Connect 2050, as part of the vision plan concept, relies upon other major plans to incorporate its vision, goals, and objectives. Aligning these plans will provide consistency in WisDOT's planning efforts and ensure that the transportation system is being developed and maintained in a consistent manner.

Below is a table that identifies these plans and when they are scheduled to be updated, which will align them with Connect 2050.

Table B-1: Plan Schedules

▼ Plan Name	Adopted Date	Update Frequency	Next Major Action
Connect 2050	Under development	No required frequency, most states update every 5-7 years	Anticipated completion late 2021
Wisconsin Rail Plan 2050	Under development	5 years	Anticipated completion 2022
State Highway-Rail Grade Crossing Action Plan (SAP)	Under development	No required update frequency	Anticipated completion 2022
State Freight Plan	March 19, 2018 (appendices November 2020)	5 years	December 2022
Wisconsin Pedestrian Policy Plan 2020	March 2002	No required update frequency, most states update every 5-7 years	2022
Wisconsin Bicycle Transportation Plan 2030	December 1998	No required update frequency, most states update every 5-7 years	2022
Wisconsin State Airport System Plan 2030	February 19, 2015	No required frequency, most states update every 10 years	2025
Transportation Asset Management Plan 2020-2029	September 3, 2019	4 years	October 25, 2022
Wisconsin Strategic Highway Safety Plan 2017 – 2020	November 7, 2017	4 years	2021
Highway Safety Plan (HSP)	July 1, 2021	Annually	July 1, 2022
ADA Transition Plan 2021 Update	December 1, 2021	Annually	October 2022

Table produced December 2021



Appendix C. System Plan Environmental Evaluation Determination

Trans 400.07(2)(b)2 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code indicates a System Plan Environmental Evaluation (SEE) may be prepared in the case of proposals contained in system plans, if it is concluded they are major and significant new proposals. If it is concluded from an analysis of the system plan that it does not contain any major and significant new proposals, a clear statement of that determination may be incorporated within the system plan or as a separately identifiable and retained record of the department's determination. The purpose of this memorandum is to serve as the Departments statement of determination that Connect 2050 does not meet the statutory requirement in Trans 400.07(2)(b)2 for development of a SEE.

C.1 DOES THIS PROPOSED PLAN CONSTITUTE A "STATEWIDE SYSTEM PLAN"?

Trans 400.04(28) defines a "system-plan" as "a plan which identifies transportation facility or service needs for a statewide system. The needs are identified conceptually without addressing specific design and locational details."

No. Connect 2050 is a visionary plan for Wisconsin and does not identify transportation facility or service needs. The goals and objectives in Connect 2050 will guide policies and actions in other statewide system plans, which could identify specific facility and service needs, and may require a SEE.

C.2 DOES THIS PLAN INCLUDE MAJOR AND SIGNIFICANT NEW PROPOSALS?

Trans 400.04(19) defines a "major and significant new proposal" as "a new proposal developed by the department which, if legislatively authorized and funded, may significantly affect the quality of the human environment and represents a significant departure from, or expansion of, the department's existing responsibilities by substantially expanding or reducing total resources allocated to any existing programs."

No. Connect 2050 identifies the direction we will follow when developing and maintaining the transportation system through 2050. Connect 2050 establishes goals and objectives that over the life of the plan, will guide and support development of an integrated, efficient, and safe multimodal transportation system. The plan does not include any policies or actions that can be directly funded, which may significantly affect the quality of the human environment and represent a significant departure from, or expansion of, the department's existing responsibilities by substantially expanding or reducing total resources allocated to any existing programs.

It is therefore determined that Connect 2050 does not meet the requirements in Trans 400.07(2)(b)2 for a SEE. Approved by:

Chuck Wade	 Date	
Director, Bureau of Planning and Economic Development		
Scott Lawry	 Date	
Director, Bureau of Technical Services		

Appendix D. System Performance Report

D.1 TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

In 2012, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) established Transportation Performance Measures (TPM) requirements for states and metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs). This began with the "Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act" or MAP-21 and continued with the "Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act" or "FAST" Act.

MAP-21 and the FAST Act require the states and MPOs to create a performance-based planning and project selection process, known as Transportation Performance Management (TPM). The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) defines Transportation Performance Management as "a strategic approach that uses system information to make investment and policy decisions to achieve national performance goals." In short, Transportation Performance Management is systematically applied, a regular ongoing process, provides key information to help decision makers allowing them to understand the consequences of investment decisions across transportation assets or modes, improves communications between decision makers, stakeholders and the traveling public, and ensures targets and measures are developed in cooperative partnerships and based on data and objective information.

In March 2016, FHWA finalized TPM rules for safety: Performance Measure 1, commonly referred to as PM1. In 2017, they finalized the TPM rules for system performance infrastructure condition, including bridges and pavement: Performance Measure 2, commonly referred to as PM2, and final rules for freight movement, congestion mitigation and air quality; and Performance Measure 3, commonly referred to as PM3.

Transit Asset Management (TAM) is the strategic and systematic practice of procuring, operating, inspecting, maintaining, rehabilitating, and replacing transit capital assets to manage their performance, risks, and costs over their life cycles, for the purpose of providing safe, cost-effective, and reliable public transportation. In accordance with 49 CFR 625 and 630 for Transit Asset Management (TAM), WisDOT is the TAM sponsor for all Section 5311 Formula Grants for Rural Areas, Section 5310 Enhanced Mobility for Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities, and some Section 5307 Formula Grants for Urbanized Areas sub-recipients. Accordingly, 5311 and 5310 subrecipients must opt in to the WisDOT group TAM plan or may opt-in to another agency's group TAM plan if they choose. The TAM plan includes an inventory of capital assets, a condition assessment of inventoried assets, a decision support tool, and a prioritization of investments. All subrecipients included in the WisDOT TAM plan are required to submit an updated asset inventory to WisDOT on an annual basis, as well as a four-year capital replacement schedule. To see WisDOT's latest TAM targets, and targets for transit providers who have opted into the state plan, please see the National Transit Database (NTD). To see TAM targets for transit providers that have not opted in to the state plan or are required to set their own targets, please contact your transit agency for more information. 49 CFR 673 requires recipients of federal funding through Section 5307 to develop and certify a Public Transportation Agency Safety Plan (PTASP). Under Part 673, FTA exempted recipients who receive only Section 5310 or 5311 funds from PTASP requirements. To comply with state requirements under Part 673, the WisDOT Transit Section has partnered with local transit providers and other interested stakeholders to develop an PTASP template for affected agencies to review, adapt, and adopt before the compliance deadline. WisDOT does not have a role in overseeing compliance with completed PTASPs, but Transit Section staff continue to deliver as-needed technical assistance to bus transit providers as indicated throughout this document. PTASP targets, if applicable, can either be viewed in the MPOs Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) or by contacting your transit agency.

23 CFR §450.216(f) requires the statewide long-range transportation plan to include a system performance report, which "evaluates the condition and performance of the transportation system with respect to the performance targets described in §450.206(c), including progress achieved by the MPO(s) in meeting the performance targets in



comparison with system performance recorded in previous reports." It is the intent of this appendix to Connect 2050, Wisconsin's statewide long-range transportation plan, to satisfy this requirement. WisDOT's most up-to-date federal performance measure information can be found on the <u>Federal Transportation Performance Measures webpage</u>.

The Southeast Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC) acting as the MPO or the Milwaukee urbanized area has adopted their own performance targets for PM1, PM2, and PM3. For more information, please see SEWRPC's current <u>Transportation Improvement Program</u>. While Wisconsin's 13 other MPOs have adopted the targets for PM1, PM2, and PM3 identified in this appendix, the MPOs are monitoring performance data for their planning area. WisDOT shares performance data for each metropolitan planning area with the MPOs annually.

Table D-1: Federal Performance Measures

Rulemaking	23 CFR 490 Section	Final Performance Measures	Measure Applicability
PM1: Safety	490.207(a)(1)	Number of fatalities	All public roads
	490.207(a)(2)	Rate of fatalities	All public roads
	490.207(a)(3)	Number of serious injuries	All public roads
	490.207(a)(4)	Rate of serious injuries	All public roads
	490.207(a)(5)	Number of nonmotorized fatalities and nonmotorized serious injuries	All public roads
PM2: Infrastructure	490.307(a)(1)	Percentage of pavements of the Interstate System in Good condition	The Interstate System
	490.307(a)(2)	Percentage of pavements of the Interstate System in Poor condition	The Interstate System
	490.307(a)(3)	Percentage of pavements of the non- Interstate NHS in Good condition	The non-Interstate NHS
	490.307(a)(4)	Percentage of pavements of the non- Interstate NHS in Poor condition	The non-Interstate NHS
	490.407(c)(1)	Percentage of NHS bridges classified as in Good condition	NHS
	490.407(c)(2)	Percentage of NHS bridges classified as in Poor condition	NHS
PM3: System Performance	490.507(a)(1)	Percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable	The Interstate System
	490.507(a)(2)	Percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable	The non-Interstate NHS
	<u>490.607</u>	Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) Index	The Interstate System
	490.707(a)	Annual Hours of Peak Hour Excessive Delay Per Capita	The NHS in urbanized areas with a population over 1 million for the first performance period and in urbanized areas with a population over 200,000 for the second and all other performance periods that are also in nonattainment or maintenance areas for ozone (O3), carbon monoxide (CO), or particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5)

Rulemaking	23 CFR 490 Section	Final Performance Measures	Measure Applicability
	490.707(b)	Percent of Non-SOV travel	The NHS in urbanized areas with a population over 1 million for the first performance period and in urbanized areas with a population over 200,000 for the second and all other performance periods that are also in nonattainment or maintenance areas for ozone (O3), carbon monoxide (CO), or particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5)
<u>490.807</u> Total	Total Emissions Reduction	All projects financed with funds from the 23 USC 149 CMAQ program apportioned to State DOTs in areas designated as nonattainment or maintenance for ozone (O3), carbon monoxide (CO), or particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5)	

D.2 PERFORMANCE MEASURE 1

On April 14, 2016, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) set the final rule for safety performance measures. This rule required state DOTs to set annual safety performance targets via the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP).

In addition to annually reporting on FHWA's required measures, Wisconsin has tracked and reported safety measures through our MAPSS Performance Improvement Program since 2012. We believe any preventable death on Wisconsin's roadways is one too many. For more information on MAPSS, please see <u>WisDOT's MAPSS Performance Improvement Program webpage</u>.

D.2.1 GOAL

Reduce traffic fatalities and serious injuries.

D.2.2 TARGETS

Learn more about state safety performance targets on FHWA's Safety Performance Management site.

How are Targets Set?

Five year rolling averages are used to calculate targets for each of the safety measures. PM1 establishes how FHWA will assess whether state DOTs have met or made progress on their safety targets.

D.2.3 REPORTING FREQUENCY

Safety targets are reported in the HSIP report on August 31 of each year.

D.2.4 PROGRESS

View prior year's results on FHWA's Transportation Performance Management (TPM) dashboard.

Table D-2: Performance Measure 1: Safety

Performance Measure	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend	2019 Target Met?
Number of Fatalities	567.4	567.0	576.0	587.8				
Target			556.1	555.7	564.7	576.0	Increasing	No
Fatality Rate (per 100 million VMT)	0.930	0.910	0.906	0.908				
Target			0.917	0.915	0.888	0.890	Decreasing	Yes
Number of Serious Injuries	3,183.0	3,120.8	3,060.0	3,050.4				
Target			3,023.9	2,967.6	2,907.0	2,897.9	Decreasing	No
Serious Injury Rate (per 100 million VMT)	5.234	5.024	4.824	4.718				
Target			4.997	4.785	4.585	4.482	Decreasing	Yes

Performance Measure	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Trend	2019 Target Met?
Number of Nonmotorized Fatalities and Serious Injuries	361.4	359.6	362.8	368.6				
Target			343.3	342.0	344.7	350.2	Increasing	No

Note: the values in this table are based on a 5-year rolling average, as required for performance reporting and target setting by the Federal Highway Administration.

D.3 PERFORMANCE MEASURE 2: INFRASTRUCTURE CONDITION

On Feb. 17, 2017, FHWA set the final rule for infrastructure performance measures. This rule required state DOTs to establish performance measures consisting of four pavement measures and two bridge measures.

Poor pavement condition can result in increased wear on vehicles, increased fuel consumption costs and rough rides for travelers. Pavement measures report the conditions of highways in the National Highway System (NHS) as either good or poor based on the International Roughness Index (IRI). It also includes ratings for faulting, cracking, and rutting.

Because bridges are critical links in the transportation system, Wisconsin gives the highest highway funding priority to bridge projects. Bridge measures report on the conditions of the deck area, superstructure, substructure, and culvert. They are classified as good or poor based on National Bridge Inventory (NBI) ratings. Wisconsin has 14,198 total bridges; 8,889 are locally owned and 5,309 are state owned as defined by FHWA as having a span length greater than 20 feet.

In addition to annually reporting on FHWA's required measures, Wisconsin tracks infrastructure performance through our MAPSS (Mobility Accountability Preservation Safety Service) Performance Improvement Program. WisDOT measures and reports the percentage of our backbone and non-backbone highway pavement rated fair or above using the Pavement Condition Index (PCI).

Wisconsin's MAPSS program also measures and reports on state bridge conditions. We have a rigorous bridge asset management process to maintain bridges in service, which includes routine maintenance and repair, rehabilitation of key components, and bridge replacement. Wisconsin gives the highest priority to bridge projects in its overall asset management strategies. Local authorities are responsible for maintaining their bridges, and the department is responsible for ensuring they follow the proper procedures for operating and determining the safe carrying capacity of these bridges. For more information on MAPSS, please see <u>WisDOT's MAPSS Performance Improvement Program webpage</u>.

D.3.1 GOAL

Improve the National Highway System (NHS) infrastructure of interstate pavement and both interstate and non-interstate bridge condition.

D.3.2 TARGETS

Targets were established based upon review of historical data and projecting the trend forward using this data.

How are Targets Set?

Good is defined as "no major investment is needed" and poor is "reconstruction investment is needed." Two-year and four-year targets for each measure were established on May 20, 2018. WisDOT and other state DOTs can adjust their targets during the mid-performance period, which occurs on Oct. 1, 2020.

D.3.3 REPORTING FREQUENCY

Data is reported to FHWA annually in October.

Wisconsin drives and inspects pavement annually and performs bi-yearly safety inspections and condition assessments of bridges. This is the designated frequency in National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS). Through these inspections, condition rating data is collected for the deck, superstructure, and substructure with an overall rating of good, fair, or poor condition.

D.3.4 PROGRESS

The first reporting for these metrics was sent to FHWA on Oct. 1, 2018. View prior year's results on <u>FHWA's Transportation Performance Management (TPM) State Highway Infrastructure dashboard.</u>

Table D-3: Performance Measure 2: Infrastructure

Performance Measure	Baseline	2-Year Condition/ Performance	2-Year Target	Trend	Target Met?	4-Year Target
Interstate Pavement in Good Condition	n/a	67.5%	n/a	n/a	n/a	45%
Interstate Pavement in Poor Condition	n/a	0.3%	n/a	n/a	n/a	5%
Non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS) Pavement in Good Condition	39.7%	40.1%	20%	Increasing	Yes	20%
Non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS) Pavement in Poor Condition	18.8%	17.1%	12%	Decreasing	Yes	12%
National Highway System (NHS) Bridges in Good Condition	56.2%	53.2%	50%	Decreasing	Yes	50%
National Highway System (NHS) Bridges in Poor Condition	1.8%	1.7%	3%	Decreasing	Yes	3%

D.4 PERFORMANCE MEASURE 3: SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

On Feb. 17, 2017, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) enacted its final rule requiring states to establish targets for six system performance measures intended to assess performance of the National Highway System, freight movement on the Intestate System and the Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ) Improvement Program.

This information enables people to estimate travel times so they can avoid delays such as arriving to work late and get where they need to go as effectively and efficiently as possible.

For more information regarding CMAQ, visit the <u>Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission's website</u> and read more about our MPO's <u>congestion management process in Southeastern Wisconsin.</u>

D.4.1 GOAL

Assess and improve performance of the Interstate and non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS) for the purpose of carrying out the National Highway Performance Program (NHPP); to assess and improve freight movement on the Interstate System; and to assess and improve traffic congestion and on-road mobile source emissions for the purpose of carrying out the CMAQ Program.

D.4.2 TARGETS

On May 18, 2018, in coordination with Wisconsin Metropolitan Planning Organizations, WisDOT established two and four-year targets for the six system performance measures. WisDOT and the Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC) collectively agreed to unified targets for the Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) measure and the Non-Single Occupancy Vehicles (Non-SOV) measure for the Milwaukee urbanized area. As the Minneapolis-St. Paul urbanized area extends into Wisconsin, WisDOT also collaborated with the Metropolitan Council, the Minneapolis-St. Paul MPO, and Minnesota Department of Transportation to establish joint PHED and Non-SOV measures for the Minneapolis-St. Paul urbanized area.

How are Targets Set?

Two travel time reliability measures are a measurement of travel time reliability for interstate and non-interstate highways on the National Highway System (NHS). Level of Travel Time Reliability (LOTTR) is the ratio of longer travel time to a normal travel time using data from FHWA's National Performance Management Research Data Set (NPMRDS) or an equivalent data source.

There are three Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) measures. They are applicable to states and metropolitan areas that are part of a nonattainment or maintenance area for ozone, particulate matter, or carbon monoxide. The intent is to find transportation projects that contribute to the attainment or maintenance of National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) in those areas.

D.4.3 REPORTING FREQUENCY

Reliability measures established two and four-year targets for the Interstate, and a four-year target for non-Interstate NHS. The congestion measures' performance period began on Jan. 1, 2018, and it ends Dec. 31, 2021. Two- and four-year targets have been set.

D.4.4 PROGRESS

View prior year's results on FHWA's Transportation Performance Management (TPM) dashboard.

Table D-4: Performance Measure 3: System Performance

Performance Measures	Baseline	2-Year Condition/ Performance	2-Year Target	Trend	Target Met?	4-Year Target
Interstate Highway Reliable Person-Miles Traveled	97.9%	94.9%	94.0%	Decreasing	Yes	90.0%
Non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS) Reliable Person-Miles Traveled	n/a	91.2%	n/a	n/a	n/a	86.0%
Interstate Highway Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) Index	1.16	1.25	1.40	Decreasing	Yes	1.60
Annual Hours of Peak-Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Per Capita: Milwaukee Urbanized Area	n/a	6.9%	n/a	n/a	n/a	8.6%
Annual Hours of Peak-Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Per Capita: Minneapolis-St. Paul-WI Urbanized Area	n/a	8.5%	n/a	n/a	n/a	8.5%
Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle (Non-SOV) Travel: Milwaukee Urbanized Area	20.3%	20.0%	20.2%	Decreasing	No	20.1%
Non-Single Occupancy Vehicle (Non-SOV) Travel: Minneapolis-St. Paul-WI Urbanized Area	23.2%	23.9%	25.0%	Increasing	No	25.0%
Total Emissions Reduction through CMAQ Projects: PM2.5	5.287	9.075	9.043	Increasing	Yes	13.820
Total Emissions Reduction through CMAQ Projects: NOx	89.747	89.711	90.354	Decreasing	No	150.388
Total Emissions Reduction through CMAQ Projects: VOC	41.754	21.176	12.154	Decreasing	Yes	30.123
Total Emissions Reduction through CMAQ Projects: PM10	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total Emissions Reduction through CMAQ Projects: CO	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Appendix E. Public Involvement Summary

E.1 INTRODUCTION

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) is updating its statewide, long-range, multimodal transportation plan – this year called Connect 2050 – with a fresh vision and renewed goals. This long-range plan will quide WisDOT's decision-making about changes to and investments in our statewide system for the next 30 years.

A crucial part of the long-range transportation planning process is public involvement. This document first summarizes the engagement strategies used to support the Pre-Draft Plan phase for Connect 2050, and then provides a summary of the topics and themes that emerged from the comments submitted by the public to WisDOT.

The public engagement strategies for the Pre-Draft Plan phase were conducted in accordance with the Connect 2050 Public Involvement Plan (PIP), approved by WisDOT in February 2020. The PIP outlines a comprehensive public involvement process that helps ensure Connect 2050 and its related transportation system decisions incorporate input from Wisconsin's residents, businesses, and other transportation system users.

Click here to view the Connect 2050 PIP.

The Connect 2050 public involvement process that the PIP originally outlined has been updated to reflect the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. During the Pre-Draft Plan phase, all engagement was conducted virtually, and all inperson engagements were cancelled in accordance with state and local public health guidelines for group gatherings during this pandemic.

WisDOT kicked off outreach for the Pre-Draft Plan phase in July 2020. As of the close of 2020, engagement efforts generated 2,231 survey responses, 4,668 unique users of the website, 755 unique users of the virtual open house, 5,141 social media link clicks, and 480 views of the webinars. This engagement resulted in 2,463 comments representing all counties of the state. This public input is being reviewed and considered as WisDOT develops the Connect 2050 draft plan and prepares for the next round of engagement.

E.2 ENGAGEMENT STRATEGIES AND RESULTS

Table E-1 shows the key public involvement activities undertaken during the Pre-Draft Plan phase for the Connect 2050 plan. During this phase, WisDOT launched a dedicated Connect 2050 website, administered an online survey, developed an online public comment form, hosted a virtual open house, engaged the public on several social media platforms, and conducted stakeholder webinars. These engagement efforts resulted in 2,463 comments, with at least two comments from every county of the state. The following subsections describe the engagement strategies used during the Pre-Draft Plan phase.



Table E-1: Key Engagement Strategies

Strategy	Date	Engagement Highlight
Online Survey	July 30, 2020 – October 31, 2020	2,231 responses, 2,219 comments
Social Media	July 30, 2020 – November 9, 2020	54 posts, 295,146 reached, 5,141 clicks, 169 comments
Connect 2050 Website	Launched August 7, 2020	6,197 pageviews; 4,668 unique users
Online Comment Form	Launched August 10, 2020	75 comments
Public Comment Dashboard	Launched October 8, 2020	1,852 pageviews
Stakeholder Toolkit	Launched October 8, 2020	Allowed stakeholders to download plan materials to share with their members
Virtual Open House	Launched October 8, 2020	956 pageviews; 755 unique users
Stakeholder Webinars	Live events on October 12, 15 and 16, 2020	480 views through December 2020
Total Comments (all platforms)	July 30, 2020 – December 31, 2020	2,463 comments

Note: Reported engagement (comments, views, etc.) totals presented from July 30, 2020, to Dec. 31, 2020

E.2.1 ONLINE SURVEY

WisDOT conducted an online survey from July 30, 2020, through Oct. 31, 2020, to gather input from the public and stakeholders on Wisconsin's transportation priorities. The survey was used as a public involvement tool to obtain input from Wisconsinites on their transportation priorities and was not designed to be statistically significant. The survey was advertised on social media, distributed to the plan's stakeholder database via email, and accessible from the Connect 2050 website.

Survey Questions

The survey asked respondents to allocate a \$100 budget between five planning focus areas shown in **Table E-2**.

Distribute

Table E-2: Survey Budgeting Exercise

Prioritize Transportation Planning Focus for Wisconsin

What do you think should be a priority during the planning process? For this activity, you have \$100 that you can allocate between the six focus areas below. Use the sliders to spend funds however you prefer – the more money in an area indicates it is a higher priority for you. **Keep in mind that your budget is \$100**, and you cannot submit your response if you are *over* or *under* budget.

	funds				
Economic Vitality: Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing conditions.	~				
Safety and Security: Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether natural or man-made.	~				
Quality of Life and Natural Environment: Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs with the natural environment and resource conservation.					
System Integration and Connectivity: Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly integrated system.					
System Management: Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to maximize transportation investments.					
You are under budget by: \$100					



Then, survey respondents were asked to select their top planning focus area and rank topics pertaining to that focus area. Respondents were able to complete the survey at this point or they could select additional planning focus areas and rank priorities for more topics. In addition, the survey provided open-ended comment boxes under each planning focus area. This resulted in 2,219 comments related to the planning topics. Also, respondents could voluntarily provide race/ethnicity, gender, age, and zip code as part of the survey. See **Attachment E-1** for survey questions and summary factsheet.

Survey Respondents

In total, the survey generated a total of 2,231 responses. The responses included broad and diverse opinions from people throughout Wisconsin. All comments were considered during the Connect 2050 planning process. Please note that survey responses were voluntary and are not a representative sample of Wisconsin's population.

As shown in **Table E-3**, the highest percentage of survey responses came from WisDOT's Southwest Region (27.9 percent), WisDOT's Southeast Region (19.3 percent) and WisDOT's Northwest Region (18.4 percent), however, all regions are represented in the survey. Survey responses were also categorized into urban and rural areas. The 23 urban counties in the state accounted for 65.6 percent of the responses and the 46 rural counties accounted for 34.4 percent of the responses.

As shown in **Table E-3**, 50.4 percent of survey respondents identified themselves as male and 32.8 percent identified as female. Most respondents identified themselves as White (76.6 percent) and 4.2 percent of respondents identified as either *Hispanic/Latino*, *Asian*, *Black or African American*, or *American Indian or Alaska Native*.

As shown in **Table E-4**, the survey generated responses from a wide range of age groups with the largest number of respondents spanning from 25 to 74 years-of-age. Combined, people aged 25 to 64 accounted for 75.4 percent of respondents. The 65 and older age group accounted for 12.8 percent of the survey responses for the state. The Northwest region had the highest share of respondents 65 and over (18.0 percent), twice as high as the Southeast Region at 9.0 percent. Statewide, the 25-44 age group accounted for 38 percent of respondents and the 45-64 age group accounted for 37.4 percent of respondents.

Table E-3: Survey Respondent Summary by Region

Geography	Total	Geography	Urban	Rural	Male	Female	Percent Minority
Wisconsin	2,231	90.5%	65.6%	34.4%	50.4%	32.9%	4.2%
Northwest Region	411	18.4%	52.3%	47.7%	48.7%	38.4%	2.9%
North Central Region	248	11.2%	22.6%	77.4%	52.8%	34.7%	3.2%
Northeast Region	306	13.7%	85.3%	14.7%	49.3%	36.9%	4.2%
Southeast Region	431	19.3%	97.7%	2.3%	58.2%	31.8%	5.6%
Southwest Region	623	27.9%	81.9%	18.1%	54.6%	32.7%	5.1%

Note: 9.5% of respondents did not provide their location, so their region cannot be presented. These data are not presented in this table as respondents who did not provide their location were also more likely to omit demographic identification.

Table E-4: Respondent Age Groups by Region

Geography	24 and Younger	25-44	45-64	65+	Not Provided
Wisconsin	5.1%	38.0%	37.4%	12.8%	6.8%
Northwest Region	4.6%	33.1%	42.8%	18.0%	1.5%
North Central Region	4.0%	37.5%	38.7%	16.9%	2.8%
Northeast Region	5.9%	38.9%	39.2%	14.7%	1.3%
Southeast Region	4.9%	46.6%	38.3%	9.0%	1.2%
Southwest Region	6.1%	42.4%	38.4%	10.9%	2.2%

Note: 9.5% of respondents did not provide their location, so their region cannot be presented. These data are not presented in this table as respondents who did not provide their location were also more likely to omit demographic identification.

Survey Budget Allocation

Table E-5 summarizes the results of the \$100 budget allocation exercise. This section of the survey was intended to introduce participants to the Connect 2050 planning focus areas and to gauge general areas of importance.

For the state, Quality of Life and Natural Environment received the highest average funding level (\$21.85), closely followed by Economic Vitality (\$20.96) and Safety and Security (\$20.30). Survey respondents allocated slightly fewer dollars to System Integration (\$18.75) and System Management (\$18.15).

Budget allocations by region reveal some differences in priorities across the state. The Southeast and Southwest regions placed higher emphasis on System Integration and Connectivity than respondents from the three Northern regions which saw this focus area as the lowest or second lowest priority.

Table E-5: \$100 Budget Allocation for Planning Focus Areas

Geography	Economic Vitality	Quality of Life and Natural Environment	Safety and Security	System Integration and Connectivity	System Management
Wisconsin	\$20.96	\$21.85	\$20.30	\$18.75	\$18.15
Northwest Region	\$23.09	\$19.51	\$21.70	\$16.79	\$18.91
North Central Region	\$21.35	\$19.60	\$20.55	\$15.80	\$22.69
Northeast Region	\$23.22	\$22.15	\$19.63	\$18.76	\$16.24
Southeast Region	\$20.74	\$22.53	\$19.56	\$21.50	\$15.68
Southwest Region	\$19.06	\$22.47	\$20.37	\$20.25	\$17.85

Note: Funding and Project Costs was not included in the budgeting exercise, darker colored cells signify higher allocation by region, values presented are averages of all responses matching that rows geography

The highest average allocation of funds for any region was from the Northeast which allocated an average of \$23.22 toward Economic Vitality. The Southeast Region allocated a survey-low of \$15.68 to System Management. Respondents from the North Central region, on the other hand, put System Management as their highest priority by allocating an average of \$22.69 toward this planning focus area. The average budget allocation for Safety and Security was about evenly distributed across the state and the regions with the high (Northwest) and low (Southeast) only differing by \$2.14.

Topic areas which received the highest average funding within the given age groups are shown in **Table E-6**. Four age groups – and those who did not provide their age – allocated Quality of Life and Natural Environment more funding than the other topic areas. Economic Vitality and Safety and Security were the top-funded topics for two age groups.

Table E-6: Highest Allocated Topic Areas by Age Group

Age Group	Topic Area	Average Allocation
Younger than 18	Economic Vitality	\$34.71
18-24	Quality of Life and Natural Environment	\$26.48
25-34	Quality of Life and Natural Environment	\$23.94
35-44	Safety and Security	\$20.78
45-54	Safety and Security	\$21.01
55-64	Economic Vitality	\$22.28
65-74	Quality of Life and Natural Environment	\$22.14
75 or Older	Quality of Life and Natural Environment	\$22.50
Age Not Provided	Quality of Life and Natural Environment	\$25.62

As shown in **Table E-7**, respondents in rural counties prioritized higher funding for the topic areas of Economic Vitality, Safety and Security, and System Management. Respondents in urban counties showed preference to funding Quality of Life and Natural Environment and System Integration and Connectivity.

Table E-7: Urban-Rural Budget Prioritization by Focus Area

	Econ. Vitality	Quality of Life / Natural Environ.	Safety and Security	System Integration and Connectivity	System Management
Urban	\$20.68	\$22.55	\$20.14	\$19.84	\$16.79
Rural	\$22.33	\$18.55	\$20.99	\$16.89	\$21.23
All Respondents	\$20.96	\$21.85	\$20.30	\$18.75	\$18.15

Survey Priorities by Topic

Following the budget allocation exercise, survey respondents selected the planning focus areas they deemed most important and prioritized a list of topics related to those focus areas. Respondents could provide feedback for as many – or as few – of the six key focus areas as they wished. **Table E-8** highlights the highest average rating for topics by planning focus area (1=Low Priority; 2=Medium Priority; and 3=High Priority). Shortened text for topics is provided in this section. See **Table E-8** for the full text of topics and further summary of the Connect 2050 survey.

Roads in Good Condition was the highest rated topic in the survey, receiving an average rating of 2.8. Sustainable and Predictable Funding Sources for Transportation was the second highest rated topic with an average rating of 2.7. Other high priorities included Roads Efficiently Maintained/Repaired Through Engineering Analysis (2.6), Protection of Natural Environment During Transportation Projects (2.6), Reduce Distracted Driving (2.5) and Improved Access for People with Disabilities, Older Residents, or Those Without a Car (2.5). Some topics that were rated as lower priorities by respondents were: Airport Accommodate More, Water Transport Options, Exploring Mile-Based User Fee, and Exploring Tolling, all with having average ratings of 1.7.

Table E-8: Average Topic Ratings by Focus Area, Statewide

Focus Area	Торіс	Rating
Economic Vitality	Keeping highways, bridges, and local roads in good condition to support the movement of people and products	2.8
	Affordable options for local producers and shippers to move goods	2.3
	Transportation options that support economic growth while protecting the environment and reducing reliance on fossil fuels A robust freight supply chain where improved rail shipment access, reliability, truck freight, and air freight contribute to economic growth Reliable access to tourist and recreational destinations statewide Water transportation options for ships, barges, and ferries for Wisconsin's manufacturers, farms, and tourists	
	Airports can accommodate larger business airplanes or more air cargo to provide local business growth opportunities	1.7



Focus Area	Topic	Rating
Funding and Project Costs	Sustainable and predictable funding sources for transportation	
	Funding sources for transportation – other than the gas tax – are explored and implemented where feasible	
	Partnerships with private businesses and organizations help to fund transportation projects	1.8
	Further exploration of a mileage-based user fee (based on actual miles driven) as a way to contribute to transportation funding	1.7
	Further exploration of tolling as a way to contribute to transportation funding in Wisconsin	1.7
Quality of Life and Natural Environment	Protection of the natural environment during transportation projects (example: preserve protected resources and species, and minimize environmental impacts)	
	Better air quality as a result of reduced transportation emissions	2.5
	Transportation plans and infrastructure projects integrated with local plans that identify residential and commercial growth areas for the community	2.3
	Planning and project decision-making processes that specifically include minority and low-income voices	2.3
	Transportation infrastructure design and features make the experience of living in or visiting positive and memorable	2.2
Safety and Security	Changing driver behavior to reduce distracted driving and improve attentiveness behind the wheel	
	A transportation system built to withstand extreme weather or other natural disaster effects	2.3
	Roadway features such as speed limits signs, traffic signs, guardrails, pavement markings, etc.	2.2
	Technology that improves transportation system safety (example: ramp meters, electronic message signs, signalized pedestrian crossings and emergency response-coordinated traffic signals)	2.2
	Safe railroad crossings with signals, barriers, warning bells, etc.	2.1
	Dedicated funding for statewide transportation safety programs and projects (example: Highway Safety Improvement Programs and Safe Routes to School Programs)	2.1
System Integration and Connectivity	Improved access to transportation options for people with disabilities, older residents, or those who choose not to drive or own a car	
	Better connections between different types of transportation, such as bus to airport, park-and-ride near bus stop, and walking to transit	
	Increased frequency of passenger rail service (example: trains running more frequently between Chicago, Milwaukee, and Minneapolis)	
	Connections for bicycling and walking are improved and expanded	2.3
	Increase the number of cities in WI served by Amtrak	
	Spread awareness of various travel options available in your community	1.9
	More city-to-city, long-distance bus options across Wisconsin	
	Technology advancements facilitate and improve transportation connections (example: a new rideshare smartphone app, improved Internet access on transit)	
	Airports that are accessible for passenger travel	1.8



Focus Area	Торіс	Rating
System Management	Roads that are efficiently maintained and repaired through engineering analysis and maximizing available funding	2.6
	Innovative design standards and methods are used to maintain and preserve the condition of Wisconsin's roads and bridges	2.5
	Local community infrastructure (such as local roads and streets, transit vehicles, and trails) are well-maintained	
Bicycle and pedestrian facilities (such as sidewalks, curb ramps, and bicycle lanes) are well-maintained		2.2

Note: Priority Rating: 1=Low; 2=Medium; and 3=High

Table E-9: Highest Rated Topics by Planning Focus Area

Geography	Economic Vitality	Quality of Life and Natural Environment	Safety and Security	System Integration and Connectivity	System Management	Funding and Project Costs
Wisconsin	Roads in Good Condition (2.8)	Protect Environment During Projects (2.6)	Reduce Distracted Driving (2.5)	Access for Disability Age No Car Ownership (2.5)	Roads Efficiently Maintained Through Engineering Analysis (2.6)	Sustainable Predictable Transportation Funding Sources (2.7)
Northwest Region	Roads in Good Condition (2.9)	Protect Environment During Projects (2.5)	Reduce Distracted Driving (2.5)	Access for Disability Age No Car Ownership (2.4)	Roads Efficiently Maintained Through Engineering Analysis (2.8)	Sustainable Predictable Transportation Funding Sources (2.7)
North Central Region	Roads in Good Condition (2.9)	Protect Environment During Projects (2.6)	Reduce Distracted Driving (2.4)	Access for Disability Age No Car Ownership (2.5)	Roads Efficiently Maintained Through Engineering Analysis (2.7)	Sustainable Predictable Transportation Funding Sources (2.7)
Northeast Region	Roads in Good Condition (2.9)	Protect Environment During Projects (2.6)	Reduce Distracted Driving (2.4)	Access for Disability Age No Car Ownership (2.5)	Roads Efficiently Maintained Through Engineering Analysis (2.7)	Sustainable Predictable Transportation Funding Sources (2.7)
Southeast Region	Roads in Good Condition (2.7)	Better Air Quality (2.7)	Reduce Distracted Driving (2.5)	Better Connect Different Travel Modes (2.6)	Roads Efficiently Maintained Through Engineering Analysis (2.5)	Sustainable Predictable Transportation Funding Sources (2.8)
Southwest Region	Roads in Good Condition (2.7)	Protect Environment During Projects (2.6)	Reduce Distracted Driving (2.5)	Access for Disability Age No Car Ownership (2.6)	Local Community Infrastructure Well Maintained (2.6)	Sustainable Predictable Transportation Funding Sources (2.7)

Note: Priority Rating: 1=Low; 2=Medium; and 3=High

See Table D-8 for the full text of topics

E.2.2 SOCIAL MEDIA

WisDOT used messaging on Twitter, Facebook, and LinkedIn to encourage survey participation and obtain feedback. In total, 54 social media posts were made between July 30, 2020, and Nov. 9, 2020, as shown in **Table E-10**. Of the total, 26 of the posts (organic and paid posts) were to Facebook, 23 to Twitter, and five to LinkedIn. In total, the posts reached an audience of 295,146, had 4,904 engagements and 5,141 clicks.

In addition to traditional social media posts to the platforms named above, WisDOT used advertisements and boosted posts on Facebook targeting Wisconsin residents to encourage participation, with attention paid to reaching rural residents, Spanish-speakers, and minority and low-income populations.

Table E-10: Social Media Engagements

Social Media	Total Posts/Ads	Audience Reached	Engagements	Link Clicks
Facebook (organic posts)	6	50,838	2,387	324
Facebook (paid posts)	20	173,789	945	4,359
Twitter	23	64,402	1,341	341
LinkedIn	5	6,117	231	117
Total	54	295,146	4,904	5,141

Note: Engagement total does not include paid Facebook posts

E.2.3 CONNECT 2050 WEBSITE

WisDOT launched a dedicated Connect 2050 website on Aug. 10, 2020. The Connect 2050 website included information about the plan, the state's transportation system, trends that affect transportation and the plan's goals. Also, the website included a "library of plans" section with linked to WisDOT's modal, operational and regional plans.

The website facilitated direct engagement by encouraging the public to share a comment, sign-up for email notices, or to take the survey. The website also linked to the online public comment dashboard described in **Section E.2.5** and included a toolkit that equipped the public and stakeholders with the ability to become further involved in the dissemination of plan materials (see **Section E.2.6** for more information).

The website was the central component of public involvement efforts as it combined a concise explanation of the plan and it's planning process with resources and opportunities to provide feedback and raise concerns. The website recorded 6,197 pageviews – by more than 4,668 unique users – between Aug. 7, 2020, and Dec. 31, 2020.

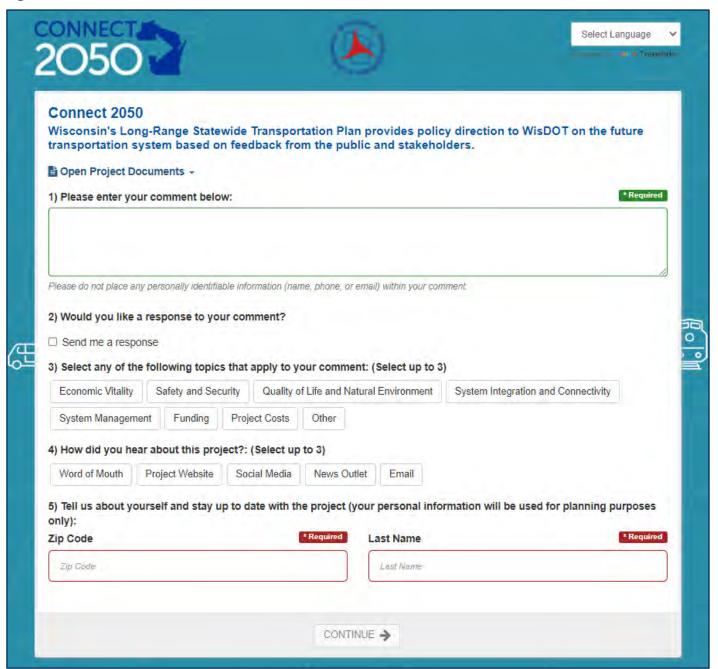
Click here to view the Connect 2050 homepage.

E.2.4 ONLINE COMMENT FORM

Visitors were encouraged to share comments with numerous links to a public comment form (see **Figure E-1**) on the Connect 2050 website. Respondents were prompted to provide an open-ended comment and to select the topic areas which apply to their response. The topic selections offered were the five Plan Goals as well as Funding, Project Costs, and the option to select Other. Respondents were also given the option to state where they heard about the project, their name and zip code, and if they would like a response to their comment. The online comment form generated 75 comments between its launch date of Aug.10, 2020, and Dec. 31, 2020.

Click here to view the Connect 2050 comment form page.

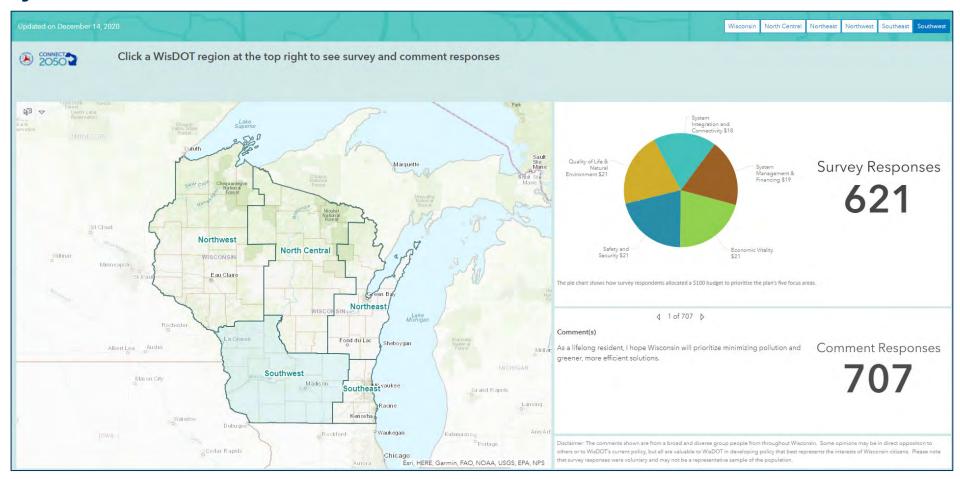
Figure E-1: Comment Form



E.2.5 PUBLIC COMMENT DASHBOARD

The Comment Dashboard was accessible from the Connect 2050 website. This application allowed viewers to see what Wisconsinites were saying in their own words (see **Figure E-2**). Page visitors were able to select a region and see survey responses, survey budget allocation results, comment totals and full-text comments from that region. Please note that all responses were voluntary and are not a representative sample of Wisconsin's population.

Figure E-2: Comment Dashboard Interface



Click here to view the Connect 2050 Public Comment Dashboard.

E.2.6 STAKEHOLDER TOOLKIT/INFORMATION MATERIALS

The Stakeholder Toolkit was developed on the Connect 2050 website as a resource for stakeholder groups to present Connect 2050 materials at meetings and disseminate plan information on behalf of WisDOT (see **Figure E-3**). It is also a resource for social media posts which could be shared by stakeholder groups to spread awareness of the planning process and further generate web traffic to the website and survey.

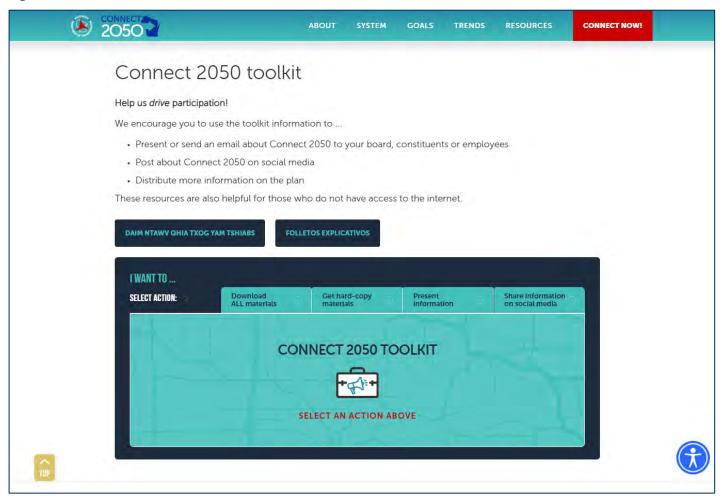
The Stakeholder Toolkit provided the following plan materials for download:

- Plan overview presentation (PowerPoint)Recorded plan overview presentation
- Plan overview factsheet
- Social media resources
- Trends factsheets (English, Spanish and Hmong versions provided)
- Survey in paper form (full and shortened versions)
- Printable comment form

Stakeholder Toolkit materials on the website were available for download in hard-copy form. The social media resources provided on the site were suggested posts tailored to community members, business owners, and industry stakeholders. All materials included links to the Connect 2050 webpage and directed readers to provide input into the process. Trend factsheets were produced in Spanish and Hmong to accommodate non-English speaking populations. Stakeholder Toolkit materials are provided in **Attachment E-2**.

Click here to view the Connect 2050 Stakeholder Toolkit.

Figure E-3: Stakeholder Toolkit Menu



E.2.7 VIRTUAL OPEN HOUSE

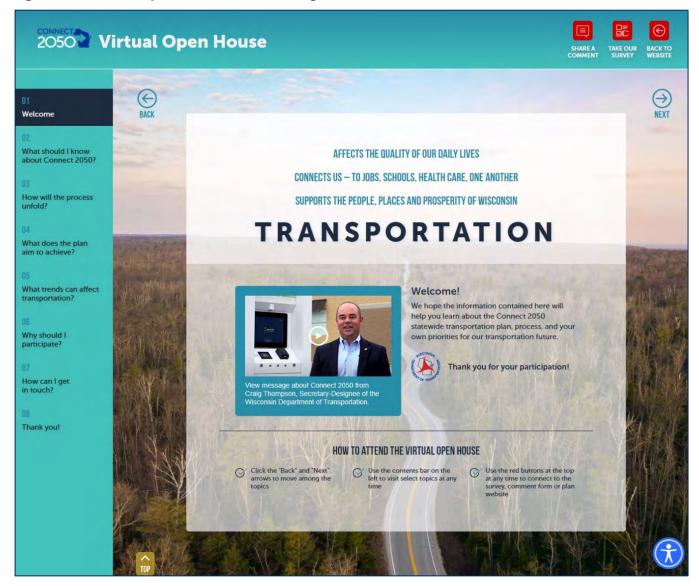
The Virtual Open House was an online, self-guided tour of the plan that was developed to familiarize stakeholders and the public with the Connect 2050 planning process and goals. It also explained why public input is important to the process, and how open house attendees can make their voices heard. As the Pre-Draft Plan phase occurred during the COVID-19 pandemic, the Virtual Open House was designed to provide information and involvement that normally would have occurred at an in-person meeting.

The Welcome page of the Virtual Open House features a video message from WisDOT's Secretary-Designee, Craig Thompson (see **Figure E-4**). The Virtual Open House included detailed transportation trend information on Population, Travel Patterns, Safety, Economic Activity, Energy and the Environment, and Connected and Automated Vehicles. Virtual Open House attendees were provided with several ways to become involved and learn more about the plan including links to the survey, Connect 2050 website, and online comment form. WisDOT phone, email, and mailing information was also provided, as were links to WisDOT social media profiles on Twitter, Facebook, YouTube, and LinkedIn.

The Connect 2050 Virtual Open House launched on Oct. 8, 2020, and it remained active throughout the pre-Draft Plan phase. The Virtual Open House had 956 pageviews and 755 unique users between its launch and the end of 2020.

Click here to view the Connect 2050 Virtual Open House.

Figure E-4: Virtual Open House Welcome Page



E.2.8 STAKEHOLDER WEBINARS

WisDOT used YouTube Live to host live, online stakeholder webinars on Oct. 12, 15 and 16, 2020. The Connect 2050 stakeholder database, totaling 477 contacts representing a wide range of organizations and individuals statewide, was used to invite these stakeholders to engage with the webinars. The webinars included a presentation followed by a live question and answer session with WisDOT staff. Participants could submit questions through YouTube Live or via the Connect 2050 email. The presentation portion of the webinars included an overview of the plan, its process, an overview of Wisconsin's transportation system, and information on how viewers could further engage with the plan.

All webinars were recorded and posted to YouTube allowing stakeholders and the public to view the presentations at their convenience. Views of the webinars – either live or recorded – totaled 480 by the end of 2020. The Oct. 15 webinar featured a sign language interpreter to make the information accessible to the deaf and hearing-impaired community. All recordings had auto-generated caption functionality.

Click here to view the Connect 2050 Stakeholder Webinar recordings.

E.2.9 EMAIL NOTIFICATIONS

Email notifications during the Pre-Draft Plan phase focused on encouraging survey participation and making the public aware of the Connect 2050 website and virtual open house. Messages were sent out on:

- Aug. 7, 2020: This email message announced the launch of the website (including the survey and comment form) and availability of plan materials.
- Oct. 8, 2020: The second email message invited recipients to engage with the Virtual Open House, Stakeholder Toolkit, and to join the Webinars.
- Oct. 15, 2020: This email served as a reminder to view the Webinar sessions.
- Oct. 28, 2020. This message reminded recipients to take the survey before it closed on Oct. 31, 2020.

Email notifications were sent to the Connect 2050 stakeholder database that was comprised of 477 contacts throughout the state. Special attention was paid to include groups which advocate for and/or represent Environmental Justice (EJ) populations as stakeholders. Organizations included in the stakeholder database – as well as members of the public who signed up for plan updates – were recipients of email communications described above. Email notifications for the plan are presented in **Attachment E-3**.

E.2.10 MEDIA COORDINATION

WisDOT prepared the following news releases and distributed to media outlets throughout the state:

- February 11, 2020 WisDOT requests public comment on Connect 2050 Public Involvement Plan.
- July 30, 2020 WisDOT wants to hear your thoughts on the future of transportation.

News releases for the plan are provided in **Attachment E-4**.

E.2.11 ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE/TITLE VI SPECIFIC ENGAGEMENT STRATEGIES

Special considerations were worked into all engagement activities to encourage transparency and accessibility to plan information. Specific strategies included:

- All online resources and tools were ADA compliant.
- Transportation trends factsheets were translated into Hmong and Spanish languages.
- Specific organizations that advocate for minority, low-income, senior, disabled and non/limited English-speaking populations were identified and added to the stakeholder database to receive plan-related email notifications.
- Targeted social media ads were prepared for low income, racial minority, rural, and Spanish-speaking populations for inclusion.
- Paper copies of the survey, plan factsheets and comment forms were available upon request.
- Closed captioning offered on the Stakeholder Webinars, with a sign language interpreter present for the Oct. 15 recording.

E.3 COMMENT SUMMARY AND THEMES

The public engagement activities completed during the Connect 2050 Pre-Draft Plan phase resulted in 2,463 comments. Social media posts in the Pre-Draft Plan phase produced 169 comments with the remainder being submitted via the survey or online comment form. A vast majority of comments received were a result of the openended prompts in the Connect 2050 survey. The distribution of comments by source is presented in **Table E-11**. The comments provided within the website's Public Comment Dashboard – screened for profanity and other inflammatory language – have been attached to this report as **Attachment E-5**.

Table E-11: Public Comment Sources

Platform	Comments Received	
Survey	2,219	
Comment Form	75	
Social media	169	
Total Pre-Draft-Plan Phase Comments	2,463	

All comments, regardless of source, were tagged by eight modes of transportation and 13 topic areas for further analysis. Individual comments could be tagged with multiple modes and topics as many comments addressed multiple subject areas. The following sections describe the mode summary and topic summary in more detail. The main themes section provides a synthesis of the top common themes that emerged. These comments included broad and diverse opinions from people throughout Wisconsin. All comments were considered during the Connect 2050 planning process. Please note that survey responses were voluntary and are not a representative sample of Wisconsin's population.

E.3.1 TRANSPORTATION MODE SUMMARY

The following transportation modes were used to categorize public comments:

AirportsIntercity Bus

• Bicycle and Pedestrian

• Freight Rail

Highways and Bridges

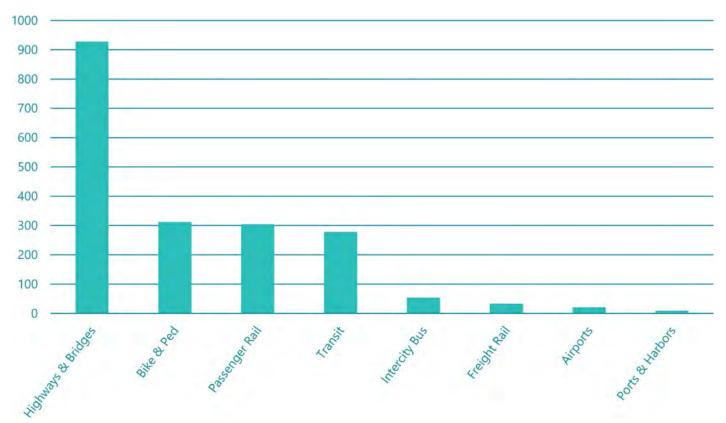
• Transit

• Passenger Rail

Ports, Harbors and Ferry

As **Figure E-5** shows, comments pertaining to highways and bridges made up the largest share of responses, with approximately 48 percent of comments mentioning this mode. Bike and pedestrian, passenger rail and transit also generate substantial numbers of comments. Intercity bus, freight rail, airports and ports and harbors were mentioned the fewest number of times.

Figure E-5: Comments by Mode



Highways and Bridges

Highways and Bridges were the most common mode mentioned with over 900 comments. Most comments focused on maintenance, funding and safety of highways and bridges. Several comments mentioned specific roadways for improvement or expansion. Also, some comments expressed opposition to freeway expansion and the need to focus on alternatives to driving and a more multimodal and connected transportation system. Equity of roadway funding was also mentioned including concerns about the distribution of funding between the state's more populous counties and the rest of Wisconsin as well as the disproportionate amount of funding spent on roadways versus alternatives to driving. Commonly mentioned subjects for this mode included:

- Concerns about the poor quality of the driving surface with potholes that result in car repairs.
- Concerns about the safety of highways including comments about drunk and distracted driving, winter weather maintenance of roadways and potholes, and trucks operating among automobiles and causing wear on road surfaces.

Mention of specific projects or highways for improvement and/or expansion and the need for highway improvements that are important to maintain our state's economic competitiveness. Several highway corridors were mentioned that need improvement with many comments discussing several sections of I-94, particularly between Milwaukee and Madison. Highways in the Green Bay and Fox Valley areas were also notably mentioned. Respondents identified other highways across the state within their comments, including I-41, I-90, I-39, US 61 and US 151, among others.

Sample Responses:

HIGHWAYS and BRIDGES

"Fixing and maintaining our roads and bridges are really vital to the economy."

"We need to expand I-94 from Milwaukee to Madison!! It is a dangerous stretch of road that is the most travelled road in the state and it's only two lanes?!"

"We should prioritize reusing existing corridors, and increasing their capacity without major expansion projects, whenever possible."

"I feel the Appleton Area needs some serious attention. Both WIS 96 and 125 have massive accident rates as well as large traffic jams every time I attempt to use these roads."

"We know 39/90 north of Madison to the Dells needs to be expanded, what are we waiting for?"

"I think maintaining bridges so they Don't go below their load rating all across the state is important so no links to the network are lost."

- Criticism of prior or existing projects for perceived sub-standard work and lack of accountability for the work of contractors.
- Desire to have more investment in Wisconsin's rural and northern counties.
- Concerns about a disproportionate amount of investment being directed towards roadways, with a desire for more investment in non-automobile transportation, and opposition to freeway expansion.
- Need to reduce fossil fuel usage and private automobile travel and giving more preference for transportation modes other than auto/truck.
- Tolling to generate transportation funds. Opinions were split regarding tolls, with some commenters voicing support and some opposing.



Bicycles and Pedestrians

Bicycle and Pedestrian transportation were mentioned in over 300 comments. Commonly mentioned subjects for this mode included:

- Desire for improved infrastructure and improved bike/ped safety such as protected or separated bike lanes, expanded trails, safer road crossings/intersections, and traffic calming.
- Concerns about the prioritization of trails for recreational use over commuter infrastructure.
- Support for complete streets policy and implementation.
- Support for increased funding compared to automobiles and concerns about lack of planning and prioritization for bicycle and pedestrian transportation in Wisconsin.
- Strong support for active transportation as a healthier alternative to driving.

Sample Responses:

BICYCLES AND PEDESTRIANS

"Priority needs to be placed on safety and infrastructure for people that bike, walk, use transit as it relates to fundamental transportation modes and not incidental to other modes."

"Making sure streets are designed for all roadway users. Complete streets are needed, they are safer and end up saving money in the long run."

"I would love to see increased bike safety measures such as barriers for bike lanes, and more bike lanes."

"Less focus on moving as many cars as quickly as possible (especially through towns/cities) and more attention to improving pedestrian/bike safety along multi-lane roads."

"The increased popularity of standing scooters makes bike lanes all the more urgent, as scooters are too fast for sidewalks but too slow for traffic. As a cyclist, I would like to see segregated/protected bike lanes that are wide enough for a scooter to be safely passed by a cyclist."



Passenger Rail

Passenger Rail generated approximately 300 comments. Most of the comments were in support of investing in more passenger rail service in the state. Only a few comments expressed a lack of support for passenger rail service. Common themes included:

- Interest in passenger/commuter rail systems, and trains that are integrated with a broader multimodal network.
- Support for more passenger rail service in the state including adding more frequency to existing Amtrak service and adding more connections throughout the state.
- Desire for more passenger rail connections were mentioned along the Chicago-Milwaukee-Twin Cities corridor. Other connections mentioned included Wausau, Eau Claire, Green Bay, Fox Cities, and Manitowoc.
- Interest in high-speed rail options with speeds > 150 mph.
- Promotion of efficient, high-speed trains that could potentially replace highways and be an excellent economic and environmental opportunity, helping to reduce auto use and emissions and help fight climate change.
- Calls for the revival of the Kenosha Racine –
 Milwaukee commuter project and commuter rail in
 general including. Commenters mentioned their
 desire to see; suburban connections to urban
 centers, more frequent service to Minneapolis/St.
 Paul, and commuter rail that connects with existing
 public transit.
- Concerns about Amtrak service. These included calls for more bicycles allowed on trains, the cost prohibitive nature of fares, and travel time.

Sample Responses:

PASSENGER RAIL

"The [Amtrak Hiawatha] is a vital part of transportation along the SE WI area, keep making that service better."

"Intercity passenger rail between the 3 largest urban centers of WI (Milwaukee, Madison and Green Bay) is of the highest priority for me."

"Returning to the high speed Midwest rail network makes a great deal of sense to me. There's a significant volume of people traveling back and forth between cities."

"Many people commuting to work would like to have Train/bus/high speed options that eliminate driving themselves, and offer comfort and Internet access so they can work/study/research while on their commute."

"High speed rail between madison, milwaukee, la crosse, eau claire, with ability to take a train to ohare or minneapolis. tourism revenue would explode if wisconsinites get to travel easily and quickly between our metro areas for day trips, and if out of state residents could fly to bigger airports (ORD and MSP) and take a quick train ride to madison or Milwaukee."



Transit

Transit was mentioned in over 250 comments.

Commonly mentioned subjects for this mode included:

- Support for improved transit and opposition to auto-centric planning and funding.
- Strong support for transit and active transportation as a healthier alternative to driving.
- Need for improved rural transit and connectivity.
- Many of the comments expressed support for workforce access to transit.
- Some comments noted interest in changing legislation to allow for Regional Transit Authorities.

Sample Responses:

TRANSIT

"I think the state of Wisconsin should have enabling legislation for the formation of a regional transit authority in the state."

"We need more options in rural and central Wisconsin for public Transportation. Many individuals are limited to the one cab service we have in our area and it can be pretty pricey."

"Making sure that individuals in no-car or low-income areas have expanded access (locations and hours) to transportation to vital services (grocery stores, pharmacy, medical), workplaces/schools, and transportation centers."

"Transit isn't very useful for most people - reimagine it so it actually saves us time vs driving ourselves."

"Mass transit infrastructure should be a higher priority than roads that support exclusively single-driver vehicles."



Intercity Bus

- Approximately 54 comments discussed intercity bus transportation. Commonly mentioned subjects for this mode included:
- General support for increased intercity travel options that are affordable, connected, and convenient.
- Desire for expanded Greyhound service to more parts of the state including areas in the north that lack bus service.
- Improved connections between cities in states and neighboring states.
- · Change to electric buses.
- Expanded service to meet needs of low-income and underrepresented populations.
- Improved schedule coordination between rail and bus services.
- Some comments expressed a desire for passenger rail over intercity bus.

Sample Responses:

INTERCITY BUS

"We need more Intercity public transit options that are sustainable, including reliable and affordable train and bus services."

"Small communities in mostly rural areas need access to various forms of transportation. Rail transport, bus transport and other forms should coordinate and not duplicate for increased efficiency."

"A general increase is public transit options connecting population centers within Wisconsin would be nice."

"A central coordination of train and bus schedules helping those who do not drive (such as the blind or elderly) how to independently get around in Wisconsin."

"Can we do something about service to the north? Right now, Greyhound goes to Eau Claire and Amtrak goes to Wausau. From there, access is limited to private vehicles. You basically have to rent a car. Half of our state is without public transportation."



Freight Rail

Freight rail was mentioned by approximately 30 comments. Commonly mentioned subjects for this mode included:

- Freight-related comments stated a desire to shift more freight from trucks to rail to separate trucks from cars for safety reasons and reduce truck wear and tear on the roadways.
- Making trucks pay a greater share of road taxes since they create a lot of wear and tear on the roads.
- Construction of new multimodal facilities in Wisconsin to get trucks off the highways.
- Fixing freight train issues in Chicago to boost the national system.
- Improvements in the reliability of Wisconsin's rail system to help farmers and manufactures get their goods to where they need to go; the pandemic has revealed vulnerabilities in the system.

Sample Responses:

FREIGHT RAIL

"WisDOT working with those companies can build several multi-modal facilities to reduce truck traffic on the highways and allow the rail lines to better serve the industry in the state."

"Invest in intermodal freight. Bring a rail intermodal container terminal to east, south east or south-central Wisconsin."

"Think about automation at huge transfer centers/terminals for the railcars carrying trucks/trailers."

"Due to the extensive wear and tear on roads by semis and the safety concerns with semis and cars operating together, large investment into rail needs to happen."

"There is a fairly decent rail system in the state between active lines and lines with track present but are out of service. Improving existing rail infrastructure on these existing lines and rehabilitating rail banked tracks can help bring passenger and some freight service back to rural areas where it's needed."



Airports

Airports accounted for just over 20 comments. Commonly mentioned subjects for this mode included:

- Improved multimodal connections with the desire for transit connections to airports.
- Some comments favored other modes such as rail, instead of air travel, primarily due to the environmental impacts of air travel.
- Some comments voiced concern regarding the current funding levels of Wisconsin airports.

Sample Responses:

AIRPORTS

""Improving maintenance of the air transportation in Wisconsin. Our local airports are vital to the communities they serve."

"My priority is a complete transportation network with all options to travel from air to road to bike to bus."

"I feel that the Madison airport should be expanded to accommodate global travel."

"If tourists can get from major airport to parks without having to drive, more would visit and they get more time with family on the travel methods."

"I would love to see a train that would run from Green Bay to MKE/Chicago and Minneapolis! It would make it easier to use airports in those areas if people could have a quick option to get there!"



Ports, Harbors and Ferry

Ports, Harbors and Ferries were only mentioned in eight comments received. Commonly mentioned subjects for this mode included:

- Some of these comments generally mentioned support for investment in water transportation.
- Other comments focused on specific ports or corridors.

Sample Responses:

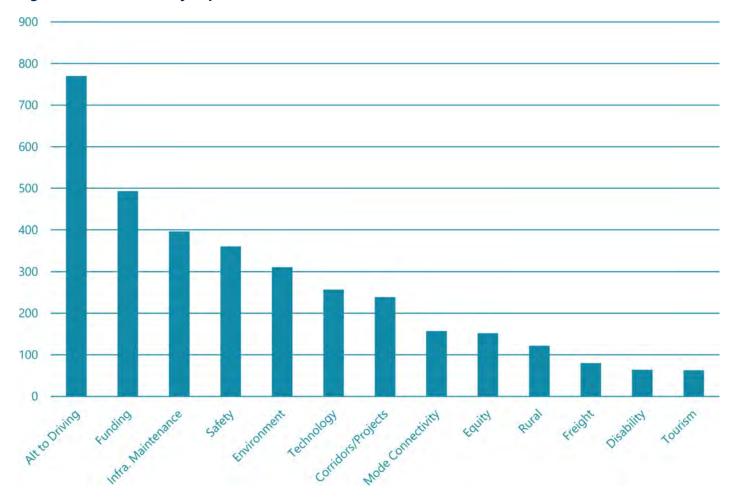
PORTS, HARBORS, FERRY

- "Making the Port of Milwaukee truly multi-mode and enhancing rail service to keep more trucks off roads."
- "...being able to plug the state into worldwide commerce even more, utilizing the waterways and railroads ... will definitely increase in importance as we strive for more exports and hopefully boost our standing in the global economy."
- "...revitalizing the ports of Green Bay to draw in water shipping from across the great lakes."
- "Car ferry from Egg Harbor to Marinette to eliminate the drive around Greenbay [sic] for people who want to travel from northern WI to Door County and vice versa."
- "More accountability for the environmental impact of marine transit - hefty fines for littering, spills, facilitation of the transportation of invasive species, dumping, noise/light pollution."

E.3.2 TOPICAL COMMENT SUMMARY AND SAMPLE RESPONSES

In addition to modes, comments were analyzed for common topics, which are summarized below. **Figure E-6** shows the distribution of comments pertaining to a given transportation topic. Comments were tagged under all modes and/or themes present if there were multiple contained in the respondent's remarks.

Figure E-6: Comments by Topic





Alternatives to Driving

Over 700 comments discussed overall support for alternatives to driving. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Overall, most of the 700+ comments voiced support for increased investment and prioritization on passenger rail, public transit, intercity bus, bicycles, and pedestrians.
- Many commenters voiced opinions that historically Wisconsin transportation investments and priorities were too heavily focused on personal automobiles.
- Some respondents focused on the need to reduce vehicle miles travelled to reduce congestion and environmental impacts of driving.
- Some respondents expressed the need for development and planning that reduces the need for automobile travel and fosters alternative modes of travel.

Sample Responses:

ALTERNATIVES TO DRIVING

"More alternatives to driving personal cars, like rail and bus service, that connects statewide to both rural and urban areas. Too many areas of the state are entirely car-dependent."

"Many small towns only have car and driver, maybe a cab, no bus, no train. We are not connected to the world."

"Focusing efforts on supporting mass transit and other non-car transit will help accomplish a whole lot of other goals, like reducing environmental impact, integrating with local plans, connecting low-income populations and areas to economic opportunities, reducing road wear, and improving population health."

"Prioritize public transit and ped/bike infrastructure, stop expanding high ways, and create an equitable transportation system appropriate for 2020 and beyond."

"A system that allows people the freedom of choice and does not essentially confine people to driving a private vehicle to get around."

Funding Mechanisms

Funding is a broad topic that was mentioned by over 500 comments. While many respondents voice funding support for various modes, the summary below focuses on specific funding mechanisms. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Opinion on mileage-based user fees was split with some viewing it as an equitable way to tax the impact to roadways while others feeling that it would unfairly tax rural and suburban areas that have different travel patterns.
- Opinions on tolls were mixed with some voicing opposition to the idea while other comments specifically voiced support for tolls at the state border to capture out of state travel.
- Some respondents voiced support for increasing the existing gas tax, viewing it the easiest way to increase funding.
- Registration fees were also a common topic with some respondents voicing opposition to existing electric vehicle registration fees
- Some respondents highlighted existing funding distribution and called for money raised by the gas tax and registration fees to be limited to roadway investment.
- Another common funding theme was calls for equitable funding across the state as some participants felt that rural areas and areas outside of Southeast Wisconsin received less investment than needed. Others felt more populated areas need more investment.
- A topic with mixed support was private involvement in infrastructure with some voicing support and some opposition.
- Finally, some respondents wondered if there were more equitable ways to fund roadways to equate more with the responsibility for wear and tear to the roadways with some highlight the potential for taxes and fees based on weight.

Sample Responses:

FUNDING MECHANISMS

"Need stable source that survives changes in vehicle fuel use and choices and that preserves purchasing power by routinely adjusting the revenue stream."

"We need to explore the option for tolling our expressways so that more money from fast taxes, registration fees, etc. are available for maintaining local roads."

"Lower impact modes and lower emissions should be rewarded, not punished by a bigger fee on hybrids and electrics."

"The gas tax is what we have and can implement right now. Raising it to support development of a 21st century transportation system that actually works for more working families is a good idea - plain and simple."

"100% in favor of exploring ways to increase funding from sources like commercial or heavy drivers, gas or emissions taxes, and tolls that target out of state drivers."

"Allotment of funds to local governments to maintain and improve existing roadways need increased revenue from the state."



Infrastructure Maintenance

Close to 400 comments mentioned the maintenance of transportation infrastructure within the state.

Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- A large majority of the comments focused on maintaining the existing roadway network for travel and freight.
- Most comments highlighted the need to focus more on roadway maintenance and less on roadway expansion or other modes that do not provide perceived economic benefit. These comments often urged proactive maintenance and inspection.
- Some comments focused on maintaining roadway and bridges to ensure safety of travel and avoid damage to vehicles from things like potholes.
- Some commenters encouraged the use of different materials to provide a longer-lasting, higher quality roadway surface.
- Rural roadways were highlighted by some as in need of repair.

Sample Responses:

INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE

"Too many roads and streets are full of potholes and need to be fixed. The worse are along the beginning or end of and on Interstate on/off ramps."

"Focus on maintenance and preservation of the existing system rather than expansion of new highways and roadways."

"Ensuring that transportation infrastructure is resilient and regularly maintained to avoid failures that would drastically impact the economy."

"Maintaining the interstates and major highways during winter storms. Funding to get more plows out during storms to keep the major roadways pass hazardous."

"Stop the 5-10 year band-aid projects and get back to really fixing the infrastructure problems we have. We are wasting money by not addressing the real problems and just throwing new pavement down."



Safety

Safety topics were mentioned within 360 comments. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Bike and pedestrian safety a common theme.
- Improved signage was noted by some.
- Driver behavior, reckless/distracted driving, and speeding are top concerns.
- Infrastructure concerns also include railroad crossings, intersections (red light running), and roadway maintenance.
- Respondents are concerned primarily with driver behavior.
- Education for how to navigate roundabouts.
- Concern for vulnerable road users.

Sample Responses:

SAFETY

"Wisconsin needs better railroad crossings from a safety perspective."

"Changing driver behavior to reduce distracted driving and improve attentiveness behind the wheel is critical to improving the safety and efficiency of our transportation system."

"Creating motorcycle awareness and teaching other drivers how to interact with motorcycles on the roads appropriately."

"Actually enforcement, radar, or cameras. People disregard the laws and signs because they know there will be no consequences."

"Drunk driving is still a major problem in our state."

"Bigger wider roads in communities make it more dangerous for pedestrians."

"Drivers are becoming more and more impatient in work zones and in winter driving conditions. The DOT needs more initiatives to slow drivers down and make sure they are paying attention in work zones."



Environment

The environment was a theme mentioned by many respondents, with over 300 comments relating to the environment in some way. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Many comments focused on the ways WisDOT can protect species and existing ecosystems through environmentally conscious plantings, wildlife crossings, reducing noise pollution, and utilizing better materials for construction and operations.
- Many respondents voiced support for the reduction of fossil fuel use through investment in non-automobile modes.
- Many comments noted the potential for climate change to be a major force by 2050 and urged action to combat the issue.
- General support for alternative fuels and supportive infrastructure was voiced by many participants.
- Some comments focused on existing air quality issues and the desire for strategies to reduce air pollution.

Sample Responses:

ENVIRONMENT

"Shifting away from our reliance on fossil fuels and creating environmentally-conscious transportation systems that are effective and safe will be a critical area of development in the next quarter century."

"Promote increased material recycling on projects and integrate native species into WisDOT right of way when re-establishing vegetation."

"Reducing dependence on fossil fuels and encouraging development of hybrid and alternative fuel methods of transportation."

"Switch to electric vehicles with renewable energy charging stations."

"Nature corridors for animal movement (over or under infrastructure)."



Technology

Technology is a broad topic that was touched on by some respondents with primary focuses being electric vehicles and automated and connected vehicles. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Many respondents voiced support for planning to accommodate alternative fuels, especially electric vehicle charging infrastructure. Some participants made recommendation for fossil fuel reductions or elimination by 2050.
- Connected and automated vehicles were a common topic with many Wisconsinites voicing support for planning to accommodate these new technologies and working with automobile manufacturers and industry experts to put Wisconsin on the cutting edge.
- Some comments called for emerging transportation ideas like hyperloop, solar powered roadways or modes utilizing magnetic infrastructure. A few comments discussed tolling technology.

Sample Responses:

TECHNOLOGY

"Autonomous and/or connected vehicles have the potential to save a tremendous amount of resources and significantly reduce traffic fatalities. This should be a high priority with national standards and coordinated programs to implement systems in areas with the highest potential positive impact first."

"Wisconsin should be a leader in new transportation technologies such as autonomous vehicles and reversible lanes. Transportation demand management will help freight move efficiently and make commutes for the workforce manageable."

"Electric Vehicles will be here in no time ... so prepare infrastructure to accommodate !!!"

"Enact laws and policies that lead to faster adoption of self-driving cars."

"2050 could bring quite a bit of change. Technology and transportation advancements just in the past 5-10 years has started to change the way we utilize our transportation network. I hope that as these changes continue to occur, we as a state can adapt with them to stay ahead."



Mode Connectivity

Over 100 comments touched on connections between different modes. The comments had a diverse range of suggestions and support. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Many of the comments focused on rail, transit, and airport connections.
- Some respondents voiced general support for connectivity, noting that all modes should be connected to allow for seamless travel across the state and our cities.
- Bicycle and pedestrian connections were also highlighted by respondents as they highlighted the need for connections between trail networks, destinations, and other modes of travel.

Sample Responses:

MODE CONNECTIVITY

"Multi mode transportation systems. Don't just concentrate on personal vehicles. Mass transit and pedestrian/bicycle facilities and networks need to be given equal attention."

"The future of transportation is multi-modal. To encourage people to use a multi-modal system, we must make it accessible, connective, and well advertised."

"Investments in technologies and methods to reduce single occupant vehicle miles traveled and shift them towards multi-modal and more sustainable options."

"The state should coordinate multi-model stations (airport, intercity bus, intracity bus, train) where the cost can be recovered via user fees."

"I recommend Transportation hubs be established. Like Park and Ride Lots with additional parking (maybe even elevated structures) where people can drive to, and pick up local transit, BRT, shuttles, etc. One hub could be a P&R lot in Wauwatosa area, one at State Fair Park, Goerke's Corners, County KR, etc. From these lots would be connectivity to the downtowns, MRMC, Airport, Amtrak stations. Schedules would be meshed with little to no waiting time."

Equity

Over 150 comments indicated themes of equity.

Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Historically marginalized populations, such as lowincome, minority, elderly and those with disability and called for all transportation planning to account for and prioritize the needs of these groups.
- Equity concerns often supported investment into Wisconsin's public transportation options, highlighting that many populations within Wisconsin do not have access to a car.
- Differences between the transportation needs and funding between rural and urban/suburban areas of the state and striking a balance between the needs of urban and rural areas.
- Accessibility and the need for our transportation network to provide accessibility for all income groups to jobs, food, and other quality of life needs.
- Unequal environmental impacts of some transportation modes in urban areas with a desire for more environmentally friendly transportation.
- Differences in investment in different modes was also a common topic as many commenters felt a disproportionate amount of investment was directed towards roadways, with a desire for more investment in non-automobile transportation.
- Need for renewed focus on tribal needs and coordination.
- Strong support for Complete Streets and a network accessible to all users.

Sample Responses:

EQUITY

"We need to continue making serious progress toward planning and funding investments in public transportation, walking, biking, and smart technology to manage safe and interconnected systems. Providing mobility options for people of all ages and abilities supports a happier, healthier, and more economically active and independent population."

"Securing reliable and affordable transportation that doesn't put financial barriers in front of users. Equitable access to all transportation options across all social economic statuses is essential."

"Many affordable housing options in Wisconsin (rural) do not have proper access to public transportation. For people living just above or below the poverty line, they have to choose between affordable housing or affordable transportation."

Rural

Over 100 comments were related to rural areas. Most comments focused around ensuring investment in rural areas of the state. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Most commenters that mentioned rural areas highlighted the need for equal investment compared to other areas of the state.
- Road maintenance was another key rural theme as participants called out rural roadways in need of repair.
- Some respondents highlighted the need for increased investment in rural transit connections and connection to jobs.

Sample Responses:

RURAL TRANSPORTATION

"Our highways and bridges are failing, especially in rural Wisconsin. Some area in northern Wisconsin feel like your in the 50's with gravel roads and roads that are not maintained."

"Rural areas need to be prioritized for transportation for elderly. There is nothing."

"I would love for Wisconsin as a whole to become more pedestrian friendly and make it possible for people who live in rural communities to live without a car."

"Transit options in smaller and rural communities, and basic intercity connections via bus or rail are sorely lacking in Wisconsin. As a non-car owner I find it absurdly easier to travel to other states or countries than it is to travel within much of my own state."

"Connecting rural areas with the cities where the necessary services are, like hospitals, treatment programs, and social support functions (food banks, support groups)."

Freight

Freight was a topic touched on by approximately 80 comments. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Support for investing in transportation to support the efficient movement of goods.
- Some commenters voiced support for investments in freight rail to reduce the freight burden on roadways.
- Some respondents noted concern for the impact to roadways from freight shipping, focusing on the weight of trucks and appropriate taxing on those industries to make sure that business pays their "fair share."
- A few comments supported planning for future changes to freight brought about by autonomous and connected freight vehicles.

Sample Responses:

FREIGHT

"Wisconsin is famous for our agricultural and industrial products. We are handicapped by our lack of a cost effective and efficient method to load and ship containers by rail."

"Tax or fee on packages delivered within the state by carriers such as UPS, Amazon, FedEx. People order online saving themselves a trip, but transportation systems are still used."

"Improve the last mile service for the goods to customers."

"Long distance travel and shipment in Wisconsin should move toward self driving vehicles to reduce energy consumption, improve transportation times and reduce crashes."

"I think anyone can see that we do need to help our farmers and manufactures get their goods were they need to go, this pandemic has showing how woefully inadequate our transportation system is and we need to help."

Accessibility

Respondents from across the state mentioned concerns and thoughts on access for non-drivers including people with disabilities, with over 50 comments on the subject. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Many respondents felt that transportation for those with disabilities was not prioritized citing limited investment and resources devoted to their specific needs.
- Many comments also highlighted the unique needs of the disabled community to access jobs and education with existing services providing limited times and unreliable service.
- Some participants felt that existing resources for disabled people were concentrated in urban areas and that a lack of rural services limited livability outside of urban areas.
- A need for improved transit resources for the disabled community as parents made note of the existing service lack of usability (timing, frequency, availability) for many families with disabled members.
- Some respondents focused on designing our transportation system to account for disabilities and impairments that come with age as Wisconsin grows older and people live longer.

Sample Responses:

ACCESSIBILITY

"Transportation is often cited as the biggest barrier for people with disabilities, people who are low income, and the elderly to engage with the community around them. Effective and affordable transportation is necessary for our community to reach its fullest potential. It is heartbreaking when I miss out on opportunities because I don't have access to reliable public transportation."

"Small rural communities need help funding transportation for special needs persons. We have a number of residents mobility-impaired residents who have no choice but to travel on the street in their chair."

"With self-driving vehicle, it is IMPORTANT to ensure that they are accessible to all, including persons with disabilities."

"The population of people with visual impairment is expected to double by 2030 because the baby-boomers are aging. It will be important to remember this as future transportation plans are being considered."

"Ensure transportation is ADA compliant and beyond, fully accessible to people with disabilities."

Tourism

Tourism was touched on by more than 50 comments. Most of the comments centered around investments in transportation that would help or hurt tourism. Commonly mentioned subjects for this topic included:

- Many comments focused on passenger rail and recreational trails as a key investment to grow and maintain tourism activity in Wisconsin.
- Some comments centered around tolling and taxes with some respondents feeling that increased taxes or tolls would hurt tourism.
- Some comments also highlighted Wisconsin's natural environment as a key tourist attraction, highlighting that WisDOT should make efforts to maintain those features.
- Accessibility to tourist destination was also noted by some, with a desire for non-automobile access to Wisconsin's tourist destinations/regions.

Sample Responses:

TOURISM

"Bike trails are great for tourism and support of small communities. Build the route of the badger out completely to help connect bike tourism dollars to small communities."

"Wisconsin has some beautiful sights, and it sure would be nice for Wisconsin to make sound long-lasting roads a priority."

"High speed rail! That way people can travel for business and tourism faster with having less of an impact on the environment."

"We are considered a tourist state with a thriving economy and we need the safest roads for ourselves and visitors."

"I expect that we will continue to see heavy weekend traffic from our cities and urban areas to recreation and second-home destinations. Targeting transportation options toward these users by incorporating easy baggage handling and local shuttles would improve safety, create an enjoyable experience for users and improve access for more travelers to these destinations. This would also create platforms for transportation investment in more rural areas that could benefit local users."



E.3.3 MAIN THEMES

Following mode and topic tagging, individual comments were reviewed by the project team to determine common sentiments and themes that emerged from the comments. These themes do not incorporate every comment from Wisconsinites but provide insights into what is important to Wisconsin residents. Comments included broad and diverse opinions from people throughout Wisconsin. All comments were considered during the Connect 2050 planning process. Please note that survey responses were voluntary and are not a representative sample of Wisconsin's population. The main themes to emerge from the comment analysis were:

- Increase attention to roadway maintenance and state of good repair.
- Increase focus on alternatives to driving such as transit, rail, bike and pedestrian, and integrating connections among modes.
- Invest in existing and new passenger rail corridors and expanding freight rail facilities.
- Provide sustainable funding sources and carefully assess funding options such as gas tax increases, tolling, and mileage-based user fees.
- Invest in a fully accessible network to achieve equity for low-income, elderly, disabled, and rural populations.

- Protect our natural environment as a valuable amenity for Wisconsinites and tourists and reduce vehicle emissions.
- Improve roadway safety with a focus on curbing distracted, drunk, and reckless driving.
- Continually improve Wisconsin's highway corridors to maintain our economic competitiveness.
- Focus on infrastructure and design that supports alternative fuels, connected and autonomous vehicles.
- Appropriately size transportation infrastructure for smooth traffic flow without over-building.

WisDOT is utilizing these themes along with the more than 2,400 unique comments that were submitted as part of the Pre-Draft Plan phase to understand Wisconsinites' opinions about the future of transportation. The comments and themes will be further reviewed and considered as WisDOT develops the draft plan.



Attachment E-1. Pre-Draft Plan Survey

Connect 2050 Online Survey	E-1-2
Survey Summary	E-1-22

CONNECT 2050



Over the next 30 years, Wisconsin is going to change in ways that affect how people and products get from place to place. Picture things 30 years into the future—what will the world look like in 2050? What transportation issues should we focus on to get there? Let's get started!

Prioritize Transportation Planning Focus for Wisconsin

What do you think should be a priority during the planning process? For this activity, you have \$100 that you can allocate between the six focus areas below. Use the sliders to spend funds however you prefer – the more money in an area indicates it is a higher priority for you. **Keep in mind that your budget is \$100**, and you cannot submit your response if you are *over* or *under* budget.

	Distribute your funds
Economic Vitality: Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing conditions.	
Safety and Security: Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether natural or man-made.	
Quality of Life and Natural Environment: Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs with the natural environment and resource conservation.	
System Integration and Connectivity: Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly integrated system.	
System Management: Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to maximize transportation investments.	

Choose a Transportation Planning Focus Area

Below are six key focus areas. For each focus area that is important to you, please select an icon to explore further and answer the related questions.

Economic Vitality

Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing conditions.



Safety and Security

Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether natural or man-made.



Quality of Life and Natural Environment

Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs with the natural environment and resource conservation.



System Integration and Connectivity

Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly integrated system.



System Management

Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to maximize transportation investments.



Funding and Project Costs

Plan for transportation funding by considering a number of factors.



Return to budget question

Explore this focus area





You Picked:

Economic Vitality

Let's learn more about this focus area.



Transportation supports the economy by providing connections for people and goods via roads, transit, and freight movement. It is critical to ensuring people can get to destinations and products can get to market and to customers.

Please read through and prioritize each topic below.

A robust freight supply chain where improved rail shipment access, reliability, truck freight, and air freight contribute to economic growth

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority	Medium Priority	Low Priority	No opinion

Water transportation options for ships, barges, and ferries for Wisconsin's manufacturers, farms, and tourists

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority	Medium Priority	Low Priority	No opinion

Affordable options for local producers and shippers to move goods



Affordable options for local producers and shippers to move goods

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Airports can accommodate larger business airplanes or more air cargo to provide local business growth opportunities

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Keeping highways, bridges, and local roads in good condition to support the movement of people and products



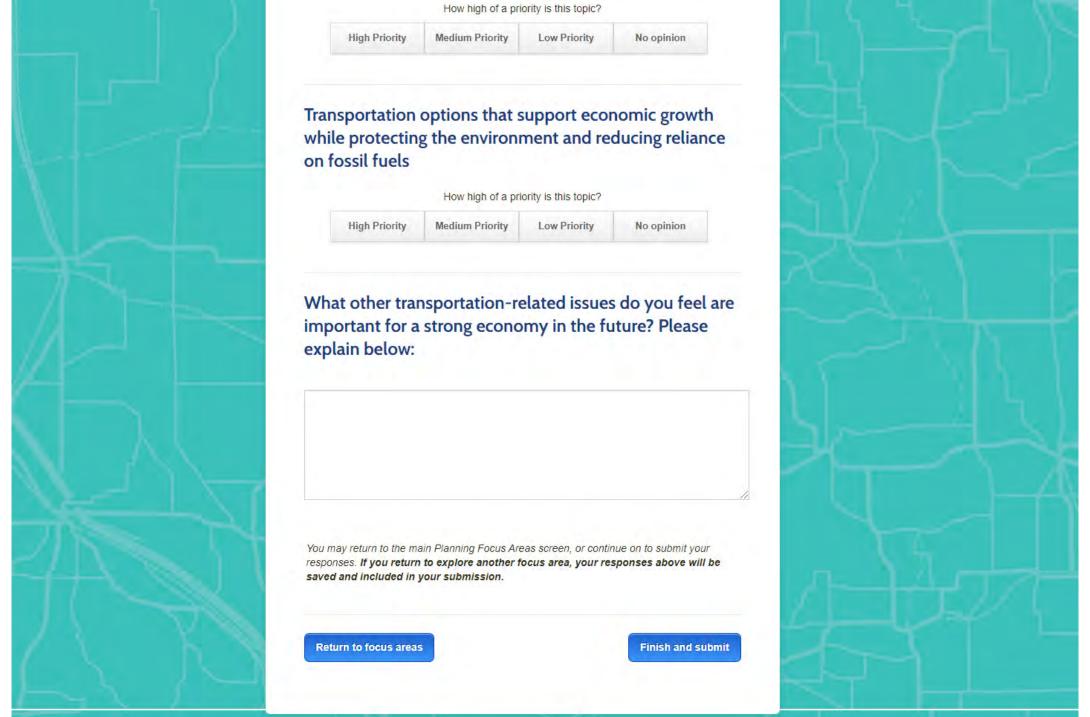
Reliable access to tourist and recreational destinations statewide

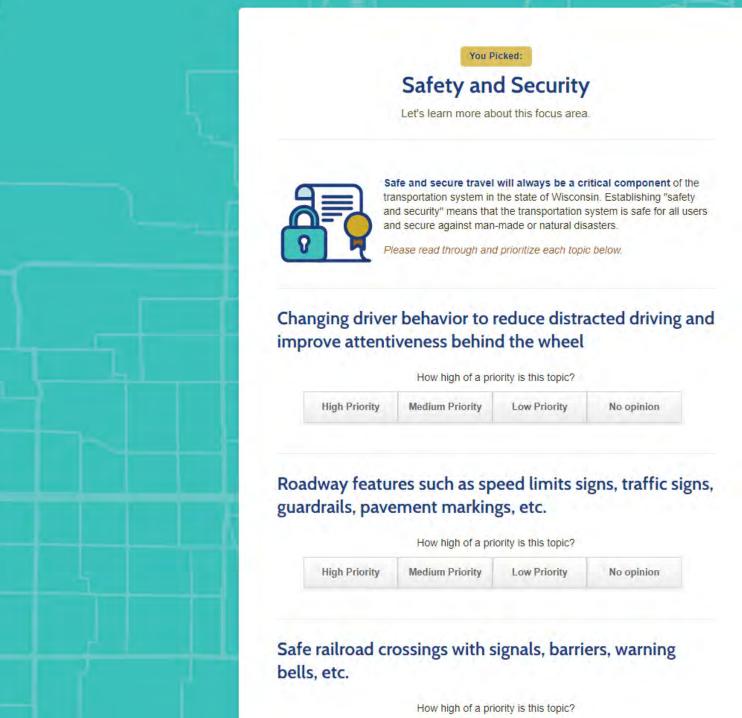
How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Transportation options that support economic growth











Safe railroad crossings with signals, barriers, warning bells, etc.

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Dedicated funding for statewide transportation safety programs and projects (example: Highway Safety Improvement Programs and Safe Routes to School Programs)

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

A transportation system built to withstand extreme weather or other natural disaster effects

How high of a priority is this topic?

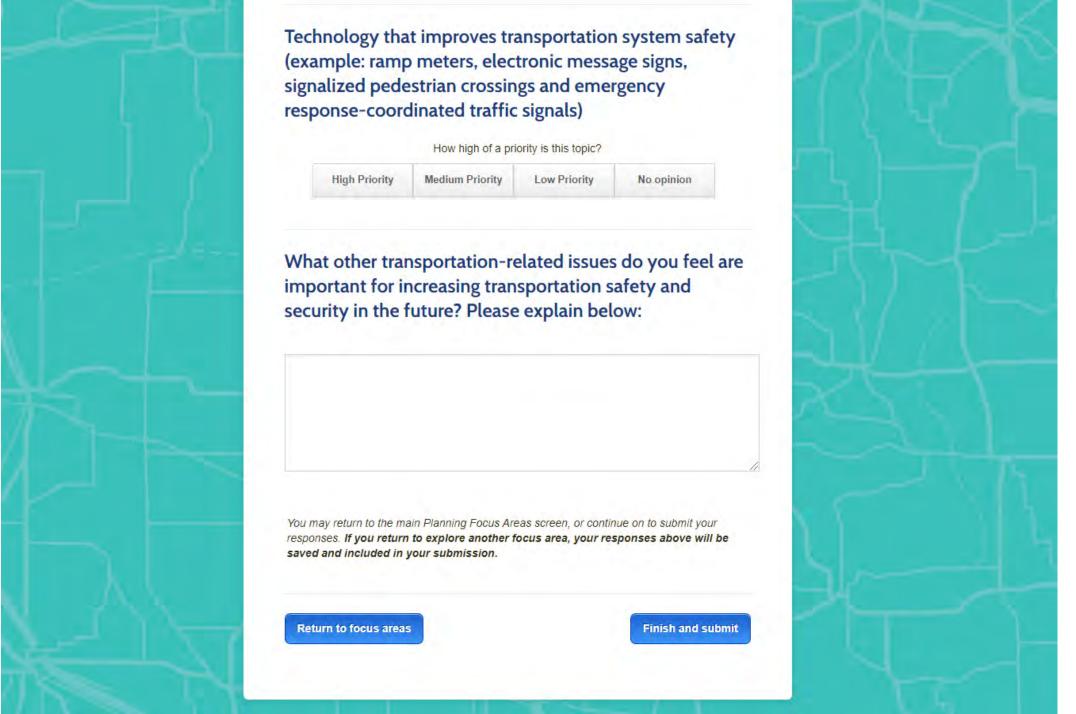
High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Technology that improves transportation system safety (example: ramp meters, electronic message signs, signalized pedestrian crossings and emergency response-coordinated traffic signals)

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion







E-1-11



Transportation plans and infrastructure projects integrated with local plans that identify residential and commercial growth areas for the community

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

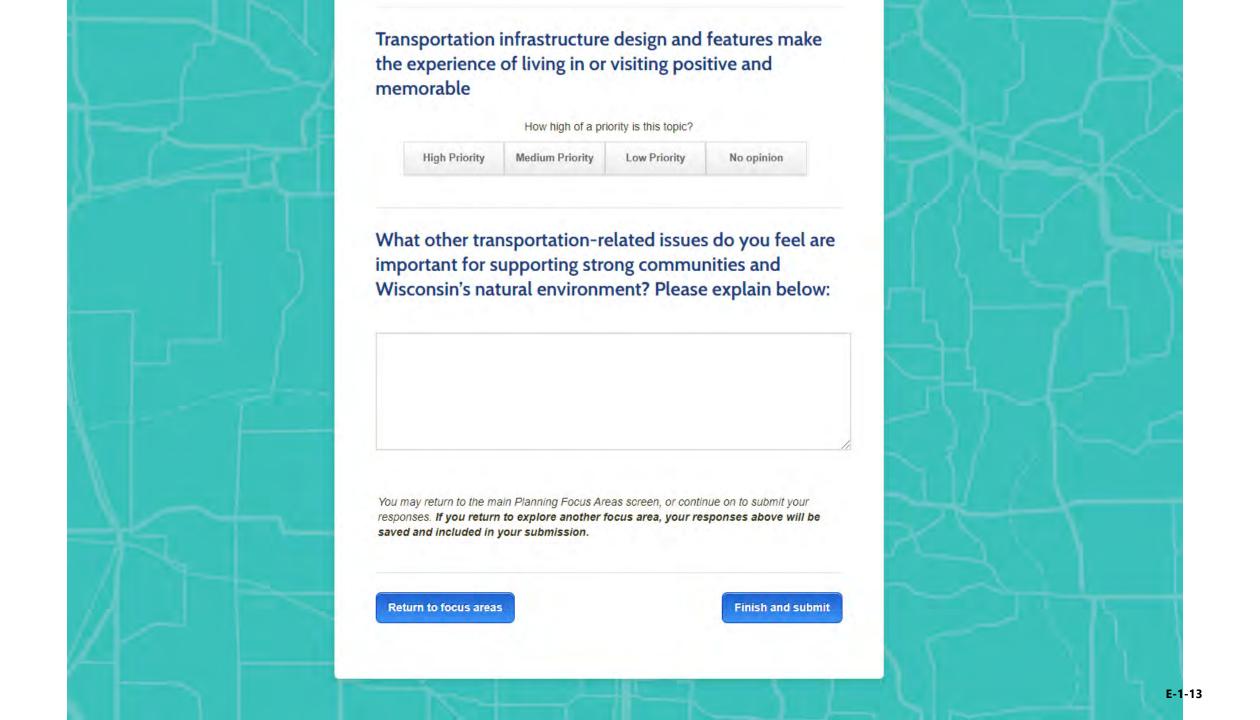
Planning and project decision-making processes that specifically include minority and low-income voices



Transportation infrastructure design and features make the experience of living in or visiting positive and memorable



What other transportation-related issues do you feel are important for supporting strong communities and Wisconsin's natural environment? Please explain below:





You Picked:

System Integration and Connectivity

Let's learn more about this focus area.



Transportation connection and connectivity means switching from one mode of transportation to another. This could be a trip where you walk to a bus stop, where you take that bus to the train station or regional airport.

Please read through and prioritize each topic below.

Improved access to transportation options for people with disabilities, older residents, or those who choose not to drive or own a car

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority	Medium Priority	Low Priority	No opinion

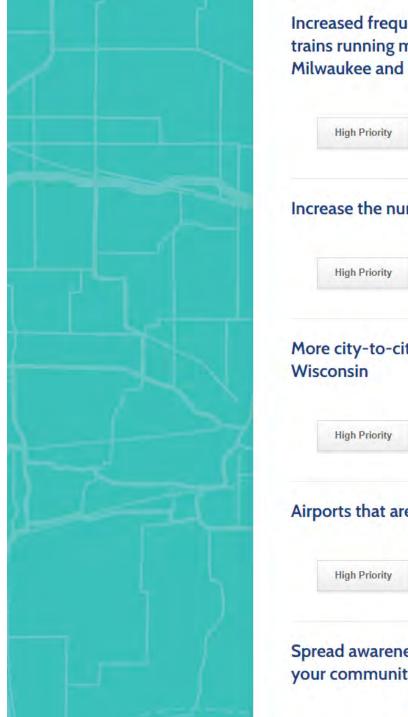
Better connections between different types of transportation, such as bus to airport, park-and-ride near bus stop, and walking to transit

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority	Medium Priority	Low Priority	No opinion

Increased frequency of passenger rail service (example:





Increased frequency of passenger rail service (example: trains running more frequently between Chicago, Milwaukee and Minneapolis)

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Increase the number of cities in WI served by Amtrak

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

More city-to-city, long-distance bus options across Wisconsin

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Airports that are accessible for passenger travel

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Spread awareness of various travel options available in your community

How high of a priority is this topic?



E-1-15



Spread awareness of various travel options available in your community



Connections for bicycling and walking are improved and expanded

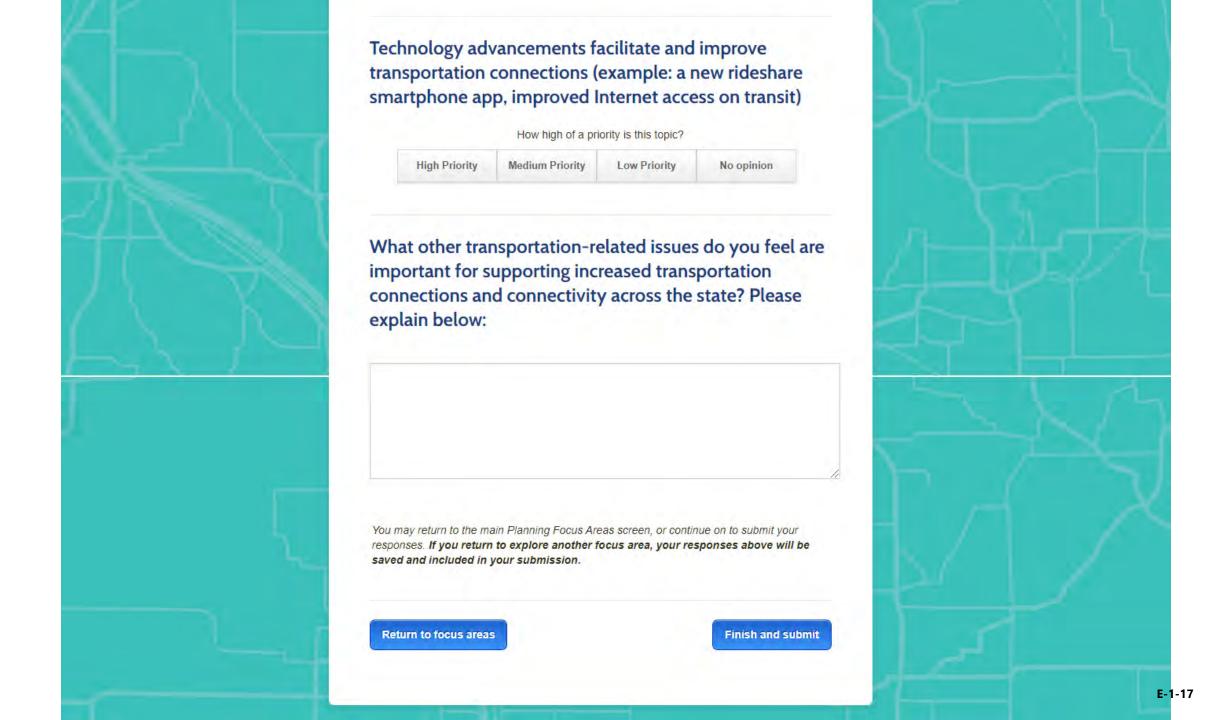
How high of a priority is this topic?

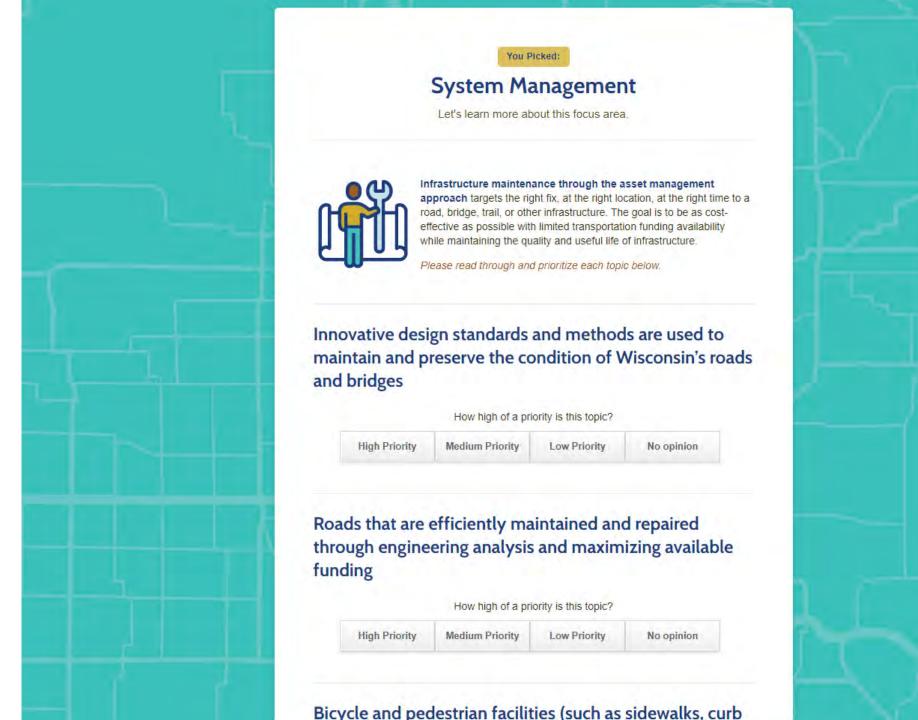
High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

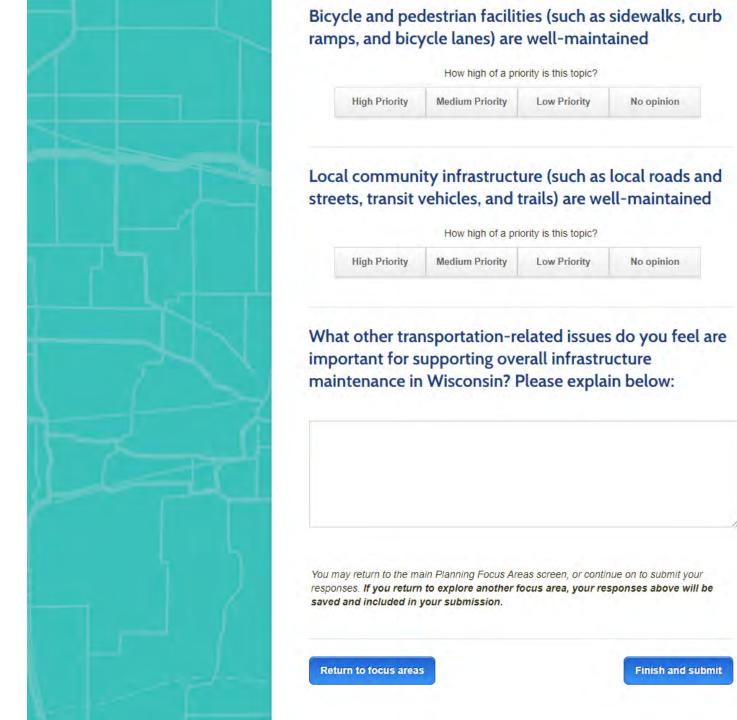
Technology advancements facilitate and improve transportation connections (example: a new rideshare smartphone app, improved Internet access on transit)



What other transportation-related issues do you feel are important for supporting increased transportation connections and connectivity across the state? Please explain below:











You Picked:

Funding and Project Costs

Let's learn more about this focus area.



Transportation funding for all modes of travel is a complex and often-debated transportation planning topic. Industry dynamics such as more fuel-efficient vehicles, electric vehicles, and other technologies could impact traditional revenue sources.

Please read through and prioritize each topic below.

Sustainable and predictable funding sources for transportation

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

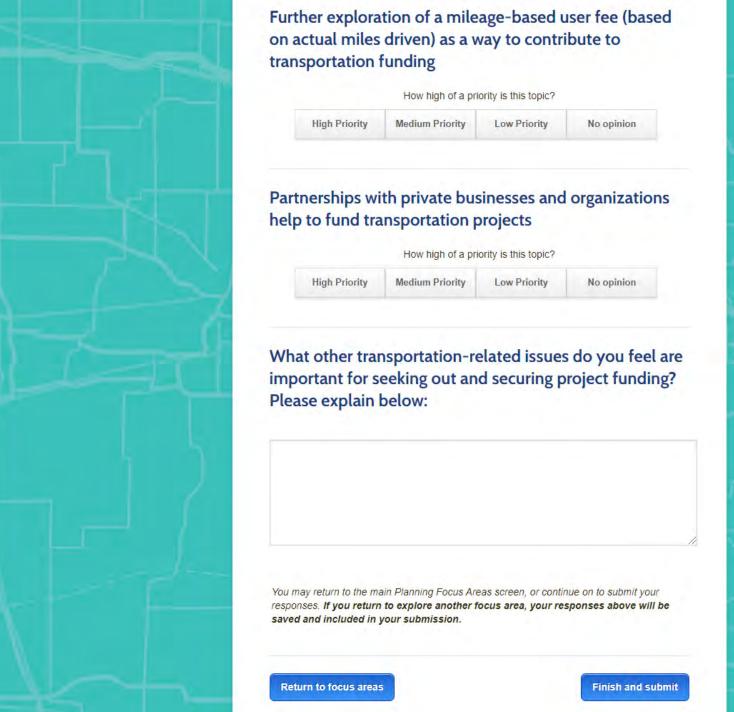
Funding sources for transportation—other than the gas tax—are explored and implemented where feasible

How high of a priority is this topic?

High Priority Medium Priority Low Priority No opinion

Further exploration of tolling as a way to contribute to transportation funding in Wisconsin

E-1-20

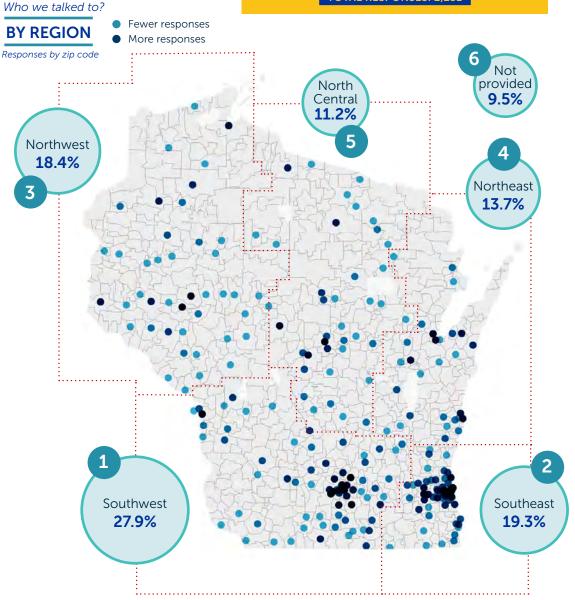


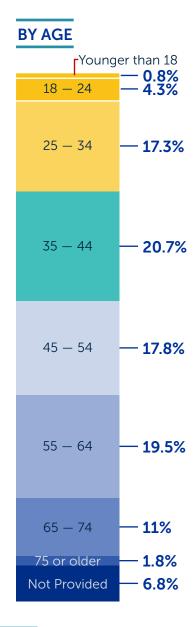




STATEWIDE SURVEY SUMMARY

TOTAL RESPONSES: 2,231

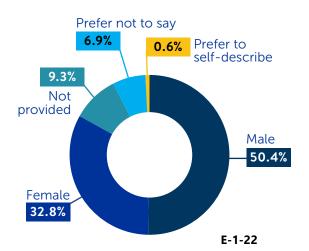




BY RACE/ETHNICITY

White	
	·· 76.6%
Prefer not to say	10.4%
Not provided	10.4%
Not provided	8.8%
Hispanic/Latino	
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.3%
Asian	1 10/
Black or African American	1.1%
•	0.9%
American Indian or Alaska Native	
ATTIETICAL ITILIAN OF ALASKA NATIVE	0.9%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0.00/
	0.0%

BY GENDER







STATEWIDE SURVEY SUMMARY

TOTAL RESPONSES: 2,231

What we heard?

FOCUS AREA RESULTS

Your budget

We gave Wisconsinites \$100 to spend on transportation. This is how you chose to spend it:













QUALITY OF LIFE AND NATURAL **ENVIRONMENT**

Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs with the natural environment and resource conservation.

ECONOMIC VITALITY

Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing conditions.

SAFETY AND SECURITY

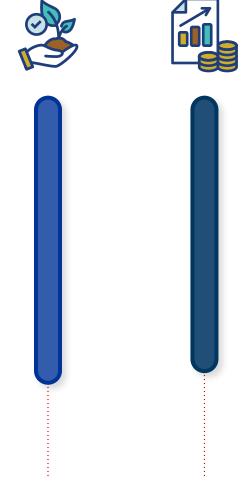
Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether natural or man-made.

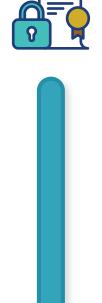
SYSTEM INTEGRATION AND CONNECTIVITY

Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly integrated system.

SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

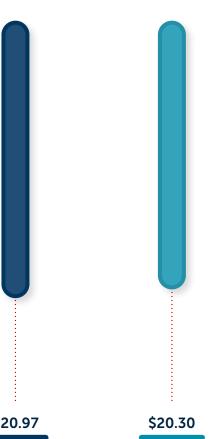
Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to maximize transportation investments.















\$21.86

\$20.97

\$18.74

\$18.14





STATEWIDE SURVEY SUMMARY

TOTAL RESPONSES: 2,231

Your priorities

1 Low

(2) Medium

(3) High Topics were rated separately within each focus area.

Highest rated topic is Roads in Good Condition at (2.8) – a high priority for almost everyone!

How	did you rate topics within each focus area?	Average Rating
	Roads in Good Condition	2.8
CONOMIC	Affordable Local Transport Options	2.3
	Protect Environment Reduce Fossil Fuel	
	Robust Freight Supply Chain	2.2
	Access to Tourist Recreation Destinations	2.1
	Airports Accommodations for larger businesses	1.7
	Water Transport Options	······ 1.7
C	Sustainable and Predictable Funding Sources	27
FUNDING AND PROJECT COSTS	Sustainable and Predictable Funding Sources Exploring Funding Sources Other Than Gas Tax	
	Private Partnerships to Fund Transportation Projects	1.8
	Exploring Mile-Based User Fee as Transportation Funding Option	1.7
	Exploring Tolling as Transportation Funding Option	1.7
A P E	Protect Environment During Projects	2.6
OF I	Better Air Quality	
QUALITY OF LIFE AND NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	Integrate Local Plans to Identify Growth Areas	2.3
	Planning That Includes Minority and Low Income Voices	
Q A R	Design for Positive Memorable Experience	2.2
	Reduce Distracted Driving	2.5
SAFETY AND SECURITY	Withstanding Extreme Weather Natural Disasters	2.3
Y A IRII	Roadway Features	2.2
F C	Technology that Improves Transportation System Safety Dedicated Statewide Safety Funding	2.2
SA	Dedicated Statewide Safety Funding	2.1
	Safe Rail Crossings	2.1
	Improve Access to Transportation Options for People with Disabilities	
Z.		
SYSTEM INTEGRATION AND CONNECTIVITY	Better Connections between Different Transportation Modes	2.4
₽¥.	Improve Bike and Walking	2.3
EG EG	Increase Passenger Rail Frequency	2.3
ΞŽ	Increase Amtrak Service Area in WI	
CE	More Intercity Bus in WI ······Spreading Awareness of Travel Options in Community ······	1.9
rst ND		
S	Technology Advancements to Improve Transportation Connections	19
	Airports Accessible for Passenger Travel	1.8
SYSTEM MANAGEMENT	Roads Efficiently Maintained Through Engineering Analysis	
EME	Innovative Design Methods for Roads and Bridges	2.0
YST AGE	Innovative Design Methods for Roads and Bridges	
S, AN,	Well Maintained Bike and Pedestrian Facilities	
Σ		E-1-24



Attachment E-2. Pre-Draft Plan Stakeholder Toolkit Materials

Stakeholder Presentation	E-2-2
Plan Overview Handout	E-2-12
Trend Factsheets	E-2-13
Print Survey	E-2-19
Comment Form	E-2-29
Project Worksheet	E-2-21

Not included in this Attachment: Stakeholder Toolkit video and translated factsheets (Spanish and Hmong)



Wisconsin's Statewide Long-Range Multimodal Transportation Plan

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Bureau of Planning and Economic Development

October 2020



What is Connect 2050?

A transportation policy plan that is:

- Statewide: Plan's vision and goals guide WisDOT's decision making for Wisconsin
- Long-Range: Looking ahead up to 30 years
- Multimodal: Impacts the whole transportation system including roads, ports, rail, transit, sidewalks and airports

Connect 2050 will include coordination with tribes, metropolitan planning organizations and regional planning commissions, and it will consider recommended policies from WisDOT's system, modal, corridor and/or project plans





















Plan Phases and Timeline























Connect 2050 Vision and Goals

Vision: WisDOT envisions an integrated, multimodal transportation system that maximizes the safe and efficient movement of people and products throughout the state, enhancing economic productivity and the quality of Wisconsin's communities while minimizing impacts to the natural environment.

Goals:





Safety and Security



Quality of
Life and
Natural
Environment



System
Integration
and
Connectivity























What's in Our Transportation System?

WisDOT plans, builds, maintains, or financially supports all these types of transportation, which make up Wisconsin's statewide network:

Airports

✓ Passenger Rail

Ports, Harbors and Ferry

Freight Rail

State Highways and Bridges

Transit

Bicycles and Pedestrians

✓ Intercity Passenger Bus



















Did You Know?







- Wisconsin has about 115,000 miles of state and local roads and almost 14,000 bridges
- Each year, Wisconsin's commercial ports process more than **27 million tons** of goods valued over **\$3 billion**
- Freight rail companies in 2017 moved about 190 million tons of cargo valued at more than \$150 billion
- State highways make up 10 percent of our roadway network, but they carry almost 60 percent of all vehicle miles traveled in Wisconsin each year
- Over 123 airports are projected to serve an estimated 15 million passengers and local businesses annually by 2030
- Our **81 transit systems** completed 59 million trips during 2018
- Biking and walking accounted for almost 10 percent of passenger trips here in 2017
- Amtrak's Hiawatha line between Milwaukee and Chicago, which transported over 875,000 people in 2019, is the Midwest's busiest passenger rail service























Trends that Affect Transportation

The six trends below will influence how WisDOT makes decisions about managing our statewide transportation system well into the future.

































Did You Know?

Trends that Affect Transportation



Wisconsin's **population** is projected to grow **13.5 percent** from **2010 to 2040**, with the **65+ population doubling** over this time, particularly in Wisconsin's northern and rural counties

Mid-sized municipalities are expected to account for **more than two-thirds** of Wisconsin's population growth by 2040



Annual statewide **vehicle miles traveled** (VMT) are forecast to grow from **65.9 billion** in **2018** to **82.9 billion** in **2050**

Transit is responsible for **3.5 percent** of all person miles traveled in the state



Of the **551** traffic fatalities in **2019**, **25** percent (**140**) died in **alcohol-involved** crashes and **30** percent (**163**) died in **speed-related** crashes.

Approximately **89 percent** of Wisconsinites wear safety belts. 100 percent compliance would **save about 44 lives and prevent 650 injuries** each year























Did You Know?

Trends that Affect Transportation



Wisconsin's Gross Regional Product (think state GDP) is expected to increase by **50.2 percent** and total per capita income will rise by **30.8 percent** from 2020 to 2050

Extra time spent driving in 2017 cost Wisconsin travelers a combined \$517,189,927



WisDOT has restored over 5,800 acres of wetland across the state since 1993

4,500 electric vehicles are registered in Wisconsin today, **producing half the emissions** as gasoline powered vehicles



WisDOT is **exploring** what introducing **Connected Vehicles** (CV) and **Automated Vehicles** (AV) to Wisconsin's roadways will mean for infrastructure, policy, administration, enforcement and communities

In 2020, WisDOT created the **Wisconsin Automated Vehicle External (WAVE) Advisory Committee** to gather stakeholder input and advise on CV- and AV-related planning priorities, policies, and impacts





















Give Your Feedback!

To build a truly shared vision for our transportation network, WisDOT is looking for input from all types of transportation users to help prioritize transportation needs.

Visit connect2050.wisconsindot.gov to participate!



Attend Virtual
Open House



Take Our Survey



Share a Comment



Subscribe for Updates























Let's Connect Wisconsin!







Planning NOW for the future of transportation in Wisconsin

WHAT IS CONNECT 2050?

Connect 2050 is a long-term plan that contains policies for how best to achieve our vision and goals to support our economy, environment, and safe, efficient travel for everyone. It is a framework for making decisions about changes to and investments in our transportation system. It affects all types of transportation in our system—from roads to ports to sidewalks—throughout Wisconsin for the next 30 years.

VISION

WisDOT envisions an integrated, multimodal transportation system that maximizes the safe and efficient movement of people and products throughout the state, enhancing economic productivity and the quality of Wisconsin's communities while minimizing impacts to the natural environment.

GOALS











Economic Vitality

Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing conditions.

Safety and Security

Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether natural or man-made.

Quality of Life and Natural Environment

Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs with the natural environment and resource conservation.

System Integration and Connectivity

Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly integrated system.

System Management

Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to maximize transportation investments.

PROJECT SCHEDULE

SUMMER/FALL 2020	WINTER 2020/2021	WINTER 2021	WINTER 2022
Assess state of current transportation system, review trends, and get public input on transportation priorities.	Prepare draft plan and get public input through online and in-person events.	Update draft Connect 2050 plan based on public and stakeholder feedback.	Release the final Connect 2050 plan and provide a 30- day public comment period.
		WE ARE HERE	

LET'S CONNECT

WisDOT wants to develop a shared vision for Wisconsin's transportation future, so we're engaging Wisconsinites throughout the planning process. Get involved by taking a survey, visiting our virtual open house or submitting a comment. Connect with us today!



Visit **connect2050.wisconsindot.gov** for more information and to view our current engagement opportunities.

CONTACT US

Alex Gramovot Wisconsin Department of Transportation

P.O. Box 7913 Madison, WI 53707-7913

Phone: (608) 266-9495

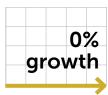


Population

WHERE WILL GROWTH HAPPEN THROUGH 2040?

As illustrated below, projected population growth will not happen equally across all communities.

WISCONSIN GROWTH THROUGH 2040



Small Municipalities <500

residents

16.8+% growth

Mid-Sized Municipalities 2.000-50.000

residents

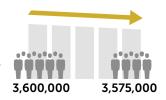
9.5% growth

Large Municipalities 50.000+

residents

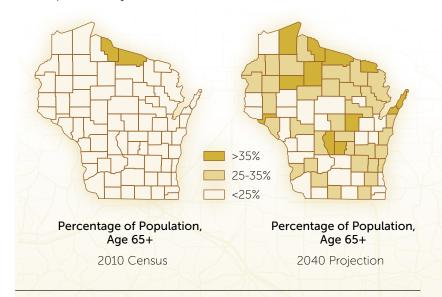
WISCONSIN'S WORKING AGE POPULATION

The traditional working-age population in Wisconsin — ages 18 through 64 — is forecast to begin a slow decline during the 2020s and 2030s from approximately 3.600.000 to 3.575.000 in 2040.



WISCONSIN'S SENIOR POPULATION

Wisconsin's 65+ population is expected to double from 2010 to 2040, particularly in Wisconsin's northern and rural counties.



Sources available on file

KEY FACTS

13.5% population growth from 2010 to 2040

Wisconsin's population in 2040 is projected to be nearly 6,500,000, a gain of over 800,000 people from 2010

> According to the Wisconsin Dept. of Administration, growth from 2010-2040 is expected to follow

WISCONSIN'S INTERSTATE CORRIDORS

in and around existing urbanized areas

Mid-sized omunicipalities (2,000 to 50,000 residents) account for more than two-thirds

more than two-thirds of Wisconsin population growth by 2040



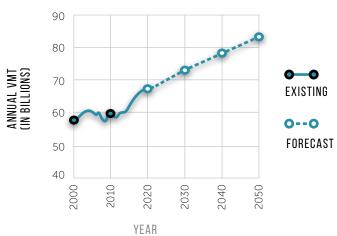


Travel Patterns

VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED

WisDOT anticipates the annual statewide vehicle miles traveled, or VMT, to go from 65.9 billion (2018) to 82.9 billion (2050), requiring our transportation network to accommodate increased use.

WISCONSIN VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED

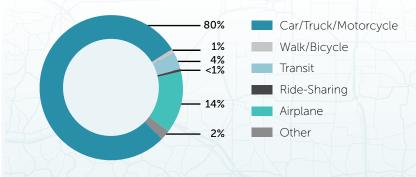


Economic and societal changes such as the Great Recession and the COVID-19 pandemic can impact travel patterns, causing short-term VMT reductions.

MODE CHOICE

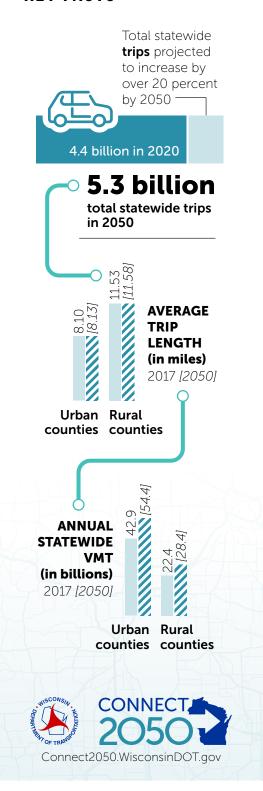
In Wisconsin, nearly 80 percent of person miles traveled (PMT) are by car, truck, or motorcycle. Airplanes, capable of covering large distances, account for just over 14 percent of PMT. Transit is responsible for 3.5 percent of PMT within the state.

PERSON MILES TRAVELED BY MODE, WISCONSIN (2017)



Sources available on file

KEY FACTS

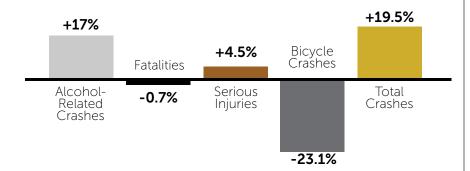




Safety

Between 2015 and 2019, Wisconsin's roadways averaged 136,007 crashes and 573 fatalities annually.

SAFETY TRENDS ON WISCONSIN PUBLIC ROADS (2015-2019)



CRASH STATISTICS



Of the 551 traffic fatalities in 2019, 25 percent (140) died in alcohol-involved crashes and 30 percent (163) died in speed-related crashes.



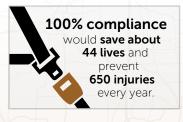
In 2019, when helmet use could be determined by the investigating officer, 65 percent of all motorcyclists killed in crashes were not wearing helmets.



Deer were the third most commonly struck object in Wisconsin (behind other vehicles and fixed objects), causing more than 18,400 crashes in Wisconsin (2019).

SAFETY BELTS

Approximately 89 percent of Wisconsinites wear safety belts. About half of all passenger vehicle fatalities in Wisconsin are unbelted making an occupant almost 50 times more likely to be



ejected from a vehicle in the event of a crash.

KEY FACTS

In 2019, distracted driving crashes totaled 12,377

resulting in 5,273 injuries and 26 deaths





Between 2010 and 2019, an average of **37 vehicle-train** incidents occurred each year

In 2019, **2,489 work zone crashes** resulted in 899 injuries and 17 deaths



\$153.5 million obligated (FY 2015-2019) to the Wisconsin Highway Safety Improvement Program to fund safety projects across the state

Center line rumble strips reduce head-on fatal and injury crashes by

45 percent on rural two-lane roads and 64 percent on similar urban two-lane roads





Sources available on file

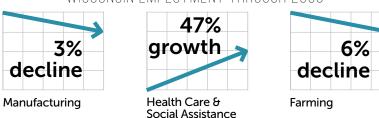


Economic Activity

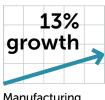
INDUSTRY TRENDS

Projected changes in employment and earnings by industry can help provide a snapshot of how Wisconsin's economy might change by 2050.

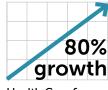
WISCONSIN EMPLOYMENT THROUGH 2050*



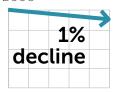
WISCONSIN EARNINGS THROUGH 2050







Health Care & Social Assistance



Farming

OCCUPATIONS

Between 2016 and 2026, management and transportation occupations are expected to grow in Wisconsin. During that same period, production occupations, like manufacturing, are expected to decline slightly.

WISCONSIN OCCUPATION CHANGES (2016 - 2026) +11.01%

Management Occupations

+6.9%



Transportation & Material Moving Occupations

-0.57%



Production Occupations

TRAVEL DELAYS

Smooth flowing traffic increases the economic competitiveness of Wisconsin businesses while producing benefits for all travelers.



Extra time spent driving in 2017 in Wisconsin

16.4 million hours or \$517 million

Note: The information included in this factsheet is based on estimates, projections and forecasts calculated prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Sources available on file

KEY FACTS

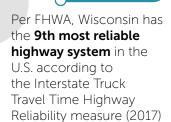


Total per capita income projected to rise from 2020 to 2050



Total Gross Regional Product

(state gross domestic product) expected to increase between 2020 and 2050



\$3 BILLION

The approximate value of the more than **27 million tons** of cargo Wisconsin's commercial ports process annually



\$150 BILLION

The approximate value of the 190 million tons of cargo moved by Wisconsin freight rail companies in 2017





^{*}Percentages based on the value of the 2009 dollar.



Energy and Environment

DID YOU KNOW?

WisDOT works to balance our system needs with a healthy environment and natural resources. Some of our activities include recycling pavement, seeding native plants along highways, wetland reclamation, using solar power at rest areas, reducing salt use, and planning for alternative fuels.

AIR QUALITY

The Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program allocated \$33.2 million to transit, bike and traffic signal projects in Wisconsin for the 2020-2024 cycle.



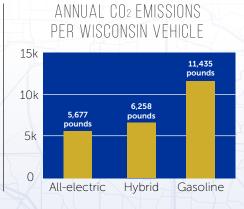


WisDOT secured a \$1.5 million grant in 2018 from the Federal Transit Administration's Low or No Emission Program to acquire six battery electric buses for three rural transit agencies.

ALTERNATIVE FUELS

Wisconsin's Interstate highways, (I-39, I-41, I-43, I-90, I-94, I-535) and US 53 and US 151 have been designated as Alternative Fuel Corridors to create a national network of alternative fueling and charging infrastructure.





KEY FACTS

For every **acre** of wetland impacted by highway projects,





1.4 acres are restored within the state



Since 1993, WisDOT has restored 5,800 acres of wetlands in the state

Living snow fences — strategically planted trees and shrubs — resulted in **50-75**



percent fewer winter weather-related crashes

and provide habitat for pollinators including the endangered Rusty Patched Bumble Bee



To help protect the 200+ at-risk species in Wisconsin,

WisDOT plants native seed mixes, reduces roadside mowing, sets aside habitat and preserves remnant prairie sites



Sources available on file

Connected and Automated Vehicles

By 2050, Wisconsin's transportation landscape will likely look very different. While some early CV and AV technology has already arrived, WisDOT continues to explore what introducing CVs and AVs to Wisconsin's roadways will mean for infrastructure, policy, administrative requirements, enforcement, and communities.

Connected Vehicles (CV) communicate with other vehicles and transportation infrastructure

Automated Vehicles (AV)
operate with varying levels
of human involvement

Connected and Automated Vehicles (CAVs) utilize AV and CV technologies

WISCONSIN CAV RESEARCH

Wisconsin has a number of organizations and companies involved in CAV research, including the University of Wisconsin-Madison, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee, MGA Research Corporation, TAPCO, the city of Madison, and the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

TEST FACILITY LOCATIONS

- Eau Claire, WI Chippewa Valley Regional Airport
 - Racine, WI
 UW-Madison,
 Gateway
 Technical College
 & city of Racine
- Madison, WI UW-Madison & city of Madison



city of Madison WAVE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

In 2020, WisDOT created the Wisconsin Automated Vehicle External (WAVE) Advisory Committee. Consisting of representatives from the private sector, non-profit groups, various associations, academia, and other government agencies, the committee's goal is to gather stakeholder input and advice on CAV-related planning priorities, implementation policies, and impacts on the state's transportation system.

Sources available on file

KEY FACTS



There is a high degree of uncertainty with CV and AV technologies. They are expected to

achieve anywhere from 10 percent to 90 percent market penetration nationally by 2050



With the introduction of CAVs, data will enable **real time** adjustments to traffic situations

AVs may change parking demand which could affect roadway design and land use



CAVs may platoon close together in the future, **changing traffic models and roadway planning**





PROJECT WORKSHEET

Safety and Security

natural or man-made.

integrated system.

System Management

Help us plan for the future of transportation in Wisconsin





Over the next thirty years, Wisconsin is going to change in ways that affect how people and products get from place to place. Picture things 30 years into the future—what will the world look like in 2050?

Tell us what you think should be a priority during the planning process with 1 being lowest priority and 5 being highest priority.

Economic Vitality

Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing

Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether

Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs

Quality of Life and Natural Environment

System Integration and Connectivity

with the natural environment and resource conservation.

Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly

Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to

Plan to transportation funding by considering a number of factors.

		PRIC	DRITY L	EVEL	
1	2	3	4	5	Little or No Interest

TELL US MORE ABOUT YOURSELF:

maximize transportation investments.

Funding and Project Costs

Representation from all parts of the state is important to us. We'd like to know a little more about you in order to plan a better transportation system for everyone. The questions below are optional, anonymous, and will be used for planning purposes only.

ip code:	
ender:	
ace/ethnicity:	
ge:	



Additional questions on the following page.



Please complete the open-ended questions next to give provide us with a more complete picture of your transportation priorities.



Tell us more about your transportation planning priorities

Please tell us more about the top three planning priorities	es you selected on the previous page.
FOCUS AREA #1:	
	selected focus area from the previous page here
Why do you think WisDOT should focus on this planning area?	How do we successfully implement this focus area into our plan?
FOCUS AREA #2:	
	selected focus area from the previous page here
1. Why do you think WisDOT should focus on this planning area?	2. How do we successfully implement this focus area into our plan?
FOCUS AREA #3: Write your 1. Why do you think WisDOT should focus on this planning area?	selected focus area from the previous page here 2. How do we successfully implement this focus area into our plan?

YOUR COMMENTS:

Is there anything else you would like us to know about transportation in the year 2050 in Wisconsin? Explain below:



Let's Connect Wisconsin!





Over the next 30 years, Wisconsin is going to change in ways that affect how people and products get from place to place. Picture things 30 years into the future—what will the world look like in 2050? What transportation issues should we focus on to get there? Let's get started!

PRIORITIZE TRANSPORTATION PLANNING FOCUS FOR WISCONSIN

What do you think should be a priority during the planning process? For this activity, you have **\$100** that you can allocate between the six focus areas below. In the space provided, distribute your funds however you prefer – the more money in an area indicates it is a higher priority for you. *Keep in mind that your budget is \$100*, and you cannot be over or under budget.

	DISTRIBUTE YOUR FUNDS
Economic Vitality: Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing conditions.	
Safety and Security: Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether natural or man-made.	
Quality of Life and Natural Environment: Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs with the natural environment and resource conservation.	
System Integration and Connectivity: Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly integrated system.	
System Management: Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to maximize transportation investments.	
Funding and Project Costs: Plan to transportation funding by considering a number of factors.	



Economic Vitality:

Maintain and improve the state's transportation system so it is responsive to global and regional economic needs and changing conditions.



System Integration and Connectivity:

Bring modes of transportation together to provide a properly integrated system.



Safety and Security:

Create a system that is safe for all users, and flexible in preventing, preparing for, and coordinating responses to any incident whether natural or man-made.



System Management:

Utilize cost-effective preservation and maintenance techniques to maximize transportation investments.



Quality of Life and Natural Environment:

Implement and manage a system that balances transportation needs with the natural environment and resource conservation.



Funding and Project Costs:

Plan for transportation funding by considering a number of factors.



Economic Vitality

Transportation supports the economy by providing connections for people and goods via roads, transit, and freight movement. It is critical to ensuring people can get to destinations and products can get to market and to customers. *Please read through and prioritize each topic below.*

		PRIORITY LEVEL		
How high of a priority are the following topics?	High	Medium	Low	No Opinion
A robust freight supply chain where improved rail shipment access, reliability, truck freight, and air freight contribute to economic growth				
Water transportation options for ships, barges, and ferries for Wisconsin's manufacturers, farms, and tourists				
Affordable options for local producers and shippers to move goods				
Airports can accommodate larger business airplanes or more air cargo to provide local business growth opportunities				
Keeping highways, bridges, and local roads in good condition to support the movement of people and products				
Reliable access to tourist and recreational destinations statewide				
Transportation options that support economic growth while protecting the environment and reducing reliance on fossil fuels				

WHAT OTHER TRANSPORTATION-RELATED ISSUES DO YOU FEEL ARE IMPORTANT FOR A STRONG ECONOMY IN THE FUTURE?

Please explain below:



Safety and Security

Safe and secure travel will always be a critical component of the transportation system in the state of Wisconsin. Establishing "safety and security" means that the transportation system is safe for all users and secure against manmade or natural disasters. *Please read through and prioritize each topic below.*

	PRIORITY LEVEL			
How high of a priority are the following topics?	High	Medium	Low	No Opinion
Changing driver behavior to reduce distracted driving and improve attentiveness behind the wheel				
Roadway features such as speed limits signs, traffic signs, guardrails, pavement markings, etc.				
Safe railroad crossings with signals, barriers, warning bells, etc.				
Dedicated funding for statewide transportation safety programs and projects (example: Highway Safety Improvement Programs and Safe Routes to School Programs)				
A transportation system built to withstand extreme weather or other natural disaster effects				
Technology that improves transportation system safety (example: ramp meters, electronic message signs, signalized pedestrian crossings and emergency response-coordinated traffic signals)				

WHAT OTHER TRANSPORTATION-RELATED ISSUES DO YOU FEEL ARE IMPORTANT FOR INCREASING TRANSPORTATION SAFETY AND SECURITY IN THE FUTURE?



Quality of Life and Natural Environment

Transportation affects Wisconsin's quality of life and the natural environment by providing access to goods and services, and access to recreational opportunities. Transportation also impacts the environment by reshaping natural landscapes during and after projects are constructed. *Please read through and prioritize each topic below.*

		PRIORITY LEVEL		
How high of a priority are the following topics?	High	Medium	Low	No Opinion
Better air quality as a result of reduced transportation emissions				
Protection of the natural environment during transportation projects (example: preserve protected resources and species, and minimize environmental impacts)				
Transportation plans and infrastructure projects integrated with local plans that identify residential and commercial growth areas for the community				
Planning and project decision-making processes that specifically include minority and low-income voices				
Transportation infrastructure design and features make the experience of living in or visiting positive and memorable				

WHAT OTHER TRANSPORTATION-RELATED ISSUES DO YOU FEEL ARE IMPORTANT FOR SUPPORTING STRONG COMMUNITIES AND WISCONSIN'S NATURAL ENVIRONMENT?



System Integration and Connectivity

Transportation connection and connectivity means switching from one mode of transportation to another. This could be a trip where you walk to a bus stop, where you take that bus to the train station or regional airport. *Please read through and prioritize each topic below.*

	PRIORITY LEVEL			
How high of a priority are the following topics?	High	Medium	Low	No Opinion
Improved access to transportation options for people with disabilities, older residents, or those who choose not to drive or own a car				
Better connections between different types of transportation, such as bus to airport, park-and-ride near bus stop, and walking to transit				
Increased frequency of passenger rail service (example: trains running more frequently between Chicago, Milwaukee and Minneapolis)				
Increase the number of cities in WI served by Amtrak				
More city-to-city, long-distance bus options across Wisconsin				
Airports that are accessible for passenger travel				
Spread awareness of various travel options available in your community				
Connections for bicycling and walking are improved and expanded				
Technology advancements facilitate and improve transportation connections (example: a new rideshare smartphone app, improved Internet access on transit)				

WHAT OTHER TRANSPORTATION-RELATED ISSUES DO YOU FEEL ARE IMPORTANT FOR SUPPORTING INCREASED TRANSPORTATION CONNECTIONS AND CONNECTIVITY?



System Management

Infrastructure maintenance through the asset management approach targets the right fix, at the right location, at the right time to a road, bridge, trail, or other infrastructure. The goal is to be as cost-effective as possible with limited transportation funding availability while maintaining the quality and useful life of infrastructure. *Please read through and prioritize each topic below.*

	PRIORITY LEVEL			
How high of a priority are the following topics?	High	Medium	Low	No Opinion
Innovative design standards and methods are used to maintain and preserve the condition of Wisconsin's roads and bridges				
Roads that are efficiently maintained and repaired through engineering analysis and maximizing available funding				
Bicycle and pedestrian facilities (such as sidewalks, curb ramps, and bicycle lanes) are well-maintained				
Local community infrastructure (such as local roads and streets, transit vehicles, and trails) are well-maintained				

WHAT OTHER TRANSPORTATION-RELATED ISSUES DO YOU FEEL ARE IMPORTANT FOR SUPPORTING OVERALL INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE IN WISCONSIN?



Funding and Project Costs

Transportation funding for all modes of travel is a complex and often-debated transportation planning topic. Industry dynamics such as more fuel-efficient vehicles, electric vehicles, and other technologies could impact traditional revenue sources. *Please read through and prioritize each topic below.*

	PRIORITY LEVEL			
How high of a priority are the following topics?	High	Medium	Low	No Opinion
Sustainable and predictable funding sources for transportation				
Funding sources for transportation—other than the gas tax—are explored and implemented where feasible				
Further exploration of tolling as a way to contribute to transportation funding in Wisconsin				
Further exploration of a mileage-based user fee (based on actual miles driven) as a way to contribute to transportation funding				
Partnerships with private businesses and organizations help to fund transportation projects				

WHAT OTHER TRANSPORTATION-RELATED ISSUES DO YOU FEEL ARE IMPORTANT FOR SEEKING OUT AND SECURING PROJECT FUNDING?



Wisconsin's Transportation Future

IS THERE ANYTHING ELSE YOU WOULD LIKE US TO KNOW ABOUT TRANSPORTATION IN THE YEAR 2050 IN WISCONSIN? PLEASE EXPLAIN BELOW:

Demographics Information

Representation from all parts of the state is important to us. We'd like to know a little more about you in order to plan a better transportation system for everyone. The questions below are optional, anonymous, and will be used for planning purposes only.

TELL US ABOUT YOURSELF

Zip code:	
•	
	American Indian or Alaska Native
	 Asian
	 Black or African American
	 Hispanic/Latino
	 Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
	 White
	 Prefer not to say
Gender:	 Female
	 Male
	 Prefer to self-describe:
	 Prefer not to say

LET'S CONNECT

WisDOT wants to develop a shared vision for Wisconsin's transportation future so we're engaging residents around the state throughout the planning process. Get involved by taking a survey, visiting our online meeting or submitting a comment. We're interested in hearing your feedback!



Visit **connect2050.wisconsindot.gov** for more information and to view our current engagement opportunities.

CONTACT US

Alex Gramovot Wisconsin Department of Transportation

P.O. Box 7913 Madison, WI 53707-7913

Phone: (608) 266-9495





COMMENT FORM

Please mail your comments to Alexander Gramovot, Wisconsin Department of Transportation, P.O. Box 7913, Madison, WI 53707-7913; or email your comments to Connect2050@dot.wi.gov.

PLEASE PRINT	
Name:	Date:
Address	
City/State/Zip:	
E-mail Address:	
COMMENTS	
-	



Attachment E-3. Pre-Draft Plan Email Notifications

Sent: Friday, August 7, 2020 3:40 PM

Subject: Connect 2050 Materials Now Available



Dear Transportation Partner -

The Wisconsin Department of Transportation just kicked off its long-term planning effort - Connect 2050. The plan will guide decisions on the future of Wisconsin's transportation system over the next 30 years. It will cover all forms of transportation - from roads to ports to sidewalks. The plan's website, Connect2050.WisconsinDOT.gov, is now live and features the Connect2050 survey and a comment form. These are excellent opportunities to weigh in on the future of transportation in the state.

The survey is an important tool for gathering public input in phase one of our planning effort. Our goal is to gather feedback from a broad range of Wisconsin citizens before writing the draft plan later this fall.

You can play an important role in extending our outreach. In addition to scheduling virtual meetings with you later this summer, we are developing a stakeholder toolkit which will contain sample social media posts, newsletter articles and email invitations. We would appreciate your sharing these tools with your members.

In the meantime, we invite you to take the <u>survey</u>, or share your insight and opinions through the <u>comment form</u>. We look forward to working with you to shape Wisconsin's transportation future.

If you have any questions, please direct them to Alex Gramovot, Connect 2050 Plan Manager, at 608-266-9495 or alexander.gramovot@dot.wi.gov.

Sent: Thursday, October 8, 2020 2:56 PM

Subject: You are invited to the Connect 2050 Open House



Dear Transportation Partner -

As a Wisconsin Department of Transportation (WisDOT) stakeholder, your participation is critical to helping the Department develop our long-term planning effort - <u>Connect 2050</u>. The plan will guide Wisconsin's transportation system policies, projects and decisions over the next 30 years.

To get your input during the first phase of the plan development, we have created a <u>Virtual Open House</u> and <u>Stakeholder Toolkit</u>.

- The <u>Virtual Open House</u> provides educational information about Connect 2050 in a simple web format. We encourage you to share the web interface with your staff, members, or others in your community.
- The <u>Stakeholder Toolkit</u> materials are for your use! They can be distributed or presented to your board, committees, and interested members of the public. Your organization can help us inform others by posting materials on social media as well. The toolkit includes links to our comment form, as well as paper versions of the survey that can be mailed to WisDOT for those who may not have access or be comfortable using the webbased comment form. Formal letters, meeting notes or minutes can also be directly sent to:

 Connect2050@dot.wi.gov.

In addition, WisDOT will be hosting three live stakeholder webinars:

- Monday October 12, 2:00-3:00pm (Link to webinar: https://youtu.be/wLKkgEMjSjo)
- Thursday, October 15, 6:00-7:00pm (Link to webinar: https://youtu.be/n8ZLelvAGRU)
- Friday October 16, 10:00-11:00am (Link to webinar: https://youtu.be/r36YyVG8Na8)

All meetings will include a presentation and question and answer session. Anyone can attend the webinars via YouTube Live at the links above. Please pass this link along to others in your organization, your members and others with stakeholder interests. These webinars are focused on getting input from stakeholder groups like yours.

To ensure equal access to program services, the Wisconsin DOT will provide informational materials in alternative media; interpreters for hearing impaired persons; and auxiliary aids to the visually or speech impaired and alternative means of accessing the meeting. If such an accommodation is required, or if you have any questions, please direct them to Alex Gramovot, Connect 2050 Plan Manager, at 608-266-9495 or alexander.gramovot@dot.wi.gov in advance of the meeting.

Sent: Thursday, October 15, 2020 2:13 PM **Subject:** Connect 2050 Webinar Reminder



This is a reminder that WisDOT's second Connect 2050 Stakeholder Webinar will begin today at 6:00 p.m. CDT.

Link to webinar: https://youtu.be/n8ZLelvAGRU

An American Sign Language translator will be present for today's webinar. Please contact Alex Gramovot, Connect 2050 Plan Manager, with any questions at alexandergramovot@dot.wi.gov.

Sent: Wednesday, October 28, 2020 11:28 AM

Subject: Connect 2050 Survey Reminder



Good morning.

This is a reminder that the Connect 2050 Survey will close Saturday October 31, 2020. To take the survey, please click on the following link: https://connect2050survey.com/.

While the survey will close Saturday, the Comment Form will remain open throughout the entire planning process. The Comment Form can be found here: https://www.pima.wisconsindot.gov/public/comment/project-comment-dynamic?project_id=14129.

Also, the Connect 2050 Stakeholder Webinar recordings are available to view at the following link: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLoGzf6P7PsQ8sDKoWFn2kZtNdGwv_fPxX/. The webinar recordings all have enabled closed captioning, and the October 15th recording includes an American Sign Language translator for increased accessibility.

Finally, the Connect 2050 Factsheets have been translated into Spanish and Hmong, and are available in the Stakeholder Toolkit at the following link: https://connect2050.wisconsindot.gov/#7-toolkit.

Please contact Alex Gramovot, Connect 2050 Plan Manager, with any questions at alexandergramovot@dot.wi.gov.



Attachment E-4. Pre-Draft Plan News Releases



Wisconsin Department of Transportation
Division of Transportation Investment Management
4822 Madison Yards Way, 6th Floor South
P.O. Box 7913
Madison, WI 53707-7913
Phone: (608) 266-9495

Email: Connect2050@dot.wi.gov

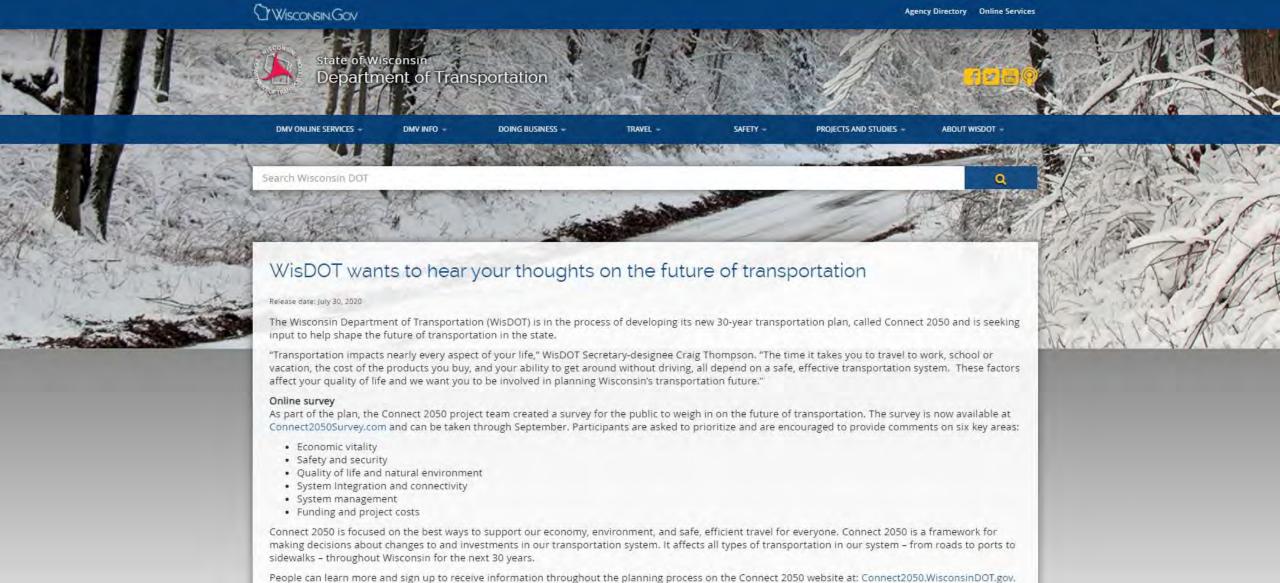
Obtaining comment on the public involvement plan is one of the first steps in the process of updating Connect 2050. Connect 2050 will provide a framework for strategies and policies for all the state's transportation modes: roads, air, water, rail, bicycle, pedestrian, and transit through the year 2050.

Statewide long-range transportation plans are federally required planning documents that define the vision for a state's transportation system based on a continuing, cooperative and comprehensive planning process. A comprehensive public involvement process helps ensure the plans and related decisions regarding the transportation system incorporate the concerns of the transportation system's users.

Communication and outreach activities are expected to begin summer 2020.

For more information, contact

WisDOT Office of Public Affairs (608) 266-3581, opa.exec@dot.wi.gov



For more information, contact WisDOT Office of Public Affairs (608) 266-3581, opa.exec@dot.wi.gov



Attachment E-5. Pre-Draft Plan Public Comments

Comments obtained via survey, online comment form, and social media

ID	Region	Comment
		Rural areas are taking it on the chin to provide ever increasing pie in the sky wants from the economic powerhouses
1	Southwest	that could pay more for the monuments built for them. Follow the money.
		It was unclear where to comment on the need for WisDOT to be involved in helping local areas establish train stations
2	Southwest	or bus terminals.
		Adding state wide tollway system to major interstate and state highways. It will bring lots of revenue and also create
		jobs. Long lasting jobs. Also, adding a mileage tolling system also may work. I would also like to see a light rail system
		along US 12/18 in Madison. Also, we need a interstate bypass in Madison to the north east of Madison. Lastly, and new
3	Southwest	beltline to the north of Madison from the west.
4	Southwest	Make maintaining current infrastructure a priority.
		Dane county has a network of state-owned rail corridors with a convenient "hub" location at the old Oscar Mayer
		property. This would make a great location for an intermodal transportation center, 1 mile via existing rail line from
		DC airport, 12 min via existing rail from UW student union south via Monona Terrace and Old Milwaukee Rd train
_		station/Kohl Center, 30 min to Middleton by rail. It is also a convenient drop off and pickup location for intercity bus
5	Southwest	and future interstate rail passenger service
	Cauthurant	We need to do the rapid rail between Madison and Milwaykee III Have you realized how much traffic is somewhere II
6	Southwest	We need to do the rapid rail between Madison and Milwaukee!!! Have you realized how much traffic is commuters!!
		Hi! I just completed the Connect2050 Survey, and I appreciate you soliciting input from the general public. That being
		said, this survey does not appear designed for public use at all. The first question was off-putting to me (and I have a
		BA and my job includes a lot of financials & productivity reporting and database analytics). While the questions
		themselves are fine, the "select an area" structure and the long descriptive text requires A LOT of interest, reading, and
		proactivity on the part of the survey-taker. The overall feel is of a survey written by municipal planners & transit
		officials for municipal planners & transit officials. If that was the point great! But if the point was to get a wide set of
7	Southwest	responses from everyday citizens, I think you may have missed the mark. Thanks!
8	Southwest	It's a good project, I look forward to seeing what the results are!
		The transportation needs of individuals who do not possess driver's licences seem to have been largely over looked. As
		we age, driving may become more difficult or even dangerous, there are a large number of individuals who have
		disabilities and do not drive, there are large numbers of low income individuals who may or may not fit into the first
9	Southwest	two groups mentioned that also have transportation needs. This is a very short sighted 30 year plan.
		Our current transportation infrastructure favors the wealthy, encourages speeding and other dangerous practices and
		all enforcement is arbitrary (or appears to be) falling most heavily on the young, the brown, and the poor. Laying a
		strip of asphalt and identifying it as transportation for all has never made that strip of asphalt transportation for all.
		Get every individual working on this plan out walking state roads. Walk as Chapter 346 describes, in the lane, close to
		the fog line, walking toward oncoming traffic. Walk 2 or more miles on any state road. Then start planning.
		alle rog mile) walking toward oncoming dame. Walk 2 of more miles on any state road. Then start planning.
		Watching pedestrians jump into ditches filled with poison ivy, wild parsnip, and refuse that includes broken glass and
		sharp metallic objects should be enough to inform your planners that a 2050 Plan must include protections for
		vulnerable users. No plan your agency has produced has truly addressed vulnerable users.
		Transit needs to be available on every state road. If you add up all current state expenditures on transporting humans
		you'll find a number north of \$60 billion. Operating a bus (any transit vehicle from sedan in low density places to
		articulated bus in high density urban) on every road in the state at fifteen-minute intervals every day of the year would
		cost much less. Using data from SURTC, the cost could be as low as \$25 billion a year. You cannot claim efficient or
10	Southwest	cost effective without seriously considering this option in a 2050 plan.
		I-94 from I-39 to the split at Tomah is past due being expanded to 6 lanes. By 2050 I would expect it to be 6 lanes all
11	Southwest	the way to the Mn state line

ID	Region	Comment
		I would like to see more non car transportation options. My preferred option is both light rail for shorter distances and
		high speed rail for longer distances with well designed and integrated options from rail hubs to final destinations.
		Another idea is to support passenger vans that can run within and between communities, particularly rural
		communities so non drivers of all ages can access community opportunities including basic needs such as groceries,
		pharmacies and medical care. These options need to be wheelchair accessible and financially affordable with
		infrastructure support using public dollars. Consider integrating multiple transportation systems into one purposeful
		use for the entire community. For example, school buses go just about everywhere in ever community. How could
		buses carry both students and other family members to city centers and back home or could school buses be used
12	Southwest	while students are in school to offer transportation?
		Living in the Madison areaclearly something needs to be done about The Beltlinenot sure what the answer is
		butsomething.
		Illinois trafficin Wisconsinwow. I now Madison south to the line expansion of lanes should helpbut what about
13	Southwest	Madison north to the split just north of Portage? Needs to be addressed.
		WisDOT must adopt itself to moving forward with 3D and digital delivery and taking steps to contracting without 2D
		plans and using models for both design and accommodating equipment in the field.
1		WisDOT must start now thinking of what is needed for intelligent vehicles and building in future conduit for sensors
		and other ITS infrastructure that may be needed including pavement marking standards.
14	Southwest	WisDOT needs to be transparent and get the legislature to trust them again.
15	Southwest	All projects must be carefully planned to address the climate crisis. We are running out of time!
		Look at less road extensions in Southern Wisconsin. Look at a better northern Wisconsin system. Connect hwy 21
16	Southwest	through as a 4 lane, not hwy 10.
17	Southwest	That it works for everybody that wants to use IT
		I expect that we will continue to see heavy weekend traffic from our cities and urban areas to recreation and second-
		home destinations. Targeting transportation options toward these users by incorporating easy baggage handling and
		local shuttles would improve safety, create an enjoyable experience for users and improve access for more travelers to
		these destinations. This would also create platforms for transportation investment in more rural areas that could
18	Southwest	benefit local users.
		Vision Zero!
40	Carablessant	Complete Streets!
19	Southwest	Protect the Climate!
		I live in the very small city of Horicon. I would like to improve crosswalks. Cars don't like to stop and will pass on the
20	Southwest	right almost striking pedestrians crossing in the crosswalk. I would love to see some of the more progressive ideas
20	Southwest	about safe walking routes and crosswalks. Thanks!
		The pillars of Wisconsin's economy (agriculture, manufacturing, tourism) depend on a robust transportation
		infrastructure system. Roads ensure that goods get to market and citizens get to their destinations safely. The driving
		public wants safe, smooth roads that are well-maintained but don't want to waste time and money waiting in traffic
		for construction to end. Pavements should be quick to construct, fast to repair, and easy to maintain. That's the value
21	Southwest	owners and drivers demand, for today, tomorrow and the future.
	Journwest	Overall, expanding local public transportation services and options, as well as prioritizing pedestrian and bicycle routes
		throughout the state. I feel like our state is behind in both public transportation (local bus routes) and cycling friendly
22	Southwest	roads.
	JUALITYCH	Focus on sustainability and connectivity. Reward those who opt for different mobility alternatives. Get opinion of
23	Southwest	younger generations, vulnerable population and women.
		,
		just as we had to rethink transportation from horses to trains and cars, we need to rethink our transportation for
24	Southwest	future technologies emerging in transportation today. think about what will be, not just what is.
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

ID	Region	Comment
		more hot air balloons?
25	Southwest	more travel while asleep?
26	Southwest	Great roads, for travel
		DOT should coordinate with other agencies that serve populations that are transportation deficient and/or low income
27	Southwest	to facilitate their integration into the work force and improve their quality of life.
28	Southwest	Access to jobs, healthy food options, for underserved communities is most important.
29	Southwest	The country roads need and deserve just as much care as the city roads.
		I have over 50 years experience in the field of highway design construction maintenance and management. I will follow
30	Southwest	the process as necessary.
		Someone needs to pay for more sidewalks in residential areas so that children and those who can not drive can safely
		walk and/or use public transportation.
31	Southwest	I would like to see more incentive for using public transit.
		The economic drivers we'll see will be primarily local. Create supports for town roads. Currently there maintenance is
		inadequately funded. Additionally, laws like the Implements of Husbandry Act, wheel taxes, and other carve outs for
		large and heavy equipment in ag encourage the abuse of town roads and provide inadequate safeguards or
		opportunity to collect for damages. The ability of local government to collect treble damages in some cases has never
		had a court case to solidify it and is so infrequently used as to be meaningless.
		Ag will shift to smaller and more local. Craft policies that favor small vehicles and punish large vehicles. Write policies
32	Southwest	that favor vulnerable users.
		Wisconsin should prioritize reducing dependency on single occupancy motor vehicles. This means investing in high
		quality transit alternatives as well as in high quality pedestrian and bicycle infrastructure that can take people where
33	Southwest	they need or desire to go.
34	Southwest	More bike paths, please.
		Owning a personal car should be all but irrelevant by 2050! Public transportation, especially high speed trains (looking
		at you Scott Walker), should be the primary mode of transportation by the majority of Wisconsin. And ensure that
35	Southwest	transportation is accessible for minorities and low-income folks!
36	Southwest	High speed rail between major population areas would be such a great improvement for our state.
		I want a high speed railway between Madison and Milwaukee. We should have already had it by now and I'm made
37	Southwest	ghat we don't.
20		Investing in sustainable transportation infrastructure should be a massive priority. Wisconsin's natural resources must
38	Southwest	be protected.
20	C	No freeway expansion, especially increasing from 4 to 6, or 6 to 6+. Increasing lanes on highways is not a good
39	Southwest	investment in the long term. Prioritize funding of high speed rail when politically feasible.
40	Southwest	Forward! On Wisconsin!
11	Southwest	On the demographics questions, for future surveys, consider a non-binary option for gender and consider adding the question about whether someone has a disability.
41	Southwest	question about whether someone has a disability.
42	Southwest	Please invest more in public transportation to minimize the dependence on driving and fossil fuel in Wisconsin!
43	Southwest	The roads in southwester WI are in bad shape and large fizzures are appearing.
44	Southwest	We need good roads and reliable affordable mass transit. Now
		Need Highway K in Dane County, north of the city of Middleton to be 4-lane as soon as possible. THIS SHOULD BE A HIGH PRIORITY FOR DANE COUNTY.
45	Southwest	Let us keep THROUGH traffic out of the cities. It is QUALITY of life issue. THANKS.
46	Southwest	The largest source of greenhouse gas emissions in the US is from transportation. We need DRASTIC changes here that make modes outside of a personal vehicle more attractive. We don't have time to waste.
		The second secon

ID	Region	Comment
		We need to prioritize other forms of transportation over single-occupancy trucks and automobiles.
		When the DOT goes into communities with the mindset of increasing vehicular flow into and out of them, more
		sustainable options such as bicycling, walking, and bussing are made less safe and less desirable. This should have
		stopped decades ago.
		ACCESS needs to be emphasized over mobility.
		How do we connect people with their needs using the least amount of energy possible?
47	Southwest	We need 15-minute communities such as are being pursued elsewhere and we need them much sooner than 2050.
		There needs to be a significant decrease in single / low-occupancy motorized vehicle traffic, and increases in public
48	Southwest	transit, bicycling, and other traffic alternatives
49	Southwest	This is the worst structured survey I've ever seen.
		Long distance travel and shipment in Wisconsin should move toward self driving vehicles to reduce energy
50	Southwest	consumption, improve transportation times and reduce crashes.
		100 years of car-centric planning have made it prohibitively expensive or logistically difficult to get around
		sprawled cities or from one city to the next. Let's make the next 100 years a return to people-oriented transit, where
51	Southwest	the purchasing and upkeep of 2 tons of steel is not a prerequisite for going to the grocery store.
Ī		Wisconsin should try to be the leader in sustainable transportation. We really should do better to connect our major
		cities with passenger rail and better in-city bus service. Stop making roads bigger and bigger. Add more bike lanes,
		make people feel comfortable cycling to and from work - home - leisure. When building roadways, try to also build a
		separated bike lane or path wherever possible. Wisconsin has so many incredible bike trails, let's make sure in 2050
52	Southwest	that we are a leader in the country.
		We sould be dead by the a if we doubt the short should not be alimete. We need to missistic the second short sub-
		We could be dead by then if we don't stop changing the climate. We need to prioritize transportation modes that cut
		emissions drastically. Also, keep emissions in mind during construction. Also, transportation should be designed in a
		way that minimizes emissions and impact on wetlands, etc. Less reliance on single-person cars, more public
		transportation options. This self-driving car thing will just mean more cars (and dead bicyclists and pedestrians)
F 2	C =	instead, re-focus on public transportation as a public good. Develop a community-minded attitude instead of all this
53	Southwest Southwest	destructive individualism. Egad, I sound like a crazy person. I blame the quarantine.
54 55		If it doesn't involve high-speed rail, then the state government are idiots.
55	Southwest	Find ways to get away from cars and truck, and get more into bicycles and trains. Based on the past several decades, I don't have much hope that the DOT is going to even be at 2000 levels (compared
		to other countries and communities) in 2050. We need to make big changes now and fast, yet DOT plans to build a
		giant useless I-94 extension and continues to push outdated designs on local communities. I hope for change by 2050
56	Southwest	but I'm not holding my breath.
50	Journwest	but i in not nothing my breath.
		I walk and ride a bike a lot and I'll be lucky to see 2050, because people in cars are either ambivalent, distracted, or
		downright angry when I'm 'in their way'. Better infrastructure for multiple modes of transportation, rather than just
		'roads for cars' is very important to me. It's equitable. It's safe for kids getting to school. It's good for recreation and
		health. It's better for the environment. I could write you a novel about why I want to see reduced on street parking,
57	Southwest	more bike lanes, more/safer crosswalks, less distracted driving, higher fines for using cell phones.
]	6 .1	
58	Southwest	Higher speed limits vehicles are safer now then ever less time on the road = less fatigue less likely to crash
	C =	I would like transportation to be fossil-fuel free by 2050. It will be better for our health and the environment and won't
59	Southwest	rely on fuels from outside the state or even outside the country
<u></u>	Cauthurant	If tourists can get from major airport to parks without having to drive, more would visit and they get more time with
60	Southwest	family on the travel methods.
		There's too much focus currently on inefficient transport ie road focus and insufficient consideration being placed on efficient transport mechanisms such as rail/water.
		Rail infrastructure should be a key player in product transportation given how carbon efficient rail transport is
61	Southwest	compared to road transport.

ID	Region	Comment
62	Southwest	More public transportation options for the busy (clogged) commuter routes.
63	Southwest	Thank you for the surveyits a nice change in format from dry, plain google and survey monkeys.
		For 40 plus years, there was supposed to be 4 lanes to Madison from Richland Center, Richland Center to LaCrosse,
		still squat. The same to Prairie du Chein. Instead, we***away money on on crazy stuff, like round abouts. The people
		who do all the driving need good roads, round abouts came from Europe, remember, we chose to not be under that
64	Southwest	influence 200 + years ago
65	Southwest	It will take decades to make any significant change; pick the course and get started!
66	Southwest	Wisconsin could become a huge bicycle tourism destination. I have bicycled in other states and recognize the paradise for cycling that Wisconsin could be, if highways were planned to include roof for bicyclists & pedestrians.
67	Southwest	We're still better than Illinois, and we can do it without tolls.
		Roads are meant to be driven on , too many projects in recent years have been at the expense of drivable roads with
68	Southwest	too much emphasis on other features
		We really need to stop writing the road builders a blank check. All they do is build highways through minority
69	Southwest	neighborhoods. Enough.
70	Southwest	I think trains would be a good idea.
71	Southwest	I wish those alive at that time the best of luck.
72	Southwest	Bikes. More focus on bikes as transportation.
		No tax increases. Independent review of ALL proposed projects. There is far too much new building and far too much
73	Southwest	money being shuffled to the road builders.
74	Southwest	High speed rail from Chicago to Milwaukee, Milwaukee to Green Bay. Another route from Milwaukee to Madison to Tomah and Tomah to St. Paul and Tomah to the West. An additional route would be Chicago to Beloit and Beloit to Madison. Rail could travel in the center space of the 4 lanes of the interstate System. No new land but it would be great new infrastructure as well jobs and use new technology to move the trains. We need to get rid of carbon in our transportation system and we can do that. It will take a concerted effort of
		stakeholders from WisDot, local governments, the Legislature, public citizens, community organizers, nonprofits, and many others to demand proper funding for an electrified, accessible, and multi-modal transportation system in Wisconsin.
		We also need to combine our future outlook and planning for transportation systems with ongoing or past local
		planning efforts. Comprehensive plans lay out a communities future- we need to make sure WisDOTs transportation
75	Courthours	plans align with local plans as much as possible. It might be more difficult to do, but the extra work will make our
75	Southwest	transportation system unique and accessible for people across the state. Transit oriented development should focus on preservation of ag and wet lands as well as minimizing the number of
76	Southwest	transfers required to travel between residence and work or shopping destinations.
70	Southwest	Please focus more on the "complete usablity" of established roadways instead of specific bike paths and super
		highways.
77	Southwest	Ingriways.
77	Southwest	Focus on areas of high volume before low volume low benefit highways when expanding or improving. Continue to
78	Southwest	focus on roundabouts.
/0	Southwest	iocus on roundadouts.
79	Southwest	We need to be broader thinking then just roads and road building and people in cars. People need mobility by transit, walking, biking, and emerging technology to interconnect communities, businesses, etc.
80	Southwest	Stop throwing away money at highway "mega projects" like more freeway expansion in and around Milwaukee. These act as a growing drain on resources that could be more effectively distributed across the state. Instead maintain what's already there to a high standard and implement alternatives like better mass transit options.
		The stability of funding, avoiding drastic decreases AND increases, and the quality of the DOT workforce will largely
81	Southwest	determine results.

ID	Region	Comment
	riegie	Go big on outside of the box thinking. Isn't it time to look at something other than roads of asphalt or miles of
82	Southwest	concrete?
02	Southwest	
		Priority should be given to making transportation low cost and easily accessible to low-income friends. Many can't find
		reliable transportation and can't afford their own vehicle, which is a major barrier to securing employment. If they can
83	Southwest	secure employment more easily, that creates a much larger taxpayer base and that investment pays for itself.
84	Southwest	Funding for roads must be fair and equitable for all users with as little red tape as possible.
04	Journwest	Provide broader legislation to hold businesses monetarily accountable for the added traffic to the state highway
85	Southwest	system so the state does not pay for improvements that should be borne by the developers.
65	Journwest	system so the state does not pay for improvements that should be borne by the developers.
		It should include regional rail and statewide rail to get to different parts of the state. Crappy over capacity Van Galder
		buses don't make it better. Regional rail is needed ASAP. Madison metro has terrible local service that overlaps so
9.0	Courthwest	
86	Southwest	many other routes that also leave many with no public transit option. This needs to change.
87	Southwest	Please bring back commuter trains and interconnectivity between communities.
88	Southwest	train to madison that's all i want
		If the infrastructure is ignored as it was during the Walker administration, you'll never catch up on improving
		transportation. Transportation should included everything, bike, air, rail, ports and roads and be as beautiful as our
89	Southwest	State is.
		Adding state wide tollway system to major interstate and state highways. It will bring lots of revenue and also create
		jobs. Long lasting jobs. Also, adding a mileage tolling system also may work. I would also like to see a light rail system
		along US 12/18 in Madison. Also, we need a interstate bypass in Madison to the north east of Madison. Lastly, and new
90	Southwest	beltline to the north of Madison from the west.
		Please, for the love of***do not waste \$1.1 BILLION on expanding the interstate in Milwaukee. We've already wasted
		\$2.5 Billion and another billion to improve the commute of wealthy folks who live in lake country and work downtown
91	Southwest	is incredibly wrong.
		If people need to have a personal automobile to pleasantly and affordably live or travel throughout the state, either for
		their personal lives, family obligations, work, and playor to access goods and services for a well rounded lifewe got
		it wrong.
		I hope we give over most on street and surface parking to better uses that serve public good, and foster more
		complete multimode streets and roads, and gradually decrease and reclaim for other uses land and space set aside for
		redundant parking for underused vehicles. Fewer vehicles, moving more of the time, used by large public and private
92	Southwest	groups and not exclusive property of individuals and households.
		Wisconsin is moving away from just being an agricultural state and to one that is service-based. People want great
93	Southwest	transportation options that aren't just cars and coach buses, that is how you attract people who are innovative.
94	Southwest	Looking at electric vehicle infrastructure and autonomous vehicle planning will be important.
95	Southwest	Let's build that train from Madison to Milwaukee.
		I appreciate the DOT's renewed focus on non-driver issues and support public messaging and funding opportunities
96	Southwest	that continue this as a focus area.
		Fixing local roads must be a high priority. Fighting climate change must be a high priority. Expanding road capacity
97	Southwest	must be a low priority.
98	Southwest	Our transportation system should bring people together, not divide us.
		We need to continue making serious progress toward planning and funding investments in public transportation,
		walking, biking, and smart technology to manage safe and interconnected systems. Providing mobility options for
99	Southwest	people of all ages and abilities supports a happier, healthier, and more economically active & independent population.
	<u> </u>	The transportation system does not have to move faster; it need to service more people. Especially college students
100	Southwest	and seniors.
101	Southwest	Accommodate driverless vehicles and potential for hover/flying cars.
		Expanding interstate system and updating interstate system from Waukesha to Madison and Portage to Wisconsin
102	Southwest	Dells.
•		

ID	Region	Comment
		Be aware in all your decisions that climate change is real and that is happening right now. We cannot make any kind of
103	Southwest	progress unless we radically change our attitude to our world.
		My parents' generation messed up by not getting trains. I don't want to mess it up for the next generation. Find a way
104	Southwest	to depoliticize the issue. We need it.
105	Southwest	Easy to utilize mass transportation. Zero emissions personal transportation.
		WisDOT needs to reevaluate the DBE program. The point of the DBE program is to help disadvantaged firms have a
		level playing field with the competition. Currently there are a handful of firms that are getting the vast majority of the
		work that qualifies for DBE status. These firms are way beyond the point of needing the DBE assistance and in fact are
		not allowing smaller DBE firms into the playing field by them taking all the work allocated towards DBE's. The threshold
		that DBE firms graduate from the program needs to be lowered to allow for other DBE firms the ability to use this
106	Southwest	program.
107	Southwest	more bikes, more public transit, fewer cars, better synced traffic lights
108	Southwest	Continuing to push the envelope on autonomous vehicles will be a significant way to improve safety.
		Thank you for considering the general public's input as you plan for the future of transportation in Wisconsin. It's
109	Southwest	important to everyone!
110	Southwest	Please don't make tolls a part of the WI roadway system.
		I would like to see increased bike/pedestrian funding, especially connection of existing trails into an integrated
111	Southwest	statewide network.
112	Southwest	Bring back the madison to milwaukee HSR! Please and thanks
113	Southwest	Gas tax should be explored!
		Maintenance of existing roads as opposed to building of additional lanes and giant bypasses. Preservation of farmland,
114	Southwest	woodlands and wetlands. Expanded rail service.
		Mostly I would like to see a much more educated driver base and better maintained roads. In addition, I feel that trying
115	Southwest	to move towards a more bicycle friendly infrastructure could have many benefits.
		Make sure signage is good. I'm sure we will be using all kinds of technical devicesbut there will be, perhaps, some
		drivers who will continue to look at signs.
		Reduce or eliminate billboards. (for sure the moving-picture type; they are horrible)
		Waysides need to be open all year; or at least 6 months. (not just memorial day to labor day, as they were under
		Walker) Rest Areas need to stay open as well.
116	Cauthurant	
116	Southwest	Uich apped vail and other mublic transmortation about he priority. Keep private husinesses out of it as thoull price
117	Cauthurast	High speed rail and other public transportation should be priority. Keep private businesses out of it as they'll price
117	Southwest	gouge without providing adequate service. I want my flying car!
118 119	Southwest Southwest	Our roads are falling apart. Need to do away with the required payscale for road projects.
	Southwest	The officers are underpaid. Give them a raise
120	Southwest	Transportation in 2050 should be as safe as possible and should focus on keeping our environment as safe and clean as
121	Southwest	possible (in regards to nature and the environment).
121	Journwest	Increase public transport, and renewable energy infrastructure, increase regristrain and tolls, stay up to date on
122	Southwest	maintenance.
122	Journwest	Stop just making highways and arterials bigger. Plan smarter and work on developing alternative modes of
123	Southwest	transportation that reduce automobile movements.
124	Southwest	More public transit and high speed rail, please!
14	Joannwest	imore passic transit and might speculian, picase:

ID	Region	Comment
		By 2050 WisDOT should:
		1. Adopt a complete streets policy.
		2. Work to keep interstates and highways out of urban settings.
		3. Expand passenger rail in the state with reliable service (more dedicated track) between many of the major cities and
		regions (MKE, MAD, Fox Valley, GB, Beloit, Minneapolis)
		4. Maintain a sustainable financial plan.
		5. Add VMT reduction per capita as a goal.
125	Southwest	6. Help allow Regional Transit Authorities.
		Discourse transported in the grant contains the Court Wiscourse Wiscourse and a grain in the grant contains and a grain contains a grain contains and a grain contains a grain contains and a grain contains
		Please ensure transportation improvements in Southwest Wisconsin are made a priority. The region represents a
126	Cauthurant	delicate balance of tourism, agriculture and industry. The lack of bustling urban centers in Southwest Wisconsin often
126	Southwest	makes it a forgotten region when it comes to transportation, despite its close geographic proximity to Madison.
40-		Consider vehicle and infrastructure technology advances. Additionally, how will work/home travel patterns and
127	Southwest	volumes change if there continues to be emphasis/advancements on working from home.
		Maintaining the current system and fortifying it to withstand the impacts of climate change should be the top priority.
		Expanding the use of less GHG-intensive transportation options should also be prioritized. WisDOT should explore the
120	C =	possibility of incentivizing behavior change to lower emissions and congestion through the use of a flexible mileage-
128	Southwest	based user fee.
		We need to focus on local and regional transit options, especially high-speed connections to Chicago and Minneapolis.
		We need to local on local and regional dansit options, especially high speed connections to emedge and winnedpoins.
129	Southwest	
		Please focus on sustainable multi-modal transportation for the future. We need more busses, local transit, and
130	Southwest	bicycle/pedestrian options to serve our entire population, not just drivers.
		Allow more flexibility in what roadways end up being.
		Remove red tape.
		Take care of what we have and focus on improving vital corridors. Get politic out of decision making.
131	Southwest	
		Inter-City passenger/commuter rail options that connect with other existing public transportation options between
132	Southwest	urban areas and suburbs. Focus infrastructure equally between existing areas and new/planned growth.
133	Southwest	Multi-modal facilities for moving goods and commodities.
134	Southwest	Passenger rail transportation between milwaukee and madison.
		Mass transportation, more convenient and affordable, especially for workers.
135	Southwest	,,,
		Ensuring that our infrastructure is able to quickly be adapted for the next generation of smart vehicles (whether that
		be trailer trucking or personal vehicles). If the future is self-driving, then what do we need to do to ensure that it will
136	Southwest	work properly on our roads.
		High speed rail connection between Chicago and Minneapolis/St Paul with connections to Madison, Wisconsin Dells
		and eau Claire
137	Southwest	Inter urban passenger rail services in Madison and Milwaukee metro areas
138	Southwest	Improvement of transportation should create jobs. For example, building bike trails.
139	Southwest	Quit planting trees.
		Economic development also needs to include transportation that gets people from where they live to where the jobs
140	Southwest	are.
		Being able to get transportation from a small town or rural area to a larger town and then to an even larger town or
141	Southwest	other state without the use of your own vehicle. Affordably
		Reducing congestion at peak times by challenging businesses and other traffic generators, to consider alternate
142	Southwest	starting times or more remote work options.

ID	Region	Comment
	_	
		Rail! Get more passenger rail options in the state, especially between the state's two biggest metro areas - Madison
		and Milwaukee! Why doesn't the Amtrak Hiawatha stop in Madison???
		If we had will like there is in Turana (such as Italy) it would be ession to get to some of the state's higgest areas. All of
		If we had rail like there is in Europe (such as Italy), it would be easier to get to some of the state's biggest areas. All of these cities or areas should have train stations - Madison, Milwaukee with some suburbs (Waukesha, Brown
		Deer/Grafton), Fox Valley, Wausau, WI Dells, Lacrosse, Eau Claire). Young folks do not want to drive as much these
		days.
		I realize a lot of investment dollars would be needed to start this up, but we need to look at alternatives besides car
		travel and all the orange barrels on the road and maintaining our current highway infrastructure. Especially since
		Republicans in the legislature never properly fund the transportation budget.
		Get some tolls to charger drivers a user fee. I know a couple studies have been done over the years. But it makes sense
		and would charge our of state drivers their fair share. Also raise the gas tax a nickel. Instead of taxing Wisconsin
		residents more via registration fees, use gas tax or tolling so Illinois and Minnesota drivers can contribute to
143	Southwest	maintaining our roads.
144	Southwest	commuter rail is needed
145	Southwest	Using more of the Rubberized Asphalt.
1.16	Cauthoriant	Options for people to get around without the burden of owning their own vehicle. High speed rail connecting cities,
146	Southwest	bus rapid transit, and safer options for walking and biking. Car ownership is very expensive
		Given the proven positive economic impact of bike trails on local businesses & commerce (bikeleague.org%2Fsites%2Fdefault%2Ffiles%2FBicycling_and the Economy-Econ_Impact_Studies_web.pdf), I would
		like to see expanded bike trails as part of state, county, and municipal transit solutions. Likewise with the impact of
147	Southwest	local bus service on local businesses.
		We can't keep up our system of manufacturing and growing stuff thousands of miles away and then shipping it all
		around the world. We must prioritize local and regional as much as possible. So, maintaining local and regional roads is
		high, but ensuring more Chinese goods can be easily shipped to Wisconsin, low. What's the carbon footprint? That has
148	Southwest	to be the top priority.
149	Southwest	redefine what growth means - quality of life not dollars for those with lots of dollars already
150	Southwest	Reliable access to tourist and recreational destinations statewide should not be solely rely on driving a car.
151	Southwest	Raise speed limits to allow for less wasted time driving and allowing people to become more profitable
		We need to reduce road traffic and improve rail infrastructure and efficiencies to reduce wear and congestion on
		roads.
		There's a lot of money being wasted on pointless investment such as curb being installed on country roads, meanwhile
152	Southwest	so many of the roads are in terrible shape.
153	Southwest	Affordable ways for seniors and low income people to get around locally and have access regionally.
133	33411111631	Wisconsin was long known for having good quality highways. Lack of budget for maintenance has changed that. We
154	Southwest	need to find a reasonable way to maintain, especially in our less urban areas.
155	Southwest	My priority is a complete transportation network with all options to travel from air to road to bike to bus.
		Keep road conditions at a level where the damage done to vehicles from rough roads does not exceed the cost of
156	Southwest	repairing the roads
157	Southwest	Better public transit, both local and statewide.
158	Southwest	We need to stop giving the roadbuilders a blank check and invest in mass-trasnit.

ID	Region	Comment
	-0	Cost effective , convenient commuter service that will reduce congestion
		Electric traction motivation to eliminate pollution and transportation-related GHG emissions in densely populated
		areas
		Reduce parking space availability- smaller spaces for individual commuter vehicle, large dropoff spaces for public mass
		transit.
159	Southwest	"Last mile" electric shuttle
		Improve the last mile service for the goods to customers.
160	Southwest	
		Isn't protecting the environment an underlying principle? Economic vitality should include local transportation modes
		for day to day travel not focused on tourists and recreation destinations. Include destinations to medical facilities,
161	Southwest	walgreens, schools, etc without a vehicle.
		More alternatives to driving personal cars, like rail and bus service, that connects statewide to both rural and urban
162	Southwest	areas. Too many areas of the state are entirely car-dependent.
163	Southwest	Electric access for cars and hydrogen stations
164	Southwest	Relieve congestion bottlenecks on highway system.
165	Southwest	Reducing congestion on all roads and all state agencies being better stewards of our tax dollars.
		The future success of our state economy and transportation system is dependent on sustainability and resilience to
		climate change above all else. While all economic growth is usually beneficial, state investments must consider the
		reality of a 2050 that is massively disrupted by our changing environment. Investments in local and green
		transportation options are the future, not expanding highways and airports. Wisconsin should be considering a future
166	Southwest	in which we are much more regionally and locally dependent for economic well-being.
167	Southwest	Improve rural infrastructure
168	Southwest	More trains. They are much more efficient than planes and also cooler, js
		Passenger rail is something Wisconsin struggles with and needs to be considered. We don't have many local rail
		transportation for passengers, instead it's very Intercity bus-based. We need more Amtrak or other private rail options
169	Southwest	to connect us to Minneapolis/St Paul and Chicago at the very minimum.
		Stop expanding highways. Our population isn't growing, therefore we shouldn't be paying for more lanes. Maintain
		current lanes or reduce if not economically viable to have good condition pavement!
170	Southwest	Expanded highways just creates more traffic, study after study proves this!
		Expanded access to transportation in areas with jobs. Expanded public transit access and other transportation to
		ensure non-drivers can get to work and other parts of their community to contribute to the economy. Re-investment in
		routes and transportation options in underserved parts of the state that have been cut, reduced or stalled. Analysis of
		where non-drivers live and how engaging them in the community through increased transportation can improve their
171	Southwest	activity within the economy.
172	Southwest	Revitalization of rail with more reasonable regulation than in the past.
		Maintenance of the existing system over expansion. Work to incorporate and support all modes of transportation, not
173	Southwest	just automobiles.
		An area that I believe would improve maintenance and efficiency. We have way to many speed limits. Some
		communities it changes from 55 to 45 to 35 to 25 in a matter of less than a mile, that's ridiculous! I was in Germany a
		few years ago and all cities, towns and villages have the same speed limit. Basically 35 miles per hour. I universal,
		therefore there is no need to have a speed limit sign because everyone is aware that it's 35 miles per hour when they
		enter the community. On what we categorize as town roads, county roads, state roads and US Highways they have
174	Southwest	posted speed limits. This method saves all the need for posting signs before and in communities
175	Southwest	Maintaining existing infrastructure and enhancing corridors that are heavily traveled.
		Work toward a steady state economy as outlined in CASSE. We should focus less on continuous growth and more on
176	Southwest	an economy that results in a comfortable life for all.
177	Southwest	Safe and efficient access points
178	Southwest	Work to reduce congestion on Wisconsin's urban freeways.

ID	Region	Comment
179	Southwest	cross-state public transportation, fewer cars on the roads
180	Southwest	High-speed rail as a transportation option.
181	Southwest	Faster travel solutions to effectively shrink the distances between major cities.
		Ensuring that those who use roads and don't pay significant gas taxes pay fairly through an alternative tax. Im referring
		to electric vehicles.
182	Southwest	Also toll roads should be considered to harvest \$\$\$ from out of state travelers.
		High speed rail! That way people can travel for business and tourism faster with having less of an impact on the
183	Southwest	environment.
184	Southwest	Designing roads and highways out of concrete so they last. Temporary fixes with asphalt are frustrating.
		The economy will figure it out, you don't have to spend billions on a few more miles of interstate so some business can
		relocate out of a city to a suburb which is therefore more reliant on auto travelthus requiring more funding to
185	Southwest	expand highwaysthus encouraging more sprawlrepeat the cycle.
		There needs to be more bridges crossing the Mississippi River in southwest Wisconsin, especially in Grant County, the
		3rd most important agricultural county in Wisconsin (in terms of total ag value) and the 80th to 90th percentile in
		importance nationally. Grant County has plentiful access to rail and waterwe just need at least one more bridge
186	Southwest	crossing the Mississippi River to make it a complete intermodal hub.
187	Southwest	More rail. Get big trucks off the road.
188	Southwest	Passenger Railroad
189	Southwest	Reducing transportation emissions
190	Southwest	Renewable energy and sustainable multi-modal transportation systems.
		Making sure that everyone has close access to well maintained roads and highways. Continuing to expand the state's
191	Southwest	freeway/expressway system to make traveling and delivery of goods easier.
192	Southwest	Local assistance
400	6	NA land and the biglious and are an horse state to a land to the first of an area land to the D
193	Southwest	More lanes on the highways and more bypasses that make it enjoyable and faster for people to travel from A to B.
194	Southwest	More frequent, reliable, and lower cost public transportation
105	Cauthurast	Allow extra revenue generating techniques such as gas tax to improve the amount of money to make safety
195	Southwest	investments. Preparing for driverless vehicles and encouraging greater use of bus and rail options for folks who want to
106	Southwest	work/text/etc while commuting.
196	Journwest	Invest in Vision Zero-no deaths or serious accidents. Driver education and getting unsafe (infirm, impaired, distracted)
		off the road for good should be a major part of this. I am a safe road (car, bike) user. My greatest opportunity for death
197	Southwest	or injury is by the action of an unsafe driver.
137	Journwest	speed/traffic calming designs in residential areas
		public awareness/education on proper use of roundabouts/traffic circles
		public awareness/education on laws and safe practices for drivers at bike/pedestrian crossings with newer styled
		markings/signals
198	Southwest	public awareness/education on campuses for students about walking/bicycling safety
199	Southwest	Truck inspection
133	Southwest	Enforcing that vehicles on the road need to be safe to drive. Many of the accidents I've seen are due to poorly
		maintained vehicles. A system similar to the National Car Test in Ireland could ensure that all vehicles on the road are
200	Southwest	safe and road worthy.
201	Southwest	Pedestrian safety. Especially for those with disabilities.
202	Southwest	Less reliance on cars, improvement of public transportation options.
203	Southwest	Support self driving vehicles.
_55	3341144636	laskkar racii arriino remoiesi

ID	Region	Comment
		Enforcement of existing traffic laws. Not issuing speeding tickets until driving at least 10 mph over the posted limit is
		counterproductive to any highway safety efforts.
		It appears to me that failing to stop at posted stop signs and traffic signals is increasing at an alarming rate. I am not
		talking about a rolling stop, which everyone is guilty of. I am talking about flat out blowing a stop sign or red light. I
204	Southwest	have witnessed this, where police were present and took no action.
204	Southwest	nave withessed this, where police were present and took no action.
		Wis Statute 346 clearly states that roads are for all users. I live in West Point, southwestern Columbia County. Our
		roads are designed according to the best rules and guidelines available at the time. Yet vulnerable users, pedestrians
		and bicyclists, get short shrift. Walk any state road in my town and you will feel threatened as cars refuse to slow or
		yield. Some drivers even honk , shake fingers and fists, and yell profanities and things like, "Get off the road!"
		yields some drivers even north, stake imgers and itsis, and yen profamilies and antigo like, decon the road.
		Speed limit signs are enforced arbitrarily and are posted with the 85% rubric that ignores vulnerable users and favors
		vehicular speed and throughput.
		Start designing for vulnerable users first. Then accommodate vehicles. Build side paths where possible. Build
		obstructions to separate motor vehicles from pedestrians and bicycles where side paths are not possible. Encourage
		the legislature to change Wis Statute 69's language regarding Comprehensive Planning to demand accommodation in
		local plans for trails, side paths, and infrastructure that supports and protects all users regardless of modal choice.
		local plane for trans, order parties, and minutes are transfer to and processe an assistance of model of the
		Treat cul de sacs as shared driveways or private drives and un-encumber units of government from cul de sac
		maintenance obligations unless, and only when cul de sacs are connected to other transportation infrastructure by
205	Southwest	trails or paths that can accommodate pedestrians AND bicyclists.
		Improving road marking paint quality to be more visible during night and rain events is very important! Lots of
206	Southwest	deteriorated markings are so, so unsafe.
207	Southwest	Enforce speed limits on all roads and streets.
208	Southwest	Safe crossing for non motorized users
		The DOT has for generations prioritized driver convenience at the expense of bicyclist and pedestrian safety.
		We need slower, softer, more sustainable street designs if we're to even HAVE a future.
209	Southwest	
		Protected lanes for non-vehicle traffic, reducing and enforcing speed limits, enforcing measures against distracted
210	Southwest	driving / texting while driving
		As a pedestrian & cyclist who does not own a car, my main safety priority is creating space for cyclists and visibility for
		pedestrians. While speed limit signs are nice, we need streets that are NOT designed for speed limited visibility and
		narrower lanes tend to be the most effective means of slowing down traffic. Combined with raised crosswalks and
		flashing signs, we can significantly reduce pedestrian fatalaties. I would especially like to see more inter-city dedicated
		bike paths & segregated lanes. Not only will these provide safe options for cyclists, but by narrowing the roads will
		necessarily slow down vehicular traffic. I am also in favor of public intercity bus or passenger rail, which completely
211	Southwest	eliminates the risk of distracted driving for all the passengers who are no longer driving.
		Traffic calming measures - NOT JUST SPEEDBUMPS, but narrower streets and roundabouts, curb bumpouts, etc. Make
		it more difficult for cars to speed through neighborhoods. The type of people who speed often don't care about
212	Southwest	speedbumps, they'll drive right over them like they aren't there.
		Infrastructure should be designed with safety (esp. vulnerable user safety) in mind. Speed limits should include safety
		considerations. Stop it with the distracted driving. That means you I know you text while you drive. Stop it. You're
		going to kill someone like me. I don't want to die so you can text a smiley face to your friend. I don't want to die so that
213	Southwest	you can look up directions on your phone. Please. Have some compassion don't kill me.
214	Southwest	Safe or separated bike lanes & connections.

ID	Region	Comment
		DOT should adopt NACTO design standards particularly when it comes to bicycle infrastructure. DOT is still pushing
		outdated, unsafe paint. We need protected bike lanes on roadways where the speed limit is >25 and safe intersections,
215	Southwest	separate bikeways along highways, and money for connecting bikes and buses/trains.
		Being weather-proof is sort of impossible and I'd rather not spend a ton of money trying to be ready for extreme
		events. It seems more sensible to respond specifically to areas that are hit with severe weather and to repair them,
		rather than try and have EVERYTHING ready. The safety stuff is hands down my top priority, especially reducing driver
216	Southwest	distractedness.
		Changing behaviors of all users of the transportation systems. Bus drivers are bullies and merge without looking or
		commit other traffic crimes. It is going to cause accidents. Bicyclists do whatever the***they want. We should
		respect agricultural vehicles, but they also do whatever the *** they want sometimes. It is not just cars and trucks that
217	Southwest	need to change their behaviors for safety.
		Driver education efforts - "Defensive driving"
218	Southwest	
		Although I support the current under-18 license without a road test, we need to monitor our incident rates. Many
		young are waiting longer to get their drivers licenses, so although 18yrs old is the obvious cutoff to require a road test,
		do we lose anything to give consideration for road test waiver thru HS graduation?
		Dood point in housible in the outing state! Weathou and this as usaling difficult to see Chart lights
210	Courthurset	Road paint in horrible in the entire state! Weather conditions make marlings difficult to see. Street lights
219	Southwest	(incandescents vs LED) reflect differently and best-fit painting seems to lag behind with lighting upgrades. While traffic signs, guard rails, etc are important - more is not always better. Pavement markings however are a
		recurring disappointment, not being sufficient in wet conditions particularly.
		Speed enforcement to reduce the extreme speeds - say 15 mph or more over the limit- might be helpful and perhaps
220	Southwest	could be enforced with cameras or similar devices.
220	Journwest	Less focus on moving as many cars as quickly as possible (especially through towns/cities) and more attention to
		improving pedestrian/bike safety along multi-lane roads. Could include better bike lanes (wider, actual barriers
		between bike land and car lanes; not squeezing bike lanes to the shoulder so they are half on the pavement and half in
221	Southwest	the gutter), more pedestrian/bike bridges over busy roads.
222	Southwest	better regulate UTV behavior on roads - too many UTV operators seem to think it's ok to drink and drive
223	Southwest	Build fewer roads and build more bus lanes and train tracks.
		Better lane marking, as in high-contrast. Plows and weather seem to damage so much paintwe need better. (Yellow
224	Southwest	and white on concrete isn't the best.)
225	Southwest	More electronic signs that can be updated quickly to alert drivers to dangers ahead.
		Infrastructure technology that will allow automated and connected vehicles to perform as designed (improved
226	Southwest	pavement markings and vehicle to infrastructure (V2I) systems.
		Fixing the potholes, the cracked pavement, the raised pavement on the road in hot weather, completely repairing
227	Southwest	certain roads not just patching pieces of it which causes more issues - all done on a timely bases.
22-		Pedestrian and bicycle safety improvements that are systemic and risk-based versus being based solely on existing
228	Southwest	crashes.
		"Safer by Design" roadway construction that emphasizes lower speed limits and traffic calming, with pedestrian and
		cyclist safety features like buffered bike lanes.
229	Southwest	More (and automated) enforcement of bacic traffic laws like red light and speed cameras
229	Southwest	More (and automated) enforcement of basic traffic laws like red light and speed cameras. More strict laws on impaired driving
		More strict laws on impaired driving
		A focus on pedestrian and bicycle safety
		A 10005 on pedestrian and bicycle surety
230	Southwest	
250	JUALITYCH	

ID	Region	Comment
		Stop building multi-lane roundabouts. People find them confusing enough already, having someone in the inner lane
		suddenly decide they want out swerve into the outer lane and cause crashes. My son was victimized this way his left
231	Southwest	front collided with the right rear of the vehicle on the inside of the roundabout and he got the citation!
		This isn't popular subject right now, but safety would increase if our law enforcement officers were allowed to enforce
		the laws. Distracted driving is a big issue, but not as big as people ignoring all driving laws such as speeding, driving
		recklessly, ignoring stop signs/lights. It's the wild west on the highways right now. Drugged and drunk driving also
232	Southwest	seems to be on the increase.
233	Southwest	Need to stop people from tailgating, speeding and aggressive driving.
		Enforcement and penalization of driving under the influence must be a priority for transportation safety. While capital
		investments in roadway features, signals, and new technology are all fantastic, the state must step up and enforce its
234	Southwest	DUI laws.
235	Southwest	we should be designing for a changing climate and the extreme weather events that are becoming more frequent
		New roads are being built too wide! Wide roads cause drivers to drive at higher speeds. Narrow roads or ones lined
236	Southwest	with trees, &c cause drivers to drive slower.
		Wisconsin needs better railroad crossings from a safety perspective. Also, aggressive and speedy driving is an issue that
		has become pervasive both on interstates and in municipal streets and state highways. We need a culture shift and less
237	Southwest	distracted driving.
		Don't invest in new traffic message signs. This is a thing of the past, most people will have smart phones, smart autos
238	Southwest	etc to get information delivered. Invest in that infrastructure. Stop living in 1980.
		Must give high priority to re-instituting Complete Streets and provide more funding and assistance to local
239	Southwest	governments for traffic calming and road diets.
240	Southwest	Limit the number of consecutive hours behind the wheel for drivers of LOCAL bus agencies.
244	C	Expanding I-90/94 from Portage to Wisconsin Dells and expanding lanes from I-39/90 north to USH 151 north, Madison
241	Southwest	to Sun Prairie.
		1). Laws / enforcement for drivers with dangerous driving behaviors: speeding, tailgating, weaving in and out of traffic.
		2). Improve safety on rural crossings. Make sure there are no obstructions to the view for driver's when checking for
242	Southwest	cars. For example, dirt from farmer's fields piled too close to the road. In this case, there should be ditch. Blind crossings should also be looked at to see if additional signs, etc. are needed.
242	Southwest	Need to increase traffic enforcement. The laws are on the books but are not effectively enforced to have compliance
		from the public.
		mont the public.
		Stay right laws need to be enforced on the freeways. This will increase safety on our freeways as well as increase
243	Southwest	capacity.
244	Southwest	Installing passing lanes east bound on highway 14 from Black Earth to Madison.
2-7-7	Southwest	Changing driver behavior to reduce distracted driving and improve attentiveness behind the wheel is critical to
		improving the safety and efficiency of our transportation system. Most crashes are caused by human error (not the
		transportation system itself), so the public must be educated and remain alert at all times while using the system,
		regardless of which mode of transportation they use. In addition, there must be appropriate consequences/penalties
245	Southwest	for failing to use the appropriate behavior.
		Idea for driver safety: Implement a program for license renewal that includes a road test ~ every 5 years.
		and the state of t
		More jobs created and more revenue generated.
		Add cameras a high traffic intersections that capture illegal driving behavior - tickets generated via license plate
246	Southwest	capture.
		Safe, secure, connected transportation options must exist in all communities for ALL users including minority/Black
247	Southwest	neighborhoods.

ID	Region	Comment
		Greater focus on driver education relating to driving in adverse weather conditions. See examples of training in
		counties like Finland. Greater focus on educating and enforcing highway driving etiquette such as passing in the left
		lane then moving back to avoid excessive traffic buildups and eventually allow for higher speed limits. Consider vehicle
248	Southwest	safety inspections.
249	Southwest	Give the officers a raise. They deserve it!
		(1) Sidewalks around all school areas.
		(2) Cut grass/weeds on the Interstate areas more frequently.
		(3) Keep state patrol officers on the Interstate. There are too many drivers who are riding up on the rear end of drivers
		maintaining speed limit (or going over by a few miles). These drivers are weaving in and out of traffic and cutting
250	Southwest	people off nearly causing accidents.
		You didn't mention better crossings for bikes and peds, but I would like to see safer crossings and also an emphasis for
251	Southwest	distracted walking as well as drivers.
252	Southwest	High speed rail and more public transportation options. It takes cars off the roads, which will make the roads safer.
		Education - roadway users often do not know how to behave around each other. Many drivers do not know that
		bicycles are legally vehicles and SHOULD be riding on (most) roads. Many bicyclists also do not know this and ride on
253	Southwest	sidewalks or against the adjacent lane of traffic.
254	Southwest	Cycling infrastructure. Rail transit. Ability to move more people, safely, without putting more automobiles on the road.
		Increased implementation of round-abouts and urban traffic calming devices, especially adjusting design standards to
		implement natural speed limits. Current roadway design emphasizes speed with straight wide roads and attempts to
		reduce speed with ineffective signage.
255	Carrellance	
255	Southwest	Changing driver behavior with regard to impaired driving is critical.
256	Southwest	Expanding public transportation and biking infrastructure. No more highway expansions! Wisconsin's natural environment is something that should be treasured and not taken for granted. If we do not make
		effective efforts to preserve it today in relation to our transportation needs and growth, there will be none left for our
257	Southwest	future.
258	Southwest	We need to reduce emission, would like to see high speed rails
		6 1
		Include a strong focus on transportation by foot, bike or bus, potentially even short rail sections. The interest in these
259	Southwest	transportation types far outpaces our investment and our current available infrastructure.
260	Southwest	Biking infrastructure
261	Southwest	More Bike Lanes for short commuter routes but also long regional and statewide connectivity of integrated system.
		We must quickly transition to a zero-carbon transportation system, even if it impairs mobility. Electric vehicles,
262	Southwest	renewal power, and public transportation, especially electric passenger rail, must have much higher priority.
		Connecting cities better - travel within the state and connecting to transportation systems in neighboring states as well
		(train from Madison to Chicago or a bus-train connection). Expanding service to meet the needs low-income and
263	Southwest	under represented populations.
		Comban anticipate and he fourth a most imment at its constant to the Post of the Comban and the
		Carbon emissions are by far the most important issue we must tackle. But the other items in the list above are still
		worthy of considerable attention.
		The speed at which we travel might need to be critically examined. Reliable and less expensive transportation at lower
		speeds might satisfy more societal needs. Roundabouts might be proving that slow and steady is preferable.
		species might sucisty more societal needs. Roundabouts might be proving that slow and steady is preferable.
		Much can be gained if we are okay designing for slow and steady. Both in reduced environmental damage, and also in
264	Southwest	esthetic appeal.
265	Southwest	Utilize existing railways for bike path or light rail systems.
266	Southwest	Nature bridges for wildlife crossing. Especially for cranes.

ID	Region	Comment
		We need to create a transportation systems that supports us and the environment we love and need to exist. The one
		thing I desperately want to see are more land bridges for animals to cross safely over our busy roads. Not everything
267	Southwest	we do need to be human centric. I'm tired of seeing so much wildlife dead on our busy highways.
		Environmentally sound engineering like mag-lev technology already exists, let's use ideas that are implemented in
268	Southwest	other states and countries instead of outdated machinery.
		Sorry, this has more to do with safety, but people should not be given so many chances with drunk driving.
260	Southwost	Another question I have is, Can't they make roads that will last? Also could the roads be made out of recycled material?
269 270	Southwest Southwest	Lower the speed limits back to 65
271	Southwest	Invasive species control
272	Southwest	I'd love to see kids biking to school.
273	Southwest	Commuter rail. Much better fuel economy per person
273	Journwest	Decrease dependence on fossil fuels by making transit attractivehigh frequency, well lit, shelters protected from cold.
274	Southwest	Make it easy and convenient to choose a mode other than personal automobiles
	30411111631	Reduce asphalt and concrete, which are energy-intensive to produce, cost a lot to maintain, increase air temps, and
275	Southwest	interfere with water absorption.
276	Southwest	Support for multi-modal transport and electric vehicles, to reduce transportation-related carbon emissions
277	Southwest	Emphasis on Zero emission transportation options such as biking and walking.
		Noise pollution, vehicular emissions, and danger from high-speed roads is a major issue for me. Though drivers always
		like to go fast (I certainly do whenever I am behind the wheel of a car), nobody likes to be a pedestrian near a fast
		street, and it is even worse if you live near a fast street. Noise pollution has a significant impact on quality of life. And
		since minority neighborhoods tend to be located in less desirable areas near highways and interstate exchanges,
278	Southwest	reducing noise pollution is a major equity issue.
		I live next to I-90 which is concrete (not asphalt) and the noise is sometimes unbearable - it's a constant drone. The
279	Southwest	state needs to consider things like noise pollution and light pollution, which are important issues as well.
		Expanding and promoting mass transit options to provide greater accessibility and emphasizing investment in alternate
280	Southwest	modes such as hybrid buses and high-speed rail.
		ease of use
204	Carrellance	integrated with population
281	Southwest	reliable
282	Southwest	Connected bike/ped facilities that encourage zero emission uses.
		Making roadways safer for animals that need to cross. Animal crossings (under and overpasses), fences, warnings, etc.
		Especially wide roads like interstate highways. How are animals supposed to cross interestate highways to get to water, food, habitats, family, safety, etc.? Making roadways safe for animals is a win win for all. At least the interstate
		highways - to start with. Double highways. Everyone benefits - animals, drivers, recreation, hunters, nature, people,
283	Southwost	the economy.
203	Southwest	The climate crisis demands that we immediately and drastically cut greenhouse emissions, especially those related to
		personal vehicle use. That you haven't included reducing GHG emissions, makes me wonder if you are serious. This
284	Southwest	must be the top priority. Period.
204	Joannivest	The majority should not oppress the minority. And the reverse should be true. There needs to be a balance between
		infrastructure and nature. There needs to be balance between the needs of everyone and the voice that minority or
		low-income voices have. Right now, things are not in balance. Nature needs a little more love. Minority or low-
285	Southwest	income voices are over emphasized.
_55		The state of the s

ID	Region	Comment
		Consideration for transportation methods other then auto/truck highway need to be considered. It seems the trend
		for walking, biking, and public transportation are growing in our medium-sized communities. Our plan needs to
		evaluate this. I luve 20 miles from Madison, but there are no park-and-rides on the Hwy 151 corridorwe use private
286	Southwest	business lots. Are there other options when planning new construction?
287	Southwest	Making a road system that last more then longer
288	Southwest	Transportation options that serve all members of the community and preserve and promote the natural environment.
		While healthy communities are an essential area, also need to provide for reasonable intercity travel routes that keep
289	Southwest	vehicles moving at reasonable speeds.
200	Couthwest	Bring back the requirement that highway projects must take into account and provide for highel & podestrian users
290	Southwest	Bring back the requirement that highway projects must take into account and provide for bicycle & pedestrian users. Practices to use certified weed-free gravel/fill and use native plants to minimize introduction/spread of invasive
		species. This includes adequate budget (\$, time) to support healthy establishment of new plantings after infrastructure
201	Southwest	construction.
291 292	Southwest	Road noise and salt use in winter. There are better ways to make roads.
292	Southwest	funding for bicycle lanes
233	Journwest	Turiumg for bicycle lanes
		What does "Better air quality as a result of reduced transportation emissions" even mean? Am I to understand more
		vehicles will produce fewer emissions, including air travel, correct? Not likely, with more, larger, less-efficient vehicles
		on the road. I can't see it.
		Sound barriers (ideally, natural) on stretches of interstate near communities (Edgerton comes to mind). The regular
		intrusion of Jake breaking is unwelcome and disruptive. Another thing about trucks, do truckers need instruction on
		compensating for long inclines? Would signs informing them of upcoming grade changes help? What is it with them
		slowing way down between Stoughton and Edgerton? They almost need a turtle lane to themselves right thereit's
294	Southwest	extremely odd. They slow down quite a bit right before Janesville, too.
		Preserving the local area. Baraboo bluffs are a perfect example. You have natural beauty and 100s of unique species in
295	Southwest	that area.
		A multi-modal network of transportation that doesn't require everyone to own a car to get around. There are many
		natural areas in Wisconsin that are only accessible by car. We need to build a transportation system where the state,
		regions, counties, and local units of government can work together to provide more accessible transportation all over
		the state. We can do this through regional transit authorities, but first must overturn the ban on RTAs in the
		Legislature. It's also important that each transportation project includes all voices in the conversation. That means
		doing more than an online survey or holding a public meeting. WisDOT needs more funding to complete
		comprehensive public engagement in order for all voices to be heard. Not everyone is just going to come to the table,
296	Southwest	sometimes we have to go to them so they know they can have a say in the project.
		Encourage all WI companies to allow working-from-home to reduce traffic jams, clustered roads and highways and
297	Southwest	emissions during weekdays and the occasional weekend.
200	Cautherna	Reducing a roadway footprint to minimize environmental impacts doesn't mean not including biking, walking or transit
298	Southwest	options - it may mean less travel lanes for motor vehicles.
		Eliminate the use of high-capacity roadway designs that act as barriers across neighborhoods. We're still building too-
299	Southwest	many 4+ lane monstrosities with minimal pedestrian and bike access opportunities to get across them.
300	Southwest	Need more mass transit, biking walking rather than carrels and trucks
300	Journwest	Promote increased material recycling on projects and integrate native species into WisDOT right of way when re-
301	Southwest	establishing vegetation.
301	Journwest	There is arguably nothing more important in our future transportation plans than environmental protection and
		climate change resiliency. The future of transportation in this state must include low-income / minority populations,
302	Southwest	and provide local multi-modal options.
302	Journmest	and provide local mater model options.

ID	Region	Comment
		we should be prioritizing population density and shared, multi-modal transport options. the number of single
303	Southwest	commuters in cars is ridiculous - we need to encourage bike, bus, and train commuting
		Reconsider the economic destruction that is caused to small towns when state highways bypass the local center of
304	Southwest	commerce and community. Service to major population centers seems to outweigh conservation cercerns.
		We are considered a tourist state with a thriving economy and we need the safest roads for ourselves and visitors. As
		our environment deteriorates as it is doing we must put that concern on equal footing with safety. You won't have a
305	Southwest	beautiful state unless you address climate change.
306	Southwest	Greater focus on public transit than on cars. More roundabouts
307	Southwest	Kept them out of rural areas
		We need more Intercity public transit options that are sustainable, including reliable and affordable train and bus
308	Southwest	services.
309	Southwest	Electrifying transportation and focusing on expanding electric transit buses in the state.
		Reduce speeds, reduce lanes, reduce cars. Freeways create urban sprawl that harms our air, creates traffic, is
310	Southwest	detrimental to low income areas, and promotes racism.
		Access to public parks by public transportation key. It should not be necessary to use a car to get to a trailhead if buses
311	Southwest	stop there at least once in the morning and once at the end of the day.
312	Southwest	6 foot high fences along interstates - would drastically cut down on car/deer accidents
313	Southwest	cradle-to-cradle (life-cycle considerations) of transportation planning projects
		Multi modal transportation. More focus on bicycles and rail and efficient affordable bus systems. Build transportation
314	Southwest	that makes it possible and easy to travel across and around the state by rail rather than only by car.
		Investments in technologies and methods to reduce single occupant vehicle miles traveled and shift them towards
315	Southwest	multi-modal and more sustainable options.
316	Southwest	more public transport, fewer cars
317	Southwest	Create incentives to change from fossil fuel for intra-city buses to electric buses.
		Making sure the heidges and subjects are large enough to accommodate a variety of enimals to pass through it. This will
210	C =	Making sure the bridges and culverts are large enough to accommodate a variety of animals to pass through it. This will
318	Southwest	help the environment and safety of the roadway by reducing the amount of animals being struck by vehicles. No more moving-picture billboards.
		They are way too bright, they are distracting, and it's OUR space, our view and our driving experiencethe advertisers
319	Southwest	are not paying the drivers to impact us in such a harsh and rude way.
320	Southwest	Provide more options for public transportation
320	Southwest	Listen to the people during information sessions. Since not all people will show up to an listening session, try to better
		engage with the people being impacted by a project. Maybe that's going door-to-door or setting up a table at a popular
		coffee house or grocery store.
		Also, look at long-term public transportation options. Are the stops and infrastructure where they are needed most?
321	Southwest	Are taking away five acres of wetlands completely necessary?
		Achieve reduced emissions by supporting multi modal transportation, regional transit authorities, regional rail,
		commuter rail, and local rail.
		, and the second
		And by multi modal, not lets expand the urban highway but put a 5' wide bike lane somewhere and slap a picture of a
		biker on the cover of the PIM slide to win local supportlike actual all ages and all abilities facilities while
322	Southwest	understanding that vehicle traffic is uncomfortable and unpleasant to be around.
323	Southwest	Local and regional transit are key to improved quality of life and improved economic development.
		WisDOT needs to modernize its asset management information into a cloud based, location based system where
		maintenance of information flowing from project life cycle is cataloged into asset maintenance information system to
		provide a statewide perspective and allow improvements to be based on more than pavement condition alone.
324	Southwest	Lighting, culverts, ADA, signing, roadway appurtenance, etc.

ID	Region	Comment
		Help maintain rural areas of the state. The small towns and town roads need help. There are larger farm equipment
		now, road edges need to be maintained to support our rural communities. We work hard to feed America, please
325	Southwest	support us.
		Increased investment in bike-ped options and universal design. The design with ramps, low curbs, integration with
		streetscaping is more important than condition because if the ramps/curbs are not passable, it will create more user
326	Southwest	difficulties than if the facility is just a little outdated.
327	Southwest	Access research so roads last longer.
328	Southwest	Regular maintenance to prevent major damage to infrastructure that builds up over time.
329	Southwest	Focus on communities that have been neglected in the past. Neighborhoods where people of color live.
330	Southwest	Fix a whole road not just part of it.
		I thought each county or maybe municipality had a budget, use it or lose it possibly? I think s better system would be
		allocate where it is really needed. We have had some road work done near us that want necessary and other roads
331	Southwest	need attention. We always wondetred where the priorities are set
i		Efficiencies will only get us so far. Many roads were built during a boom in the 50's and 60's and are now due for
		complete replacement. Realistically we should have been saving up and putting away money for this situation like one
		does for retirement, but people don't like taxes and it is politically difficult to tax people living now for something that
		they will likely not live long enough to benefit from. We as citizens will either need make due with what we have, or
332	Southwest	contribute monetarily to a better quality system that we want.
333	Southwest	vegetation management to ensure road stability is maximized, reducing time needed to repair
		Overall per mile costs of maintenance for walking and biking are far lower than the freeway expansions that you keep
		doing. We don't need new interchanges that cost billions of dollars. We need transit and active transportation
334	Southwest	infrastructure.
		We need to stop building more lanes and roads. The state and local communities don't even have the money to
335	Southwest	maintain what has already been built.
		I believe maintenance should be focused mostly on non-car transportation to encourage transportation users to seek
336	Southwest	alternate modes (bikes, trains, public transit, etc.)
337	Southwest	Use NACTO Design Guidelines
338	Southwest	no new lanes
		I wish we could just get people to accept that raising taxes is the most effective way to support maintenance in the
		state. People whine and complain about the condition of roads and bridges, yet vote against any tax increases. These
339	Southwest	things aren't free people!! I fully support any initiatives to do maintenance and am happy to help pay my share.
		Expanded use of business logic technology to facilitate easy access to infrastructure conditions, limits and
		maintenance.
340	Southwest	
		Keep focus on the long-lived nature of most transportation investments so that low cost solutions don't get in the way
341	Southwest	of a goal of upgrading the transportation system to keep up with future needs and current expectations.
2.5		Spread the money around the state. Madison and Milwaukee have received most of the funding for the past several
342	Southwest	years.
343	Southwest	More bicycle projects, please!
344	Southwest	NO TAX INCREASES. Get road builders out of legislators offices. Stop trying to pave over the entire state.
		NACUS finading to local access with a faiting and to machine. Then often have the month would in the atota with the
		More funding to local communities (cities and townships). They often have the worst roads in the state, with the
		smallest tax base, and are least able to fund improvement projects. This leads them to making short-term inexpensive
245	Courthmast	fixes just to maintain use, or even revert roads back to gravel or close structures like bridges. The smallest levels of
345	Southwest	government need the most financial help when it comes to infrastructure.
346	Southwest	Prioritize providing bike and pedestrian facilities as part of roadway improvements not as add-ons.

ID	Region	Comment
		I am willing to accept significant travel delays to save millions of dollars in project costs.
		I find the word "innovative" is overused; I would prefer "diligent". We so often get wrapped up in new technologies
		that promise greater efficiencies without dedicating proper resources to evaluate the true performance and side
		effects.
		I consider bicycle and pedestrian traffic a low priority only because I have seen an over-emphasis on these usually
		frivolous "improvements". I consider these a high priority in truly urban environments that have a high volume of
		users, not simply for recreation, but for legitimate transportation for commuting and purchasing needed goods.
		I consider local community infrastructure a low priority only due to the low volume these facilities carry. With a
		statewide perspective, investment in higher volume facilities would obviously yield greater benefit to the whole. Local
		facilities are obviously very important for people of those communities, but then they have pooled their resources to
		develop their individual community in a manner that is best suited to themselves. Statewide funds have been wasted
		when ambitious local individuals have lobbied for state funds to improve local communities, and the benefit has been
347	Southwest	far from realized.
0.40		Research and development of new and existing products designed to promote less wear and breakdown of the
348	Southwest	infrastructure.
		Rather than always seeking more and more money, working smarter with less. For example, look at the number of
		traffic cameras throughout Milwaukee county. It seems very excessive, especially when you compare that to there
349	Southwest	being no cameras on HWY 151 southwest of Madison or anything really north of Eau Claire or Wausau.
350	Southwest	No regional rail of any sort to get vehicles off the road
330	Southwest	The regional rail of any service get venicles on the road
		Let's bring back the use of gravel roads in areas where it would be cost effective. See lowa's use of gravel roads in rural
351	Southwest	areas. This will save maintenance funding for other portions of the transportation system.
		While continual improvements in highway asset management is vital to an efficient transportation system, as much
		emphasis should be placed on improving bicycle and pedestrian facilities, as well as local transit options. Dedicated bus
352	Southwest	lanes (BRT) must be considered in urban areas.
		The Town I work in was unsuccessful in obtaining Disaster Damage Aids through the Department of Transportation. A
		number of roads were damaged, in our opinion, quite dramatically. The response to our application was dismissive
		and when we inquired about an administrative review process for our application, on TWO occasions, were never
		provided a response. The bureaucracy and efficacy of the DOT needs to improve and actually respond to local
353	Southwest	problems and concerns.
354	Southwest	More roundabouts
355	Southwest	Adding more funding to local communities. Also, prioritize local state highways for traffic improvements and maintenance.
333	Journwest	mantenance.
		Our roads are constantly under construction. How do other cold climate states and countries maintain their roads and
		infrastructure? I feel like we need to look to Scandinavia and other advanced colder countries to learn what they do to
356	Southwest	preserve pavement and reduce the need to constantly repave and remake roads.
		The labor involved in highway, bridge and road maintenance should be located in Wisconsin, not a place such as
		Georgia or Illinois. Preference should be given to maintenance firms that hire people often discriminated against such
357	Southwest	as women, disabled people or people of color.
358	Southwest	Salt use reduction
		Please eliminate the use of gravel for road half fixes as it causes damage to vehicles, leading to premature failure and
359	Southwest	rusting.
		Too many roads and streets are full of potholes and need to be fixed. The worse are along the beginning or end of and
360	Southwest	on Interstate on/off ramps.
264	C =	
361	Southwest	I'm sure this is happening, but plan ahead on big projects so less maintenance is needed every few years.
262	Southwest	Maintain what we have first. No new roads or facilities until the existing house can get into order. Explore the costs of adding or expanding rail/transit/bike facilities over expanding capacity on highways.
362 363	Southwest	Solving texting and driving. Especially with youth.
363	Southwest	Solving texting and univing, Especially with youth.

ID	Region	Comment
364	Southwest	High speed rail service Chicago-Milwaukee-Madison-La Crosse-Rochester-MPLS.
365	Southwest	More transit system funding
	334	
		making sure that individuals in no-car or low-income areas have expanded access (locations and hours) to
366	Southwest	transportation to vital services (grocery stores, pharmacy, medical), workplaces/schools, and transportation centers
		We may be a decade late to the game, but we need high speed rail options for personal transportation. This has been
		a connectivity game-changer in other developed countries. Minneapolis-Madison-Green Bay-Milwaukee-Chicago could
367	Southwest	all be a couple hours apart.
368	Southwest	integrated system planning with residential and commercial development and redevelopment planning
		Small Communities in mostly rural need access to various forms of transportation. Rail transport, bus transport and
369	Southwest	other forms should coordinate and not duplicate for increased efficiency.
370	Southwest	This is important in order to provide access to grocery stores, health care, etc.
		Answered no opinion on airport accessibility because not sure if the question is asking whether all individual airports
		would be accessible internally to all people, whether all airports would have accessible transportation to reach them,
371	Southwest	or if new airports with passenger service would be added.
372	Southwest	Good mode-to-mode transition points (e.g. secure, indoor bicycle parking at transit hubs and bike share options).
		Please follow the European example. Trains and buses seem to be everywhere. They are easy to use, clean, frequent,
373	Southwest	and economical.
374	Southwest	Bring back the high-speed rail service idea from Chicago to Madison to Minneapolis!
		Transportation needs to be about meeting the needs of people to get to where they need to go on their schedule; not
375	Southwest	about the modes.
		It's important to focus on the core improvements that increase ridership, not fancy technology like WiFi. People just
		want the bus to come on time and get them where they need to go. They want a dignified and safe place to wait for
376	Southwest	the busnot be stuck in the snow on the side of the highway. Secure, well lit bicycle parking near transit is essential.
377	Southwest	We need on-the-ground wayfinding for those traveling by means other than driving: signs, maps.
378	Southwest	More infrastructure (charging stations) to promote travel by electric vehicles
379	Southwest	Shame on WI DOT. No mention of any program to reduce the pedestrian and bicyclist death at the hands of motorists.
		The increased popularity of standing scooters makes bike lanes all the more urgent, as scooters are too fast for
		sidewalks but too slow for traffic. As a cyclist, I would like to see segregated/protected bike lanes that are wide enough
		for a a scooter to be safely passed by a cyclist.
		I certainly want to see increased bike capacity on mass transit. For example, Madison Metro buses are each able to
		accommodate two bikes each. While this is better than none, I have often seen cyclists have to wait for several buses
		before they can catch a ride. This necessarily reduces the interest of people who would use this service.
		Lathering from intensity and any like one and the Foot control of Front control in Front co
		Let's aim for an intercity system like we see on the East coast, or even in European countries like Spain, where national,
200	C	state, and municipal rail systems are fully integrated with local and rural bus routes to make it almost entirely
380	Southwest	superfluous to own a car especially if you already own a bicycle!
		It comming that the related depart rail connectivity from Minnespelis to Madison to Milwayles to Chicago, Could you
		It's criminal that there's no decent rail connectivity from Minneapolis to Madison to Milwaukee to Chicago. Could you
		imagine, if there was regular rail service from Chicago to the Twin Cities, how many people that could bring to Madison
		and Milwaukee? I know I myself would have visited the Twin Cities and Chicago much more frequently if there was
		decent rail connectivity.
		You might say "But there's Van Galder bus service to Chicago from Madison" but how do I get to the Dutch Mill Park
		and Ride without a car? The Madison Metro Bus takes 1 hour and 23 minutes (according to Google Maps) to get from
		my apartment to the Park and Ride (because I have to go to the transfer point and change busses). It's a 10 minute
381	Southwest	drive by car. If you want to know why more people don't use public transit, this is why.
201	Journwest	drive by carring you want to know why more people don't use public transit, this is why.

ID	Region	Comment
382	Southwest	Autonomous vehicles
383	Southwest	Dedicated or separated & connected bike lanes/paths.
		After having seen the incredible integration of public transportation systems in Europe, I believe we dropped the ball
		by pre-emptively transitioning too much of our railroad infrastructure to bike paths. While I believe that the paths are
		healthy and needed, an integrated system of light rail across southern Wisconsin would serve more of the community
384	Southwest	in a practical manner.
		Again, because reducing greenhouse gas emissions associated with transportation must be a top priority, ensuring
		connections among different transportation modes and prioritizing those that produce the least emissions is vitally
		important. Other countries have figured this out. Wisconsin could have a state-wide transit card, for example, that
		allows for one payment/ticket method across all public transportation. Right now, DOT could assess current
		connections and work with providers to adjust schedules to improve them. Electrifying everything from trains and
		buses to cars and trucks must be a priority as well. Why couldn't we have regional hubs served by buses and trains to
		connect even the smallest communities to the world. Why must rural residents pay more than \$9,000 per year, on
		average, to own and maintain a private car? We need buses that connect to regional hubs that are in turn connected
385	Southwest	to state hubs.
386	Southwest	I would like to see more safe bike routes connecting cities to the surrounding rural/suburban areas.
387	Southwest	fund mass transit not new lanes
388	Southwest	People centered planning, not car centered!
		Properly fix and maintain roads!
389	Southwest	Hwy 11 from janesville to Brodhead is horrible!
		Improved "access" should not mean free or even cheap. As we expand into other transportation options, every user
390	Southwest	should pay their fair share.
		Expand the use of our railways. Cities don't move so a rail link between many cities is easy and wastes less fuel and
391	Southwest	land footprint.
		Increased options to ditch cars and proceed on public transportation.
392	Southwest	
		Small rural communities need help funding transportation for special needs persons. We have a number of residents
		mobility-impaired residents who have no choice but to travel on the street in their chair. Totally unacceptable but our
		housing for special needs is on quieter streets that receive little maintenance money. Regardless, they have to travel
393	Southwest	down our busier streets for work and shopping. Its not ok.
394	Southwest	Prioritize affordable intra and inter state travel with diverse options for all.
		Bike transportation infrastructure that covers entire communities, especially areas with lower income residents.
		Typically, it seems like the rich, white parts of towns are well-endowed with bike infrastructure, but other parts of
		town are forgotten, which makes it less safe/comfortable for more people to bike. Same comments for public
395	Southwest	transportation (e.g., buses).
396	Southwest	more funding for bicycle lanes, especially from homes to schools, and to complete gaps in existing bicycle networks
		We need to create a transportation authority across metro areas to better plan for brining mass transit from the cities
397	Southwest	into the suburbs.
		An intermodal station with convenient access to food service, restrooms, wifi,
		Make use of public transportation as comfortable an convenuent as flying
398	Southwest	Subsidize travel from intermodal station to business and shopping centers
399	Southwest	Increase public transit options and opportunities. Make public transit a reasonable option for all.
400	Southwest	Intercity Passenger Rail. Please. Now.
		Priority needs to be placed on safety and infrastructure for people that bike, walk, use transit as it relates to
		fundamental transportation modes and not incidental to other modes. This is also relates to local economies, health
401	Southwest	and quality of life.
		Stop trying to please everyone and be a one size fits all solution for everything. Put the limited resources available into
402	Southwest	the transportation options that serve the most who need it and stop trying to prioritize everything else.

ID	Region	Comment
		Revisit the possibility of high speed rail or a passenger rail connection that connects Madison to the existing rail line
403	Southwest	servicing Minneapolis, Milwaukee, and Chicago.
404	Southwest	WisDOT would be wise to extend their research on the millennial subgroup's transportation trends.
405	Southwest	The future of transportation is multi-modal. To encourage people to use a multi-modal system, we must make it accessible, connective, and well advertised. Anyone living in a metro area should have bus access within their community and longer range bus access to the rest of the state. Within cities and between rural communities, safe bicycle routes must be established. Pedestrians, particularly the disabled and elderly, must be prioritized over vehicles in urban areas. The state should begin a campaign to get more people using buses and bikes. If you build it, they will come!
103	30411111031	high speed rail should be a priority. commuter rail in milwaukee and madison should connect the suburbs to
406	Southwest	downtown areas to reduce traffic congestion
407	Southwest	commuter rail in madison
408	Southwest	More trains are the solution to transport, not fewer. Greater amtrak access could easily alleviate traffic.
400	Southwest	POOR PEOPLE!!
		Good lord this survey is frustrating. There are areas of Milwaukee where not even 50% of people have a driver's license and it has nothing to do with them **Choosing** to not drive or own a car.
409	Southwest	I'm really, incredibly disappointed in this survey.
410	Southwest	Wisconsin is very car-oriented with very little train options. People prefer train to bus when thinking about using transit vs driving somewhere. We need to invest in trains and away from buses for Intercity travel.
		There are many systems currently that are funded with state and federal dollars that are intended to support non-drivers, however, coordination is poor and dollars are not maximized. State agencies must work to get out of silos to ensure that non-drivers have seamless ride options to the places they need to go - with a priority on helping them
411	Southwest	access employment. The existence or possibility of having an inviting and pleasant place servicing amenities at a natural transfer point such
412	Southwest	as cafe serving snacks or cup of coffee.
413	Southwest	Widen the interstate system. Add more lanes between Madison and Waukesha.
414	Southwest	Anything that encourages people to leave their cars at home more often. Light rail between Madison, Milwaukee, and Chicago!
		Many small towns only have car and driver, maybe a cab, no bus, no train. We
415	Southwest	are not connected to the world. If you don't drive you are stuck in your small town for eternity.
416	Southwest	High speed rail to distant cities like Pittsburgh where driving takes over 10 hours on interstate and flying takes just as long when you factor in the 4 am wake up call, TSA screening and lack of direct flights. A Shinkansen line would compete with air travel on certain routes, especially if it could connect you to other cities like DC and NY using existing routes.
417	Southwest	Bringing transportation to under served communities should be of highest priority.
418	Southwest	Try making it easier to get around in non auto waysbike, walking, rail, bus. Stop making everything second class to carsthey are just one mode of transportation and should not rule all others.
419	Southwest	I went to college in downtown Milwaukee 2006-2010. I had no car, and rarely wished I had one. I have family in both Madison and Green Bay. I had no problem riding a bus home to Madison, but I was surprised to find no options available to get to Green Bay, so I had to rely on carpooling instead. I've lived in Madison most of my life, and I've never felt I could easily travel without a car here. In downtown Milwaukee, a car felt unnecessary, even when I worked at internships in the suburbs (e.g. the Barstow office in Waukesha)
420	Southwest	Would like to see more availability of transportation options in Southwest, WI. There are not Amtrak stations, no trains, etc. And that is unfortunate. Would be a lot better if the roads could be widened for bike traffic or have specific roads that are not wide enough, to be closed to bike traffic. Either way would help us, but allowing bicycles on back country roads where there is not a designated lane for them, or room for them to be out of traffic is hazardous in the rolling hills of SW, WI.

ID	Region	Comment
		Transportation options beyond buses for those who do not own cars are extremely important as COVID-19 has shown.
421	Southwest	We must focus more heavily on engaging minority/Black citizens to make sure this next Plan addresses their needs.
		I appreciate the strong network of bike paths in Madison and feel incentivising and promoting bicycle or ebike travel in
422	Southwest	cities could both help highway traffic congestion and reduce the environmental impact of automobile emissions.
		More trains would be great. They don't have to be amtrak (very expensive)
423	Southwest	
424	Southwest	Improve mass transit and make more readily available
425	Southwest	Autonomous vehicles; truck and auto separation; Emphasis on muiltimodal transportation.
426	Southwest	Yes! All of this! Thinking bigger than just owning a car!
		I know it is beyond WisDOT's control, but the legislature should allow the use of imminent domain to obtain ROW for
		bike and pedestrian facilities.
		WisDOT should be much more aggressive with negotiating railroad ROW leases; the public deserves to be able to use
		public ROW, and local governments should be able to place bike/ped and even local roaday crossings of RR ROW
		without the RR having the final say. Similarly, where adequate ROW exists but is not being actively used, local
		governments should be able to place bike/ped routes parallel to rail corridors to utilize existing
427	Southwest	underpasses/overpasses etc.
		Do this page.
		The CIU NAVE train is a vital part of transportation along the CE W/I area loop made at the convict heater. Also arread
		The CHI-MKE train is a vital part of transportation along the SE WI area, keep making that service better. Also, expand
		from Milwaukee to areas like Madison (not Columbus, but Madison) and north to the Fox Valley, Green Bay, etc.
		High speed rail was the big shiny object, but I'd happily take a reasonably frequent train service between Madison and
		Milwaukee that has its own tracks so freight trains dont***up it's schedule.
		apites seriedale.
		For people not driving cars: adopt a complete streets program, and lean into biking, walking, and transit as key modes
		that people use to get around. Taking just a few percentage of users off streets and highways adds up to big gainsand
		in cities like Madison where about 4-5% bike, and 8-10% of commuting trips are on transit, the mode split is
428	Southwest	noticeable! When it comes to transit, it's not hard, nothing sexy, just high frequency service.
		Transportation for all generations is important! Aging adults who can not drive their car be nice to have more options
429	Southwest	for them
430	Southwest	Local light rail or Bus Rapid Transit in every metropolitan area.
		Start a better estimating technique in the program and planning stages of a project and use risk based estimating and
		technology to do conceptual virtual planning and alternatives to start with the best "quantified/allowances" rather
		than a \$/mi technique used today. Estimate project as a whole planning/design/construction/right of way to grow trust
431	Southwest	in legislature that DOT knows what it is doing
432	Southwest	Tax the rich to employ the rest of us in building and maintaining green infrastructure.
	<u>-</u>	Evaluation of insurance industry participation in solving issues such as distracted driving. Include freight and
		agriculture in payment systems that factor in total haul distance and provide incentives for utilizing rail, shortening
433	Southwest	supply chains and shipping on lower demand modes or times.
		I strongly believe that we should seek a more European approach to funding (for example the Irish Road Tax).
		Increasing vehicle registration costs based on efficiency and emissions. This would both increase registration revenues
434	Southwest	and provide a carrot for buying vehicles with better efficiency/emissions.

ID	Region	Comment
		Tolling does help shift the cost burden onto people who use the roads more. It also must not be shifted to a private
		company like what Illinois did, since that could then make tolling less useful for the road projects. That said, people
		move further away from cities to get cheaper housing (per acre) and already "pay" by using and buying more fuel as
		well as their personal time with their commute. It may drive people closer to the cities where housing is already limited
435	Southwest	and relatively expensive.
436	Southwest	Consider the impact of the project for years to come. Environmental. How often it will need maintenance.
437	Southwest	If the state would legalize and tax marijuana there would be extra funding without having us pay for everyday driving.
		We have so many Illinois travelers. The law that says something like we can't tax in such a way that those who live out
438	Southwest	of state pay more I think. Get that law changed
		NE DOT 1. II. II. II. II. II. II. II. II. III.
		WisDOT should engage the legislature's TPC much more often and educate them on where the department is at. How
		much does it cost on average/mi to construct a rural two lane highway? How much money do we spend on traffic
		control on a free way project to do certain maintenance activates. Some times just doing maintenance work on a bridge on the freeway can result in millions spent on temporary roadways and structures to handle the traffic
		temporarily without massive backups and delays. Some more additional funding will be necessary to make substantial
439	Southwest	improvements to the current state of our transportation system.
433	Journwest	Gas tax is good choice.
		ous tax is good choice.
440	Southwest	Let us work to find the best and cheapest way to build and maintain roads.
		I think usage fees should be closer linked to the weight of the vehicle. My small Mazda pays the same as a truck 3x the
		size which causes far more wear and tear to the road. Ford F-150s etc are proliferating and causing roads to not last as
		long. They should pay much more in registration fees to compensate for the toll they take on our roadways. I am tired
441	Southwest	of subsidizing giant gas guzzling vehicles
		People who drive private automobiles should 100% subsidize the infrastructure they use state and local highways
		and motorways. I want to see funding mechanisms that dis-incentivize private automobile use and incentivize cheaper
		and less impactful "alternative transit options" such as buses, trains, bicycles, scooters, and walking. As private car use
442	Southwest	(hopefully) declines, we should be able to continue funding other transit options as revenue generated from private automobiles likewise decreases.
444	Journwest	We all pay to build transportation infrastructure. I am very opposed to a toll system on publicly funded roads.
		However, I am very much in favor of congestion pricing to reduce peak traffic. We should be inspecting vehicles, too,
		to reduce pollution and emissions. Higher mpg and lower emission vehicles should get registration breaks (not, as is
		currently the case, have to pay a high penalty). Funding for a much better and more robust public transportation
		system can come from annual private vehicle cost raises - from registration to fuel taxes for private vehicles. There can
443	Southwest	be waivers when needed.
		disincentivize the automobile through taxes, fees and incentivize mass transit with economic benefits for those who
444	Southwest	use mass transit, particularly thought large corporate entities with many employees - bus passes, showers for cyclists
445	Southwest	Just raise taxes, maybe on the wealthy or the folks who cause the most damage to the roads.
		Public transportation users, bicyclists, pedestrians, etc. should also pay their fair share. All of these options relate to
446	Southwest	vehicles (gas tax, tolls, miles, etc.). Need to explore even more options.
		Do not privatize our public roadways.
447	Southwest	

ID	Region	Comment
		mileage-based fees may be reasonable for urban areas where alternative transportation is available. Rural residents,
		including farmers, have few options and accept a 30+ mile commute as part of life. But, that shouldn't be penalized
		with a mileage fee.
		Increased fee schedule for vehicle registration is a possibility\$75 annual is more than reasonablethere is room for
		a little more.
448	Southwest	
448	Southwest	All of these options will disproportionately impact your marginalized and poor communities.
		Need stable source that survives changes in vehicle fuel use and choices and that preserves purchasing power by
450	Southwest	routinely adjusting the revenue stream.
		Need transportation funds to stay in transportation, not raided for other uses like had been done in a previous
451	Southwest	democratic administration.
452	Southwest	Increase support for mass-transit. We have enough roads.
		What is the price of clean air? (Priceless and rare, right?) We're pitting fuel efficiency against itself. Whatever.
		About funding: What about a tire tax?
		About fulfullig. What about a tire tax:
		About funding: How about hiring contractors that build better roads the first time? Make contractors post signs stating
		"This road built by" so we know who's responsible for the better roads AND the sub-par roads. Hint: Hire back the
453	Southwest	better road builders
		I think taxing is backwards. High mileage vehicles should be rewarded rather than penalized. Guzzlers should get the
454	Southwest	hammer not hybrids. Consider a sliding scale based on mileage or years of service.
455	Southwest	Matching funds
		Wisconsin should do more to take advantage of the out of state drivers in Wisconsin for assistance with transportation
		funding. The gas tax is simple to implement and adjust, and brings in out of state revenue. Increasing title and
		registration fees brings in funding - but only from Wisconsin residents. Looking into tolling in areas that limit federal
		oversight (bridges) might be a good way to pilot the technology in Wisconsin. Auto-tolling has revolutionized the
456	Southwest	collection of funds, without impacting travel time.
457	Southwest	Several of items has been explored in past studies, legislative committees, can items be followed on those areas?
437	Southwest	What about outside of the box thinking. Why are we continually spending large amounts of money for roads when we
		should be thinking of transportation alternatives such as hovercraft or other vehicle modes that would not impact the
458	Southwest	road as much.
		Stay away from tolling. Wasteful and can be used for funding non-transportation project instead of roads and bridges.
459	Southwest	Also steer clear of PPPs. The only investment private investors want are tolls.
		License plate readers at all entry points to the state to capture truck travel from out of state trucks that require IFTA or
		IRP but do not have it. Getting the right amount of money owed the state from out of state trucks through proper IFTA
		and IRP payments. More funding for law enforcement to conduct traffic enforcement stops and not just on the
460	Southwest	highways.
461	Southwest	No privatizing of public assets. Any partnership have Private businesses take on equal amount or risk.
		The state should work regionally with neighboring states to establish a sustainable and interconnected transportation
		system. Major cities in the area (Chicago, Milwaukee, Minneapolis) should be examining a future in which they are
		more dependent on each other than cross-country or global trade. No regressive taxing measures should be
462	Southwest	considered to fund our roads.
463	Southwest	NO TOLLWAYS, don't sell our roads to private entities like Illinois and other states have done.
464	Southwest	Explore selling naming rights for bridges, streets, and roads.
465	Ca	More focus on electric and alternative fuel vehicles. Don't penalize electric and hybrid vehicle owners with higher
465	Southwest	registration fees.

Must raise the gas tax not only to fund infrastructure, but to discourage gasoline-powered internal combustion engines to fight climate change. A vexing and complicated issue is requiring that private intercity buses use and pay to use terminals rather than curbside drop off/pick up. Airplanes must use airports so buses and trains should use terminals. Absolutely NO tolling, or mileage based tax. Eliminate wheel taxes, and lower gas taxes. Need to cut programs that do not serve the primary mission of the DOT. Need to be more cost effective with each dollar given to the department. Partnering with local communities as well as the federal government to maximize input and options when funding our transportation system is important. Local entities like to feel involved and empowered when planning a project in their area, and they appreciate WisDOT's efforts to bridge the gap with the federal government to obtain additional funds (aside from state and local funds) to expedite and/or enhance a planned project when applicable. Gas tax indexing should be reinstated. Hybrid taxation - which is duplicate taxation, should be removed. Wisconsin continues to see high tourist activity from out of state residents, mainly It. We should have tolls in our state as well for all persons. Tax heavier vehicles which cause increased damage to the roads. As outhwest If ax heavier vehicles which cause increased damage to the roads. As outhwest It would it is beyond WisDOT's control, but the legislature should re-authorize RTAs. If on taxy abandon toll road options, but first I dlook at the multi-life cycle cost of highway expansion projects and you'll come to the conclusion that projects like the Zoo interchange and upcoming highway widening in MKE are unsustainable (and definitely highways don't belong in citiesget them out of there and return that land to the city where it can be more productive). Immanthink about it multiple billions of dollars to expand a few miles of existing highway, yet people are killed on stre	ID	Region	Comment
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482 Southwest have failed future generations.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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ID	Region	Comment
		Having equitable infrastructure that doesn't include a de facto mandate to own a car. That amounts to thousands of dollars of cost to families, which is a huge financial burden to low-income households. Car infrastructure creates
		physical barriers that effectively take away the choice of walking, riding a bike, or public transportation, which forces
		people to spend money on personal cars.
		Removing on-street parking to implement bike lanes, bus lanes, and widen sidewalks makes shopping districts much more vibrant, and many studies show it actually increases the amount spent by shoppers because those places are comfortable and people are more likely to spend time there. Madison's State Street is an excellent example of this, but major shopping districts in downtown areas around the world have car-light infrastructure that makes them more attractive to shoppers.
		We should also be evaluating multi-million or multi-billion dollar road projects differently. They are fossil-fuel infrastructure that is actively causing global climate change while simultaneously increasing impervious surface area and therefore flood risk. Because of induced demand, we already know that the throughput improvements are short-term, often erased in less than two years. Our money would be better spent maintaining the transportation infrastructure we already have then building new infrastructure we won't have the money to maintain.
483	Southwest	Instead of widening freeways, why not install bus only lanes, pushing people to use greener alternatives and carpool? The argument that this is social engineering and therefore bad is disingenuous since our built environment is effectively socially engineered to force reliance on cars and the massive subsidies provided to them at the expense of taxpayers. Light rail, bike infrastructure, sidewalks, and bus lanes offer far better return on investments when evaluating cost to move people around, particularly in dense urban environments.
		Almost all of this seems to focus primarily on keeping LOS A for drivers. Instead of educational campaigns to reduce distracted driving, I think the transportation engineers should be narrowing streets, including curb bulbouts, removing parking, adding street trees, installing at-grade pedestrian crossings, constructing bollards, and providing pedestrian refuge islands. Install actual infrastructure to force drivers to pay attention, and the need for education (which is marginally effective) and enforcement (effective only if/when officers are present) virtually disappear. See Sweden's enactment of Vision Zero, changes made to streets in the Netherlands following the "Stoop de Kindermoord" campaign, and other engineering design changes that have been proven to improve safety.
		Implementation should be done based on level of need. That means evaluating not only the number of collisions and KSIs, but the number of people riding bikes, walking, or scooting on a given stretch of road. There should also be a concerted effort to install that infrastructure in areas of low-income, where residents are far more likely to be injured and die \in traffic collisions than their counterparts in wealthier suburbs - partially due to the lower car ownership in low-income areas, and partially due to lower-quality infrastructure in those areas. The implementation should also work with residents of those areas to determine what infrastructure should be included - engineers should not simply design something for a community without determining whether it will actually be used and meets their needs.
		Safe infrastructure for cyclists and pedestrians means separated, protected routes. It could be a curb similar to Madison's University Avenue through campus, or a parking-protected option, but paint is not infrastructure.
		Lastly, in order to consider a cycling or pedestrian route a safe, viable option for transportation, it CANNOT be a discontinuous network that doesn't go to important areas. If a rider is on a disappearing bike lane that suddenly ends, dumping them onto busy roads, it is NOT safe infrastructure. If the network doesn't go to a grocery store, to the mall, to theaters, to restaurants, etc., then it forces vulnerable road users into dangerous situations. Using an under-utilized, disconnected network of bike lanes or sidewalks as proof that people don't walk or ride a bike for transportation is a common practice for opponents of active transportation, so any plan should detail the full final network, and work to
484	Southwest	make sure it is continuous and goes to places people want to visit.
707	Journwest	Triance sails it is continuous and Boes to places beoble want to April.

ID	Region	Comment
טו	Region	Zoning becomes a massive sticking point for these. Mandating parking minimums, single-family homes, and 40-ft roadways for on-street parking prevent us from building transportation systems that don't rely on cars. The increased sprawl requires individual transportation options and prevents public transit, cycling, and walking as viable modes of transportation. As stated above, car-free or car-light areas are far more pleasant to visit, far safer, and far better for the environment. US citizens frequently visit Europe and talk about how relaxing the cities are, how walkable neighborhoods are, and how easy it is to get around without a car, seemingly ignoring the fact that we could have that
485	Southwest	here too. We just need to change zoning and mandatory parking minimums. Since electric cars won't address brake/tire dust particulates, safety, or use of public space concerns, planning to switch to those is at best a short-term response. I think we should be doing everything we can to maximize the efficiency of space use (buses, light rail, subways, walking, cycling), which would naturally push us towards a carbon-neutral transportation future.
		I think it's important to stop prioritizing spending on the most space-inefficient vehicles, destructive, and environmentally damaging vehicles we have. Prioritize funding for walking, public transit, and cycling first. We can't continue relying on personal vehicles forever, and we should start making that shift as soon as we can.
		We also need to stop building new infrastructure when we struggle to find funding to repair the existing roads, bridges, and trails. We spent \$1.7 billion for a single interchange in Milwaukee that required cuts to the University of Wisconsin budget, decimated 15 years of public transit funding, and wiped away two years worth of highway repair funds. That interchange will be back to its previous travel times shortly due to induced demand, and what did we gain from it? Why not fix the crumbling bridges we already have instead? Why not repair the broken roads? Patch our trail system? Improve ADA compliance on our sidewalks?
486	Southwest	If we truly want to design for the future, we need to be ready to stop putting driver LOS ahead of all other metrics. The sooner we shift to climate-friendly options, the better. In addition to pushing us toward a carbon-neutral transportation system, it will decrease the need for expensive infrastructure projects, improve livability of our cities, promote healthier means of transport, increase transportation equity, and have massive positive impacts on safety in our transportation system.
		While I don't think Amtrak is particularly bad, it's an expensive, slow option to get around the state and country, and it has limited options for destinations. Better light rail, for example along interstates, would go a long way toward improving that as a viable transportation option.
		Bus routes have similar problems regarding convenience for many trips. I use them regularly to get between Madison and Milwaukee or Chicago, for example, but I don't know of any routes to get to most parts of the state using bus or light rail.
487	Southwest	Cycling and pedestrian infrastructure should absolutely be expanded for a variety of reasons. Safety, environmental impact, economic return, a livability of streets are near the top of the list. A connected, safe, comfortable network is crucial for this though; it cannot simply be paint. If the transportation officials who sign off on the project aren't comfortable walking or riding on it with their 6-year-old child or their 80-year-old grandparents, it is not safe infrastructure. Bike lanes and sidewalks that can be used as parking spaces WILL be used as parking spaces. Soft-hit posts offer extremely limited protection while curbs and steel or concrete bollards actually make a bike lane safe.

ID	Region	Comment
		Unless I am wildly mistaken, user fees don't come close to covering construction and maintenance costs for our current
		road system. If we start actually charging drivers for the full cost of their transportation, I think that would go a long
		way to not only decreasing the number of cars on the road (with all the concomitant benefits to safety, health, and the
		environment), but closing some of the funding gaps without having to cut funding to critical public services. Raising the
		gas tax, implementing tolls, increasing registration fees, and charging for distances driven are great options to help
		make sure people without cars aren't carrying a disproportionate financial burden for road maintenance and
		construction. I would also add congestion fees and market-adjusted parking meters and ramps to this list; London and
		other cities have already successfully implemented them, and I don't see any reason we couldn't do the same in
488	Southwest	Wisconsin's larger cities, particularly during peak times.
		More 4 lane roads and less cheap overlays of inadequate 2 lane roads to meet the ever growing traffic volume
489	Southwest	numbers
490	Southwest	It needs to prioritize access for those who cannot or do not want to drive.
		Dequire a minimum 15 cocond group light on all traffic signals and detectors that are detect All making a residue.
401	Courthwest	Require a minimum 15 second green light on all traffic signals and detectors that can detect ALL vehicles especially small vehicles like bicycles. Require fully paved shoulders on all roads and prohibit the use of gravel shoulders.
491	Southwest	small verticles like bicycles. Require fully paved shoulders on all roads and proffibit the use of graver shoulders.
492	Southwest	As a lifelong resident, I hope Wisconsin will prioritize minimizing pollution and greener, more efficient solutions.
		Get heavy trucks off our roads and onto other modes
		Subsidize other modes
493	Southwest	Transit isn't very useful for most people - reimagine it so it actually saves us time vs driving ourselves
		Make a simpler system that we can afford to maintain.
		A basic system for everyone that is in decent shape vs spending so much to overbuild in a few places
		More money for local roads and last mile.
494	Southwest	Get heavy truck traffic off highway and on other modes
		Reduce vehicle miles traveled
		Reduce speed so people can stop for wildlife
		Design for wildlife movement
		Roadsides should support habitat
		Don't build in sensitive areas
495	Southwest	
		Transit is usually too slow to make it worthwhile. Make it more efficient so people actually want to use it and save time
496	Southwest	doing so.
		Keep it simple
		Live within our long-term means
497	Southwest	

ID	Region	Comment
		Capture the cost of heavy trucks that are tearing up our roads. Charge them for it. Find a way to charge through state
		truckers for their impact.
		Transit users need to pay fair share.
		Charge bike registration fees to fund paths.
		All modes should help fund the system.
498	Southwest	Tolls are awful - no.
499	Southwest	Build what we can afford to maintain
		Fossil fuel vehicles should not be outlawed as the California governor wants to do there by 2035. Fossil fuel usage in WI
		is currently at 77% for all power. Getting to 25% in 2050 would allow time for infrastructure \$ in both private service
500	Carrellance	investment and government to be capitalized better. Meaning not as much waste in \$ and resources as making
500	Southwest	unreasonable mandates.
		Did Minnesota or Feds have an option available to use another route for Amtrak between Milwaukee & Twin Cities.
		Namely the old C&NW route through Eau Claire? This follows off the question above to make Amtrak available to more
		WI cities.
		What about running a commuter rail line between the freeway lanes going into Milwaukee as Chicago does?
		Make freeway 3 lanes to Milwaukee. This stretch getting overly congested. The 2008 recession decision to extend
		three lanes to Sun Prairie and congestion in Waukesha County can only be addressed by a third lane - whether or not
501	Southwest	high speed rail becomes a reality in 10-25yr.
502	Southwest	Figure out how to do construction in the winter
		By considering the environment and offering more rail travel throughout the state (both long distance and in cities) we
		would cut down on vehicle pollution, slow down the need for fossil fuels and the need for cars/trucks that eventually
		fill our landfills.
		By designing rail travel that's convienent to all Wisconsin residents - and considering and preserving Wisconsin's
		beauty in rail system design at the same time, we maximize Wisconsin's assets. Our residents get where they need to
		go to suceed in their lives and our natural environment will continue to be valued, preserved and will remain a huge tourism asset for the future.
503	Southwest	tourism asset for the future.
303	Southwest	
		Quiet, fast, solar or any other non-fossil fuel powered trains/modes of transportation are needed in Wisconsin for
		individual and freight transportation (and throughout entire the U.S Wisconsin can't do it alone- it should happen at
		both state and federal levels).
		We need to protect and preserve our relatively pristine environment here in Wisconsin by reducing gas/oil powered
		individual car/truck travel and find alternative non-auto and non-air travel options. We need to be free from traditional
		manufacturers of cars/trucks by having real options other than gas cars. Rail travel should not be just for city-dwellers -
504	Southwest	should be offered widely in all parts of the state of Wisconsin.
505	Southwest	unable to access toolkit materials on google drive unable to view live webinar videos
		No more highway expansion projects in urbanized areas. Highway expansion removes parcels which, along with
		providing housing and commercial space for people, provide cities with property taxes. However, often the expense of
		running utilities and services to the area and across the highway still remains.
		Highways in urbanized areas reduce the cities budget, remove useful parcels, and add maintenance costs to taxpayers
		all while primarily only serving people outside the city.
506	Southwest	Highways/Interstates should not be in cities.
500	Journwest	riigiiways/interstates should not be in cities.

ID	Region	Comment
יוו	Region	Slow drivers down. Speed is the great multiplier of crash likelihood and severity. We need to reimagine what our
		streets look like. Narrower lanes, less lanes, more facilities for people walking and biking that comply to guidelines of
		NACTO and the all ages and abilities approach.
		Three of the thruges and assisted approach
		Roadway features like signs/markings should be well maintained.
		RR crossings have been historically well funded, and crashes have decreased thanks to that effort in the last several
		decades (ahem, ped safety).
		Technology can be good, but the ROI can sometimes not be there. Favor proven systems that have data from non-
		biased parties over systems that are touted by the vendor but lack the data driven before/after reporting. Spend that
507	Southwest	saved money on maintenance.
		Make reducing VMT a goal and move away from LOS as a driving factor in project identification and design.
		Prioritize transit system, bike networks, carpooling and better land use patterns whenever possible over highway
508	Southwest	expansions.
300	Southwest	CAPATISTOTIS.
		This, aside from basic maintenance, is the biggest area of concern for our transportation system.
		Rail:
		Madison, WI needs to have an Amtrak station. It's insane that a city of 250k and county of 500+k has no Amtrak station
		or service. While I wish we could have the HSR that Walker took away, I'd take a normal train from MAD-Watertown-
		MKE (possibly with stops in Sun Prairie and a suburb of MKE) that ran several times a day.
		Otherwise, keep investing in the MKE-CHI line, and seek to expand it NB to the Green Bay area.
		Transit:
		I would caution the use of park and rides with transit. As a user of a park and ride + transit connection myself, they
		should be located on the outskirts of the city as more transit orientated development in denser parts of the cities are
		better land use. Also, try to encourage development at the park and ride, things like small food shops.
		Biking:
		It's very frustrating to see WisDOT projects like STH 19 near DeForest go in without a protected bike route. Sun Prairie
		clearly has a bike route along STH 19 and yet there seems to be no vision to connect that path to Waunakee. In
		general, every project should include some form of broad bike route planning evaluation with the goal to connect
		towns 10 miles or less from each other to each other via a separated bike path. 10 miles is an hour of riding for a very
		casual rider. With e-bikes, it's like 40 minutes.
		, and the second
		Walking:
		Walking is the most basic form of transportation, therefore it should be the first form considered. Most everyone can
		walk, and when your car breaks downyou'll be walking too. Every non limited access highway project should have
509	Southwest	facilities for people walking that are convenient, useful, and comfortable

ID	Region	Comment
		#1: stop spending money on expansion projects (yes, even those expansion projects that are sold to the taxpayers as 'maintenance')
		#2: Tie damage done to the road to taxes. Heavy vehicles do more damage, therefore they should be taxed more.
		#3: Move off from gas tax and onto a mileage tax. The gas tax falls short of collecting enough revenue to pay for the road thanks to no one wanting to pay it and EV's. So start moving towards a mileage tax while increasing the gas tax and reducing expansions which cost capital and long term maintenance costs.
510	Southwest	#4: I'd rather pay more in taxes than pay tolls.
		WisDOT should look to move off LOS and set a goal for reducing VMT. This would preserve the existing infrastructure
		and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
		To do this, we must favor more efficient modes of transportation (transit, bike, rail, walking) where possible and logical.
		Passenger rail should be prominent between cities that are 1-2 hours apart from each other, with stations being located downtown.
		Bike systems should be regional, but also focused on trips of less than 5 miles (3 miles for non E-bike, 5 miles for E-bikes). Build out the bike infrastructure so these short trips can be taken safely and efficiently on bike.
		Walking should be prioritized on all non-limited access streets/roads/highways to improve safety and encourage more walking trips and physical activities.
		Streetlighting wasn't covered, but it's a big safety issue with pedestrian safety. From what I've seen WisDOT does a good job at it's junctions, keep it up.
		Roundabouts: stop putting channelized right turn lanes everywhere and overbuilding the roundabouts. Roundabouts are supposed to slow traffic down, yet your designs are constantly overdesigned and therefore encourages unsafe driving behavior. Simple 1 lane roundabouts can handle a lot of volume, no need for multiple lanes and slip lanes which make biking through these roundabouts absolute hell.
Г11	Cauthurast	Cood lught
511	Southwest	Good luck! Will bicycling be given more emphasis for both commuting and recreation? Bike sales have skyrocketed and people
512	Southwest	need to feel safe using their bikes.
212	Journwest	3 lanes on 94 between Madison and MKE. 3 lanes on 90/94 between Mauston and Lyndon Station (to and from Dells
513	Southwest	area).
		Raise the *** gas tax already!!! Let's have everyone that uses our roads pay their share. Raising license and title fees
514	Southwest	only soak WI citizens.
515	Southwest	Keep our roads free of pot holes.
516	Southwest	Please reduce traffic congestion by providing an appropriate number of traffic lanes in and around metro areas.
517	Southwest	Having enough lanes for traffic volumes in larger metro areas and reducing traffic congestion.
518	Southwest	Keep interstate transportation maintained for trucks to transport goods to community" we saw when the covid -19 outbreak happen transportation was a key but not for tourists.
518	Southwest	Raise the gas tax, for pete's sake!
520	Southwest	High speed rail, improved passenger trains and rail options.
521	Southwest	High speed rail and inter urban rail systems
522	Southwest	I would like to see more rail options throughout the state.
		1

ID	Region	Comment
		Base registration fees on fuel efficiency, use. Reward those who use less fuel, drive fewer miles with lesser fee than
523	Southwest	heavy/less efficient users.
		Budget should focus on maintenance and upgrades and efficient use of existing infrastructure rather than new
524	Southwest	projects.
		Non-driver issues are referenced in just one focus area - but this issue is hard to find. It should embedded and
		highlighted throughout - especially as people with disabilities live longer and Wisconsin ages. Because we are a car-
		centric state, non-drivers are often neglected. It is not just about system integration, but a recognition of the value non-
		drivers bring to our economy and community - either as workers or as consumers or both. Non-driving is becoming
		more of a choice for people and should be integrated throughout all planning efforts as it will modernize both our
525	Southwest	urban and rural areas.
		Public transit and other transportation for non-drivers need to ensure that people - particularly low income people -
		can get to jobs. That is not reflected in this economic vitality question, but is a very important option. If we want
		people to improve their quality of life and contribute to the economy, they need to be able to access a variety of
		employment options that help them to do that. Currently non-drivers and low income folks are trapped due to the
526	Southwest	limits of their transportation options in both rural and urban areas of the state. This is also an equity issue that must be addressed to recognize significant disparities.
320	Southwest	content in main page using + signs was difficult to access - as I scrolled, content disappeared. not sure I fully
		understand/agree that farming is declining in the state and it's also important to consider the agricultural industry- the
		number of people involved in agricultural processing and production is increasing based on the infrastructure we have
527	Southwest	in WI
528	Southwest	Transportation for individuals with special needs that is affordable for daily living trips
320	Southwest	No I enjoyed working with dot when I worked for elder and disabled transportation in my county.
529	Southwest	The Ferritage Wall dot Wiell's Worked for class and disposed adiapportation in my county.
		Charging for miles driven in addition to gas tax would discourage recreational travel and negatively effect economic
		growth. It would also unfairly impact vehicle owners instead of Right now it would generate very little due to
		diminished travel and stifle economic growth when people are able to be out and about again. It's important to be
530	Southwest	cognizant if issues now to full actualize the ideal transportation system of 2050.
524	Cauthurat	Outside of Jetson-style flying cars, I don't expect a great shift in what transportation and navigation looks like today.
531	Southwest	Good solid roads connecting economic powerhouses have been with us for centuries and will remain with civilization.
532	Southwest	Consistent enforcement of traffic laws is important. Currently, outside urban areas, speed limit enforcement on interstate highways seems to be sporadic at best.
332	Southwest	Implementing high-speed passenger rail service along the Chicago-Milwaukee-Minneapolis corridor would be more
533	Southwest	beneficial than increasing the frequency of existing service.
534	Southwest	Mileage-based user fees should be charged for commercial vehicles only.
337	30411110	I would like to see city of Madison and Milwaukee get connected with high speed rail with the cities of chicago and
535	Southwest	Minneapolis.
536	Southwest	Tolls in WI? Hell no!
537	Southwest	Take the roundabouts and shove them up your ***!
538	Southwest	Rural areas have no options something can be done about that
		Bridges nationwide are structurally deficient so keeping up on them will prevent another tragedy like the I-35 collapse.
		The ratio of a large corporation's income to it's taxes and fees it pays to use infrastructure makes far less of an impact
		than a family or local business trying to get by in a pandemic. Every effort should be made to prioritize the businesses
		that make up our communities, not the big companies that want to make a quick buck. Reach out to downtown main
539	Southwest	street associations and see what their needs are. Our community fabric can't afford to lose these businesses.
540	Southwest	Narrower lanes to save pavement costs, improve pedestrian safety, and discourage speeding.

ID	Region	Comment
-	- 3	
		Multi-lane roads between 30 and 55 miles per hour with intersections are too dangerous and are an unsightly way to
		enter many charming small towns when cheap strip malls can have random curb cuts anywhere. Streetscaping with
		decorative lights and planters should be explored, possibly in collaboration with local governments, to make new
		commercial areas more attractive, compact, and have a higher ROI. This can help reduce runoff and impervious
		surfaces that directly impact watersheds. Keep recreational trails within view of natural resources but design them to
		minimize pavement/runoff within sensitive shorelands. Also "reduced emissions" is too often used to justify
		expensive/destructive widening and it doesn't consider the environmental costs of construction and maintenance, just
541	Southwest	traffic congestion (which also often increases after a widening project).
542	Southwest	Safe places to lock up bikes long term where they can be dry, supervised, and out of the elements.
		No more grants for expensive bypasses that only reduce travel times by 30 seconds. More focus on preserving what we
		already have since much of the state isn't growing. Stop widening Milwaukee County streets to benefit Waukesha
		County commuters who don't have to live with the pollution and noise they produce. Not every road needs to be wide
		with full curb and gutter, especially local roads. Finally, why are there so many places where there are both bike lanes
		and a 6' asphalt path? I am a proponent of both, but providing both on the same stretch of road seems redundant and
543	Southwest	wasteful.
		Make development pay for its own infrastructure (Foxconn!!!). Businesses that impact roads more than I do with heavy
		trucks, shipping, etc., need to pay their fair share. Bikes shouldn't have to pay hardly anything as their impact on
		infrastructure and the environment is minimal. Toll people entering from Illinois, we pay to go through their state, and
544	Southwest	they clog up our highways all summer long.
		It's been a challenging year so keep up the great work, never forget Wisconsin's history as a pioneer in transportation
		innovation. I look forward to the reprioritization of America, where we realize that a bigger-is-better, growth-at-all-
		costs approach has made us lonely, sick, and broke. You have the opportunity to play a great role in restoring
		communities of all sizes across the state into a new era of prosperity- one where economies are strong, but so are
545	Southwest	neighborhoods and social circles.
546	Southwest	Not increasing miles of road because we do not have the money to support their long term maintenance
547	Southwest	Highway underpasses for wildlife, to reduce all the road-kill.
		Costs should be fairly distributed across all users including shipping companies. When companies contribute to a
		politician's campaign and in return gets lowered fees, it pushes more of the actual cost of goods onto others who may
		not even consume those goods. Everyone needs to pay their fair share. Also, we need a fair way to determine
		highway taxes for automobiles other than the gas tax, as electric cars put as much wear and tear on a road as gas-
		driven cars do and electric car owners need to pay their fair share. In my way of thinking the words "fees" and "taxes"
		are equivalent so don't pretend it's ok to add a "fee" and think that all the rest of us will think it's not a "tax". Be
548	Southwest	honest about this.
		Life is changing so fast in our morning walks I have seen young people on motorized skate boards and other unusual
		means of transportation. Can you plan for more of these individual means of motorized transportation methods?
5 40	6 .1 .	They seem convenient and would need less parking space, be less damaging to roads, etc., and really look like they are
549	Southwest	fun!
550	Southwest	Not at this time. I am election overwhelmed.
	Ca	As our population ages, we need have transportation options available for the elderly to be able to participate in the
551	Southwest	economy. Think shood Coords mans already talks mo the speed limit of the read lim on Evrand this constitute other read
		Think ahead. Google maps already tells me the speed limit of the road I'm on. Expand this capacity to other road
		signage. If you do have a "your speed is" radar sign, include the actual speed limit. One safety issue I wonder about is
	C a	that is seems that some cars' headlights are unusually bright even on low beam. Do we need to restrict the lumens
552	Southwest	allowed?
		By 2050 we should have had a zero emission - including greenhouse gases - transportation sector for 10 years. If not,
		we are seriously ***. Designing structures that are both functional and beautiful and occassionally isonic. If nothing also descrate the
EE2	Couthwest	Designing structures that are both functional and beautiful and occassionally iconic. If nothing else, decorate the
553	Southwest	bridges and retaining walls with friezes or tiles.

ID	Region	Comment
		Except for car transportation, all other forms of transit seem to be half done. I can ride on a bike lane in Middleton and
		when I cross into Madison it is gone, and vice-versa. Clearly marked bike routes disappear. Sidwalks end. Rural roads
		with paved shoulders dangerously narrow. Are we halfway there or is this as good as it gets?
		We have to figure out the suburbs. We can't just have a new burb grow and then punish the farmers and
		neighborhoods between them and the business core with destructive and divisive new multi-lane corridors. Maybe
		every suburb including towns has to have a transportation plan in place before they can add more homes. Do we
		need a high speed bus lane, perhaps elevated or tunneled, from Waunakee to downtown? or a gondola over the lake?
554	Southwest	Or don't grow Waunakee!
555	Southwest	We need to make maintenance a higher priority than new, especially on roads.
		I am paying a hefty registration fee on my hybrid car. I both understand this and, given how few miles I drive in
		Wisconsin, resent it. I further resent it as less efficient vehicles do not pay a carbon tax.
		I suggest a temporary fix will be a carbon tax. Start at \$20 per ton CO2 and raise annually until it is \$40 per ton by 2030
		and \$80 per ton by 2040. This predictable increase will inspire innovation to reduce emissions.
		Any sustainable system will have to account three aspects of transportation 1) that it is there (e.g. the corridor), 2) the
		volume of use, and 3) the damage done to the road/rail. A toll system should be phased in accounting these. 1) Start
		with a per mile baseline. 2) Increase fees on high-use areas and times. This would pay into an expansion/alternative
		transportation/new facility fund. 3) Increase fees based on weight. This will pay for repairs and, perhaps, an alternative
556	Southwest	such as rail.
330	3041111031	
		The driverless revolution is hard to predict. It has the potential to be a game changer. I can imagine a system of small,
		driverless buses running very frequently on high-speed, bus rapid transit, corridors throughout the metro. Smaller
		units mean higher frequency and shorter waits. Coupled with high speeds, this will be the game changer.
		Put some serious thought into how bicycles interact with cars at intersections. I bike through the Middleton, WI,
		Century Avenue and Allen Blvd intersection and wonder how I am still alive. I'm not sure what is best. Clearly bike
		lanes. Perhaps, bikes get a 3 second head start. There are a lot of intersection types and the solutions could be varied.
		It requires some thought.
		Pet peeve. In situations where two lanes merge to one, always presume the outside/right lane is the through lane and
		merge into it. Those passing on the left need to yield. Thus, get rid of all those "Lane Ends Merge Left" signs. Replace
		with "Lane Ends Merge Right." And for creeper lanes, replace the "Slower Traffic Keep Right" sign with "Keep Right
		Except to Pass." This makes all two lane areas consistent.
557	Southwest	And metric units to speed limit and miles to signs.
		Expansion of passenger rail. Including high speed rail. Coordination of multi modal transport that reduces reliance on
558	Southwest	autos
		Reduction of auto transportation. Integrated transportation planning that dramatically reduced need for more auto
559	Southwest	miles.
		Reduction of auto transport. More opportunities for bus, rail and especially bike and walking paved trails linking the
560	Southwest	heart of cities with rural and suburban communities.
		Planning that designates biking/walking only routes to core areas of cities. Opportunities that integrate non motorized
561	Southwest	transport with bus/ rail/ plane. Bike storage/ bike elevators
		Oversight and enforcement of climate related rules/concerns for existing rail lines along environmentally sensitive
		areas.like Mississippi River. Dramatic reduction in fossil fuel transportwhy are we hauling haz materials for export on
562	Southwest	rails/ roads/ ships on and through environmentally sensitive areas and population centers?
F.C.3	C = #	Uliah angad will. Light will hat was a spira and daing a spira. It was a district on the
563	Southwest	High speed rail. Light rail between major population centers. Increased taxes on fossil fuel driven transport.
		We have been stuck in motorized fossil fuel transport for way too long. We need real leadership and spending on non
	6	fossil fuel driven transport including statewide system of electric plug in fast charging stations. All electric bus service.
564	Southwest	Etc.

ID	Region	Comment
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		Fix local roads and bridges. Make sure there's enough DOT staff to inspect work. Hold contractors accountable for
565	Southwest	shoddy work (see hwy 78). Ticket people for inattentive driving before they crash. I can see it, why can't the police?
		Stop building our transportation system based on abstract theories, and start building it based on how our places
		actually work and what our neighbors actually need. And please stop obsessing about future growth and start
566	Southwest	concerning yourselves with our current finances.
		WisDOT should stop prioritizing efficiency and start valuing resilience. We can not afford the future maintenance and
567	Southwest	replacement obligations of the huge, irreversible projects being bonded with future dollars today.
568	Southwest	Buses and passenger rail with bike carrying features to facilitate casual, daily travel amongst Northern Wisconsin cities
		If we are not already transitioned to new modes of transportation and organizing our economy by 2050, we really
		won't have many more years left. Please serve the people of Wisconsin by investing in a livable world. Our lives and
569	Southwest	our children's lives
		For statewide travel with good amenities and no CO2 or CH4 emissions, there is no substitute for electrified passenger
570	Southwest	rail. With dependable arrival times, you can integrate with bus schedules to allow multimodal trips.
		Our population is aging and we emphasize independence and aging at home in our community. Both good but if then
		we do not provide safe, affordable, accessible transportation we will isolate older people in their homes. The same is
571	Southwest	true of the disabilit
		Transportation in Wisconsin has only gotten worse for non-drivers in the last 20 years. This is a sad state of affairs
		considering the huge population in the Baby Boomer generation increasingly won't (or at least shouldn't) be able to
572	Southwest	rely on driving the
573	Southwest	YES! If I'm still alive, I'll be retired by then and I won't need your *** roads because I'm moving to Montana!!!
a	6	We need to promote and support alternative transportation, biking, trains, etc. discouraging people to drive cars
574	Southwest	should be on the list of goals.
		Explore alternative modes of transportation statewide to promote the usage of less fossil fuels and to provide transportation for people who cannot/choose not to drive cars. Possible tax incentives or sale of green vehicle tax
575	Southwest	breaks. We need to things t
576	Southwest	What ever happened to the high-speed plans between St. Paul, Madison, and Chicago?
577	Southwest	l'd love to be able to take a high speed train to Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison, or the Twin Cities
3//	Journwest	Wisconsin is fortune to find itself between the booming economies of Chicago and Minneapolis St Paul. It would be
		foolish not to take advantage of this fortunate location and tap in to their economies, ultimately creating one larger
578	Southwest	economic region as op
3,0	Southwest	High speed trains need to be brought to the state. A route connecting chicago-milwaukee-madison-eau claire-
579	Southwest	minneapolis could be a great boon for Wisconsin
		Use new urbanist techniques when planning for cities. Even smaller communities can use better bike infrastructure to
580	Southwest	link them together and in their downtowns.
		Do not count on 23% increase in vehicle-miles-traveled by 2050. Implement strategies to reduce vehicle-miles-traveled
581	Southwest	per capita.
		We need to raise the price of driving a lot, not only to pay for transportation infrastructure costs and mitigate fossil
582	Southwest	fuel pollution, but to improve neighborhoods that have been hurt by the transportation infrastructure.
		Please add more multi-city mass transit options. And more mass transit in general, but the lack of connecting systems
		is ridiculous when the giant Chicago system stretches all the way up to Kenosha but Wisconsin can't be bothered to
583	Southwest	hook into it.
584	Southwest	Would like a high speed train that goes between Madison and Milwaukee
		I believe the state should continue to pursue more stringent measures, both cultural initiatives and legal ones, that
		dissuade and diminish drunk driving.
585	Southwest	I am in favor of greatly expanding the number of roadside car-charging stations for electric vehic

ID	Region	Comment
586	Southwest	More funding for county highways
		future planning should be better predicted. A road under construction one year is back under construction 5 years
		later to enlarge. Make them big from the beginning. Seems wasteful. Same with certain types of blacktop. Some seem
587	Southwest	to last forever and other
		How many fast electric charging stations can we put along our roads if the current trajectory of everybody owning their
588	Southwest	own vehicle continues?
		Make the action of driving under the influence and/or driving while intoxicated, whatever you want to call it; an actual
		CRIME. Make it so that the first DUI/DWI is a STRONG PENALTY, make it the HARSHEST PENALTY in the country. Have a
589	Southwest	LAW with actual bal
		Highway capacity expansion should be eliminated, and the savings passed on to walking, biking and public transit
590	Southwest	projects.
		I would hope we've gone a long way in reducing emissions, improving the transportation accessibility for all, and have
591	Southwest	reduced the amount of accidents on our roads and highways through careful planning and analyzing all available data
592	Southwest	What about our flying cars we are to have by then?
		When building new roads, is it possible to build below-ground small tunnels alongside them so that utilities such as
		fiber can been easily and more cost-effectively added to rural areas? It would minimize environmental disruptions for
593	Southwest	future utility upg
		It is only a matter of time that lobbying organizations realize that user delay is not only a big deal to the public, and
594	Southwest	therefore, to legislators. Getting ahead of that should be a priority. thank you for doing this survey.
		With the way things are in 2020, I don't see government getting any better in 30 years, so I am pretty sure everything
		people are telling you now will be a thrown out the window anyway; which means the crap roads we have now will be
595	Southwest	just as crappy in 205
		Transportation is a life necessity for all in our state: Stop blackmailing bludgeoning our citizens with fees, permits, and
596	Southwest	funding streams that fund and promote political correctness and activism:
		Fix freight trains at Chicago to boost the national system, every state benefits.
		Start thinking about a Dells->Chicago interstate bypass
507	6	
597	Southwest	Bus rapid transit in Madison and Milwaukee. The streetcar is stupid. (It gets stuck in traffic like a bus but is
		Robust green public transportation is essential for the survival and success of Wisconsin. The separation between
F00	Carrelarina	economy and environment is arbitrary and false. There is no "economy" outside of the environment. And rebuilding
598	Southwest Southwest	our society in a way th
599	Southwest	Level the playing field-emphasize passenger rail and public transit as much as you do highways. Diversification away from personal automobile centric transportationWisconsin lacks options for people unable to
		drive or seeking more affordable alternatives to intensive car usage; our over-dependence on cars limits the economic
600	Southwest	success of many peopl
000	Journwest	Hwy 33 through Vernon County is a mess! I've spent over \$3,000 in the last year repairing my vehicle from damage
		caused by your roads!!! I drive about 30,000 (Thirty Thousand) miles a year! I need these roads replaced. I cannot
601	Southwest	wait another one, two,
001	Southwest	wait another one, two,
602	Southwest	Tapping into the economic hubs of Minneapolis and Chicago. Setting up tolls that only charge out of state drivers
332	5546.114656	- sppgts this countries has at thinneapons and amagnificating up tons that only charge out of state drivers
		Invest in intermodal freight. Bring a rail intermodal container terminal to east, south east or south-central Wiscsonsin.
		wisconsin and a same and a same and a same as a same a
		Invest in transit-oriented development. Recognize that automobile-oriented growth is unsustainable financially and
603	Southwest	environmentally
		Every community is different. I think a lot of what is talked about here should be left up to the local communities to
604	Southwest	decide. Not the whole state. There are many communities that don't want a ton of growth. They like it as it is.
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

ID	Region	Comment
		High speed rail between madison, milwaukee, la crosse, eau claire, with ability to take a train to ohare or minneapolis.
		tourism revenue would explode if wisconsinites get to travel easily and quickly between our metro areas for day trips,
605	Southwest	and if out of
		I think anyone can see that we do need to help our farmers and manufactures get their goods were they need to go,
		this pandemic has showing how woefully inadequate our transportation system is and we need to help. How many
606	Southwest	horror stories have you heard o
607	Southwest	Improving our rail system could go a long way toward reducing traffic congestion and pollution.
		Reconstructing the statewide IH system that is over 60 yrs old. Perform more full reconstruct/upgrades to fix the
		underlying pavement structural issues and functional deficiencies, rather than focusing mostly on "band-aid" mill &
608	Southwest	overlay maintenance pro
609	Southwest	Maintaining roads what are already out there is very important to not have to go back and redo work already done.
		Planning for expansion. We are too short sighted when it comes to transportation expansion. User delay is an
		enormous expense to everyone and it does NOT get the attention it deserves. i.e. We know 39/90 north of Madison to
610	Southwest	the Dells needs to be expan
		Stop the 5-10 year band-aid projects and get back to really fixing the infrastructure problems we have. We are wasting
611	Southwest	money by not addressing the real problems and just throwing new pavement down.
612	Southwest	tolling!
613	Southwest	Replacing outdated bridges
		Demand management - reduce peak demands so we don't have to overbuild
64.4	6	
614	Southwest	Move the graves near Miller Park so we can expand I94 safely and cost effectively.
C4.F	C	Passenger transportation will support our economy, too, by allowing us to better connect to each other and with other
615	Southwest	states.
616	Southwest	We need transportation systems that will be resilient to climate disasters and climate migration in the next decade.
617	Southwest	Emphasize driver education, training and testing.
027		Traffic law enforcement and "safe streets" designs that discourage dangerous behaviors like speeding, red-light
		running, and car vs. bike + pedestrian conflicts. Wisconsin has taken a recklessly permissive attitude in recent years to
618	Southwest	very dangerous drive
619	Southwest	Invest in safety and increased options for walking and cycling in all 72 counties.
		Treat all crashes that are caused by drivers impaired by alcohol or other drugs as intentional actions, as criminal
		destruction of property, assault and battery, murder.
620	Southwest	Don't let cops use traffic stops as an excuse to harass drivers or engage in warra
621	Southwest	Preparing proactively for climate change will help avoid all the washed out bridges and culverts from the last few years.
		Changing driver behavior to reduce drunk or otherwise inebriated driving. This is a major issue in Wisconsin that sadly
622	Southwest	seems to often simply be treated as a non-urgent status quo.
		We need the police to step up and do more to reduce speeding and wreckless behavior behind the wheel. We need
623	Southwest	the court system to be more progressive when it comes to fines and jail time.
		do something about left lane babies\campers in the left lane! I've seen a lot of cars swerving around them people
624	Southwest	on phones build "local" and express lanes in larger cities to improve flow
625	Southwest	I wrote about providing minute to minute updates on app in other focus area
626	Southwest	ban cell phone use by drivers
627	Southwest	Bike lanes and sidewalks are a must. These provide safe, lower-cost transportation options.
		Move from reactive safety improvements (after the crashes) to proactive even more (identifying unsafe circumstances
628	Southwest	and fixing before the crashes).
		Think hard about what we can do about trucks during peak travel times.
629	Southwest	Require transponders and automatically ticket speeders.

ID	Region	Comment
		I don't think that they should have to pay fines or be sentenced to prison, BUT people who drive under the influence
		should not be able to continue driving in Wisconsin. They need to take some time off, get better, and then drive again
630	Southwest	once they will be
		Prioritizing the environment will be setting up Wisconsin for success and for survival. Young families want green space,
631	Southwest	accessible public transit, wildlife habitat, clean air and water, bikeable and walkable cities.
632	Southwest	If you don't get to carbon neutrality by 2050, climate change will destroy us and nothing else matters.
		Our natural environment is our future-more support of passenger rail and public transit helps achieve environmental
633	Southwest	goals.
634	Southwest	Please make the natural environment accessible for those mobility impaired.
		Encouraging multi-modal transportation options besides personal automobiles not only improves mobility and
		economic opportunity, but it also provides ways to get away from polluting modes like cars and freight trucking. A
635	Southwest	complete multi-modal system gets
636	Southwest	Mass transit, better access in minority communities
-		
ı		This survey is incredibly bad. The questions make no sense and allude to larger issues without any detail.
637	Southwest	I believe the protecting the natural environment to verge highest priority.
037	Southwest	I believe the protecting the natural environment to verge nightest priority.
1		Wildlife corridorsSee https://www.wpr.org/shows/benefits-wildlife-corridors; https://www.wpr.org/innovative-
638	Southwest	underpass-keeps-turtles-highway-its-saved-dozens-becoming-roadkill.
030	Journwest	More suburb-to-suburb public transit options, increased infrastructure for electric vehicle charging, transition of fleets
639	Southwest	to ev
033	Journwest	Consider so sort of commercial carbon-emitting tax or raising the gas tax by a few cents per gallon and putting it all
640	Southwest	towards green energy/carbon emissions offset
040	Journwest	Focus on pedestrians in city centers. Make streets narrower to encourage pedestrian health and safety. Cars shouldnt
641	Southwest	own the road.
041	Journwest	NO roadway capacity expansions. NO new freeway/highway lane-miles. NO new freeways. Recognize that automobile-
		oriented growth is unsustainable financially and environmentally. NO transportation investments to prop up
642	Southwest	unsustainable exurban growth.
072	Southwest	Expanded mass transit and rail. Systems that create opportunities for non-vehicle commuters both regionally and
643	Southwest	locally (bike, rail, bus). Preservation of natural areas and wetlands.
644	Southwest	Transportation infrastructure should always bring us together, not cut neighborhoods apart.
645	Southwest	Don't forget to plan around cultural resources and not just natural ones.
646	Southwest	Low emissions. A train system that does not run on fossil fuels.
647	Southwest	Robust mass transit to reduce less efficient travel
648	Southwest	More commuter rail options
5.5	22301111030	AGRICULTURE! you cant keep ruining farmers because it's the easiest corridor. Everything else seems to get some sort
		of preservation priority but ag land. It's about time you realize what a precious commodity it is. Your engineering/ and
649	Southwest	designers are d
U-7.7	Joannyest	Increasing public transportation, including inter-city or regional transportation options such as BRT, light-rail, or rail to
650	Southwest	not only reduce emissions but improve energy efficiency as well.
030	Joachiwest	Stop taking away from the already reduced natural habitat that is left for wildlife. Include land bridges for them and
651	Southwest	reduce water runoff pollution as much as possible.
001	Joannest	Online up to minute info on traffic, park vacancies or closures , special events, construction, accidents, weather issues
		etc. in an app that sends updates while traveling. Not detailed and fast enough.
652	Southwest	24/7 traffic cams around the state with all access
653	Southwest	Man made animal crossings.
000	Journwest	Carbon emissions from transportation are the largest and fastest growing sector. Why isn't this addressed in the
654	Southwest	survey?
034	Journwest	Journey:
GET	Courth	under the road culverts or over the road bike/ animal paths to protect wildlife and reduce vechicle accidents
655	Southwest	funder the road curverts or over the road bike/ animal paths to protect wholle and reduce vecifice accidents

ID	Region	Comment
		Limit billboards, maintain natural beauty of our roadways. Limit sign height (incl billboards) similar to how western
656	Southwest	states do.
657	Southwest	STOP PLANTING INVASIVE SPECIES ALONG THE ROADS!
658	Southwest	We need to preserve the environmental aspects of Wisconsin.
		We really need a good commuter rail system.
		Think of all the people that live in the Madison area and drive to Milwaukee, that could be a good number of cars off
659	Southwest	the road with a train taking those people east. Same goes for Chicago, rail that connects G
		Plans need to incorporate input from local communities. We cannot repeat the violence of previous transportation
		developments, such as construction of the interstate through Black neighborhoods in Milwaukee. We need
660	Southwest	transportation that produces as little
		We need more resilient designs and a diversity of travel options adapted to our climate; snow storms and other severe
		weather shouldn't paralyze our transportation network, but in the last two decades, it seems we've accepted a status
661	Southwest	quo of regularly ha
662	Southwest	Too many county roads for biking have degraded with pot holes that are dangerous.
663	Southwest	Spend \$0 on capacity and road network expansion. Focus on maintenance and infill development.
		Focusing efforts on supporting mass transit and other non-car transit will help accomplish a whole lot of other goals,
		like reducing environmental impact, integrating with local plans, connecting low-income populations and areas to
664	Southwest	economic opportunities
665	Southwest	spend a little more now to save in the long term instead of going cheap all the time
		I think there needs to be more of a checks and balances for the contractors. So often I see road construction on the
666	C =	same spot numerous years in a row, and they partially fix the problem, which they then need to come back the next
666	Southwest	year and the next year
667	Southwest	Spend more funds on roads outside SE WI, Fox Valley and Dane Co. Designs don't have to be "innovative" necessarily. Certainly we should be open to improvements, but we just don't
668	Southwest	have the level of funding needed to fix these things the right way.
800	Southwest	A total revamp of Wisconsin DOT's management: It is a bloated corrupt bureaucracy that could save hundreds of
		millions of tax dollars if their practices and processes of endless engineering and never ending regulation were
669	Southwest	honestly evaluated and adjuste
003	Journwest	Where is the focus on electric vehicles? Plugin hybrids as an intermediate step, wipe out gas usage for a huge chunk of
670	Southwest	trips with no range anxiety.
070	30411111031	The Northern cities need a mass transit option to reduce reliance on dangerous and stressful winter automobile travel.
671	Southwest	City to city and intercity options with regard for rural access also.
		Transportation funding is frequently county based but we should think regionally for the greatest coordination and to
672	Southwest	be user friendly.
		Transit options in smaller and rural communities, and basic intercity connections via bus or rail are sorely lacking in
		Wisconsin. As a non-car owner I find it absurdly easier to travel to other states or countries than it is to travel within
673	Southwest	much of my
		Protected bike lanes are a must. It is key to acknowledge the range of success with different infra. For instance, painted
674	Southwest	bike lanes are not comfortable.
		A high speed (over 150 mph) passenger rail line between Minneapolis, Madison, Milwaukee, and Chicago (with a few
		stops in smaller cities along the way like Racine, Kenosha, Eau Claire or La Crosse) would do wonders for our state and
675	Southwest	the entire region!
		An integrated metropolitan bus, rail, and bike network for Madison and Milwaukee. Better bike trails and on street
676	Southwest	infrastructure everywhere in the state, especially around Rhinelander area.
		NO roadway capacity expansions. NO new freeway/highway lane-miles. NO new freeways. Consider freeway removal
		in urban areas. Maintain the road network that we already have. Expand options for travel using mass transit, walking,
677	Southwest	and cycling in all 72 coun
		As mentioned in a previous answer, improving mass transit and other non-car options has a greater long-term benefit
678	Southwest	for the state than just building more roads.
679	Southwest	I would like to place a greater emphasis on non-automobile transportation instead of pandering to cars.

ID	Region	Comment
680	Southwest	Airports that are accessible for passenger travel? don't they have to be already? I do not get that question
		Due to the extensive wear and tear on roads by semis and the safety concerns with semis and cars operating together,
604	6	large investment into rail needs to happen. This is necessarily at the state and fed level. The more trucks we can get off
681	Southwest	the road and o
		Again, much of this should be determined by the local communities in which they serve. They should decide. I don't
682	Southwest	think I'd ride a train but I also don't want one going through my back yard. It's their decision
002	Journwest	We need a rail system to transport trucks long distance. Semis would park their trucks on a "moving" railcar. This
683	Southwest	would be placed in between Interstates and the truck drivers could do their 10 hr resets.
000	3041111031	The state should coordinate multi-model stations (airport, intercity bus, intracity bus, train) where the cost can be
684	Southwest	recovered via user fees.
		increasing accessibility to alternate forms of transportation would enable those without transportation of their own to
		visit and spend tourist dollars in many of our cities and towns, help in reducing admissions as more could take mass
685	Southwest	transit instead o
		Amtrak is very expensive and often cost prohibitive. Expanding access to something that costs more than driving is not
686	Southwest	likely to expand usage.
		For people who choose not to own a car, limited focus. For disabled and elderly, high focus.
		More focus on the bus and less on rail, at least for most inter-city (Chicago<->Milwaukee excepted). Fix the terrible bus
687	Southwest	stop locations - the Madison stop sho
		A tiny income tax raise on the wealthiest wisconsinites would easily cover and sustain the transportation funding
688	Southwest	needed.
689	Southwest	We need to restore the ability to form Regional Transportation Authorities with taxing authority.
		100% in favor of exploring ways to increase funding from sources like commerical or heavy drivers, gas or emissions
		taxes, and tolls that target out of state drivers
690	Southwest	Love the idea of a private-public partnership when it comes to implementing a high-spee
		lands and a solid solid solid to the Miles and I Donath at the lease of board to Ocean Took at her
CO1	C =	Implement a vehicle-miles-traveled tax in Wisconsin! Pay attention to the lessons learned by Oregon. Tax both gas
691 692	Southwest Southwest	consumption (greenhouse gas emissions) AND vehicle-miles-traveled (roadway maintenance). Transportation revenue should be considered in the context of all societal needs in Wisconsin.
692	Southwest	As far as I'm concerned, it's the job of the government to spend whatever money it needs to serve its people. Taxes
		should be allocated according to what will actually benefit citizens and not for playing politics or business. If the state
693	Southwest	needs to accr
055	Journwest	I do not believe the state should pursue tolling.
		. as not assert the state should parsue tolling.
		I do believe the state should repeal the hybrid and electric vehicle surcharge as car owners in Wisconsin should be
694	Southwest	encouraged to purchase and transition to electric or hybrid vehicles to improve our lon
		, ,
		The budget should be what ever is currently received from gas tax and auto fees. This money should only go toward
695	Southwest	transportation expenses and not to other state funding areas Stop stealing from this fund.
		People who conserve their driving should have some way to get rewarded. People who live outside of city to avoid
		taxes but pack the roads with traffic during rush hour need to pay more. There needs to be a more equitable way
696	Southwest	besides a gas tax. I try to c
		I would think the more funding we can attain the easier it will be to get the things done that need to be done, I really
697	Southwest	believe that this should be something that's taken care of through our taxes
		Future project needs to be analyzed of making the I-94/90 Corridor from Portage Area to Tomah to be a six lane
698	Southwest	highway, three lanes for both directions of traffic.
		Increase the gas tax - double.
699	Southwest	Move to Miles-travelled model, ASAP.

ID	Region	Comment
		We NEED a long term funding solution. As the pandemic showed, VMT is not the silver bullet, as we would have seen a
		similar dip in funding (maybe greater) if we used VMT instead of MFT as the primary funding source for transportation.
700	Southwest	Look at the study
		Let the legislature figure out funding. That's not your problem.
701	Southwest	Tolling is only interesting because it opens up the possibility of integrated payments.
		Rather than partnerships, I would like to see greater taxes on out-of-state and international businesses that take
702	Southwest	advantage of Wisconsin resources and public goods, such as transportation.
		I live in Madison & I would love for the city to have an Amtrak service. I believe that it would be a great benefit to the
703	Southwest	city of Madison.
		We need to meet climate goals + reduce reliance on single occupant vehicles, including more investment in busses,
		trains, bikes and walking. Road expansion projects for cars are unacceptable for a long term vision.
704	Southwest	We need to provide alternatives to dri
704	Southwest	"You may know WisDOT repairs bridges and constructs roadways. But we do so much more – like planning decades
		ahead for our transportation system!"
705	Southwest	The reason people primarily think of the DOT as road builders bridge repairers might be that given \$100,
703	Southwest	The reason people primarily think of the DOT as road builders and bridge repairers might be that given \$100, WisDOT
		will spend \$90 of it on road construction. Spending it on other, non-automobile-dependent options would improve all
706	Southwest	of the focus areas you
		Partnering Local Municipalities with public-private partnership agencies (i.e.; LISC) to encourage local cost sharing for
		projects that benefit non-motorized facilities. Trails, sidewalks, open spaces, etc. There are many small municipalities
707	Southwest	that could
		Increase quantity, extent and maintenance of bicycle transportation facilities, making particular effort to provide
708	Southeast	protected cycling courses and a connected network of bikeways.
		I feel every county should have a shared ride taxi system. I have an adult daughter who is disabled, and never will be
		able to drive. Without having this in Washington County, my daughter could not have a job. I feel that every person
		should have this option. She has a friend that lives in another county, where this option is not available, and she hast
		to stay home every day, due to her parents having full-time jobs, and unable to get her to any type of work. I feel this is
709	Southeast	unbelievable that we cannot Have a shared ride taxi every county.
		My feeling is, from the use of public transportation, that there needs to be far less wait times. It's very hard for a
		person in a wheelchair to wait so long for a ride. It just makes it hard because you cant plan your day. They can be up
		to two hours late sometimes. After waiting for so long and then traveling, you can't take care of personal care needs
710	Courthoast	that come up during that time, and if you do, you run the risk of missing your ride. It makes it very hard to plan your
710	Southeast	day. My daughter is deaf and cognitively delayed, relies on transit plus. Often rides are late or they never show up at all, she
		arrives too early (unsafe that she is an elopement risk). It is very frustrating that she needs this service to get to her
711	Southeast	appointments, work that I am not able to provide
711	Journeast	appointments, work that I am not able to provide
		We tried to set our adult daughter up with public transportation from her program to home, each day. She is deaf and
		blind and has no formal communication. She needs total assistance to get from one spot to another. Unfortunately,
		we could not get transportation at a time that worked (someone needed to be home from work to receive her)
		because we were told that it was a popular time, already booked to capacity, so she would have to come home earlier.
		We were both working at an earlier time. I'm not sure what the solution is, but it seems that if there is a common time
712	Southeast	that many people need, the bus company would schedule more drivers during that time.
		Don't be afraid to try bold new ideas! WisDOT always feels so far behind what's going on in Minnesota with what
713	Southeast	MNDOT is willing to try.
		If we continue to have an antiquated system that relies on individual transportation instead of mass transit, then we
		won't have much of a state or world to live in due to the adverse effects of increased private transportation on climate
714	Southeast	change.

ID	Region	Comment
715	Southeast	Please give us more expanded and efficient rail options
		The population is going to continue to grow, and the climate is going to continue to change. We need solutions that
		prioritize the health and safety of the entire public.
		I also suspect that as wildfire and hurricane seasons worsen, more and more folks will look at Wisconsin as a place to
		relocate. These people will be used to functional public transit, and we need to take that into account, or risk losing out
716	Southeast	to places with worthwhile rail (Minnesota and Illinois).
717	Southeast	This state needs high speed rail.
		USE PERPETUAL ASPHALT as much as possible, it's cheaper, faster to construct, lasts as long or longer than concrete
718	Southeast	and rides much better!!!!!
		By 2050, we should be depending almost entirely on walking and emission-free public transportation to get
		everywhere we need to go. A safe, clean, and reliable rail network across the state and throughout our major cities will
		not only dramatically reduce the number of deaths on our roads every year, but will also reduce the emissions from
719	Southeast	personal vehicles. For the sake of our safety and the air we breathe, we can do nothing less.
		Plan for self-driving electric cars (e.g.; Tesla) to be the norm and build all your planning around the implications (which
		are nearly all good) of that future reality. There will be far fewer accidents, improved air quality, more productive time,
720	Southeast	and the list of advantages goes on.
		A train connecting Madison, Milwaukee, Chicago is a great project. Also Madison and the Twin Cities. Train from Mpls
721	Southeast	to Chicago? Civilized!
		We spend far too much money making it convenient to drive cars. It's time we stop pushing transit, intercity rail,
		pedestrian and bicycle transportation to the side and politically ignoring these modes. They are the future of a sound
722	Southeast	transportation system.
723	Southeast	We demand you fund transit better in Milwaukee County.
		I support development of multi-modal, environmentally friendly types of transportation that integrate communities
		and create vibrant areas for businesses but also support connections with nature. I would love to see a central park in
724	Southeast	all business districts.
		WE NEED TO EXPAND HWY 94 FROM MILWAUKEE TO MADISON!! It is a dangerous stretch of road that is the most
		travelled road in the state and it's only 2 lanes?! Not acceptable. We need to modernize this to continue economic
725	Southeast	growth and stability between the largest economies in the state.
		Re-balance the budget to prioritize public transit infrastructure, rebuild highways for efficiency and safety but not
		expansion. Implement regional transit authorities to increase accessibility between counties and create efficient and
726	Southeast	affordable options for people.
		I believe consumption per capita will increase across the board, resulting in ever increasing truck traffic. This will
		accelerate road and bridge deterioration (in addition to our hot / cold climate) placing additional demands on available
		funding. Heavy trucks travelling at high speeds also create hazards that should be mitigated through safety and
727	Southeast	enforcement enhancements.
		Should've implemented the high speed rail with the federal government was offering up money to help. I also believe
		more projects should be design build saving time and money. If getting community involvement on aesthetic
		treatment and such get the input early and set a firm deadline for no changes. Nothing like preparing a large plan set
		to be almost complete then have to rush back thru and update aesthetic details.
		I also believe if we look at better technologies for base material concrete and asphalt - spend a little more upfront to
728	Southeast	reduce maintenance costs down the road should be an option.
		I'd like to see public transportation expanded. A quick option from Milwaukee to Madison, and perhaps north, would
		be used often by my family. Bus systems should be supported & expanded, rather than putting endless money into
		freeway expansions.
		I would like to see investment in existing rural roads- it's hard to spend so much on annual plate renewal & wheel taxes
729	Southeast	and also have to pay for vehicle damage from rough roads.

ID	Region	Comment
		It better have high speed rail that connects KENOSHA-MILWAUKEE-MADISON or we are going to be the most
730	Southeast	backwards state.
		Street car is a great idea but needs to expand to neighborhoods beyond downtown to benefit the actual residents of
		the city and not just tourists and those who work downtown.
		Give benefits for those who get electric cars and expand the Amtrak travel options in Wisconsin, we should have more
731	Southeast	access to the stage via public transportation.
732	Southeast	It's time to add commuter rail service to Milwaukee and, more broadly, prepare for a carbon-free future.
733	Southeast	We need to have tolls for out of state traffic at our borders.
		Highway transportation infrastructure is overbuilt in Wisconsin. Recent design standard changes and focus on
734	Southeast	preservation allows for right-sized projects. Unfortunately, this has negatively impacted how other transportation modes are developed and maintained. In 2050, Wisconsin will provide high quality competitive transportation choices.
		Together we can ensure that all modes of transportation are accessible, reliable, and safe for users. Education is critical to reduce the "us versus them" perspective that polarizes communities. Change and improvement cannot occur in a vacuum, and each element highlighted at the beginning of this survey deserves and requires attention to make the
735	Southeast	vision a reality, for each is connected and relies on the other for success.
706	6 11 1	Encourage innovative ideas in new construction projects. Innovative intersection/interchange designs can improve traffic operations at reduced construction costs. However, changes to traditional geometry of
736	Southeast	intersection/interchanges has been sorely lacking at WisDOT
		Pot holes are a major issue, especially in larger cities. We also need multi-level freeways & highways to take up less land and make travel more enjoyable for all with less dense traffic.
737	Southeast	And, we need to work with our Earth because we are at a crucial time for our climate!
738	Southeast	More high speed rail options throughout the state. Commuter rail from suburbs to down town Milwaukee
739	Southeast	Driver Training!
		I feel that the Madison airport should be expanded to accommodate global travel. I'd also like to see bike trails, either
740	Southeast	off street or designated lanes on major roads to allow for alternate travel.
		High-speed rail between Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison, and the Twin Cities, at a minimum, should be in place. Electric vehicle charging stations should be widely available.
		Making roads safer for bicycles, personal low-speed electric vehicles (e-bikes, scooters), and pedestrians should be a
741	Southeast	priority.
742	Southeast	I think our reliance on cars no longer makes sense when we consider all stakeholders. Providing other options benefits the environment and the disadvantaged people in society.
743	Southeast	Better and cheaper urban transportation. Integration of systems to easily move through the state and city.
		Why did that***ex governor Walker turn down federal monies for transportation. And what access do we have now to
744	Southeast	be eligible for more.
745	Southeast	Rail can play a big role in this. So can connector shuttles and safe ride sharing. Long-distance buses are too affected by weather and traffic. For example, I can't get from Brown Deer Rd. to downtown Milwaukee by bus in less than an hour and rail isn't an option. Also, many of the bus lines traverse unsafe neighborhoods.
		I'd like to see a plan for capping expressways where possible in the city of Milwaukee and explore the potential usage of the reclaimed land either as developable land or corridors for rapid transit inside the city to build economic
746	Southeast	development and connectivity.

ID	Region	Comment
		Multi mode transportation systems. Don't just concentrate on personal vehicles. Mass transit and pedestrian/bicycle
747	Southeast	facilities and networks need to be given equal attention.
748	Southeast	Raise the gas tax so Wisconsin can continue to have great transportation infrastructure.
749	Southeast	Make the roads great again!
		State DOT needs to be far more responsive and responsible to local decision making as it relates to urban design and
		form. It should be a cooperative structure rather than being forced into changes as a result of local protest or
750	Southeast	opposition. Cooperative arrangements are a more effective planning strategy.
		The Minneapolis-Milwaukee-Chicago axis is crying out for a rail corridor and passenger rail. Public Transit in
		Milwaukee is not usable at present except under duress. Although objections are often raised about the cost,
		infrastructure investment in a rail corridor would help traffic and property values around prospective stops.
751	Southeast	Milwaukee certainly seems dense enough to adapt to public transit.
		build more bike trails. We saw how important they are for publoc good during a pandemic and good for the
752	Southeast	environment also ROI is higher than freeways
		My hope is that there will be more mass transit & fewer cars. High slows rail options that serve local & regional
753	Southeast	communities.
		A focus on creating an integrated, efficient and sustainable system with care and consideration to our natural
		environment is vital. We need a better and more robust public transit and a focus on pedestrian and bicycle safety.
		Working toward less cars should mean less road expansion. Milwaukee streets are a mess - I want transit options not
754	Southeast	highway expansions. There's a better way.
		Think about driverless cars by 2050 and how that will upend the transportation system. Should MKE be on the
755	Southeast	forefront to adopt such systems? I hope we are
756	Southeast	Making bicycling safe is a high priority for me.
757	Southeast	Let's not wait until 2050 to make Wisconsin a top state for transportation. Ok cool thanks.
		Wisconsin has a long way to go. Mostly we need consistent and dedicated funding sources that are not subject to the
		whims of local & state trolls. I hope that will come as the next generation moves into governance and pushes out the
758	Southeast	fossilized life forms who currently populate and control much of government and society.
759	Southeast	Prioritize pedestrians and bicycles over cars.
760	Southeast	Please fit bicycles as a big part of the idea for transportation in Wi in 2050.
		In our city, you cannot get most places safely by bike or walking. Kids are forced to ride the bus or be driven because
761	Southeast	there aren't safe sidewalks. We have a train depot that the Amtrak passes, but zero mass transit options.
		I predict by 2050 fossil fuel cars will go the way of the DoDo. It will be electric cars and alternative transportation we
762	Southeast	need to be ready for it
		Stop proposing the I-94 East-West Corridor project as a highway expansion project. It is fine to do that project, but
		please re-evaluate and choose the safety improvement alternative (which keeps the six-lane cross-section and still
		makes important safety improvements). Use the savings to reinvest in local roadways and better walking, bicycling,
763	Southeast	and transit options. This comment applies to other potential highway projects around the state, too.
		There are still large portions of the freeway system that are 50-60 years old that need to be replaced and expanded
764	Southeast	soon.
		The problem is, all the listed items are important. The only way to address them all is to spend more on transportation.
765	Southeast	I would be willing to pay more in taxes to have better transportation infrastructure.
766	Southeast	More ada accessibility vehicles
		Encourage counties and municipalities to invest in CONNECTED bike and pedestrian trails. Isolated segments do little
767	Southeast	good.
768	Southeast	We need to find the funding to keep our existing facilities (especially roadways) operating in good condition.
769	Southeast	Expand passenger rail
770	Southeast	dedicate resources to work with industry on future travel (autonomous vehicles/flying cars/etc.)

ID	Region	Comment
		Expect freight to increase with more package shipping. I think driving is increasingly seen as a chore, something
		necessary, rather than a pleasant diversion (i.e. Sunday country drive). I expect when self-driving vehicles are finally
		read for use, even if limited, that it will be popular.
771	Southeast	With self-driving vehicles, it is IMPORTANT to ensure that they are accessible to all, including persons with disabilities.
		We need to explore the option for tolling our expressways so that more money from fast taxes, registration fees, etc.
772	Southeast	are available for maintaining local roads.
773	Southeast	Prepare for driverless cars
		Support for Transportation Demand Management activities through grants to local governments and MPOs is needed
774	Southeast	to reduce congestion and improve air quality.
		Cars are not the future. Look to the rest of the world, especially Japan, South Korea, and the Nordic countries for
		inspiration. Our highways are, in no uncertain terms, responsible for massive levels of segregation, especially in
		Milwaukee. They also contribute to the free rider problem of those who benefit from a city like Milwaukee without
		paying taxes that support the city. Even if we move to electric cars, it is still massively expensive and disadvantage
		lower income folks, putting those who are already financially distressed in more trepidatious positions whereby if their
		car (which already probably costs thousands of dollars a year) were to break, they may be unable to work, unable to
775	Southeast	get groceries, unable to get to a doctor or the hospital.
		Consider the medium- and long-term impacts of autonomous vehicles on patterns of travel and vehicle ownership
776	Southeast	when creating long-range plans.
		It will be different - I would have liked to see what baseline WisDOT us using for employment, jobs, and traffic. Will
		urban areas grow faster than rural? What do the econometric models say? I have no clue. Especially in light of how
		quickly traffic and life has changed under COVID. What areas of the state will see growth? Decline? What type of
		maintenance will be needed? Where do mega-projects fall in this priority ranking? This survey terrifies me in that I see
777	Southeast	very little linkage to the realities of prioritizing transportation investments.
778	Southeast	We need to invest in more mass transit and less dependence on bloated freeway and highway systems
779	Southeast	No more highway expansion
		Please, please, please, stop spending billons of dollars on high ways that won't decrease traffic due to induced
780	Southeast	demand.
781	Southeast	Please please stop expanding highways
		Need to consider how efficient, safe, and quick transportation opens up the labor markets for businesses. The more
		people who can get to jobs within a reasonable amount of time, the more labor businesses can access. Can't
782	Southeast	understate the role good transportation plays for the economy.
783	Southeast	Please look at more regional b public transit options n
784	Southeast	I would hope there are less single passenger vehicles on the roads
785	Southeast	More accessibility and flexibility in transportation
786	Southeast	If your 2050 plan still focuses on cars it's worthless and you have failed
787	Southeast	Less cars. More bikes, walking and buses.
		Allotment of funds to local governments to maintain and improve existing roadways need increased revenue from the
788	Southeast	state. If this means greater taxing of electric vehicles, and added gas tax, so be it.
		Yes. Seriously. I drive appx. 500 miles for my job weekly, between Kenosha/Racine area. Utilizing Hwy. 31, Sheridan
		Road, I-94, 142, and many of the smaller roads in the area. Texting and driving is out of control. Speeding is out of
		control. What is going on? There is something going on, with cars without license plates but those paper things pasted
		on the windows. These drivers are wreckless, speeding, weaving in and out of traffic, aggressive, flipping people off
		that they pass, running red lights. This is way more than just speeding. It's like they are doing it on purpose. Texting
		and driving is rampant. I thought there is a law against this, yet it prevails. Running veryyyy yellow lights and red lights
		is rampant behavior as well. Most days I kiss the ground when I arrive home alive. Why can't anything be done about
		this stuff? I know police are struggling with staffing and financial issues. It's such a great idea to defund them even
789	Southeast	more. Putting the public at risk on the roads.
. 55	555776656	O Page a second and reader

ID	Region	Comment
790	Southeast	It's about time we have the true symbol of the future - a flying car!
791	Southeast	Turn WI-29 between Green Bay and Eau Claire into I-98.
		Let's hope 2050 is better than 2020.
		Focus on sustainability and flexibility.
		Look at more bus/train/car share/bike options. High speed rail in the Midwest by 2050??
		Increase vehicle fees and registrations to fund improvements (can you do it on a sliding scale so that people with more
		income pay more?)
		More people may be able to work from home in the future due to COVID, although many employers (mine included)
		are back in the office. But as COVID eases and large events begin again, ie. Brewers, Bucks and Packers games,
		Summerfest, State Fair, etc. How do 94 East West and 43 North South accommodate those crowds? Great job on 94
792	Southeast	North South but we need to fix the other sides of the "box" in the Southeast.
		By then I'm optimistic we will have better public transportation options. By that I mean that we as Americans will stop
		pretending we need our own vehicles to do everything. There are options available, we are just too lazy or scared to
		use them. It's a cultural mind-shift and I hope 30 years is enough time to change those old habits. We need to
793	Southeast	understand we can better protect the environment, ourselves, and our economy by relying on public transportation,
793	Southeast	and walking and biking. Better city-to-city and inter-state travel for those with disabilities who cannot drive. Including access to more rural
794	Southeast	areas so people with disabilities are no longer forced to live within the larger cities
795	Southeast	Keep what's best for the long-term well being of our planet and community.
755	Journeast	Reep what's best for the long-term wen being or our planet and community.
		Large cultural problem makes public transport options viewed negatively in much of the state. How can these options
		exist in more rural areas to promote more positive views on options such as busses or better infrastructure for bikes?
		Rarely do people request thesethey don't have them so they don't know how useful they can be, but there needs to
796	Southeast	be an effort to encourage a culture that adopts options other than owning your own car.
		We need more trains and buses and public transportation options. Spending more money improving and expanding
		freeways and vehicle access is going to be a lost investment when instead that same amount of money can help the
		same about of people and reduce congestion, improve public health, and reduce carbon emissions all at the same
797	Southeast	time.
		Pandemic has showed that people want to get out and use many forms of transportation. Make all highways available
		more accommodating to motorcycles and bikes on roads, and improve bike and pedestrian accommodations along the
798	Southeast	roads.
		Thanks for the survey. My main concern is connectivity and the environment. I'd like to see our state be less
		dependent on cars. Reward commuters that use public transit, walking, biking. Design with the environment as the
799	Southeast	main priority.
800	Southeast	High speed rail to connect major metropolitan areas and suburbs
		I don't want more roads and wider highways. I prefer a focus on maintenance of existing infrastructure alongside more
801	Southeast	investment in rail and cycling.
		Implement a gas tax so that everyone driving on Wisconsin roads can pay for the maintenance and repair of our roads,
		not just Wisconsin residents.
		There should also be a commuter rail connecting Milwaukee to Racine to Kenosha AND Milwaukee to Waukesha to
		Madison. Milwaykon also people light rail going through all of the major neighborhoods and downtown to help people get around
002	Courthoost	Milwaukee also needs light rail going through all of the major neighborhoods and downtown to help people get around
802 803	Southeast	the city and as a fight against the major segregation affecting the city. Where do I buy my flying car?
603	Southeast	Wisconsin should be a transportation innovator and embrace new technologies and promote strategies to get people
		out of single occupancy vehicles. I hope the state does not hold back and try to continue with the status quo while in
804	Southeast	the rapidly evolving era.
805	Southeast	Keep up with technology, vehicles are becoming more and more electronic and computer based.
555	Joanneast	Free Free Free Free Free Free Free Free

ID	Region	Comment
806	Southeast	We need to focus on modes other than cars in order to combat climate change.
800	Southeast	· ·
007	Carrellanae	More landscaping, decorative items, and walking opportunities for all including disabled to create more pride,
807	Southeast	improved sense of place in communities.
		investment in rebuilding and expanding transportation, not just rehabilitating them. we need rebuilds, not
		maintenance type jobs. invest in the roads, and that will breed so much economic expansion for this state, it will pay
808	Southeast	for it self in the years to come.
809	Southeast	Implement future technological advances.
		If it isn't broken, please don't try to fix it. Prioritize needs versus wants. We do not need to expand what we already
		have of we do not have enough funds to pay for repairs. Utilize money on quality repairs and products and
810	Southeast	workmanship instead of wasting so much.
		A multi-modal approach is probably smart as freeways will eventually only be able to handle so much. Streetcars, light
		rail, bike/ped as well as freeway improvements should be explored to create a balanced approach.
		Another idea is a southeast region transit authority in order to create a giant connected and efficient system in that
811	Southeast	part of the state. Look to Minnesota's transit authority in the Twin Cities as an example.
		Wisconsin will benefit from greater integration of different transportation modes, most notably greater access to bike
812	Southeast	and walking trails and routes across the state.
		I think WIdot should prioritize the improvement of public transit options. Doing so will help support environmental
		health by cutting down on the need for personal vehicles. It will also support people who are unable to drive and/or
813	Southeast	can't afford a personal vehicle.
		Autonomous and/or connected vehicles have the potential to save a tremendous amount of resources and significantly
		reduce traffic fatalities. This should be a high priority with national standards and coordinated programs to implement
		systems in areas with the highest potential positive impact first. Laws should explicitly prohibit implementation based
814	Southeast	on politics (e.g. a wealthy community gets something even though it is not a high priority location).
014	Journeast	Light rail in MKE!
		Light rail in MKE!
015	Courthoost	
815	Southeast	Light rail in MKE!
04.6	Carrellanas	Driving is not the way of the future. It is not green and gives an unfair advantage to people born in money. Cars are
816	Southeast	leading killers of people. Get people off the road.
0.47		More mass transit. Wisconsin needs rail, light rail, and streetcar systems to connect cities and surrounding
817	Southeast	communities.
818	Southeast	I would support a KRM rail.
819	Southeast	Thank you for letting the public be a part of this process. Much appreciated!
		Getting from place to place safely and knowing the roads, rails, trails are open and available in good condition keep the
		economy and livelihoods going. Keep up the good work. Wisconsin has good facilities, don't let them become places
		where people demonstrate, pander, set up tents, commit crimes, please keep them open and safe for the hardworking
		people of Wisconsin. Keeping Wisconsin a good place to work and live will attract and keep the competent, talented,
820	Southeast	creative, intelligent citizens we are lucky to call our neighbors.
821	Southeast	reduce vehicle miles traveled, reduce lane miles
822	Southeast	Less cars and roads
		To ensure that our aging bridges and by-passes are updated and to secure our roadways with proper upkeep and
		replacement when needed. Safe roadways ensures better long-distance travel is managed for those that need to
		move product goods for those in the building and construction trades. There will always be a need for our
		infrastructure as housing needs will continue into the future, as-well-as renewed engineering for bridges, waterways
		and just for the love of travel for tourism. We must remain open to these pressing long-stayed needs to satisfy the
823	Southeast	human condition.
		Can't predict the future of travel but there will always be a need for fluid travel between the hubs of the state. Illinois
824	Southeast	state line in Rock and Waukegen, Green Bay, Milwaukee, Madison, La Crosse Hudson, Eau Claire and Superior.
J2 7	5541110451	services and managery even buy, minimage, managery but even but claim and superior.

ID	Region	Comment
		Road diets and traffic calming measures can make small town Main Streets more welcoming and should be considered
825	Southeast	when doing a project in an area like that.
		When growth and expa sion needs to happen, prioritize safety over completing a project quickly. The number of
		people who died or were injured during the widening of 194 was a direct result of prioritizing a quick finish over the
826	Southeast	safety of people who traveled on 194.
		Fixing and maintaining our roads and bridges are really vital to the economy. I live in West Bend, and I'm embarrassed
		to invite friends to the area because our roads look like a bomb went off. Better roads would increase my own
827	Southeast	purchasing power as well, because it would reduce auto maintenance costs.
		Putting electric charging stations in place to assure tourist and trucking that initiate the jump to electric vehicles see
828	Southeast	wisconsin as a leader in EV and feel confident in traveling in our state
829	Southeast	Making the Port of Milwaukee truly multi-mode and enhancing rail service to keep more trucks off roads.
		I'm in Milwaukee and the roads are awful Why would a company with a fleet of trucks move here only to have huge
830	Southeast	repair bills?
		Wisconsin needs to have a transportation plan that can maintain the current infrastructure while also expanding to
		meet the needs of the economy without having to rely on excessive borrowing. The program also needs to be tailored
		to prevent wasteful spending on items like isolated sidewalks and streetlighting where pedestrian traffic is not
831	Southeast	existent,
832	Southeast	Expand Milwaukee freeways to keep Southeast Wisconsin competitive.
		I think maintaining bridges so they don't go below their load rating all across the state is important so no links to the
833	Southeast	network are lost.
		Investment in public transportation, bike pathways & pedestrian safety
		Tourism is such a big source of income for Milwaukee, and visitors are looking for affordable, safe & reliable
		transportation from the airport area to downtown. (I have 15+ years in hotel industry in both areas of MKE) The trolley
		is a good start, but connecting to the airport would allow overnight visitors to our city to easily head downtown for
834	Southeast	food, drink & entertainment. I think that's key to rebuilding tourism jobs, especially post-covid.
034	Journeast	Robust transit connections to large surrounding business regions including Chicago and Madison, and Minneapolis
835	Southeast	(Regional passenger rail)
033	Southeast	Affordability for all users should be very high. Also the number of routes and schedules is very important. In my opiy,
836	Southeast	we can't really afford to cut more.
000	Southeast	Reducing reliance on fossil fuels is only going to become more and more important in the coming years; getting an
837	Southeast	early start on that can only pay off down the line.
		Transportation demand management - changing travel behavior can improve system performance while maintaining
		high levels of activity. Coordinated planning at all levels of government - can effectively use transportation funds to
		achieve transportation and economic benefits. Enhanced coordination and communication with businesses - to gain
		buy-in and ensure that community needs are reflected in transportation projects. Improving all modes of
		transportation - allows for all residents of Wisconsin to receive transportation benefits especially under a road
		preservation focus. Funding all transportation modes that provides competitive choices to residents of Wisconsin - will
		increase economic activity and more efficiently distribute travel across all infrastructure. Encourage building
		connections between transportation and non-transportation funding sources to provide for more holistic
838	Southeast	infrastructure projects.
		Provide a funding shift away from gas tax (including diesel fuel tax) as more vehicles are utilizing alternative fuels.
		Continuing to fund primarily by gas tax, in essence, subsidizes alternative fuel vehicles. In general, alternative fuel
		vehicles are purchased by more affluent drivers. This is an example of lower income drivers subsidizing more affluent
839	Southeast	drivers. A true use-tax system needs to be generated. (ie tax based on miles driven, regardless of fuel type)
		It may be good to reduce heavy trucks on our roads.
840	Southeast	Find ways to reduce or eliminate the crazy driving on city streets.
841	Southeast	Bicycles need to be part of our economic success.

ID	Region	Comment
		Keep our roadways as they were meant for the maximum flow of high speed (vehicles) traffic diets are going to get
842	Southeast	peoples killed.
0.1		Do something to raise awareness for drivers to share the road.
843	Southeast	There are still people telling us to get on the sudewalk
0.0		We need to address mutlimodal transit and the eventual capping of freeways in urban areas to revitalize the areas
844	Southeast	ravaged by their building.
		Repair and expand highways where truly needed, while providing alternative methods of transit to reduce traffic
845	Southeast	congestion.
846	Southeast	Roads need to be kept up better in all of Ozaukee county!
		The state of the s
		Public transit options. Including biking as an important part of a transit plan. A strong public transit system will aid in
		economic recovery & eventual growth. Urban planning can & should address the systemic inequalities in our society.
		The decade ahead of us will be transformative as a country & planet. We need to put a focus on preserving and
		protecting our natural resources and planning for the major changes ahead of us. Also maintaining the investments
		we've already made. Many communities have invested in Bikeshare programs; ensuring those programs are here and
		operations are funded to serve their communities through the economic downturn. More people will turn to biking as
847	Southeast	a mode of transit as the pandemic continues. Your job is not easy but that is why it's important. Thank you!
		Improvement of transit system should be paired with private business investment that intend to make MKE a
848	Southeast	transportation hub.
849	Southeast	Six lanes MSN to Dells, on yo Tomah spork. Always a problem getting through that area
		More mass transit as well as pedestrian and bicycle friendly options to allow people to easily access jobs, living areas
850	Southeast	and tourist attractions
		Main arterial highways in northern WI should be 4 lane to help move the tourist trade. Last time I tried returning home
		on a holiday weekend it took 7.5 hours to drive from Sayner to West Bend. It was horrible from road rage, reckless
		driving and other unsafe acts by people trying to pass. I-94 needs to be reconstructed into 4 lanes.
851	Southeast	
852	Southeast	Support increased traffic volumes with more paved lane-miles
853	Southeast	High speed rail
854	Southeast	Separate lanes for trucks on the freeways!
855	Southeast	We must provide More considerations to support cycling and pedestrians.
856	Southeast	Public transportation that is fast, clean, and reliable. Light rail.
857	Southeast	Reducing automobile dependence
		Improve interchanges and bridges. Raise bridges so less likely to be hit and close major highways. Continue surveillance
		of highways to keep safe and watch for terrorist activities that would shut system down. Continue to invest in State
858	Southeast	Patrol efforts on highways. Keep pedestrians/protesters off freeways.
		Use of renewable resources
859	Southeast	Decreasing carbon output and climate change
		Wisconsin should be a leader in new transportation technologies such as autonomous vehicles and reversible lanes.
		Transportation demand management will help freight move efficiently and make commutes for the workforce
		manageable. This will be important for attracting companies as well as attracting and maintaining a young, diverse
		workforce. Equity in job access (white collar and blue collar jobs) should also be considered.
860	Southeast	

ID	Region	Comment
10	Kegion	Comment
		Transportation fund allocation should be better managed to roadways that are actually in need, as opposed to
		politically influenced projects.
		Trucking is essential to the economy, more routes must be maintained as long truck routes to keep goods moving.
		Farming is a pivotal part of the Wisconsin economy and culture, farmers need field access and less encroachment onto
		their lands.
		Mill and overlay projects for corridors that are in need of reconstruction is a waste of resources.
		More coordination should be done to align utility needs. When underground utilities are in need of repair and
		replacement, better coordination should be undertaken for appropriate roadway improvements.
		Less funds should be spent "improving" pedestrian accommodations where no pedestrians are or will be present in the
		reasonably near future.
		Personnel assets within the Department should be retained to maintain experienced staff. The flight of the quality
		engineers with 5 to 10 years experience is a continuing issue. Meaningful work and adequate compensation,
861	Southeast	comparable to private sector, should be provided to internal staff more so than consultants.
		Congestion on commercial/retail corridors is getting worse. If you use the main route for commuter purposes to get to
862	Southeast	work, you never know if there will be a backup.
0.55		Wisconsin's Interstate system is in need of repair/replacement and expansion is needed in a few areas to allow for
863	Southeast	economic vitality.
		1. Selecting construction materials based on best life cycle costs, not just to balance out competing industries (e.g.
		concrete pavement versus asphalt pavement).
		2. Better coordination of utility locations to have former (or none executors) under readways so maintenance or
864	Southeast	2. Better coordination of utility locations to have fewer (or none, except crossings) under roadways so maintenance or replacement of either can occur with little or no impact on the other.
004	Southeast	replacement of either can occur with little of no impact on the other.
		Please focus on highways, driveling all over the us, I realize how far behind our state is in infrastructure improvement.
		rease rocus on highways, arreaning an over the as, rreanize now far benind our state is in him astracture improvement.
865	Southeast	We need better roads!
		Timely response to weather and safety hazards on highways and rail to keep them open and available to users
866	Southeast	
		Reducing vehicle miles traveled, banning cars, switching to cargo bikes, trains, reduce lane miles drastically (to 40% of
867	Southeast	currently existing)
		Increasing the total mileage in the state of interstate standard roads. Maximizing efforts to remove as many at grade
		crossing as possible. Less stops means more traffic flow. A western bybass of Madison that connects to the dells would
		remove a lot of traffic from the weekends and better connect Madison itself to dells. Lets call it I-690. Also I-39 should
		be extended all the way to the Duluth/Superior area that connects with I-535. This would provide a vital link to the
868	Southeast	north and way to increase the speed at which goods could be traveled from Lake Superior to the rest of the state.
		- Traffic calming
		- Road diets
0.5-		- Aiming for Vision Zero to eliminate pedestrian deaths
869	Southeast	- Protected or separated bike facilities to keep bikers safe
		Degarding heing chief handle outrome worther increasing the interesting of any and any and any and
070	Courthorat	Regarding being able to handle extreme weather, increasing the integration of green spaces and preserving wetland
870	Southeast	areas leads to less flooding. Paving the whole world removes the ability for the earth to function as intended
		Transportation needs to be accessible to all folks, including those who use mobility aids. I'm deeply concerned with the
		massive drunk driving issue in this state; I feel better - more frequent, more accessible, and more connected - public
871	Southeast	transit is a key component of a good drunk driving reduction plan.
872	Southeast	Enact laws and policies that lead to faster adoption of self-driving cars.
3,2	Joanneast	The state and bounded that lead to laster adaption of sen diffing only.

ID	Region	Comment
873	Southeast	Make bicycling safer by adding features to streets that slow down motor vehicles.
874	Southeast	Make our transportation system safer for bicycles and pedestrians
		Safety enhancements only work if driver enforcement is part of the solution. If there is no or limited enforcement of
875	Southeast	speed, distracted driving, intoxicated driving no amount of money will correct the problem.
876	Southeast	Limited access state highways and grade separations.
877	Southeast	safety focused improvements, using a mix of nominal and substantive approaches
		"Changing driver behavior to reduce distracted driving and improve attentiveness behind the wheel" seems like a
878	Southeast	problem that's broader than the DOT!
		Improvements to all transportation modes. Without a balanced set of transportation options, residents of Wisconsin
879	Southeast	are forced to overload one system resulting in poor performance.
		Possibly camera methods of ticketing dangerous drivers in problem areas.
880	Southeast	Running red lights, excessive speeding etc.
881	Southeast	Protected bike lanes/trails
882	Southeast	Study how the Europeans have made their roads safer for bikes
		Road planning that incorporates safe bicycle riding to popular destinations - shopping and event venues. Also bike
883	Southeast	parking at major facilities.
		I watched an interesting video about intersections in Amsterdam. In particular it was about when a side road splits off
		of a main road the sidewalk continues at curb height and the drivers have to cross it as a speed bump. It really drove
		home the point that the cars were crossing the pedestrian right of way instead of the other way around. A side benefit
884	Southeast	was that it slowed cars down when turning off of a busy road onto a quieter neighborhood street.
885	Southeast	Utilization of cameras at intersection to monitor and ticket illegal driving.
		Allowing autonomy for urban areas so they can address issues they face without political or financial restrictions set by
886	Southeast	the state.
		Expand I-94 between Madison and Waukesha. Reconfigure short onramps in Milwaukee County to allow easier
		merging at speed from the right and on a straightaway, rather than on a curve. Continue to switch intersections to
887	Southeast	roundabouts where appropriate. Prepare for the combination of more distracted drivers and autonomous vehicles.
888	Southeast	When planning keep in mind individuals with a disability. Do not just plan for black, brown or low income individuals.
889	Southeast	Spend all the TAP money on bike ped projects and not hwy spending.
		Again urban design should play a major roll in safety. Cars today are designed for speed. Given open road cars will
		speed. More focus on education to drivers on how to use the system as it was intended, how to avoid traffic backups,
890	Southeast	etc.
891	Southeast	Make roads safer for bicycles.
892	Southeast	Spend less on roads, more on mass transit, trails, sidewalks
		Slower speeds on at-grade highways and arterial roadways in urban, suburban, and small town areas. Make conditions
893	Southeast	safer for all travelers, especially pedestrians.
		Provide better pavement markings/reflectors that are visible in any weather conditions.
		Work with automobile industry to prepare highways for autonomous vehicles of the future.
004		Research methods of heating/treating roads to prevent slippery conditions and significantly reduce the amount of salt
894	Southeast	that is spread on the roadways, which will increase the life of the pavement.
		With the last option, I think it's important to differentiate between technology that actually improves safety rather
		than encourage speeding and end up being not so safe.
005	Carl III	While I don't think smart cars will be here that soon, I do think that there will be increasing use of automation (i.e. with
895	Southeast	trucks), and the state has to be aware of those trends.
		1. Repair/replace unsafe bridges
		2. Grade separation structures with railroads
		3. Separate lanes for semi trucks
896	Southeast	4. Highways ans Roads designed for autonomous cars

ID	Region	Comment
		Cars are giant pieces of metal that fly through our cities and neighborhoods. The goal should be to reduce the number
		of cars and the number of miles driven. This is the best way to make transportation safer. Encourage designs that
897	Southeast	promote walking, biking, and public transit.
898	Southeast	Signal priority for mass transit
		Incident management
		Shoulders
		Snow and ice removal
		Congestion
		I think security should be a separate focus, lumping them together seems arbitrarily.
		Do I now go back and rate all focus areas? Or just this one?
		This is a strange way of prioritizing for a long range plan and one of the worst surveys I have ever taken. I don't think
899	Southeast	you can accurately tie this to a policy-level plan in a meaningful way.
		We alwayd the survey words are decreased fact and Driegities within a while two sit and god /hills infrastructure at a
000	Cauthaat	We already know why roads are dangerous, fast cars. Prioritize public transit and ped/bike infrastructure, stop
900	Southeast	expanding high ways, and create an equitable transportation system appropriate for 2020 and beyond.
001	Courthoast	Adopt the NACTO Urban Design guidelines. All these options miss the mark. Build streets to safely accommodate
901	Southeast	bicyclists and pedestrians. Speed limit signs very obviously do nothing.
002	Courthoast	Safety should focus on revoking the license of anyone driving under the influence, and increasing opportunities for
902	Southeast Southeast	biking and walking. Focus on safety for bikes, protected bike lanes, etc. Especially as e-bikes get more popular.
903	Southeast	Bicycle and Pedestrian safety is woefully inadequate in this state
304	Southeast	Bicycle and Fedestrian safety is woerdily inadequate in this state
		Perhaps not related, but I'm going to mention it anyway. Lack of proper training for new young drivers. Lack of proper
		testing and the granting of drivers licenses to not properly trained young people at the motor vehicle departments.
		Also, we have a serious underfunding of our police, resulting in decisions having to be made where traffic stops are low
		priority, especially in our cities. People are getting to be out of control with aggressive, speeding, unsafe, inattentive
		driving. I have personally been harassed numerous times weekly by drivers so close behind me that I cannot see their
		front grill, even though I will admit I was driving at least 5 mph over the posted speed limit. The phone usage is a huge
905	Southeast	factor. Texting and driving is so huge, and it appears nothing is being done about it.
303	Southeast	Include signalized pedestrian crossingsI've used the pedestrian beacons along Watertown Plank road by the ramps to
		45. THANK YOU for including those safety measures.
906	Southeast	13. The title 100 for molecular general measures.
907	Southeast	More roundabouts
		Specific to safety, I feel that distracted or inattentive driving is a serious concern. I routinely observe other drivers using
		their phones while driving (not just while stopped at traffic lights). Enforcement of existing laws seems difficult or low
		priority. Either education to change driver behavior or the use of technology to restrict use of certain functions is
908	Southeast	needed.
909	Southeast	Safe School routes and coordination of emergency response should be high on the list
910	Southeast	Renewable resources to decrease climate change
		Stop utilizing shoulders to create more through lanes. This makes the freeways less safe. If a person breaks down,
		there is no place to go to get out of traffic. It also makes it less safe for maintenance workers. Someone is going to die
		out on the freeways in Milwaukee County because of the lack of shoulders!! Adding lanes at the possible expense of
911	Southeast	health or life is unethical engineering.
		Safety improvements that prioritize non-driving modes (biking, walking, etc) and transit. Safety improvements should
		not only be made to accommodate cars and make it easier on driversthe safety those using transit or active modes
		should be prioritized. This includes their physical safety while using the transportation system as well as secondary
912	Southeast	impacts to their health from poor air quality.
913	Southeast	Protected bike lanes; road calming measures

1. Implement more roundabouts. 2. Improve pavement markings (many are faded and barely visible), including more markings visible at night in the research of the provided and parely visible), including more markings visible at night in the research of the provided and parely visible), including more markings visible at night in the research of the provided and parely visible), including more markings visible at night in the research of the provided and parely visible), including more markings visible at night in the research of the provided and parely visible), including more markings visible at night in the research of the provided parely visible), including more markings visible at night in the research of the provided parely visible and parely visible and parely visible and parely visible at night in the research of the parely visible and parely visible and parely visible at night in the research of the parely visible and parely visible at night in the research parely visible and parely visible at night in the research parely visible at night and obsolete and dangerous vehicles such as oversite and the parely visible at night in the research parely visible at night and obsolete and dangerous vehicles and the visible and the parely visible at night in the research parely visible and the research parely visible at night in the research parely visible and the research parely v	ID	Region	Comment
Southeast Southeast			Cell phone laws, better lighting of signs even in rural areas (flashing beacons, solar lights on signs, etc.), better
1. Implement more roundabouts. 2. Improve pavement markings (many are faded and barely visible), including more markings visible at night in the roundabouts. 2. Improve pavement markings (many are faded and barely visible), including more markings visible at night in the roundabouts. 3. Replace obviously nonfunctional guardrail and obsolete and dangerous end treatments ASAP. 4. Prohibit plantings in medians that obstruct driver sight lines. Quick response to highway spills when large trucks overturn. Keep highways open for drivers and prevent picketing demonstrations, soliciting political opinions on the highways. My taxes go to roads and they should not be blocked impassable for political demonstrations. Open roads faster after it has been closed for an emergency on the road of tell drivers what other route is open for them. 8. Southeast 8. Banning dangerous vehicles such as oversize SUVs, protected ped and bike infrastructure 8. Roadway features—main focus on pavement markings. Full median lanes to allow for use during high-congestion periods, I did "enjoy" these during a half-week of driving in England. 9. Southeast 9. Southeast 9. Not relying entirely on traffic demand models and LOS; instead looking at other metrics like pedestrian safety, more share that helps non-SOVs 10. Increasing the integration of green spaces and trees along transportation routes. The recent exapansion of 194 and construction of the foxoron facility has decimated the beautiful natural spaces in 3 countries. 1. Just want to re-emphasize the importance of including marginalized voices in the transportation conversation. Low income individuals and families are more likely to be negatively impacted by highways and other environmentally unfriendly modes of transportation. Further, they stand to gain a great deal from reliable, safe, frequent public tran options. They definitely know where the gaps in our current systems are, and we should lister to them. The single most important transportation issue Wisconsin must address is climat			pavement marking that is more visible at night, flashing chevrons for curves, more high friction surface treatments on
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The state of the s			include environmental corridors and areas for wildlife and native plantings. Include pedestrian access thru or crossing
930 Southeast highway corridors with an emphasis on access for disabled such as limited mobility. (Especially during construction.)	930	Southeast	highway corridors with an emphasis on access for disabled such as limited mobility. (Especially during construction.)

ID	Region	Comment
		WisDOT needs a more robust environmental justice evaluation for all transportation projects including preservation
		projects. Construction activity as well as cumulative impacts of highways are not addressed adequately during project
931	Southeast	development and implementation.
		Using materials that will work with our changing seasons so that they don't require as much maintenance.
		I know that years ago UW-Milwaukee was researching how to make roads that won't degrade with the rain water.
932	Southeast	Also, utilizing recycled or up-cycled resources as much as possible.
933	Southeast	I didn't follow the wording of the last question
		More types of public transportation including light rail, commuter rail
934	Southeast	More safer bike routes in urban areas
		More infrastructure for bicycles: dedicated bike lanes that are more than two stripes of paint and logo. There should
		bike lanes with barriers that separate bicycles from motorized vehicle. There should be safe, secure, bike parking areas.
		The provided billio trails in Missensin should be limbed, not negligible on source a street, but as dedicated to 1.5
		The myriad bike trails in Wisconsin should be linked; not partially on surface streets, but as dedicated trails. For
		instance, a bike rider should be able to travel from Kenosha to say Madison completely on trails. Urban areas should have a system of bike trails that allows navigating the entire areas without worry about cars and trucks.
		liave a system of bike trails that allows havigating the entire areas without worry about cars and trucks.
		Studies have found that there is a positive economic impact on communities which have bike trails running through
		them.
935	Southeast	In short, less money on motorized vehicles and more for bicycles.
936	Southeast	We need to build out infrastructure that will facilitate the transition away from cars powered by fossil fuels.
		Any statewide plan should include consideration of natural resources and help, as we move into the middle of the
937	Southeast	century, with problems related to climate change.
938	Southeast	Stop expanding freeways
		Communities of color have historically been the last priority of transit planning. It's time to reverse that and attempt to
		reverse the injustices that have been in place for decades
939	Southeast	& in some cases, centuries.
		Equal access to appropriate and affordable modes of transportation across different communities. Many cities in the
		midwest are extremely segregated, and infrastructure does not find it's way into low income neighborhoods. This
	Carrella - 1	holds the entire region back, as well as negatively impacting environmental justice issues (for example, asthma due to
940	Southeast	poor air quality in predominately black neighborhoods).
941	Southeast	Promote bicycle transportation and public transport over car transport. More pedestrian and bicycle options
942	Southeast	We need to look at systems that help reduce our dependence on cars especially fossil fuels. We may have finally
943	Southeast	realized cars of the fossil fuel varieties are bad
343	Journeast	Provide people with better local transportation choiceswalking, bicycling, and public transit. Reduce spending on
		major highway projects and reinvest in our local roadway and transit systems. Major highway projects induce
		sprawling development, which leads to negative environmental impacts; hurts local, neighborhood-oriented
		businesses; and increases racial segregation. Let's reverse those trends and reinvest in our existing transportation
944	Southeast	infrastructure.
		I think it is important to integrate the design and look of Wisconsin's transportation system into the natural
945	Southeast	surroundings. Aesthetics should be considered with the designs.
946	Southeast	With regard to "local plans" - support the regional plans.
		,

ID	Region	Comment
		1. Network of charging stations for Tesla!
		2. Put \$ back in the budget for Community Sensitive Design!
947	Southeast	3. Start replacing coal power plants!
		Reducing greenhouse gas emissions. Supporting transit.
948	Southeast	
949	Southeast	Increased public transit and bicycle routes
		Reducing the number of cars on our streets and in our communities. They are loud, pollute, and are the number one
950	Southeast	cause of death for children. Focus on slowing traffic, removing cars, and finding alternatives.
		Focus on pedestrians and cyclists, and their safety. Mass transit. Minimize the expansion of roads as much as possible.
951	Southeast	Implement water retention techniques, and replace grass with native plants
952	Southeast	Public transit options are of the highest possible importance.
		High Speed Commuter Rail and Light Rail in the major cities should be implemented over the next 10 years to help
		reduce auto use and emissions in the fight against climate change.
		Large projects are a must to help us get away from coal and Natural Gas energy. The Oak Creek Powerplant along Lake
953	Southeast	Michigan must be decommissioned in favor of renewable/zero carbon powerplants
954	Southeast	Stop expanding highways.
955	Southeast	Communities are strengthened when they are walkable, bikeabke, and serviced by good quality public transit.
956	Southeast	Smaller roads and more shared transportation resources, such as light rail and bus rapid transit
957	Southeast	Public Transit not wasteful highway projects
		Do not expand I-94 in Milwaukee. Many studies have shown that expanding highways to alleviate congestion doesn't
958	Southeast	work. In addition, expansion would increase emissions, thus global warming, and endanger our future.
959	Southeast	Continue to expand transportation venues for bicycles.
960	Southeast	Over- or underpasses for wildlife please. And more pedestrian bridges across busy roads and highways
		Preservation of the environment
		Increasing public transportation and biking to decrease emissions and climate change
961	Southeast	Walkable and bikeable, interconnected cities and trails
		Simply getting our focus away from cars will help nature in itself. We need to better emulate Europe with their public
962	Southeast	transport.
		manage right of way more. Remove, eliminate, control invasive species and educate residents to do the same on their
		property. Eliminate and reduce light pollution caused by transportation lighting and roadside advertising. Focus and
963	Southeast	provide more multimodal transportation options, like bike trails or trollies between cities.
964	Southeast	High Speed rail- this needs to be a top transportation for WI in the next decade. Make it happen!!!!
		I would like to see WisDOT look back on how past transportation decisions have impacted low-income and minotiry
		populations and make conscious investments in these areas to support their community needs. How can we not only
		do better in the future, but reconcile how some projects and funding choices helped some while hurting our most
965	Southeast	vulnerable residents?
		Expanding public transit options overall (more bus lines, commuter rail, etc.) would help support a healthier
		environment by reducing the need for people to use personal vehicles. Expanding public transit will also be helpful to
		let more people travel to place that might have been inaccessible to them before, therefore supporting economic
966	Southeast	activities in those communities.
		1. Stronger language and enforcement provisions for water and storm water management and erosion and sediment
		control on highway projects.
		2. Avoiding clear cutting of rights of way except where necessary to accommodate transportation facilities. Consider
967	Southeast	planting of smaller trees and shrubs when clear cutting is necessary.
968	Southeast	Improved public transportation options so we are less reliant on cars.

ID	Region	Comment
969	Southeast	Prevent pollution from transportation system maintenance and construction on Wisconsin's water and grounds.
970	Southeast	banning cars, reducing vehicle miles traveled, reducing lane miles, promoting transit, walking, biking
		- Willingness to try temporary changes to see if new ideas work (i.e. tactical urbanism); for things like curb extensions,
971	Southeast	new bike lanes, etc.
		We literally have the worst roads in the nation, which translates into higher fees for car owners as they must replace
972	Southeast	tires, shocks, and suspensions more frequently. Prioritize infrastructure maintenance over ecobomic growth.
		Lax road, trail, and sidewalk maintenance passes the buck to everyday citizens, who pay the price in auto maintenance,
973	Southeast	bicycle maintenance, and even personal injury. Maintenance needs to be a priority.
		Wisconsin's transportation spending should reflect where the funding comes from. Bicycle and pedestrian
		accommodations can be valuable. New funding sources should be created to help fund them (bike users fees or taxes
974	Southeast	similar to state trail passes)
975	Southeast	Complete streets are important
076		Prioritize project across the state using design criteria rather that appropriating funds to each region then prioritizing
976	Southeast	projects.
077		Ensure that preservation and maintenance activities benefit all modes. Small projects may need to invest in modes
977	Southeast	other than automobiles due to historic lack of investment.
		Maintenance budgets are woefully low, while rehabilitation and new construction have large budgets(by comparison).
070	Carrellanae	Timely maintenance can preserve the infrastructure, which in turn would delay the need for capital improvement
978	Southeast	projects.
979	Southeast	Less \$\$ for highways and more for bike trails
		I think we need to increase the priority for hikes (walking as more need), can offered to travel by hike and feet then can
000	Courthoast	I think we need to increase the priority for bikes/walking as more people can afford to travel by bike and foot than can
980	Southeast	by car. A connected trail system would reduce car usage and keep the roads clear for transporting goods. An increasing of bus-only right of way on streets and exploration of using former railroad right of ways as corridors for
981	Southeast	bus rapid transit.
982	Southeast	Fix potholes and don't let the bridges collapse
983	Southeast	maintain bike trails better
203	Journeast	Protected bike infrastructure. When communities invest in biking, ridership rises. When ridership rises drivers adjust
		their driving habits by planning for bikers & walkers. Making biking between communities a safe option will make for a
984	Southeast	healthier WI.
301	Journeast	Milwaukee needs attention - the road surfaces are terrible especially in poorer areas of the city. So many potholes
985	Southeast	make it dangerous to cycle and to drive.
		Focus on maintenance and preservation of the existing system rather than expansion of new highways and roadways.
		As our existing roadways are redeveloped, reallocate space so that they can be used to provide safer, more attractive
986	Southeast	walking, bicycling, and public transit options.
		Maintenance can extend the lifespan of infrastructure; that should be fully supported, with new and expanded roads
987	Southeast	being a distant priority.
		For the last 10 years that "preservation" approach went way overboard! All \$ from transportation fund went into
		resurfacing proojects including of transportation facilities which needed some more work including capacity expansion
		and safety improvements?
		ļ!
988	Southeast	We cannot afford to be penny "smart" and as the result \$ dumb!
		Reduce the number of roads you have to maintain to decrease the cost of maintenance. We are already significantly
		overbuilt. Find underutilized roads and decommission them so we as a state do not need to perform maintenance on
989	Southeast	them going forward. Remember the law of induced demand.
990	Southeast	Stop using design standards based on unlimited parking in suburban areas.
991	Southeast	Increased inspection using contemporary technology.
		Bigger wider roads in communities make it more dangerous for pedestrians. sidewalks and paths to make communities
992	Southeast	more walkable and bike friendly. Bike lanes on busy roads are not respected and are dangerous

Southeast Replacing outdated public transit vehicles with eco friendly options	ID	Region	Comment
Southeast Infrastructure and reduce the need to expand for capacity issues.	993		Replacing outdated public transit vehicles with eco friendly options
Enforcement, strict adherence to current specifications/contracts. We are focused on perception versus compliance and execution. We need to make the customer (tax payer) a priority by focusing on engineering, not politics. 1. Ensure maintenance projects aren't just bandaids (throwing money away for short-term benefit) - invest the additional money to replace roadways at the appropriate time. 2. Invest more in county and local roads where vehicles are taking the most beating due to potholes and faulting and cracks. Include wider roads to accommodate bicycles and separate paths or sidewalks for pedestrians and improve roadside safety. Wisconsin has more highways than it can afford to maintain. Prioritize highways and make some tough decisions to de form damintenance of some roads or convert them to local paths or private roads Southeast reducing lane mile to reduce maintenance cost; absolutely no highway expansions - Train service from MKE through the Fox Cities and to Green Bay - Train service from MKE through the Fox Cities and to Green Bay - Train service between MKE and Madison - Commuter rail service in the Milwaukee metro area (specifically Kenosha-Racine-Milwaukee and Milwaukee-Brookfield-Waukesha) 999			Promoting TDM programs that reduce the number of vehicles on the road in order to extend the life of existing
Southeast and execution. We need to make the customer (tax payer) a priority by focusing on engineering, not politics.	994	Southeast	infrastructure and reduce the need to expand for capacity issues.
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	1008		HIGH SPEED RAIL CONNECTING KENOSHA-MILWAUKEE-MADISON

ID	Region	Comment
		Where our state is dense enough, we should be subtlety pushing people to use mass transit options over cars. This will
		reduce pollution and pedestrian deaths and improve our quality of life, while also helping reduce the need for a car
		when visiting those dense areas. With this in mind:
		- Reduce reliance on I-94 by adding commuter rail service into Milwaukee. This could include lines from Madison via
		Waukesha and Oconomowoc, northern areas like West Bend, and southern areas like Racine and Kenosha. This would
		avoid induced demand from expanding the expressway, and could perhaps maybe? allow the state to take down
		the east-west portion of I-794 to devote the land to increasing the density of Milwaukee's downtown.
		- Expand the Milwaukee streetcar for additional local transit options and to reduce the number of cars on the road.
		- Increase bus service speed in Madison and Milwaukee through rapid transit lanes.
1009	Southeast	- More *protected* bike lanes to help increase equity in bike transportation.
		Making sure transportation systems are connected across cities and counties for quick, affordable, transportation to
1010	Southeast	distant job opportunities.
		Extend Metra into Milwaukee and Green Bay. Increase disability access for in parks and beaches, including parking
1011	Southeast	areas.
1010		What can be done to promote and encourage bus use in the Milwaukee area.
1012	Southeast	It appears to be a very inconvenient way to travel. Perhaps if it were free or very inexpensive use would increase.
1013	Southeast	Increase the amount of bikes allowed on Amtrak trains
		I would travel to Madison more if I didn't have to worry about parking. A centrally located railway station would
		eliminate that worry. What percentage of people on 94 are traveling between Milwaukee/Madison/Twin Cities. We
1014	Southeast	can take some of those cars off the road with a train option that also benefits the disabled and those without cars.
1015	Southeast	State wide rail alternative .Population centric to major urban or employment areas
		Almost seamless travel with no bottlenecks. Reliable rail and transit 24 hours per day, year 'round.
1016	Southeast	
1017	Southeast	Urban area autonomy to allow more transit and alternative modes of transportation.
1018	Southeast	Intercity and commuter rail in urban areas
		With the Miller of the Country Alexander of the country of the cou
		Within Milwaukee County, there is a very good framework for bicycle travel, but it needs updating, improved bike path
		connectivity, and further separation of car and bicycle pathways. In addition, investment in this type of infrastructure
		would encourage further use of alternate transportation.
		I would also love to see a dramatic increase in rail travel; I drive from Wauwatosa to Waukesha and both my home and
		work are in the city center, would be great for rail travel and would save me lots of miles while helping the
1019	Southeast	environment. We would also love rail options to Door County or the North for vacation.
1020	Southeast	Connectivity between regional & local transit needs to be strong in order for WI to prosper.
		I moved to WI from Minneapolis, where I could get on a bus, get to the lightrail, and be at the airport in a maximum of
		15 minutes. Where I live now, it takes over an hour to get the the airport via bus. High speed transit that effectively
		links modes of transport is crucial for everything: citizens without cars, regional connections, job opportunities for
1021	Southeast	inner-city residents, visitors/tourists, and just every day life.
		Continuing rails to trail, reclaiming abandoned routes, especially to create corridors that take pedestrians and bicycles
1022	Southeast	off of primary and secondary motor vehicle routes
		Better signage for bike crossings to make it safe and awareness for autos.
1022	Courtle	Mayo pound trails
1023 1024	Southeast Southeast	More paved trails. Pedestrian and bicycle access most important
1024	Southeast	Bike lanes with connectivity between municipalities in metro areas.
1023	Journeast	pine ianes with connectivity between manicipalities in metro areas.

ID	Region	Comment
		(1) Physical safety while using public transit; crime and cleanliness need to be addressed. (2) Increased rail service
		should not be confined to Amtrak, but rather should include light rail and intra-city trams. (3) Schedule reliability
1026	Southeast	should be a priority.
		Inter-city rail between Madison and Milwaukee, Madison to Minneapolis. Rail to Milwaukee suburbs. Autonomous and
		connected transit. Better, more frequent, expedited transit from Milwaukee Downtown to Mitchell International
1027	Southeast	Airport.
		Mass transportation is an important option for many people, but unfortunately here in Wisconsin, they're treated like
		the stepchild - not even that - the ex-spouse's stepchild?
1028	Southeast	
1029	Southeast	Increase ans impprove the network of trails around rhe State.
		The most powerful way to support transportation connections is to build alternative means of transportation that are
1030	Southeast	not cars. You don't need to tell everyone about buses or trains if they use buses or trains all the time.
		The state (especially SE WI) needs more regional public transit like a commuter rail service for daily passengers. For
1031	Southeast	example, a rail service that goes from Milwaukee to Waukesha or Milwaukee to Racine and Kenosha.
1032	Southeast	Integrating public transit agencies into a regional transit authority
		Improve all public transit. Bus, bike lanes, bike paths, complete streets, convert all connecting highways through
		communities to be slower/safer speeds with pedestrian amenities. Invest in BRT, Flyers, streetcar in Milwaukee,
1033	Southeast	commuter rail in Milwaukee and Madison, etc.
		We have removed most of the city to city, town to town rail service. What a travesty. Although, it appears now that
1034	Southeast	most people do not want to travel by rail anyway. And railways are failing anyway financially.
		Let's get BRT up and running in Milwaukee. Connect people to jobs.
		Decree descite the testing hat were NAVE and CITI was a second of the se
		Pre-pandemic, the trains between MKE and CHI were so crowded, there were often people standing or sharing seats
		on the 505pm train out of Chicago. It would be great if a 6 and/or 7PM train service could be added. As a frequent
		commuter to Chicago, our meetings often ran 9 or 10 am to 3 or 4 pm. It would be great to get a few more evening
1025	Courthoost	trains from Chicago to Milwaukee. I've also taken the train to Chicago for touristy day trips and a 6 or 7pm train would
1035 1036	Southeast	be great for families and others visiting for the day.
1036	Southeast	providing connections for electric vehicles
		Improved amtrack service-reliability, travel time, affordable. Towns west of Milwaukee, Elm Grove, oconomowoc,
		madison, door co, Green Bay and Eagle River, not just Minneapolis should have stops. Make the system functional for
		personal or business travel like the rail system in other countries. The hop in Milwaukee should link MU,UWM, the
		airport, Miller Park, fisery areana, panther arena and communities surrounding downtown. Right now it's not
1037	Southeast	functional. Bring people from the surrounding communities into downtown without their cars using the hop.
1037	Journeast	Ensuring our communities have multiple modes of transportation is very important - and modes that can get you from
1038	Southeast	start to end point.
1030	Journeuse	Bikeable and walkable cities, interconnected trails throughout the state
1039	Southeast	Light rail between Milwaukee and Waukesha
1000	Joanneast	Fund research and/or pilot a program for vehicle user fees to replace the gas tax.
		Stop increasing capacity of roadways as a response to community growth/useinstead focus on TDM initiatives like
1040	Southeast	encouraging use at off-peak times.
1041	Southeast	Commuter/light rail for the Milwaukee metro area!
		A system that allows people the freedom of choice and does not essentially confine people to driving a private vehicle
1042	Southeast	to get around.
1042	Journeast	ro get around.

ID	Region	Comment
		1. Implement light and commuter rail within and between major metropolitan areas to reduce automobile traffic and
		congestion.
1043	Southeast	2. Consider high speed rail for routes such as Milwaukee/Madison to Minneapolis, St. Louis, Kansas City, etc.
		Intercity passenger rail between the 3 largest urban centers of WI (Milwaukke, Madison and Green Bay) is of the
		highest priority for me. Also, suburban connections to downtown areas such as light rail or commuter rail is a high
		priority. Increasing frequency on current amtrak routes through the state (to Chicago and the Twin Cities) should also
1044	Southeast	be of high importance.
1045	Southeast	I like trains!
		Inform travelers of their options and tell them how to access these options. Keep pushing the public information about
		it, there's not enough public awareness of transportation options. Adding buses or trains outside of the Milwaukee and
		Madison areas isn't worth the huge investment when there are other methods of moving through the state that are
1046	Southeast	more economical
1047	Southeast	banning cars, reduce vehicle miles traveled, reduce lane miles
		Suburbs of Milwaukee and Madison have terrible public transit which makes it hard to connect people with jobs. This
1048	Southeast	contributes to poverty in the cities and is something that should be focused on.
		Regional transit agencies structured around building out a comprehensive light & commuter rail system in Milwaukee.
		Increasing bus service to 15 minutes or better. Fully implementing "Complete Streets" type policies in every aspect of
1049	Southeast	our transportation system.
		- New funding for public transit
1050	Southeast	- Move away from a gas tax so that all users (trucks, EVs, traditional cars) are taxed in an equitable way
		A wheel tax or mileage tax puts the burden on Wisconsinites to fund the roads and allows visitors, including daily
		commuters from IL, MI, or MN to avoid contributing their fair share for the wear and tear their vehicles cause to our
1051	Southeast	roads. The WIGOP missed a valuable opportunity to build goodwill with constituents while adequately funding our transportation budget when they refused to approve the gas tax proposal.
1031	Southeast	Everyone hates tolls. I would rather take the ferry to Michigan than take the toll roads in Illinois. Toll roads hurt
1052	Southeast	tourism and make everyone hate your state. Please do not do toll roads.
1032	Journeast	Lower the costs and duration of construction projects significantly by closing the roads for construction rather than
1053	Southeast	working long durations under short closures at extremely low efficiency.
1033	Journeast	Use license and registration fees, as well as sales and use taxes charged for travel related purchase, similar to how DNR
1054	Southeast	funds conservation programs from hunters fishers, campers, etc.
1055	Southeast	Raise the gas tax, and index it to inflation.
1056	Southeast	Raise the gas tax. Alternate taxes for electric vehicles.
		I think if tolling is going to be looked at as an option WI residents should get lower costs or free. Aa many people from
		Illinois, Iowa, MN that could easily be enough to help maintain the roads without an extra burden on the already high
		taxes and fees that Wisconsin Residents already have to pay without any regards to extra pay to help cover the
1057	Southeast	seemingly endlessly increasing fees across the state.
1058	Southeast	I like the idea of private sponsors (local businesses) as a source of funding for projects.
		Need to take budget from other areas such as the police department which has the largest margin for milwaukee
1059	Southeast	budget
		"Funding sources for transportationother than the gas taxare explored and implemented where feasible" is a high
1060	Southeast	priority because of the expected decline in gas usage over time.
		Prevent administrators from misappropriating funds from legislative programs such as SE Megaprojects to fund SE
1061	Southeast	Rehab work.
1062	Southeast	If there were a way to base fees on mileage and weight that would be interesting
		I would love a toll on congested roads. This would push people to spread out and keep traffic moving. The toll isn't
4050		needed everywhere but in congested areas like Milwaukee and Madison I think it would do wonders to reduce traffic
1063	Southeast	congestion and pass the road costs along to road users.

ID	Region	Comment
		Please explore autonomy for urban areas like counties to address local transportation issues and funding without
1064	Southeast	having to deal with political and funding challenges from rural areas that have no understanding of local issues.
		Raise the gas tax to increase revenue. Do not waste time and resources exploring tolling or mileage fees, both are
1065	Southeast	unnecessary if you simply raise the gas tax.
1066	Southeast	Start using tolls here in Wi
1067	Southeast	use all TAP money for bike ped projects
		Taxing businesses (as a whole) who get the most benefit out of the infrastructure & cause the most damage/ wear.
		Taxing people who don't live in the community they are traveling to is important. (Out of state travelers.)
1068	Southeast	Any taxes that are levied should avoid taxing low income, and people of color.
		It's important to make sure that alternative transportation is safe and accessible for all users. We have plenty of bike
1000		trails and routes, but they are often disconnected. We should make it easier for users to access the network of routes
1069	Southeast	and trails, and connect them with hotspots in the city.
1070	Cauthaast	Need to change the system that only funds Mega-Major programs on a two year cycle. Multi-year programs need
1070	Southeast	separate funding allocations so that they can be delivered effectively.
		Stop looking for gimmicks. Transportation is a government role. We shouldn't be tolling which can be hard on low-income households, and we shouldn't be using mileage-based user fee which discourages fuel-efficient vehicles. How about weight-based fees - the bigger the vehicle, the higher the fee? After all, they're the ones causing more wear and
1071	Southeast	tear on the roads. A Hummer should have a higher fee than a Festiva.
		Time to choose the system of sustainable and common sence sources (plural!!!) of adequate funding of our
1072	Southeast	transportation!!!!
		Ensure that low-income drivers are not disproportionately impacted by revenue increases. Mileage taxes tax them
1073	Southeast	unfairly. Build fewer mega-highways.
		RAISE THE GAS TAX!
		Increase taxes based on vehicle weight. Weight and speed are what contributes to road wear and tear. Heavy trucks
1074	Southeast	and SUVS should be paying much much more.
		We need a society that is not beholden to the fossil fuel. Industry, plain and simple, and that means fewer cars. Focus
1075	Southeast	should shift to walking, biking, and clean, reliable, renewable public transit.
1076	Carrellana	
1076	Southeast	Concerned that proliferation of electric vehicles will further erode the gas tax (on top of more fuel efficient cars) Explore various toll options, including high occupancy tolls that vary the cost of tolls based on real-time traffic
1077	Southeast	conditions.
1077 1078	Southeast	Forcing car users to pay for the full cost of their infrastructure through much higher taxes
10/0	JournedSt	Absolutely against tolls. Incredibly frustrating experience as a driver. Would absolutely prefer to be taxed other ways,
1079	Southeast	including a gas tax instead of dealing with tolls.
1073	Southeast	Decrease registration costs for energy efficient vehicles
1080	Southeast	Reward people for driving energy efficient vehicles
1081	Southeast	Subsidizing and funding rail and bicycling infrastructure more.
		Increasing the gas tax; this taxes users, including those from out of state so that the burden is not only on Wisconsin
1082	Southeast	residents
1083	Southeast	Develop a impact fee to mitigate traffic impacts to roadways as a result of new development.
1084	Southeast	Don't explore tolling; you've already done that twice! Just make it happen capt'n!!
		I think a vehicle mile tax would provide a good option as gas tax revenues decline. The tax could be set-up to account
		for size of vehicle. It would also reduce or remove the conflict of additional registration fees for EVs. Implementation
1085	Southeast	for equitable payments and privacy may provide larger challenges.

ID	Region	Comment
		Tolling on the freeways in the southeast area (I-94 and I-43) around Milwaukee would be a great idea to help fund and
		maintain those larger projects in the area.
		Additionally, state funding towards the Milwaukee streetcar expansion would be great.
		I like the idea of a high speed rail plan from Chicago to Milwaukee to Minneapolis. Federal funds to build this should be
1086	Southeast	explored.
		1. Mileage-based user fees coupled with a gas tax might be the fairest funding sources, as long as the mileage method
		includes higher fees for heavier vehicles. Consider a tax break for low income vehicle owners to avoid adverse impacts.
		2. Tolling is a fair way to assess fees to maintain the roadways on which they are collected. It should be integrated with
1087	Southeast	the systems used in other states. I-39, I-43, I-90, and I-94/894 are obvious candidates for tolling.
		Wisconsin has more highways than it can financially support/maintain. How can these be reduced? Keeping the most
		critical roads in good condition and safe and open for drivers is important. Private partnerships should be explored,
1088	Southeast	paying for road improvements is not sustainable with todays funding sources
1089	Southeast	raise the gas tax
1090	Southeast	Increase gas tax. It's a direct user fee. Increase, at a lower rate, registration fees for ev.
		The challenge is difficult. How to incorporate new technologies in motor vehicles while not alienating the older, less
		technological motor vehicles. While considering changes, take into account who is paying for the roads with
		registrations and gas tax. Those vehicles should be have priority over spending versus vehicles that use the roads and
1091	Southeast	are not paying into deign, construction and maintenance.
1092	Southeast	UPDATE THE OLD 2 LANE HIGH USE ROADS TO MAKE THEM SAFER.
1093	Southeast	The long-term life cycle costs and performance of pavements.
		Take ALL modes of transportation into account when determining the future of transportation and technology in
1094	Southeast	Wisconsin
		I would not mind and increase in gas tax, as much as 15% of current gas tax rates. I am not interested in the state,
4005	6	county, and city gov partnering up with for-profit companies that would oversee, operate, or own any part our
1095	Southeast	highways, by-ways, streets, roads. I would also consider tax base on miles per year on gas engines.
		It is unfair that the local conjurtavi charges needle with disabilities who are an Madisaid mare for a side (\$20.) the side
		It is unfair that the local senior taxi charges people with disabilities who are on Medicaid more for a ride (\$20+) than it does people who are not on Medicaid (\$6-10). Our daughter uses IRIS and has a finite monthly budget. If she used the
		Brookfield Taxi for her transportation it would surpass the amount she has in her budget and would leave her nothing
		·
		left for the other supports she needs. Since we live in a wealthy area, I think it is RIDICULOUS that and older person,
		living in \$500K+ home with plenty of financial resources can get a ride for less that \$10 while disabled (and poor) folks and Modicaid have to choose between the supports they need to live and baying transportation to work and to access
		on Medicaid have to choose between the supports they need to live and having transportation to work and to access
		their community. I understand that this is just a funding issue for public entities but the reality is that it makes
		transportation out of reach for many people on Medicaid and I truly believe it is discriminatory against people with
		disabilitiesespecially those on IRIS. Please fix this! People with disabilities want and need to work and to be active
		and contributing participants in their communities and this funding structure is so cruel as it dangles a great solution
1006	Courthoost	for transportation in front of them but makes it too expensive to use. In many cases Uber and Lyft are much cheaper
1096	Southeast	by DON'T accept Medicaid payments. : (I don't know how to identify the right mix, but "be more European" says it in a few words. It's so easy to travel, use
1007	Southoast	
1097	Southeast	public transit, and switch between public transit options. Focusing on local infrastructure is vital to quality of life which then trickles down to impact where people want to live,
1098	Southoast	where they shop, and the vitality of the community.
1098	Southeast Southeast	Less reliance on fossil fuels, centralized cities and towns that are walkable, improved bike access
TOJA	Journeast	Less remainee on rossii rueis, centranzeu cities anu towns that are waikable, improveu bike access

ID	Region	Comment
1100	Southeast	Make cities more centralized to reduce reliance on vehicles
		Less regressive tax policies like wheel/gas tax. Explore ways (like tolls) to have visitors from other states contribute to
1101	Southeast	transportation.
		Sidewalk & bike paths as well as greater efforts to make ALL infrastructure upgrades more environmentally responsible
1102	Southeast	need to be an element of any further funding and planning.
		I hope and pray that Wisconsin remains a healthy and viable place in 2050, but that's literally an impossibility if current
1103	Southeast	trends continue.
1104	Southeast	Light rail should be explored as well.
		Yes, in the year 2050 we will have many more electric vehicles on the road. There's a need to increase the number of
1105	Southeast	charging stations to accommodate these vehicles.
1106	Southeast	Wisconsin must develop an efficient and accessible rapid transit system.
		Transportation funding is tied to gas tax. Society is actively trying to reduce fuel usage/carbon footprint. Emphasis needs to be placed on alternative funding sources. I believe federal funding will soon be tied to our (WisDOT's) ability to answer the question "what is your Department doing to reduce it's carbon footprint?"
1107	Southeast	It is likely that significant federal funding will be required to combat climate change. Why would they provide funding to DOTs that do not show they are actively trying to minimize their carbon footprint. Marketing for the transportation industry should include focus on how it is doing it's part to minimize it's carbon footprint.
1108	Southeast	Vehicles pay gas taxes and registration fees to use the roadways and I don't think that the money should be used by DNR or other departments. The monies that DOT receives from motorists should be used for motoring ways, not trails, let those users pay to fund their trails or whatever else takes money from these funds.
		Set a carbon goal for roadway projects in the state. Adopt and promote methods for meeting these carbon goals. Emphasize this to the public so the industry isn't viewed as a contributor to carbon emissions but an industry that is actively trying to combat climate change.
1109	Southeast	Set a carbon baseline for roadway construction projects based on size and location. Incentivize construction contracts that allow contractors who beat the carbon baseline to receive incentive payment. Contractors that don't meet the carbon baseline would be penalized. This may promote industry to consider carbon footprint associated with construction materials, fuel usage, etc. Again, market this concept to legislators to attract transportation funding.
		We need to shift transportation away from driving and towards other transportation modes, such as public transit,
1110	Southeast	walking, and biking.
		Put less funding towards freeway and highway expansion. Give people more choices in transportation by funding
1111	Southeast	public transit, walking, and biking projects.
1112	Southeast	Appreciate you including motorcycle upfront in the banner this go around!
		Thinking though spending and how all user mainly (AUTOMOTIVE) before add or putting more demands into the
		system. You can't put stuff in like Round-Abouts without first educating folks how to use them. Than you can't
1113	Southeast	underbuild call it Road-Diet by underbuilding think it will be safe.
1114	Southeast	More police patrols.

ID	Region	Comment
		I wish that the Department of Transportation would consider working to streamline and integrate paratransit services
		into their programming goals for the coming year so that they are more efficient and meet the needs of people with
		disabilities. At the present time a person with a disability needs to schedule all paratransit rides separately and have to
		go to and from a medical appointment and back home from a medical appointment. Then the person with a disability
		has to call another transit cab from home to schedule a ride to the grocery store and back home even though that
		person passed the grocery store on the way home from the medical appointment. The driver from the medical
		appointment was not allowed stop and help the person get groceries because this ride was under another funding
		source. Money would be saved if the system could be streamlined and people could schedule transportation more
		efficiently and not have to constantly have to go back to a starting place and call for different types of transportation.
1115	Southeast	Thank you for listening to my comments.
1116	Southeast	Native Tribal government involvement
		Using better paint on the roads. The current paint used for the white lines are barely noticeable at night or bad
		weather.
1117	Southeast	
1118	Southeast	Stop building freeway expansions.
1119	Southeast	Invest money into bike and ped projects. You give \$0 state dollars and dont even use all fed dollars available. Your HSIP numbers are never met either.
1119	Southeast	Road infrastructure is very important. I detest riding through a city with bad roads & highways. The COVID-19
		pandemic has many travelers uneasy with Air Travel, so I gather more and more travelers will be driving by car to their
		destinations. Wisconsin has some beautiful sights, and it sure would be nice for Wisconsin to make sound long-lasting
1120	Southeast	roads a priority.
		Electric and so-called zero carbon foot print ideas need to take in to consideration the amount of ecological cost these
		plans actually create. Like the mining involved for lithium, the oil used in creation of wind turbines, and the fact that
		the fins of the turbines arent recyclable. Also the cost of battery packs and charging stations for ev's, the amount of
		land this will take up and the infrastructure needed to create parking lots for recharging, not mention where to put
		people or things to do while your vehicle recharges.
1121	Southeast	
1122	Southeast	in 2050 I most likely have taken my last ride on a Wi. road.
1123	Southeast	try to reach and repair problems with the publics grearest concerns
1124	Courthoast	Do not arivative enothing here. Keen very solves accountable to the citizens of Wissensin and them to you
1124 1125	Southeast Southeast	Do not privatize anything here. Keep yourselves accountable to the citizens of Wisconsin and them to you. It should be reliant on non-fossil fuels
1123	Southeast	Lots of connected, long, well maintained, paved bike paths such as the Inter-Urban trail in south east wisconsin.
		Crushed limestone pavement is good too. I just rode my bicycle 25 miles on the oak leaf trail in Milwaukee today. I
		used the bike path together with bike lanes on the streets. It was a great workout and lots of fun. awesome trail and
1126	Southeast	great fall-color scenery.
1120	3041116431	Transportation to jobs in out-lying suburbs around Milwaukee needs to be improved. Bus lines to jobs need to be
		resumed. Sounds like a jobs line in the bus system was recently ended. Programs to help low income people get
1127	Southeast	driver's education and licences needs to be added / expanded
1128	Southeast	Safety patrols of the speed limits.
1129	Southeast	Make bicycling safer!
1130	Southeast	mass transit options
1131	Southeast	More bicycle lanes!
1132	Southeast	Bicycle lanes
1133	Southeast	Bicycle Lanes

ID	Region	Comment
	Bioii	
		We need to as DOT better invite NGOs and other contact points in the community for being a user group of the states transportation system. We need to make it more functional to have that base from the faith community, service community, educational community, and business community to all work together in a collective impact format on a statewide level that is function with more local efforts. We have taken a really dysfunctional look at regional transit authorities. I live in Waukesha County, and I am embarrassed how much our county does not do to better coordinate with and build equity between Waukesha and Milwaukee. The circumstances are rooted in racism and other disparaging realities. I can tell you that I come from a family that valued not having the colored community of Milwaukee County come into our living areas of Waukesha County. I am with many groups that share the same life experiences. If we don't hit the issue head on, we have no
		prayer of properly correcting the wrongs of the past. I also am a disability advocate, and I witness people with disabilities moving from Waukesha County to Milwaukee County for the more feasible resources in transportation and the bus system that is far superior for Milwaukee County. It should not be the case that folks need to move to have a transportation system that supports who they are. Non-drivers need more options in suburban and rural areas. We need to look at timebanking and such to have a citizen response system whereby populations can connect for additional carpooling options and such for all aspects of life:
		faith, volunteering, education, government business, as well as work which is typically supported under government support systems.
1134	Southeast	
1135	Southeast	It is vital that we give high importance to equity among population and geographic areas. I think we make a false premise to put so much investment into Milwaukee due to the high population. Madison, Green Bay, Wausau would be similar. We need to ask ourselves how are we steering favorability to the rural areas so that we can benefit from more equally distribute transportation resources around the state. If we keep funneling our attention to Milwaukee County, we suffer from opportunities across the other 71 counties. Now I know Wisconsin does not do much towards Milwaukee County in terms of making state programs more equitable for that County. We need to better partner with Milwaukee County to better create equity between that County and the other 71 counties. There is undo strain in Milwaukee County for which they don't get enough response to correct the future in this disparity. I also am advocate for people with disabilities and other non-drivers. I see a bias on roads and vehicle/car/automobile transportation. We need to give emphasis to our largest minority group: people with disabilities. I applaud the state for having a council for focus on non-drivers. It is a real shortfall in our state planning.
1133	Southeast	I recommend Transportation hubs be established. Like Park and Ride Lots with additional parking (maybe even elevated structures) where people can drive to, and pick up local transit, BRT, shuttles, etc. One hub could be a P&R lot in Wauwatosa area, one at State Fair Park, Goerke's Corners, County KR, etc. From these lots would be connectivity
1136	Southeast	to the downtowns, MRMC, Airport, Amtrak stations. Schedules would be meshed with little to no waiting time. I recommend that SEWRPC 's 2050 plan be followed to the letter. It is a great plan developed by many focus groups
1137	Southeast	representing diversity of all sorts.
1138	Southeast	High speed rail connecting the state all parts of the state.
1139	Southeast	Review and update construction and maintenance bid process.
1140	Southeast	get ridd of the down town trolley to nowhere! waste of money & space
1141	Southeast	flying cars would be nice, like we seen in the Jettison's :)
1142	Southeast	More public.

ID	Region	Comment
		More rail access between cities would give people much better access to different areas and help alleviate traffic
1143	Southeast	issues.
		All drivers obtaining their first driver's license or getting back a revoked/suspended license should be required to pass a
1144	Southeast	comprehensive driving class. Just taking a written test with a fairly easy road test is not enough.
1145	Southeast	Improved access is great, but it needs to be affordable.
		A mileage based user fee would be a disaster for a lot of people. We already pay a gas tax, license plate fee, and in
		Milwaukee County a wheel tax.
		Tolls would be a better option, but not along the entire system. Tolls at state lines and maybe when changing from
		one highway to another. But, we have to avoid getting over tolled the way Illinois is.
1146	Southeast	
1147	Southeast	Fix the roads
1148	Southeast	Pedestrian & bicycle street priority
1149	Southeast	Protection of our environmental resources is vital.
1150	Southeast	Cost effective and timely repairs of existing infrastructure.
1151	Southeast	The state must be in charge of directing and controlling the funding of transportation systems.
		Extend Kenosha, Racine, Milwaukee train service and coordinate it with service to Chicago and Northern Illinois
		suburbs. Connect the above recommended service with convenient access to Mitchell Airport. Promote Mitchell
		airport access in Northern Illinois as an alternative to O'Hare. Also, explore ways that existing, under-utilized train
		tracks in Milwaukee's Greater Metro area could be utilized for passenger movement into/out of Milwaukee.
		Additionally, expand the HOP service into more areas of Milwaukee and coordinate withbus service. In Madison,
		establish street car service Between Sun Prairie, Madison and its suburbs. Establish Amtrak in Madison (Sun Prairie)
		and up the service between Milwaukee and Minneapolis via Sun Prairie. Using buses that compete with street/road
1152	Southeast	traffic adds to congestion. Mass transit, on itsown right-of-way, is better.
1153	Southeast	More efficient transportation systems across the state. High speed rail would be great way to link up the midwest.
1154	Southeast	Increased and efficient rail network. High speed trains between large cities, local trains for others.
1155	Southeast	Alter at grade rail crossings with freeways, overpasses needed.
1156	Southeast	Local rapid transit rail in the mahor cities & intercity high speed rail needed.
		Government is not a business, it should not make money off the constituency. It is a service the govt provides. The
1157	Southeast	State should fund an affordable & reliable transit network.
1158	Southeast	Overspending on repairs and construction.
1159	Southeast	Abolish registration fees! Now!
		Focus transportation funding from user fees strictly to those purposes. Use GPR from general sales tax and income tax
		for pedestrian, bicycle, other stuff. Those that pay the gas tax and sales tax on automobiles should be able to enjoy the
4460		improvements.
1160	Southeast	
		Individual units (cars, trucks) will continue to provide over 90% of transportation needs. Focus spending there. As
		gasoline and diesel have less of the market for automotive fuels other ideas to fund will be required but they cannot in
		any way be location based. I don't trust government with location info and expect that once they have it they will use
		it for nefarious purposes.
1464	C	Innovations in contracting, performance guarantees with bonds or insurance policies to fund any early rebuilding or
1161	Southeast	excessive maintenance, but allow the contractors to use any methods and materials they care to.

ID	Region	Comment
		Please add to this process collective impact. I am amazed that the Department can't line up public participation of
		private individuals to make the Open House and listening sessions fully involved for an hour. When the participation
		wanes at 40 or 45 minutes, we are not well-connected. We need to better captivate the faith community, NGOs,
		lifelong learning educators, other government agencies, and the business community. We have groups like Wisconsin
		Transit Riders Alliance, Coaltion for More Responsible Transportation, Survival Coalition, Council on Physical
		Disabilities, Governor's Committee for People with Disabilities, WISDOM, and many more groups all taking a poke and
		advocating for what we need in the year 2050. We are not purposefully inviting and asking for all stakeholders to be
		involved in these Open Houses and listening session and for the feedback of all they reach. We have way too much bias
		towards pouring down asphalt and dumping our money into Interstate Highways. We are squashing the idea of
		Regional Transit Authorities when we have serious issue in racially segregating transportation systems and highways. I
		live in Waukesha County, and I am embarrassed with how much the WOW Counties do not contribute and facilitate
		ways to integrate transportation systems with Milwaukee. Milwaukee basically retains demographics that the rich
		outlaying areas of the suburbs down want. We need to forthright and obviously deal with this. It needs to show itself in
		the Connect 2050 plan. I have taken involvement with Connect 2050 Open House and listening sessions. I got involved
		in transportation 7 years ago when I realized that in Wisconsin transportation is a barrier. I started the inclusion to
		water skiing campaign: EveryBODY Skis! I reach out to faith groups, NGOs, educational - lifelong learning services,
		government, and business. My issue was to figure out why so few people with disabilities would join events I set up all
		around the state of Wisconsin. This opened up the can of worms. As much as people would love to come to these
		events, Wisconsin does not put its resources to get them to these locations. I notice that in faith life, community
		service, continuing education, government work, and jobs that this is the case as well. It was a weird sequence of
		events that brought me here, but I am here. Now we need to look at this ginormous dysfunctional family we call
		Wisconsin and change the narrative to rectify our challenges. I would like to talk with you deeply about Public and
		Specialized Transit to help your work better find its proper place in State business. I have been Vice-Chair of the
1160	Carrellanas	Wisconsin Council on Physical Disabilities, and I have some good insights from the Transportation Committee. This is
1162	Southeast	how I met Taqwanya. I look forward to your insights and an opportunity to have a Zoom session or other call. There's only a moderate chance that I will be around to see 2050. I would like you to make sure that the city is well
1163	Southeast	maintained and thriving and accessible to everyone for my grandchildren's sake.
1103	Journeast	Interconnectivity will likely increase in importance; environmental concerns, while I didn't give them the highest
		priority here, will naturally come as economics and technology continue to evolve towards better ways of efficiently
1164	Southeast	moving people and good
1165	Southeast	Less cameras, less new gadgets, less new signage, less "improvements". Just maintain things.
		I believe its worth looking more into Diamond Diverging Interchanges at freeway/interstate exits. They can be safer
1166	Southeast	and also cost effective. I personally would like to see more in the future.
1167	Southeast	Expand the freeway between Milwaukee and Madison, the 2 cities with highest population.
		Continuous evaluation and improvement implementation with data-driven alternatives presented to public to raise
1168	Southeast	their understanding for them to provide direction of our mutually best future.
1169	Southeast	Get us high speed rail ASAP!
		State funding for public/mass transit will be necessary for expanding transit options in cash strapped municipalities.
		Develop a transportation system that isn't centered around the private automobile. Develop transit with the intention
1170	Southeast	that it will be
1171	Southeast	Need to do what we can to reduce emissions and support multimodal transportation
1173	C =	Self driving cars and self driving car ride share programs will be a major competitor to city buses and trolleys. Any
1172	Southeast	future transportation plans need to seriously address and plan for that.
1172	Courthoast	Returning to the high speed Midwest rail network makes a great deal of sense to me. There's a significant volume of
1173	Southeast	people traveling back and forth between cities. If Wisconsin is going to compete with the best of the best around the country, we need to stop expanding roads and
1174	Southeast	start shrinking them and getting people out of their cars and walking and biking.
1174 1175	Southeast	Hopefully it's more progressive and innovative than what the last 10 years have been.
11/2	Journeast	Inoperany it a more progressive and innovative than what the last 10 years have been.

ID	Region	Comment
1176	Southeast	Rapid transit & bikes.
		The year 2050 will require transportation for a much more diverse population, transit choices, and climate conditions.
		It would be wise to continue to move toward this expected diversity by reducing the amount of emphasis on
1177	Southeast	automobile-only transportati
		Convenient, FREE mass transit should be our first priority. Going places is a necessity, not a privilege. Free transit is an
		equalizer that will lead to racial, economic, gender equity and create a more robust economy. Stop criminalizing being
1178	Southeast	poor.
		We must transition to modes of transportation that encourage mass transportation, which means a coordination of
		bus, train, trolley, light rail. The methods of power need to be diverse, so no one source of energy is unduly stressed -
1179	Southeast	electric, solar, gas
1180	Southeast	Stop relying on property tax to fund local road investment. Income tax and user fees tolls are the equitable solution
		To help small towns and cities who want to draw people into town, or downtown, to experience their offerings and
		history, I would suggest many more of the highways that bypass towns have more emphasized "city" or "historic"
1181	Southeast	routes that take more people t
		Public private partnerships and design build options need to be seriously considered and implemented. The Wisconsin
		DOT is run like a failing disfunctional business and would benefit from more non -govermental type strategies to
1182	Southeast	optimize their mission t
1183	Southeast	High speed rail / transportation!
1184	Southeast	Invest in mass transit (trains, streetcars).
		Do not confirm Secretary of Transportation designee Graig Thompson. No lobbyists for the road builders should ever
1185	Southeast	be considered.
1186	Southeast	High speed rail
		I'm a Milwaukee resident and would like to provide some perspective on Milwaukee's Hop streetcar as it approaches
		its second anniversary. All transportation faces challenges during these times, but I hope you understand The Hop's
1187	Southeast	unique role. As Wiscons
		We need to implement tolling on 94 to Illinois border. This will provide revenue for capital projects sustainably and
		have out of state residents help pay for it. We have missed the boat on rail investment for freight and passenger rail
1188	Southeast	for tourism.
		Like it or not people prefer and use cars so maintaining and expanding roadways for cars should be a priority. A
		majority of freight moves via truck so providing for truck transit is also a requirement. 'Mass transit' in WI is typically
1189	Southeast	not utilized by m
1190	Southeast	The use of police departments to enforce transportation safety.
		Promoting safety between modes of transportation (car/bike/pedestrian/train) is crucial, but often the solutions and
1191	Southeast	non-intuitive and cause more confusion and need to be carefully considered and implemented.
1192	Southeast	Provide funding to schools for drivers education for youth!
		Reduce sign "pollution" - remove what you can and replace multiple individuals ones with something concise and more
1193	Southeast	prone to be seen and read
		Compared to other areas I've been our physical built environment caters almost entirely to cars with little serious
		consideration for other users. We use dangerous and outdated bike/ped (i.e. painted bike lanes with no protection
1194	Southeast	immediately in the door
1195	Southeast	pull-outs for buses
		* Urban Street Design Guide
		by National Association of City Transportation Officials
		It is possible to design city streets that are usable for a variety of users and uses.
		* Streets for People a Primer for Americans
		by Bernard Rudofsky
1196	Southeast	Documents pedestr
		The biggest increase to safety will be a system that focuses less on cars and other over-the-road vehicles and more on
1197	Southeast	rail transportation and other mass transit.

ID	Region	Comment
1198	Southeast	Multimodal options so personal vehicles aren't the only choice
		Planning for bicycles. The best thing we can do for the environment is make it easier for people to get around without
1199	Southeast	cars.
1200	Southeast	Better balance of spending - more toward public transportation and less toward freeways.
		I am directly affected by climate change:
		- Rising water levels on Lake Michigan and in the Milwaukee River threaten to flood or remove recreational walking
1201	Southeast	and hiking or access to commercial businesses destinations; I can see this happening now. (https
		Ending fossil fuel usage has to be the number one priority. Reliance on air transit is also pointless without advances in
		the field towards reducing the carbon footprint of airplanes - right now, any air transit is too much air transit from an
1202	Southeast	environmen
		Get vehicles to communicate with stop lights and and rail road crossings on when to trigger activation of idle stop on
1203	Southeast	individual vehicles. Ie wait time is at least 10 seconds or more before shutdown is triggered for waiting vehicles.
		We have a problem with highway spending in Wisconsin, i.e. we build far too many unnecessary highways while giving
1204	Southeast	a pittance to transit and bike/pedestrian mode shares.
		Reduce new highway construction. Focus on maintaining existing highways only. Put more funds into public transit.
1205	Southeast	Develop a dedicated public transit fund that emphasizes emissions-free vehicles.
1206	Southeast	Mass transit infrastructure should be a higher priority than roads that support exclusively single-driver vehicles.
1207	Southeast	Stop making roads 10 lanes across and invest in rail service for commuters and major thoroughfares.
		True visionary thinking, planning, data collection including accessing/logging public perceptions for further guidance
		and refinement of best visionary future. Time to get truly futuristic transportation on horizon like Musk's loop/tube
1208	Southeast	and really make
1209	Southeast	High speed rail to reduce dependence on fossil-fuel transportation such as car and airplane.
		State wide passenger rail should be a priority. Routes connecting a majority of the state's population in urban areas
		should be served by fast and frequent rail service. Routes from GB and the Fox Valley to MKE, KRM, MKE to Madison,
1210	Southeast	and TCMC should have
1211	Southeast	Commuter rail service to offer alternate options for high vehicle traffic locations
		Look to Portland, OR. Transportation planning needs to prioritize modalities other than cars. We can't eliminate cars,
1212	Southeast	but we must do everything possible to build transportation around people and bicycles, not cars.
1213	Southeast	
1214	Southeast	I choose not to have a car and I would like an easy way to get to cities like West Bend from Milwaukee.
1215	Southeast	We need to develop a high speed rail system similar to the system in Minneapolis, MN and suburbs of that city.
		Multi-modal, high frequency public transit with integrated schedules, apps, and fare systems (or go fare free on all
		transit!): i.e. good quality local buses (I was in Houston recently and was quite impressed with their restructured bus
1216	Southeast	network), LRT and
1217	Southeast	We need more trains and the trains need to connect to buses, the street car, the airport, etc.
		* Streetfight: Handbook for an Urban Revolution
		by Janette Sadik-Khan and Seth Solomonow
		By identifying how people could make better use of the entire space of the street in safer, more efficient, more
1218	Southeast	equitable, and more productive ways, the author and
1219	Southeast	The focus should be on mass transit, not individual transit.
		Need an RTA for southeast Wisconsin. Need passenger rail. Need passenger rail between Milwaukee and Madison and
		reduce support of I-94 for travel between Milwaukee and Madison. Need much much lower fares on train between
1220	Southeast	Milwaukee and Chicago.
	-	I think spreading passenger rail along the Milwaukee-Madison and/or Milwaukee-fox valley is important and makes it
1221	Southeast	easier to connect the important regions

ID	Region	Comment
		Securing reliable and affordable transportation that doesn't put financial barriers in front of users. Equitable access to
		all transportation options across all social economic statuses is essential. Hi awareness of avoiding systemic racism
1222	Southeast	ageism disab
1223	Southeast	Transportation is a public right. Don't sell out the system to the highest bidder.
1224	Southeast	Re-establish ability to create RTA.
1225	Southeast	Stop subsidizing driving.
		As soon as the private sector gets involved it becomes about greed and tolls, etc. become unaffordable except for the
1226	Southeast	rich. Keep public transportation for the public!
		The emphasis on the "mileage-based user fee" is a delay tactic to forever limit the amount of funds that can be used to
		pay for transportation, because such a fee, I doubt, will be forever promised and never, ever delivered. It is a political
1227	Southeast	move. The
		Don't sell our roadways and infrastructure. Funding should be made possible through the public - taxpayers and road
		users. Higher taxes should be levied against higher earners to pay for infrastructure. In the 1950s, a 70 percent
1228	Southeast	marginal tax rate on top
		We need a plan to remove urban highways and make our streets safe for all Wisconsinites, not just the occupants of
		automobiles. I want to see 100% of my gas tax & registration fee dollars dedicated to building multi-modal
1229	Southeast	transportation systems that red
		We need to take a new approach at our transportation system instead of just spending billions on expanding highways.
4000		We are not a high growth region, unfortunately. I would love if the state spent money on multi-modal transit options,
1230	Southeast	ie: BRT, light rail
		Moratorium on any sort of highway expansion and removal of our urban highways. We need to decrease
4224	Carrellanae	Wisconsinites' ridiculous dependence on automobiles and make the streets safer for our citizens, including investment
1231	Southeast	of our gas tax and licensing/regist
1232	Southeast	Safety should be prioritized.
1222	Cauthaast	I like to see where this is heading. I remember when Connections 2020 seemed like a long ways away. And whoa
1233	Southeast	now it's here! That means 2050 isn't THAT far away. The state of Wisconsin has an over-reliance on the use of automobiles in more urban areas. A future transportation
		plan must be able to tackle this issue, as perpetually reworking interchanges and highways to add lanes is not a long-
1234	Southeast	term sustainable solu
1234	Southeast	Wisconsin has been adding a huge quantity of highway lane miles at great expense over my lifetime yet has done
		approximately nothing to invest in public transportation, and very little to improve bike & pedestrian conditions. This
1235	Southeast	has left our cities wit
1233	Journeast	Increasing number of lanes and widening lanes in the city only promotes increased speed and decreased bike and
		pedestrian safety. Also, top dressing streets is a short-term fix and reduces curb/gutter for water runoff. These
1236	Southeast	practices should be curtailed.
		FIGURE OUT THE ROAD TAX FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES TO BE FAIR TO OTHERS, GET THE AMISH BUGGIES OFF THE ROAD
		OR CHARGE A WHEEL TAX
1237	Northwest	
		If you focus more on improving and promoting public transit, you will be solving a lot of transportation problems for
1238	Northwest	many people, while at the same time improving/ helping the environment.
		We need to focus more attention and funding towards walking, biking, transit, passenger rail, etc. We invest way too
		much of a percent on vehicles, especially personal vehicles. We need to make changes and help reduce the State's
		impact on climate change and have the transportation system help improve quality of life and not be detrimental to it
1239	Northwest	with noise and air pollution.
		Emphasis on round abouts and cleaner fuels. Hard emphasis on preserving and protecting the environment. Also roads
1240	Northwest	on the reservation need support and updating.
		I envision a system that considers at least 7 generations of impact on the health and integrity of ecosystems, including
1241	Northwest	human ecosystems.
1242	Northwest	I do hope we'll have flying cars by then2020 was a huge disappointment lol

ID	Region	Comment
		People who live in big cities and don't drive should pay their fair share as well. They still benefit from the
		transportation of goods and services and likely utilize public transportation as well.
1243	Northwest	Gas taxes and vehicle registration only targets direct users. While everyone benefits from the infrastructure.
1244	Northwest	need additional focus on pedestrian and biking particularly in smaller rural nw wisconsin
1245	Northwest	Even more bike paths in urban and rural areas
1246	Northwest	Develop a professional business model, not piecemeal, and leaving citizens to mercy of contacted companies.
		I hope for it to be entirely electric, so that we can have both convient travel options, and greatly reduce our states
1247	Northwest	impact on global warming.
		Since the grocery store moved out of town alot of our elderly and disabled citizens have no way to get there and are
1248	Northwest	relying on high prices at the local gas stations.
		Can we do something about service to the north? Right now, Greyhound goes to Eau Claire and Amtrak goes to
		Wausau. From there, access is limited to private vehicles. You basically have to rent a car. Half of our state is without
1249	Northwest	public transportation.
4250	Ni- all	Eliminate fricken traffic circles. What a waste of space, and there are more crashes in circles than at normal crossings.
1250	Northwest	
1251	Nicostoricant	Whether many of our small communities survive depends on being able to support a diverse range of commerce. It's
1251	Northwest	simple. The cost of transportation will be a limiting factor.
1252	Northwest	I think the Roundabouts are a great improvement for the flow of traffic
1252	Northwest	How will one balance electric vehicles sharing the roads and taxing licenses or charging stations? Will i be enticed to convert?
1253	Northwest	These efforts will only be worth our time if we have a way to financially support them and maintain them in the long
1254	Northwest	term.
1234	Northwest	Happy to see some chip-sealing being done on state highways in the north to extend the life of the roads, there are still
1255	Northwest	some serious issues north of Highway 8.
1233	Northwest	Some Serious issues north or riightway of
1256	Northwest	Why isn't the quality of road building materials improving? Don't we need to develop an electric vehicle system first.
1257	Northwest	Using the most inovative technical advances need to be used.
1258	Northwest	Taxing and tracking by the mile will end profitable commerce.
		High speed train is needed to connect Minneapolis, Madison, Milwaukee, and Chicago. It would reduce environmental
		impacts of single driver highway traffic, foster economic opportunities from ticket prices for the train, as well as foster
1259	Northwest	economic opportunities for communities along the route
1260	Northwest	Move traffic outside of downtown areas
		Electric vehicle use and other possible more efficient modes of transportation use other than just the current vehicle
		modes. How are resources or funding sources going to be generated if all electric or other type of fuel source is used
1261	Northwest	instead of the current fossil fuels?
[COVID proves that we can travel less. And travel infrastructure Needs will Change because of it. I live in a rural areal, 25
1262	Northwest	min from work need more options for bike trails and regular public transportation.
		We need to plan an infrastructure around charging electric vehicles. We need to ensure that our transportation
		infrastructure projects, especially roads, rails, and trails, are built to withstand 5,000 year floods. Our ports need to do
		a better job of preventing the spread of invasive aquatic creatures. Our transportation infrastructure needs to be
1263	Northwest	designed to make it harder to commit human trafficking.
		Have a transportation system that helps people live car-free, because it saves money, the environment, and saves
		lives. Focus on walking, biking, transit, and passenger rail. I live in Eau Claire without a car, and so many people would
		benefit if more people could do that, or at least thrive with one car in a family as opposed to needing 2-3 or just to get
		by. We need to expand funding for the Transportation Alternative Program and transit operating assistance. We need
		to allow for eminent domain to build bike lanes, sidewalks, and trails. We need to build more roundabouts on state
		highways. Do not expand I-94 in Milwaukee, or anywhere! Do not expand I-94 between Eau Claire and Hudson. Fund
1264	Northwest	our state trail system those routes are used for transportation, and not just recreation!

ID	Region	Comment
		Why not use drones or satellites to oversee high volume roadways in order to help with congestion of roadways in the
		future?
		Autonomous cars of the future will help reduce accidents but when will older vehicles need to be "off" the road? How
1265	Northwest	will you reimburse/credit the owners of those vehicles so as to push them to the next generation of vehicles?
1266	Northwest	CARS THAT RUN ON COOKING OIL.
1267	Nicosh	Thank you for doing this survey. I look forward to hearing about the results. Please press forward to make the system
1267	Northwest	more sustainable environmentally and financially.
		In 2050, I would like to see a drastic reduction in reliance on fossil fuels used in transportation in Wisconsin. We should
		be working to better preserve our natural resources and integrate transportation with our environment and increase
		focus on environmental justice issues. We should explore alternative transportation funding opportunitiessince
1268	Northwest	reliance on renewable energies and any increases in mass transit would lead to a reduction in gas tax.
		The viability of an electric monorail system that runs down the backbone of I-94 that would carry people in the day
1269	Northwest	time and cargo at night.
1270	Northwest	Improve hi way 10 from marshfield to 194
		Much of northern Wisconsin is underserved with no east-west highway route north of Hwy 29, yet we continually
		pump money into expansion in the southeast region. A long term solution is needed for the northern portion of the
1271	Northwest	state.
		By 2050 I think it would be incredibly important to have at least 50% of cars on the road be electric. Registering hybrid
		or electric vehicles should also be significantly cheaper than gas card. Or, increase the cost to register gas card as an
		incentive to explore other options.
1272	Northwest	Encouraging the build out of high quality electric infractructure (fact charging) also should be a necessity
1272 1273	Northwest	Encouraging the build out of high quality electric infrastructure (fast charging) also should be a necessity. It has to be supportive of growth in our rural areas.
12/3	Northwest	Look to the future. Build before the need. Construction costs and user inconvenience both increase if constructing
1274	Northwest	when the roadway is at capacity.
1275	Northwest	Thank you for surveying us citizens!
1276	Northwest	Happy to see WisDOT is focused on 2050 rather than just 5 years ahead of them.
		Focus on maintaining what we have. We can only afford so much. When we build more, the funding just is not there to
1277	Northwest	maintain what we have and what we are continuing to build.
1278	Northwest	Build better roads that can hold up to the traffic demands.
1279	Northwest	Public transportation access for ALL wisconsinites
1280	Northwest	Making decisions about all of Wisconsin! There is a lot of land north of 29 and 94!!!
		Connect the northern and southern parts of the state with safe four lane highways that will promote economic growth,
		allow for good to be moved and received by northern businesses and create SAFER ways for the influx of travelers in
1281	Northwest	the summer to travel.
1282	Northwest	Hwy 10 finish four lane to osseo. Hwy 21 four lane. And finally four lane north of antigo to tomahawk
1283	Northwest	plenty of safe parking for trucking to get off the road when required or needed.
1284	Northwest	Passenger rail
		We need more education on reducing the need to drive, reducing our impact on the environment, reducing
105-		consumption overall and ultimately creating a sustainable infrastructure from both an environmental side and a
1285	Northwest	financial side.
		If self driving vehicles are going to be the future of transportation, we need to be prepared for that. If electric vehicles
		become more main stream be prepared to shift funding and find an alternative funding source because gas tax will
1200	Nowthernes	revenue will be drastically reduced. We need plans that are very flexible and be ready to respond quickly to changing
1286	Northwest	technology.

ID	Region	Comment
	J	provision of space for all users such as bikes and pedestrians in urbanized areas, or areas where these users could be,
		such as near schools, residential areas to commercial and job centers.
1287	Northwest	Provision of enhancements to enable automated vehicles to be most effective.
		We need more opportunities for safe waking and biking throughout the State.
		We need to promote the lowering of speed limits throughout the State. If we are serious about transportation safety in
		our communities, we need to reduce speed limits of State and County highways that travel through communities. That
		is a huge issue for safety and quality of life. For instance, does Clairemont Ave. in Eau Claire really need to be 45mph?
		Much of it cuts through residential areas and is adjacent or close to schools. In working with many communities with
1200	Northwest	SRTS, many communities ask to reduce speed limits of State and County highways that go through their communities,
1288	Northwest	but are told it cannot happen. Hwy 63 and 27/70 intersection is crap.
		Lights at 27/70 and railroad st don't work and the visibility is POOR (like the lights are not bright?) That one block
		radius is not sufficient and has had a lot of accidents since it was redone last year. The heavy traffic keeps the
1289	Northwest	intersection congested and the new system does not work.
1290	Northwest	Wider highways for farm equipment or don't allow machines that are over width to use roads.
1291	Northwest	Maintaining current Highways
1292	Northwest	Winter road salting, plowing on the roads in Buffalo County in the early, early morning commute.
		Funding that allows all areas of the state to pay decent wages and not just hiring college students. County departments
		that all are near the same pay so it will encourage more people to work. Counties to use there dedicated funding only
1293	Northwest	for the department it was intended for
		It's simple, the single biggest issue I see is speed enforcement. Wisconsin and especially Taylor county do a poor job.
		Our roadways are more congested than ever and people drive like maniacs. Enforce traffic laws, teach people how to
1294	Northwest	properly use round abouts and proper merging procedures. Speed enforcement should be your focus.
		Rail systems are generally very safe and can be built to withstand extreme weather events. We need more of these,
1295	Northwest	both high speed rail and light rail for commuters.
		Distracted driving is a huge issue. Perhaps there is something that can be done to "jam" cell phones of drivers when
		they are driving, so no calls, texts or web surfing/social media can be engaged.
1296	Northwest	Perhaps there can be private partnerships to assist in safety development and sponsorship (funding).
1230	Northwest	remaps there can be private partnerships to assist in safety development and sponsorship (runding).
		PLEASE DO SOMETHING ABOUT PEOPLE AND TRUCKS USING THESES NEW BRIGHT LIGHTS, AND DRIVING WITH THE
		FOG-LIGHTS ON ON LOW BEAM, ANYTIME THERE ARE 4 OR MORE BEAMS LIT, IT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED HIGH
		BEAMS. SOME ARE EVEN USING OFF ROAD LIGHTS ALSO, IF I FLASH THEM THEY DON;T DIM THEM. ALSO IF SOMEONE
		IS IN THE LEFT LANE DOING THE SPEED LIMIT OR A LITTLE MORE, PULL OVER THE ASSHOLE TAILGATING THEM, IF I'M
		DOING THE SPEED LIMIT I'M DOING NOTHING WRONG, THE RIGHT LANE IS FOR SLOWER TRAFFIC.
		ADDITIONALLY START CHECKING OUT ALL THESES SEMI'S RUNNING AROUND WITH FARM NAMES ON THE DOOR
		HAULING ILLEGALLY ACROSS STATE LINES AND IN THE STATE, THEY ARE HURTING THE HONEST TRUCKERS INCOME,
1297	Northwest	THEY ARE FARM TRUCKS, NOT OVER THE ROAD FOR HIRE. MOST OF THE DRIVERS DON'T EVEN HAVE A LICENSE.
		The use of alternative fuels should be rewarded, not penalized. Find a more appropriate means of collecting fees, like
		gas tax and registration fees based on number of miles driven and weight of the vehicle.
1298	Northwest	Less concern for parking and highway capacity, while offering viable transportation options.

ID	Region	Comment
		The transportation system is a key component of both quality of life and property values. More needs to be done to
		have transportation infrastructure help improve both, as opposed to reducing quality of life and property values.
		Traffic is often the most biggest form of noise pollution in a community. Much of this comes from speed of traffic. This
		needs to be addressed. Why were there no sound barriers constructed along the 53 Bypass when that was constructed
		in Eau Claire? There can be so much more done to have transportation improve quality of life in communities, and
1299	Northwest	often it is just the opposite.
		Better signage so we can see and find the places we want to get to. Better placement of signs. Keep as much as you
1300	Northwest	can natural.
1301	Northwest	Widespread use of public transportation systems that will connect communities and get cars off the road
		transportation priorities other than passenger/ semi truck focused. Bikes, pedestrians need equal access to seamless,
1302	Northwest	safe thoroughfares (see Iowa/ DesMoines area as a starting point.
		I would like to see more wildlife overpass and underpass crossings. These structures provide a safe, more natural way
1303	Northwest	for wildlife to cross roadways, and reduce incidents of vehicle-animal collisions.
1304	Northwest	Developing and improving transportation options in the northern rural counties that are not currently being served.
1305	Northwest	Maintain wildlife and butterfly and bee habitats by using environmental friendly products on roads and roadsides.
		More mass transportation opportunities for people living in rural areas, like a bus service between Superior and
1306	Northwest	Madison, or at least from Superior to Tomah where you could connect with another carrier.
1500	North Vest	Better control of ATV's on County roads. They speed, young children driving them, cross center line, it would be tragic
1307	Northwest	if there was a car vs ATV accident.
1007	North Vest	Many of our communities experience a lot of tourism because of what we offer in natural resources. So keeping that is
1308	Northwest	vitsl
1309	Northwest	A transportation system is not just autos; bikes, buggies, hikers, walkers make a system for all users
1310	Northwest	Maintains rural america
		Having an extensive and well-planned passenger rail system statewide would reduce emissions greatly and provide
1311	Northwest	lasting connectivity between towns and regions.
		Focus on reducing greenhouse gas emissions and other air pollution.
		Move toward electric vehicle infrastructure
		Focus on expanding access and safety for walking and biking
		Provide significantly more resources to expand and operate public transit, passenger rail service, and inter-city bus
		transportation.
		Reduce barriers in communities like major highways and dangerous intersections.
		Stop building bypasses that destroy historic business districts.
		Reduce parking requirements.
		Reduce VMT.
1312	Northwest	Reduce commuting distance, by building more compact cities.
		Be mindful of ecosystems and the impact that infrastructure has on those systems. Look at projects and infrastructure
1313	Northwest	holistically.
1314	Northwest	More transportation options beyond cars
1315	Northwest	More Mass transit options
1316	Northwest	More mass transit and shipping goods by rail rather than truck
		Employ ongoing maintenance programs which will ultimately lower costs, rather than letting facilities deteriorate until
1317	Northwest	they need replacement. Maintenance should not suffer to provide funding for new facilities.
		We should focus on maintaining what we have. Any new construction should focus on modes that help reduce our
1210	Northwest	impact on the climate and environment. We need to do our part in helping stop climate change.
1318 1319		Keeping local control and having the trained engineer from the start of a project.
1319	Northwest Northwest	Rural Transportation systems.
1320	INOLLIWESE	nurai manaportation ayatema.
1321	Northwest	Assist with funding of drivers for transportation programs: a few volunteers get burned out and taken advantage of.
-	110111111100	The state of the s

ID	Region	Comment
		culverts, sign and lighting are often overlooked and need maintenance. Have the ability to do IDIQ to take care of these
1322	Northwest	items in an efficient manner.
1323	Northwest	Continued advancement with weather related road maintenance such as de-icing and the salt/chemicals used.
		A share the state of the state
		A strong transportation budget/funding. Have to look at other related funding sources to support transportation
4224		needs. Laos need to make sure that all modes of transportation are utilized to the fullest. For instance Rail & waterway
1324	Northwest	could be better interconnected. Also passenger rail travel could be better used.
1225	Nambhaas	Having a good passenger rail system would allow for lower maintenance costs on the highways through lower use and
1325	Northwest	potentially even narrow roads as the excess capacity would not be needed.
		Coordination techniques for new and existing traffic control systems. So many existing systems are terribly coordinated both on state and local roads. This accounts for millions of dollars of unnecessary transportation costs (gas) and
		environmental concerns (pollution).
		environmental concerns (poliution).
		Minimal dollars spent on more traffic engineers using sophisticated software and controllers for traffic signal
1326	Northwest	coordination would be a wise investment of tax dollars.
1320	Northwest	coordination would be a wise investment of tax dollars.
		Be sure to consider mandating that the highest quality materials are being used at all times, to have the infrastructure
		last as long as possible and to make maintenance easier. Be more receptive to a "Do it right, do it once" mentality.
		last as long as possible and to make maintenance easier. Se more receptive to a "So kinght," as it once "mentant,"
		Work with universities and/or researchers to develop the highest-quality, longest-lasting products for infrastructure
1327	Northwest	construction.
		Stop spending money on bike lanes utilized by so little of the populus. Highway maintenance and pedestrian accesses
1328	Northwest	(for urban zones) should be priority.
		We need to greatly improve and encourage public transit around the state of Wisconsin. Like in european countries.
		We should become less dependent on personal cars for traveling the state, and increase use of all forms of public
		transportation. How about bringing back a train up to Bayfield and the Apostle Island area. Improve rideshare taxi
		services in Wisconsin small towns. I would also like to see trolley cars in our towns and cities. There is a company in
		Wisconsin that manufactures trolley cars.
1329	Northwest	
		Your question about increasing the number of cities with access to Amtrak was poorly worded. I'm all for increasing
		access to passenger rail, but that does not need to be, and probably shouldn't be, Amtrak. There are other options
		that should be available, supported, and encouraged, such as public-private partnerships which could be provided with
1330	Northwest	much more transparency and at a lower cost.
		We need to focus attention, dollars, and planning for non-vehicle transportation options. This includes transit, walking,
1331	Northwest	biking, rail, etc. We need to invest in these modes significantly more than we are.
		Fully interconnected Passenger rail would make a huge difference across all of these 6 areas.
		I'm not sure who thought that citizens can reasonably prioritize these budget and engineering problems wrapped in a
1222	NI maratha co	cloak of sentiment in way that you can expect to extract real meaning from it, but they should probably explore some
1332	Northwest	further training or perhaps another occupation entirely.
1222	Northwest	Rural connectivity - increase transportation access points for rural residents, especially light rail or other efficient rail to
1333	Northwest	larger cities in and out of Wisconsin. Paved trail biking that links residential and commercial/ed / industrial area tjat is separated from vehicle traffic - nw
1224	Northwest	
1334	Northwest	wisconsin growth Considering the less dense areas of state, the number of elderly, disabled, low income who have no access to work,
		social activities or opportunities to improve their psychosocial status. There are too many programs that are limiting to
		specific populations and don't meet the needs of many. We north of Highway 29 need coordinated PUBLIC
1335	Northwest	transportation.
1000	NOTHINGSE	a disportation.

ID	Region	Comment
		Having trails and crossing points along the highways, many people could benefit from using their atv or utv to go to
		town but have no access to the side roads that allow them, why is it okay for the tourists to ride their snow vehicles
1336	Northwest	along them but not residents to use those paths.
1337	Northwest	Special attention to needs of rural communities.
1338	Northwest	A high speed train connecting Minneapolis, Madison, Milwaukee, and Chicago
1339	Northwest	Connections to public transportation (bus to bus) county to county and state to state.
		Technology advances are okay for providing information, but what about getting or creating more or better bike &
		walking paths (funding needed) more high speed rail or rail options to cities or other parts of the state. Create more
1340	Northwest	hubs.
1341	Northwest	Bringing efficient transportation to the city of Menomonie.
1342	Northwest	Rural public transportation or to be able to work remotely or from home, increase access to high speed internet.
1343	Northwest	Bringing passenger rail north
		We need highspeed rail, we need rail service even up north. We have freight lines all along the US8 corridor, get
		passanger commuter trains on there. Every mile of freight track needs to have a passanger track laid next to it to
1344	Northwest	facilitate travel by rail.
		Ask for help from universities, etc. on developing ways to make transit/access to transit more efficient.
1345	Northwest	Find ways to make transit self-supporting (sponsorship, etc.).
1346	Northwest	Extend public transit into rural areas.
		Penalizing hybrid and electric vehicle drivers on their vehicle registration is ridiculous and counter-productive.
		Someone who drives a hybrid and gets 45 mpg (or less in the case of a hybrid SUV) and drives 7,000 miles a year is
		paying considerably more for their registration than someone who drives a Honda Fit and gets about the same mpg,
		but puts 30,000 miles on the roads each year. We should be encouraging environmentally friendly technologies and
		lower VMT, not penalizing.
		Also, communities should be able to decide whether or not to form an RTA to provide stable funding for alternative
1347	Northwest	modes of transportation.
1348	Northwest	Love the toll idea. Like many things, highways should include a user fee.
1349	Northwest	A 5 cents tax on gas is the best way for all to pay there share.
1350	Northwest	Raise gas tax, use rider fees rather than "donations "for rides through ADRC.
		Why those entities working on state /govt transportation projects are guaranteed a set amount higher than normally
1351	Northwest	charged in private sector
		Mileage based user fees will hurt rural America. Rural America gets penalized enough. What about looking at sales
		taxes on utv's, 4 wheelers, utility trailers, etc going toward transportation & trails etc Road tolls creates another
1352	Northwest	bureaucracy (toll agency) Rather lets figure out how to properly fund the roads we have and improve what we have
		Make as much use of Federal money as possible. Integrate road and utility projects to minimize disruptions and
1353	Northwest	maximize value.
		Working with universities and other researchers to come up with the longest-lasting concrete and asphalt, and
		requiring that roads be rebuilt with the longest-lasting and lowest-maintenance (or easiest to maintain) materials
		available.
		Set up funds that are self-sufficient to be able to pull money out of each year to perform maintenance on this
		infrastructure. See if businesses will help sponsor this fund and/or specific projects if they receive recognition for such
		work.
		Please do not get money for roads with VMT. You are essentially punishing anyone who does not live in a city. People
1354	Northwest	will not be receptive to the idea of tracking their driving.
1355	Northwest	Raise the gas tax by indexing it
1000		I made and the set of made and a

ID	Region	Comment
		Transportation should be funded through a user fee that includes out of state travelers. The burden to build and
		maintain the transportation infrastructure should not be solely on the residents of the state of Wisconsin. Gas tax
		and/or tollway are the best user fees that captures everyone using the roads and bridges. A resident based or
1356	Northwest	registration base system leave the bill in the hands of Wisconsin residents only.
		existing transportation corridors should be made safe and maintained for various users, such as peds and bikes,
1357	Northwest	particularly in rural areas where there is very limited facilities for non car users.
1358	Northwest	don't build it if you cant maintain it
		Majority of DOT dollars go to major cities, I get it more bang for the buck. Don't forget about rural folks, I would bet
		the average rural resident pays way more that most of the folks who live in big cities as they have to drive further and
1359	Northwest	usually on bad roads.
1360	Northwest	Passenger rail: This would support all of the above areas and be more sustainable.
		accomodating alternative fuels
		mass transit options
1361	Northwest	rural transit needs
1362	Northwest	Make highway 14 from Madison to Janesville 4 lanes!!
1363	Northwest	No tolls!
1364	Northwest	high speed rail
		We need more bus transportation in northern Wisconsin. I live in Washburn Wisconsin and there are NO public
1365	Northwest	transportation options for getting to the southern part of Wisconsin or even to Duluth Minnesota
1366	Northwest	Having lived in Sweden for four years and experienced their transportation system, it was very difficult to return to Wisconsin. I often astounded friends in Sweden by telling them that a city like Eau Claire didn't have passenger rail and that even the municipal buses didn't connect to the intercity buses that stopped at a McDonald's out by the freeway or that a city the size and importance of Madison also had no rail connection. Unfortunately, a century of suburban sprawl and car culture has made it more difficult to build a similar system here, but the lack of any reasonable connection from downtown Eau Claire to Minneapolis/St. Paul is a big missed opportunity. The lack of a connection between Madison and Milwaukee is an even bigger one. Former governor Walker's disastrous decision not to accept high-speed rail funding has set the state back decades in this regard, but we shouldn't let it set us back forever.
1366	Northwest	
1367	Northwest	While I strongly urge against this prospect in general, it is critical that if the state goes the route of looking into exploration of tolls or mileage-based fees that such consideration includes accommodation for low-income users who may need to use the system but do not have the resources to pay additional surcharges.
1368	Northwest	The major point can be summed up in two words: passenger rail.
1369	Northwest	I feel the Wi DOT on a lot of projects are more concerned about inconveniencing the public than they are getting the job done. The DOT in a lot of cases could just go ahead and shut a road down to fix or repair rather than settling up lane closures twice a day. I'm asking you to save money and time to better use tax dollars. Example the state of IL had a large project in the St Louis area they chose to shut the entire road down for 6 months to complete the project, rather than taking 3 years building temporary lanes. By doing this the state saved millions of dollars. Yes it was a major traffic impact however only 6 months. Now they have millions to spend on other projects.
1303	MOLUIMESE	drame impact nowever only o months. Now they have inimons to spend off other projects.

ID	Region	Comment
		I also feel as you build more roundabouts you need to do a better job educating people on how to use them. I see in
		cases they feel the roundabout is a passing area or a place to race around a truck. I also feel the state should have one
		set of trucking rules. Example why should garbage trucks be able to haul more then a lumber truck, or a milk truck can
		haul more then a dump truck. There are all the same trucks the ROADS don't know any different. Why does one hurt
		the road and the other doesn't. The rules should all be the same. It should all be based on weight per axle. This would
1370	Northwest	keep all the trucks moving the same and have the same impact on our highway system.
1371	Northwest	Decreasing interstate speed limits back to 65 and ENFORCING IT
		Requiring DOT-approved helmets for ALL motorcycle riders would be great, even if its no more than a half-helmet. I'm
		still not sold on the whole lane filtering/ splitting issue, but as an EMT, I have seen plenty of people without a helmet
1372	Northwest	that have crashed that may have had less injury if they had on a helmet.
		Small communities like Strum, WI need public transportation for the elderly to bigger cities like Eau Claire for health
1373	Northwest	care, groceries and shopping. Currently if you are not able to drive a car you are ***.
1374	Northwest	The state is giving money to pave dirt roads while the existing paved roads are deteriorating.
1375	Northwest	Build roads correct and on budget and on time rite ,
		Stop with the connectivity ***. Fix roads and stop with the roundabout crap. Semi's have a hard time making these
1376	Northwest	
1377	Northwest	Passenger rail system that connects everyone in the state and neighboring states.
1378	Northwest	Take care of the infrastructure in the northern part of the state. IE. North of Hwy 29.
1379	Northwest	Raise the gas tax so all users of our roads help pay, especially out-of-staters!
1380	Northwest	High speed rail into and between metro areas.
1381	Northwest	Those who don't or can't drive need options too.
		The high speed train through Wisconsin, possibly electric, would make traveling through the state much easier. This
1382	Northwest	has been my hope for years, and I don't know why it keeps getting shut down.
		Story I'll be dead! For my grandkids and great grandkids the state needs to look at connecting all areas of the state if it
1383	Northwest	wants to grow business growth And job opportunities in order to keep the young in rural Wisconsin.
1384	Northwest	Time to revisit rail
1385	Northwest	Expanding freeway and US highway systems near our larger metropolitan areas.
1386	Northwest	6 lane I 94 Eau Claire to Hudson
		Please do not punish fossil fuel transportation via higher "wheel tax" BS etc, additional gas taxes nor God forbid toll
1387	Northwest	roads
1388	Northwest	Keep maintaining roads, we are one of the worst in the country in that dept
1389	Northwest	Our public bus and transportation is archaic and inconvenient.
1390	Northwest	Will Federal highways like highway 8 be fixed or will they just continue to deteriorate
		Please stop having our fuel tax, tire tax, registration fees, etc., into the General Fund and use our money for the reason
1391	Northwest	we were asked to pay itour transportation infrastructure. Thank you.
		I don't feel we need to try to advance our transportation system in this state to try to become New York, some of what
		makes Wisconsin popular is it's slower moving country feel, (in most of the state) as long as we maintain what we have
1392	Northwest	instead of tryin
		Rural areas and anything north of Portage need more attention. The infrastructure money over the last couple of
		decades has been over represented in SE Wisconsin to the detriment to the rest of the state. Would like to see Hwy 51
1393	Northwest	as a 4-lane all the way
		High speed rail is very important is very important as the cities have grown and it would help relieve heavy traffic
		between larger cities and provide comfort to airports. As needed.especally for the eldery and other persons without
1394	Northwest	cars. Also providing
		It seems the DOT spends a lot of money in replacing roadways rather than maintaining them. There are tons of terrible
		freeways in the state that could be repaired rather than ignored and made worse. One that has always stuck out to me
1395	Northwest	is hwy 29 between A
1396	Northwest	I 94 needs to be a 6 lane highway from Eau Claire to MSP
1		

ID	Region	Comment
		We need to focus on conservation of the environment while taking into consideration ease and affordability of public
1397	Northwest	transportation throughout the state. For example, railway connecting major cities throughout the state.
1398	Northwest	Forget the trains, buses, plains, worry about building and maintaining our roads and bridges.
1399	Northwest	Maintain the roads
1400	Northwest	Will commuter rail make a return to Eau Claire?
		I hope we will focus more on lower pollution transportation and infrastructure to support electric vehicles and high
1401	Northwest	speed rails. I'd also like to see quality roads and public transportation in low income communities.
		I hope it is highly integrated regionally and super fast. High speed rails across the state which connect metros to the
1402	Northwest	burbs
		Our highways and bridges are failing, especially in rural Wisconsin. Some area in northern wisconsin feel like your in
		the 50's with gravel roads and roads that are not maintained. Same goes with bridges in rural areas. Farmers are
1403	Northwest	having to travel ar
		Signs along the road that marks the spot of an MVC fatality like South Dakota has along the highway. It is a reminder
1404	Northwest	to be cautious and avoid behaviors like texting, drinking and innatentive driving.
		I think that your survey was quite thought out. VERY WELL WRITTEN! I just want to add, that electric and other safer
		environmental fuels etc., should be pursued, to keep our WI a better place to live. I've been better with allergies, while
1405	Northwest	WI, was shutdo
1406	Northwest	Add cameras to catch drivers using their phones.
		Hopefully we will have shifted to solar/ wind power for electric generation and a majority of transportation. Fossil
		fuels, fuel cells are not or are feasible or economically effective in a long term vision. Renewables must be pushed and
1407	Northwest	the economics ar
		Please consider allowing Road trains, Double and Triple 48 foot trailers on the interstate and four lanes in certain
		locations ie. Hwys 94, 29 41/43, Hudson to Milwaukee, Hudson to Green Bay, Milwaukee to Green bay/ Fox Valley.
1408	Northwest	License for minimum truck
		Obviously we need to focus on areas of dense population and growth. Perhaps over time we will need to reduce the
1409	Northwest	number of miles of roads we maintain at high cost, for instance by letting some little-used roads revert to gravel.
		I would like to see train connecting Milwaukee to Minneapolis via Madison and Eau Claire. Then perhaps another
1410	Northwest	alternative running from Milwaukee up to Green Bay via Oshkosh and Appleton.
1411	Northwest	High speed rail
1412	Northwest	Cost effective and costs to tax payers.
		Keep up the great work! For the most part our transportation in Wisconsin is in pretty good shape. I believe the area
1413	Northwest	of Safety is a big concern for a lot of folks and I agree that safety is a key issue.
		1. Build better instate highwaysthey aren't built to last in the Wisconsin climate. It seems it would be better to
		spend a fortune building them right and having them last 10 years than building them cheap and having to start
1414	Northwest	patching them by the n
1415	Northwest	Efficient rail transportation MSP to CHI
1416	Northwest	need more funding. additional resources. increase gas tax.
1417	Northwest	fast rail transportation would be here already if not turned down
1418	Northwest	Fix our roads and infrastructure for future generations.
		Pave the roads. Maintain the roads. Update the roads. Stop deferring maintenance and, in essense, spreading costs to
		residents due to repairs. I have to pay for shocks and alignment because local and state governments will not do
1419	Northwest	needed work. It would be
		Zero carbon emissions in all transportation that relies less on oil based fuels and more on renewable energies. Preserve
1420	Northwest	Wisconsin's wetland and waterways. Spend money wisely for the future of our children.
1421	Northwest	Less reliance on personal vehicles, more on intercity transit via train, bus etc.
		I want to see our roads better maintained to help with keeping our vehicles from needing unnecessary repairs and
		safety. I also am very interested in having safe places for people to walk, ride bikes, run, cross country ski, snow shoe
1422	Northwest	and be given consid

ID	Region	Comment
		Being more financially responsible. Infrastructure money should be for just that and not for wind turbines. WI does not
		need a light rail system. Amtrak is government owned and is unused as it is. Higher taxes in Milwaukee and Madison
1423	Northwest	only if they want c
		Increased funding to allow the right transportation system for the future, rather than taking from one priority to give
		to another priority. Continuing this same path in the past breeds mediocrity into our system and all 6 elements suffer
1424	Northwest	because of it.
1425	Northwest	Railways. We need passenger and commuter trains. We have the rail systems, we need to upgrade and use them.
		FOSSIL FUEL IS BOTH THE PRESENT AND THE FUTURE. STOP WASTING MONEY ATTEMPTING TO PUSH A DIFFERENT
1426	Northwest	FORM OF ENERGY.
1427	Northwest	More attention to northern Wisconsin - especially industrial areas.
1428	Northwest	Fix roads in smaller communities to help the economy grow. Worry less about heavily populated areas.
		Please consider getting a high speed rail option to connect Chicago to Minneapolis and perhaps more stops around the
1429	Northwest	state
1430	Northwest	High-Speed electric vehicle charging
		There is so limited resources for the poor, elderly, and disabled people. There isn't much in the way of taxis, or public
		transportation. These services provide jobs, and freedom for those whom access those services. The people will have
1431	Northwest	better access to
		Fix/maintain our current road system instead of building new all the time.
		Stop doing base budgeting projects to use up your budget on make work projects such as concrete curbs on dirt road
1432	Northwest	intersections with state highways. The concrete gets busted up
		I feel mass transit will grow in importance, not only in the major metropolitan areas of Milwaukee and Madison, but in
		mid-size cities and near the Minneapolis/Saint Paul metro.
1433	Northwest	A robust electrical car charging system will be necessary if we are to tran
1434	Northwest	Quality roads
		Increased routine maintenance of the roadways such as mowing operations in ditches, and making repairs to
		damaged/destroyed signage, stop signs, reflector markers. Faster adaptation to changing developments and increased
1435	Northwest	traffic due to recent growth/deve
1436	Northwest	Local economies must continue to grow but in a sustainable way without detrimental effects to the environment.
		Effective integration of multi-modal transportation. Implement passenger rail service across the state (Green Bay
1437	Northwest	through Eau Claire to Minneapolis)
1438	Northwest	Access to bike and walking trails in neighborhoods, cities, and connecting towns.
		All the traffic safety laws in the world don't mean squat if law enforcement does not do its part in enforcement. Some
		"feel good" laws such as cellphone/texting restrictions are virtually unenforceable. Other laws that law enforcement
1439	Northwest	"ignore" are tra
		Highest safety concern is people on cell phones. Outlaw talking, texting, listening to & looking at cell phones or
1440	Northwest	anything like them. Make the fines \$1000 for first offense and then enforce it.
1441	Northwest	Have a separate highway system for semi's, don't mix cars and big trucks
		New roads or traffic flow should ALWAYS incorporate all abilities/needs. Hearing or vision impared, wheelchair access
1442	Northwest	etc. Cheaper to serve every ability at time of inception than to go back and modify.
1443	Northwest	Message signs should only be used when needed, not for stupid slogans. People have learned to ignore then.
1444	Northwest	Speed enforcement.
1445	Northwest	Road maintenance
1446	Northwest	Complete streets
		I do not like the roundabouts. There should be stop and go signal lights that change quickly! PEOPLE USE A YIELD LIKE
		IT IS A CHALLENGE TO SPEED THROUGH FASTER THAN ANYONE ELSE, SO YOU DON'T HAVE TO STOP! I proceed
1447	Northwest	cautiously, and have speeders honking a

ID	Region	Comment
		While I understand the potential gains from technology improvements at crossings, it seems that fundamentally and
		fiscally it might be more effective to address driver culture/behavior instead. Perhaps it is an enforcement issue as
1448	Northwest	well, but comparing dr
		Maintaining the interstates and major highways during winter storms. Funding to get more plows out during storms to
1449	Northwest	keep the major roadways pass hazardous.
1450	Northwest	Quit deferring transportation funds to other areas. Our roads are in terrible condition.
1451	Northwest	Safe Bike and Pedestrian routes to schools and local businesses.
		Remove all interstate highways from large cities. When coming on interstate highway have on/off ramp entering area
1452	Northwest	and on/off ramp when leaving area - no on/off ramps inbetween.
1453	Northwest	charging stations for vehicles
1454	Northwest	Increased rail transportation
1455	Northwest	High speed rail options between metro areas. More electric vehicle charging stations.
		Wisconsin land and environment has always been important to Wisconsinites. Many people come to Wisconsin to see
1456	Northwest	the beauty of our land and therefore we need to protect our land.
1457	Northwest	Supporting and building mass transit.
		I commented on the other area, that there is limited resources for the poor, elderly, and disabled people. So limited
		resources for taxis and public transportation. I would like to see more zoos and natural preservation areas throughout
1458	Northwest	Wisconsin! Also,
1459	Northwest	Focus on environment, infrastructure and then the rest will fall into place.
		We should prioritize reusing existing corridors, and increasing their capacity without major expansion projects,
		whenever possible. For instance, adding dedicated mass transit lanes to a freeway (or even replacing an existing car
1460	Northwest	lane) may be preferable
1461	Northwest	Electric cars and charging port.
1462	Northwest	Preserve our wetlands.
		Parks, walking and biking paths, non motorized access to the natural environment. Rails to trails should be kept non
		motorized to allow for safe recreation for all ages, including children, families, older people who need a safe place to
1463	Northwest	walk, ride bike
1464	Northwest	Valued engineering on projects. Keeping project in line with right engineering and not over engineered and regulated.
1404	Northwest	We need a high and consistent level of access management and working with local governments to mitigate the effects
		their land use decisions have on the transportation system. Better zoning regulation along primary arterial such as
1465	Northwest	noise regulations sim
1403	Northwest	Don't get behind on maintaining and upkeep our roads. We also have to properly tax and earmark the money for our
1466	Northwest	roads.
1400	Northwest	Adding a lot more level 3 electric vehicle super-charging to said infrastructureespecially parts of the state north of
1467	Northwest	Milwaukee
		I think that the walk and bicycle trails in our state should be expanded. I think more waysides would be nice while
		traveling. All these investments into our state, brings people here, and some may decide to move here. That helps our
1468	Northwest	state in many ways!
		In Clark County we have a lot of horse drawn vehicles (Amish) on State Hwy 73.
		They drive with the horse just off the blacktop edge. The horses shoes chew up the shoulders (causes a rut) until soon
1469	Northwest	the blacktop is under cut and eroded. As I am told the s
1470	Northwest	Talk to the old contractors how to build a road that will last. Not computer generated ideas.
		Truck only lane on interstate.
1471	Northwest	Light rail from Eau Claire to MPLS
1472	Northwest	I'm still interested in high speed rail around the state.
1473	Northwest	Connect rural areas to urban, jobs, shopping
		Eau Claire needs to be part of the planning for transportation from MSP to Chicago. Usually routes seems to go
		through LaCrosse, by passing EC.
1474	North	Amtrak needs to be more timely
1474	Northwest	Amtrak needs to be more timely.

Need high speed rail in this state. Revisit and finish the analysis of a high speed corridor selection process that no justifiable reason cut off by the Walk administration. That process was short circuited in favor of the existing line th 1475 Northwest ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGINGI Truck and Semi traffic is of high importance yet NONE of the questions above address that. Trucks on Freeways dominate traffic issues. WHAT IF we could reduce Trucks on freeways by 10%, or 20%, or at least slow the grow dominate traffic issues. WHAT IF we could reduce Trucks on freeways by 10%, or 20%, or at least slow the grow Think out of the box and Again. Dersonally know how little resources there are for poor, elderly, and disabled people. There isn't much transportation available in WI, i.e. the smaller citles. More commuter trains into Minneapolis. Make highway 10 a 4 land highway so there is another option to trave the state instead of just highway 29. Having traveled extensively in the country, I've seen just how poorly integrated WI transportation is. For instan only option to get to the twin cities airport is one shuttle service, that has limited hours. If I was to take the bus need some Northwest Northwest Raise gas tax in WI, so out of state visitors help pay for the infrastructure that they also use in our state why are steel catch fences being install complete waste of money fix the roads concrete is supposed to last 50° but cant take freeze thaw north of hwy 10 get your heads out of your butts and use materials suited for will be a continued to most wear and tear of roads. Any heavy truck involved in interstate travel gets heavily taxed with those funds being distributed back to the nationwide. Heavy trucks involved in interstate travel gets heavily taxed with those funds, for instance some of the sping towards art or some studies are not necessary, (nice but not necessary) roads and bridges are necessary Northwest Northwest Northwest Northwest Northwest Northwest Northwest Northwest Northwest North		ID Region Comment
Northwest Ilie	ess that was for	
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Truck and Semi traffic is of high importance yet NONE of the questions above address that. Trucks on Freeways dominate traffic issues. WHAT IF we could reduce Trucks on freeways by 10%, or 20%, or at least slow the grow dominate traffic issues. WHAT IF we could reduce Trucks on freeways by 10%, or 20%, or at least slow the grow Again, I personally know how little resources there are for poor, elderly, and disabled people. There isn't much transportation available in WI, i.e. the smaller cities. More commuter trains into Minneapolis. Make highway 10 a 4 land highway so there is another option to trave the state instead of just highway 29. Having traveled extensively in the country, I've seen just how poorly integrated WI transportation is. For instan only option to get to the twin cities airport is one shuttle service, that has limited hours. If I was to take the bus need some Northwest More passenger rail service to rural communities. Morthwest More passenger rail service to rural communities. Morthwest Northwest Northwe	_	1475 Northwest line th
dominate traffic issues. WHAT IF we could reduce Trucks on freeways by 10%, or 20%, or at least slow the grow Think out of the box and Again, I personally know how little resources there are for poor, elderly, and disabled people. There isn't much transportation available in WJ, i.e. the smaller cities. Northwest the state instead of just highway 29. Having traveled extensively in the country, I've seen just how poorly integrated WI transportation is. For instant only option to get to the twin cities airport is one shuttle service, that has limited hours. If I was to take the bus need some. Northwest More passenger rail service to rural communities. Northwest Raise gas tax in WI, so out of state visitors help pay for the infrastructure that they also use in our state why are steel catch fences being install complete waste of money fix the roads concrete is supposed to last 50 to the cant take freeze thaw north of hwy 10 get your heads out of your butts and use materials suited for will be cant take freeze thaw north of hwy 10 get your heads out of your butts and use materials suited for will be cant take freeze thaw north of hwy 10 get your heads out of your butts and use materials suited for will be cant take freeze thaw north of hwy 10 get your heads out of your butts and use materials suited for will be perhaps explore license fees based on price of vehicle. Also explain to people how license fees of big trucks are structured and/or modified. Big trucks contribute to most wear and tear of roads. Northwest Northwest Counties. Northwest The gas tax seems to be the fairest. Mileage based user fee cannot be the same for a personal vehicle and a semi truck. As parking downtown is turned into building sites - there should be a continuous bus loop that connects Barsto Phoenix area, Water Street, future Oxford areas. This Northwest I have a realized the general fund) would be preferable to the gas tax. A mileage tax may make sense buse of loop the county, 5107.10 for my license plate sticker. I'm 62, and		
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I think a combination of gas tax and wheel tax. People who choose to have vehicles that use more gas need to p	need to nav	<u> </u>
more. I understand that as we move to electric vehicles they also need to pay but need to encourage people to		
1493 Northwest away from vehicles that re	eopie to illove	
1494 Northwest WELL WRITTEN SURVEY!		
1495 Northwest Interested on on going planning, especially service.		
1496 Northeast Please build the Brown County Southern Bypass Bridge		

ID	Region	Comment
1497	Northeast	Your survey will not open
1498	Northeast	Please make Wisconsin more walkable! I prefer not to drive a car but the state is not designed for this.
1499	Northeast	Autonomous EV needs to be seriously considered within the near future. Not one EV vehicle/autonomous EV vehicle was available to look at on this year's WI DOT list. According to Tony Seba at the NC DOT 2020 Conference within approximately 2-5 years autonomous EV will completely disrupt the transportation industry and be the primary mode of transportation. Wisconsin needs to come up with an innovative plan for the future and keep pace with the rest of the world. There are numerous benefits to embrace Autonomous EVplease view Seba's presentation.
1500	Northeast	My son in 21 yrs old non-verbal down syndrome. He has opportunities to volunteer and work out in the community but we do not feel safe putting him on a van with an unknown driver who does not know him and he is not able to communicate where he should be going. We both work full time and the van will give us a "window" of time for pickup (Half hour). We need to be to work and that does not always work for our schedule or his. Makes it hard for him to be independent. It would be nice to have a more personal relationship with a driver and some type of communication system for those who are more disabled or need more assistance and who are non -verbal.
1501 1502	Northeast Northeast	There is an incessant need for safe reliable transportation for the ever changing special needs/elderly population. We didn't want to utilize the city bus for safety reasons as our son can make erratic decisions and not end up where he is needed. Then we end up tracking him down, and the same cycle continues. Currently we used a contracted transportation service. We have been lucky that we have managed to get the rides he has needed but there is minimal flexibility and the rides will only transport to/from work or appointments. Our community is so driven on inclusion and self sufficiency yet we don't consider the social aspect when we discuss transportation. Many of these adults and elderly sit at home with no means to go shopping, meet friends, or engage in any type of activity other than employment or the never ending doc appointments. As a community i believe we need to focus on more housing opportunities that also provide transportation or look for more transportation companies to assist the ongoing needs and provide more flexibility. I, as a parent of a special needs son, have considered starting my own to provide his friends with a trusted safe and flexible option for not only work trips but social trips as well. Life needs balance for all of us - and Although Covid has changed everything about what is "normal" I still believe there are ways to make this work so they can have balance. Even a small cost share for social rides up to a certain time of night, or certain days a week. There are ways to make it happen.
1502	Northeast	I don't know
1503 1504	Northeast Northeast	Activity should increase short trips by bicycle and walking. 10 lane highways with huge outside lanes on both sides of each direction of traffic are less necessary if more people would bike and walk. Materials saved by eliminating part of each outside lane would fund many more miles of infrastructure to accommodate bicycles in communities. Please consider the environment impact of all decisions
1505	Northeast	I feel the Appleton Area needs some serious attention. Both WIS 96 and 125 have massive accident rates as well as large traffic jams ever time I attempt to use these roads. The I-41 within the Fox Cities is prone to large backups and is home to probably the largest accident rate in the whole state. When an accident does occur since half of the interstate is 2 lanes there is no way for people to get around the accident placing major delays on people's commutes. I feel like all the interchanges are in efficient compared to the amount of vehicles that now use the interchanges. When I look at the design/visual condition of most bridges i feel like the bridges look really plain compared to the Green Bay, Madison, and Milwaukee.
		I would like to see more rail transportation, or more connectivity between cities throughout the state and hubs outside
1506	Northeast	of the state.

ID	Region	Comment
		Lane merges need to be thought out better. For example where Hwy 172 merges into Hwy 43 north in Green Bay. The
		right lane should stay open for driver's who are exiting at the next exit and anyone wanting to merge onto Hwy 41
		need to stay in left lane and merge right away.
		Where 54/57 merge into hwy 43 north (in Green Bay) that lane ramp lane should extend all the way to the next exit so
		that the next exit has a longer lane to merge into ramp.
		Where hwy 41 south connects with hwy 29 west bound (Green Bay). The right lane ends and then the left lane ends and then the right lane from the other lane ends. The lane ends warning comes to soon and it causes a bottle neck of driver's hitting their brakes and trying to merge before they need to.
1507	Northeast	
1508	Northeast	Using materials to make roads less bumpy that last longer.
		We may be 100% into something that has yet to be invented. We need to remove road blocks to systematic change. Established and profitable outdated systems must be terminated for to make way for new and efficient systems.
1509	Northeast	Corporate socialism at the expense of people and the environment must end.
		Growing up in a small town, the nearest grocery store was 10 miles away and any employment opportunities are just as far. When our country had robust passenger rail lines, people living in rural communities could travel easily and affordably on public transit. Now that passanger rail lines don't run, the countryside surrounding these towns have no
1510	Northeast	access to public transportation or taxi companies. This is a major disadvantage to those living in poverty in these areas.
1511	Northeast	Rail system from Milwaukee to Green Bay along I43 and I41
1512	Northeast	Please make Wisconsin more walkable!
		Being a Northern state, we should focus on ways to improve safety of roads in winter, such as the possibility of solar or
		wind powered heating of major roads and highways. This also would help reduce the use of chemicals and save money
1513	Northeast	on overtime if fewer plows are needed during storms.
1514	Northeast	Electric vehicles will produce more batteries for waste.
1515	Northeast	Walking and bike path are the most intrusive mode of travel. Opening natural areas to human exposure i.e loss of vegetation, spreading of trash, disturbing wildlife trails and fish migrations, excess to private property. It is the expanded general intrusion, via foot travel, to be avoided. This type of travel has a negitive impact to any area.
1515 1516	Northeast	Wisconsin needs high-speed rail between Green Bay, Milwaukee, and Madison.
1517	Northeast	Get ready for V2V and make all interstates 3 lanes.
1317	Northeast	I would love to see more serious discussion and exploration of bicycle, pedestrian, and rail infrastructure throughout
1518	Northeast	the state.
1519	Northeast	This survey does not address individual communities.
1520	Northeast	There must be more multi-use paths adjacent to major roadways.
1320	Northeast	Remember that we will have a population with a higher age than at present and that fewer people will be able to drive
		a car. But they will still want and need to travel.
1521	Northeast	
1522	Northeast	Local transpo will be more electric scooters, cars, trucks and e-bikes. Create less car centric towns
1523	Northeast	Please consider expanding passenger rail service north of Milwaukee to connect the rest of the state
		I've already stated: (Google in Three South Korea Cities planning on a hydrogen economy by 2022). This is the most
1524	Northeast	important statement I can make.

ID	Region	Comment
		The most important item is my one sentence: Google in "Three South Korea Cities planning on a hydrogen economy by
		2022!"
1525	Northeast	This should be required reading for all members of you study and transportation department.
1526	Northeast	High-speed rail from Green Bay to Milwaukee and Chicago!
		I would like to see a system where people are confident they can get where they need to go safely. That may be an off-
		hand statement because, of course, that's the goal of transportation. However, it's not happening at the moment. If
1527	Northeast	we can meet the needs of our state citizens through transportation, then we as a state will be thriving.
1528	Northeast	Add more lane's to most roads due to the large increase of the populations.
1529	Northeast	Mass transit needs to be recognized as a sustainable form of transportation
		·
		I believe that by 2050 most business offices will be closed and repurposed. Work from home will be the norm.
		Transportation needs will shift drastically. Delivery vehicles will replace private vehicles on our roads as a percentage.
		It light be at least 2035 but, automobile ownership will decrease resulting in increased taxi/uber vehicles. So, the
		actual roadways themselves will need to be discussed. Truck traffic will go up and I expect weight limits to rise with
		the need to haul more in each load. The funding for the increase in cost due to having to have more durable roads
		should start immediately. The state should begin to prefund what the anticipated costs will be. There will be NO
1530	Northeast	support for a mileage tax from the voters.
1531	Northeast	Please fix the freeways!!!!
1532	Northeast	Electric vehicles will reduce costs. Prepare for it
		We have a beautiful state. If we put making money from the soil and prioritize that and deplete the soil we will have
		nothing left for two generations ahead. It is not ours to consume and use up. It is ours to preserve and make a living
1533	Northeast	but not to leave it with depleted. We are stewards of the earth.
		I'd like an over average amount of our funding to go back to repairing and upgrading our roads. While technology is
		nice, for those of us that spend alot of time on our roads, they pale in comparison to our neighbors around us. Our
1534	Northeast	roads put alot of wear and tear on our vehicles.
1535	Northeast	Fix our small roads and bridges
		More charging stations for electric vehicles. Right now, an electric vehicle is out of the question in our part of the state.
		Solar roadways might be an interesting option as well. A European style transport system with efficient trains would be
1536	Northeast	most welcome, as well as European built roads.
		I think some more emphasis on improving critical routes that feed the north-woods recreational areas would be wise.
		If the drive can be more efficient, safer, and quicker; it would improve the amount of recreational activity in those
1537	Northeast	areas.
1538	Northeast	Bicycles need license plates!
		I would love for Wisconsin as a whole to become more pedestrian friendly and make it possible for people who live in
1539	Northeast	rural communities to live without a car.
1540	Northeast	We need more trains and bike transportation
		Transportation is often cited as the biggest barrier for people with disabilities, people who are low income, and the
		elderly to engage with the community around them. Effective and affordable transportation is necessary for our
		community to reach its fullest potential. It is heartbreaking when I miss out on opportunities because I don't have
		access to reliable public transportation. I feel like less of a person, as though I don't matter to my community.
		Strengthening options for public transportation for the most vulnerable members of our communities is vital to
1541	Northeast	ensuring we all feel like we matter.
1542	Northeast	Please focus on the future of self driving vehicles and drone type vehicles.
		Allow private sector to evolve in autonomous transportation and other means which save on fuel. Do not hold them
1543	Northeast	back with fees and red tape.

ID	Region	Comment
		I doubt I will be around then but maybe look at PNDOT for costs associated with bridge deicing and possibly
		incorporating that into Wisconsin bridges. I would also look at doing the spring bridge deck flooding to help flush the
		chloride out of the deck helping the bridges to last longer. I understand the epoxy coated bars shouldn't really be
		affected but you can't convince me the contractors catch every nick/scratch in the coating.
1544	Northeast	Thank you
		The DOT has gone way too far toward computer generated modeling when deciding what road treatment is needed to
		fix a highway. This is taking engineering judgement out of the equation and limits the alternatives when scoping for a
		highway fix. Road surface condition and age is only one part of the process, for instance, deteriorated culvert pipes and
		steep slopes and underlying old concrete are being missed because the computer model ties the hands of the scoping
1545	Northeast	team when selecting a proper fix.
		Stop penalizing the HYBRIDS! They do little, if any, damage to the highways, yet they are forced to pay higher
		registration fee. This is totally a political stunt and does not solve the funding issues. By 2050 all vehicles may have a
		hybrid option and we will be right back where we were. User fees for those that are using the roads makes much more
1546	Northeast	sense that registration fee for certain users.
		WisDOT is a great agency with a proud history of service and value. The look to the future is invaluable as has been
		proven by previous long range plans. Keep highway access planning/visioning in the mix as it serves safety and mobility
1547	Northeast	very well.
		Need to focus on preservation of the existing system especially at the local levels. Allow local municipalities to have
		more control of projects and funding. Consider block grant funding allowing the local municipality to manage project without DOT.
		More nimble and creative.
		invole minible and elective.
		Allow for design build at local levels
		Raise the minimum rate for public bidding \$250,000 - \$100,000
		Separate the funding for Major's - toll system pay for improvements - users pay.
1548	Northeast	
		us 2 should become interstate 98 and part of across the top highway. hwy 29 should be upgraded and be come
		interstate96. Us51 north of wausau should be upgraded and become interstate 39 all the way to ironwood us 10
		should be up graded to 4 lanes all the way to from manitowoc to minn. border, start by passes for all cities on new
		roadwork. hwy 21 upgrade 4 lane dived oshkosk to tomah .hwy12 upgrade 4 lane dived in its entirety. us14 upgrade 4
1549	Northeast	lane dived janesville to lacrosse. upgrade 11 beloit to dubuque to connect with us20 future interstate 92 thru iowa and nebraska
1345	Northeast	RURAL AREAS NEED SERVICES TOO!!! DON'T EXCLUDE - DON'T PUNISH
		THOM IS THE ENGLISHED SERVICES FOR THE ENGLISH SON THE ENGLISH.
1550	Northeast	STOP BEING STALIN!
1551	Northeast	Please continue to involve the community in these decisions.
1552	Northeast	Madison to Milwaukee also needs an effective rail connection to get all the congesting traffic off the roads.
		There have been studies whereas costs for road work projects have been reduced by simply closing a section of road.
		Work zones are extremely dangerous and people with cell phones while driving in work zones is getting worse. I know.
		I work in those zones. Completely closing a section of road would allow workers to work better and safer without the
		worry of getting killed on the job. This would result in the job getting finished sooner. Completely closing a road would
		also eliminate the need and costs for flaggers on site. This would all add up to lower project costs and faster
1553	Northeast	completion of projects. The Federal DOT web site has information to prove my point.
1554	Northeast	Due away with toll roads
1555	Northeast	Continue to expand lanes on interstate highways. Traffic is only going to increase.
		Active transportation, for a fraction of the cost per mile we can create biking and walking infrastructure that will help
1556	Northeast	people live healthy and connected lifestyles and protect our environment

ID	Region	Comment
1557	Northeast	Expand mass transit options.
1558	Northeast	multi-modal transporation.
1559	Northeast	Prioritizing workers and families safety and convenience.
1560	Northeast	more financial support for local transit systems.
1561	Northeast	public transportation in rural areas - connecting our small towns
1562	Northeast	Trains are a great way to connect to other states
1302	TTOT ETTE GOT	Trains are a great way to connect to other states
		Prioritizing proven impact areas for infrastructure, including diversified economic areas such as rail (both freight and
1563	Northeast	passenger) and water (ports). Economic Transportation model cannot only include highways/semi prioritization.
		Ensuring that transportation infrastructure is resilient and regularly maintained to avoid failures that would drastically
1564	Northeast	impact the economy
1565	Northeast	Reduce TSA presence in air travel.
1566	Northeast	Improve and expand bicycling lanes, trails and passageways
1567	Northeast	We need to get a passenger rail service to connect to Milwaukee via Green Bay or a near city
1568	Northeast	Extend Amtrack to Appleton, Green Bay, Wausau to Minneapolis
1300	Northcast	Extend with disk to Applicatif, directi buy, waddad to Millineapolis
		Being able to link transportation to affordable housing. Many affordable housing options in Wisconsin (rural) do not
		have proper access to public transportation. For people living just above or below the poverty line, they have to
		choose between affordable housing or affordable transportation. This shouldn't be the case. Additionally, persons with
		disabilities are capable of working and providing to a robust economy (and most importantly, finding good quality of
		life). They struggle to find work options because they do not have access to proper transportation. Finally, our older
		adult population will be incredibly large in the coming decades. Our transportation options must meet their needs so
1569	Northeast	that they may be contributing members to society.
1570	Northeast	Interstate and State hi ways should have the highest priority over all other roads.
1571	Northeast	transportation of people to work in areas where the jobs are
1371	Hortifeast	If transportation spending on roads it's so forth detracts from rebuilding the infrastructure that supplies water
		electricity and brought the phone to its residence then the transportation Hass to take second place. We need the
		other structures upgraded to there for future need. We do not need to ignore those issues in order to get merchandise
		faster to an individual home they will need water lights and phone always. They can wait for delivery of other
1572	Northeast	consumable goods.
1573	Northeast	Speed control to provide safe transportation systems - speeding is running rampant.
1373	TTOT ETTE GOT	It would be nice to have a transit system that runs 24 hours all year round even if it means cutting hours on Sundays
		and holidays. Without local bus service running on Sundays and holidays it makes it hard for people to get around to
		see family or even work or shop.
		A rail system that runs from Milwaukee to Green Bay would also be great to promote tourism in the cities the rail
		system would go through so people that would like to travel by rail don't have to go to Milwaukee or wherever to
1574	Northeast	catch rail service.
		Allowing people with disabilities and poverty to have access to transportation to attend school and employment,
		including options for evening and night transportation.
1575	Northeast	
1576	Northeast	Trails for walking, biking, snowmobile and ATV.
1577	Northeast	Transit, keeping people moving to jobs, school, medical and retail.
		A strong economy needs reliable, fast transportation. As the economy expands, there is more money for all other
1578	Northeast	aspects of transportation needs. No stealing from transportation funds for any reason.
1579	Northeast	Return an emphasis to long range corridor planning based priority corridors and on budget constraints.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1580	Northeast	raise every new roads and reconstruction so roads will never be covered in water and prevent hydro planing
		STOP letting the liberals in Madison who don't work real jobs make decisions for rural areas. WE NEED to be able to
1581	Northeast	travel without punishment.
1582	Northeast	Maintaining the natural beauty of the county and state while moving people and goods should be the utmost priority.
1583	Northeast	Emphasis should be on local improvements. International aid should be cut.
		•

ID	Region	Comment
1584	Northeast	Keeping roads free of potholes
		Use federal matching funds when available to build rail system to bring commerce and rail through Wisconsin. Gov.
		Walker made a huge mistake. Let's not do it again. The Green Bay to Chicago corridor also needs an efficient rail
1585	Northeast	system for all purposes. I 43 and I 94 will continue to be an overcrowded polluting nightmare!
		ROADS and bridges. Spending money on passenger trains on new rails is wasteful. Let's rebuild failing roads and
1586	Northeast	bridges that we NEED and USE.
		The safety of vulnerable users. Setting the expectations higher to make all road users share the roads safely and
		respectfully. Education of all road users, mandatory for those who violate laws designed to protect others.
		Encouragement to use the roads on a bicycle or walking and making this or public transportation the only options for
1587	Northeast	those who repeatedly violate laws designed to protect vulnerable road users.
1588	Northeast	Cut down on speeding, tailgating, DUIs
1589	Northeast	Keep roads and bridges in good repair.
		Safety to tow truck drivers and to educate the slow down move over law. In the state of Illinois drivers are
		automatically given a \$10,000 fine for hitting a worker on the side of the road. The person who hit and killed my
1590	Northeast	brother while he was working got no fine. We should make drivers more accountable for their driving.
		Bus shelters and separate access lanes to keep riders safe. Social services for people who consider public transport
1591	Northeast	housing.
1592	Northeast	Passing lanes. ROW width and clearing.
		A safer bicycle network that encourages people to cycle more to get to where they need around their community.
		Additionally a statewide rail network that would allow for people to get to major destinations around the state without
		needing to worry about distracted driving or speed limits. A rail network would also allow for a more efficient
1593	Northeast	transportation of many people while reducing the need for constant patrolling and maintenance of road systems.
1594	Northeast	Dedicated bicycle-only commuter routes accessing all hubs in cities and suburbs, and connecting major cites.
		Institute at-license-renewal tests for rules of the road OR erect signs to educate drivers about what they forgot. I've
		been driving for 55 years. I see people baffled at four-way stops. They don't know passing lane purpose, Pedestrians
4505	NI subles a set	on round abouts are in peril. Drivers apparently don't know rules regarding school buses. Did they never attend
1595	Northeast	driving classes?
1596	Northoast	Limiting the number of intersections on roadways that pose the greatest danger in crashes. Particularly on intersections where traffic is crossing divided highways
1396	Northeast	intersections where traffic is crossing divided highways
		Having worked for an Aging and Disability Resource Center, I constantly heard from older adults and adults with
		disabilities that our transportation systems for them are not safe. I would highly recommend focus groups with these
		individuals and including them in the committees making decisions on our transportation systems. If we look at our
1597	Northeast	citizens on a bell curve, we help the majority of citizens if we build our systems for the outliers.
1598	Northeast	Stronger push for distraction-free driving, particularly awareness related to cell phone use.
1000	Hortifeast	30 years from now we'll be trending in the autonomous vehicle arena making investments here less likely, unless,
1599	Northeast	they're investments to make those vehicle operate more safely.
1600	Northeast	Better road quality, our roads are in pretty rough shape.
		Right size the roads and advocate to change laws so people on skateboards and alternative electric scooters aren't
		pushed out of the public realm. Short local trips should not be pushed toward cars - they are easy and smart ped/cycle
		trips.
		Design streets SMALLED for sefety. Too much speed – too feet speeds. Better use of DOW. Extra visual days of
1601	Northoast	Design streets SMALLER for safety. Too much space = too fast speeds. Better use of ROW. Extra unused lanes for
1001	Northeast	parking that never happens is wasteful. Speed enforcement - changing driver culture to respect the engineering limits that have been designed to enhance
		safety. Too many people are in way to much of a hurry - speed monitoring devices to identify offenders and issue
1602	Northeast	citations.
1602	ivoi theast	CICACIONS.

ID	Region	Comment
1603	Northeast	More patrols on state hwys.
		Its great that Wisconsin is considering the implications of autonomous vehicles. We should not preclude the
		conversation when we plan transportation infrastructure improvements and should remain a agency engaged on the
1604	Northeast	topic at the national level.
		Cell phone use
		Left lane campers
1605	Northeast	
		line of sight improvements at intersections. longer merge lanes and ramps. longer decelerations /exit lanes at
1606	Northeast	crossroads longer/wider bypass lanes when traffic is turning left. stop making decreasing radius curves
		Ok - first of all - WHY do we keep worrying about this? Parents are scared to let their kids out of their sight because of
		human trafficking. Let's solve THAT problem! Do more with transportation dollars to stop those who are enslaving
1607	Northeast	people from transporting them on our highways!
		Easy to read road name signs at intersections, stop signs should be visible for 1/8 mile or more on country roads(no
1608	Northeast	trees blocking the line of sight) even with stop ahead signs.
		There should be an app for truckers to communicate with police of bad road behavior. One way is. Most of all truckers
		have video recordings in there rigs now. There should be a way to give that recording to police. To help control bad
1600	NI suble such	driving behavior. This will stop a lot of speed ups. When a big rig is trying to pass. It will also help stop cut offs from
1609	Northeast	vehicles getting on and off of the highway. There is a lot of this going on. Police isn't always around.
		Focus on active transportation, especially on short trips. Increased bicycle parking, prioritize bicycle routes to final
1610	Northeast	destinations, incentives for businesses who encourage active transportation and reduced carbon footprint
1611	Northeast	the slow down of urban sprawl is important to me.
1612	Northeast	Nature corridors for animal movement (over or under infrastructure)
1613	Northeast	Life balance, more transportation options that don't rely on a personal automobile.
1013	Northcast	Ene salance, more transportation options that don't rely on a personal datomostic.
		Making sure ramps that are at a safe angle are included so that wheelchairs and those with mobility challenges (like
		our aging population) can independently or with assistance get around in communities. Ensuring that in high access
		areas there are parking spots with ample room for people with wheelchairs to navigate without vehicles parked too
		close. It's also important that in more rural areas that have buses, that they run so that the people can have jobs. Too
1614	Northeast	many are limited as to when they can work due to the bus routes closing early.
		We need more sidewalks and sidewalks should be mandatory for all new construction. Bicycle paths and lanes to
1615	Northeast	make bike riding safer.
		Expanding pedestrian and bicycle integration into existing highways and bridgework to accommodate the growing
1616	Northeast	population wanting to bike to work and elsewhere as a mode of transportation beyond just recreation.
1617	Northeast	Access to rural areas.
1618	Northeast	Public transportation in rural areas - connect our small towns
1619	Northeast	Integrate public transit systems with highways and other traditional transport systems
		needs a holistic focus e.g., integrated local-state transpo plans that incorporate the needs of minority neighborhoods
		not only w/ transpo but the effect of these transpo systems on economic development plans, air quality, parks,
1620	Northeast	aesthetics (i.e., not penning neighborhoods in with highway systems).
		We need more passenger train options! It needs to be possible to get between Green Bay and Milwaukee, between
		Wausau and Milwaukee, between Eau Claire and Milwaukee using higher speed train travel. Please make this a focus!
1621	Northeast	Train travel is safer, cleaner, more affordable for all, etc.
1622	Northeast	High speed rail throughout the state
1623	Northeast	Bicycle and pedestrian considerations should be a high priority
		Always integrate creature safety into plans. EX: provide alternate crossing paths as in tunnels under roadway for
1624	Northeast	turtle travel to nesting grounds.
1625	Northeast	Transportation must be balanced between vehicles, pedestrians, cyclists.

ID	Region	Comment
		We must stop using (burning) fossil fuels in our transportation system. Recyclables, especially photovoltaics and wind
		turbines can produce more energy than the Earth needs. Our sun produces more energy in one hour than the entire
		Earth uses per year. Preferably, the development of a hydrogen economy is the best clean method of providing this
		energy.
		Please be sure that your staff reads and studies what is taking place today: (Google in "Three South Korea Cities
1626	Northeast	planning on a hydrogen economy by 2022").
		All transportation should be free of burning fossil fuels. Recyclable energy should be the driving force for providing
		energy for transportation with photovoltaics and wind turbines producing the majority of the energy. The ideal system
		would be to develop a hydrogen economy as is being done for three cities in South Korea. Google in "Three South
1627	Northeast	Korea Cities planning on a hydrogen economy by 2022!"
		Ensuring that transportation projects are not spreading or further propagating invasive species along our
1628	Northeast	transportation corridors (which are known vectors of spread).
		If Wisconsin is to thrive, people need to be able to access what they need. Bottom line is that our transportation
		system must reflect what we hope to see in Wisconsin in the future. Right now, transportation is limited to those few
		who can afford it, can access it physically, and know about it. Additionally, our transportation systems are old and are
		harming our natural resources. Wisconsin thrives on our natural resources, so our transportation system needs to
1629	Northeast	mimic what we hope to see decades into the future for our natural resources, and also for our citizens.
1630	Northeast	Incorporating bicycle and walking paths
1631	Northeast	Connecting green spaces is an effective way to increase economic value for surrounding areas
1632	Northeast	infrastructure that works with natural flood plains rather than altering them.
1002	Hortifeast	Management of invasive species in right of way mowing (so bad now, your contract mowers don't know what they are
		spreading), and eliminating invasive plants during construction projects.
		Seriously, with work along the bridge in Appleton, they removed HALF of a mound of invasive Japanese Knotweed
		when they could have removed it all. The JK and surrounding garlic mustard are flourishing. They could have been
		removed.
		1- Remove invasive plants in right of ways
1633	Northeast	2- During construction projects, identify and remove invasive plants. Please.
1634	Northeast	Planting native plants/vegetation along roadways to create strong ecosystems.
		I really think all roads should have sidewalks. Pedestrian access is terrible in some locations. For example, try parking
		4 blocks away from Lambeau Field and walking to the stadium. Ashwaubenon has woefully few sidewalks. Entire
1635	Northeast	subdivisions get built without sidewalks, and pedestrian traffic is forced to travel right alongside 35 mph traffic.
1636	Northeast	Having long distance public transport, like a WisTrain or other equivalent of Caltrain
1637	Northeast	Wisconsin needs catch up with other states in connecting and preserving trails.
		New innovative technology and materials that upgrade our roadways for the future.
1638	Northeast	Land bridges over highways to cut-down on wildlife crossing highway lanes and causing accidents.
1639	Northeast	Continue the good communication that is present with agency partners to these regards.
		SERIOUSLY!??! Could this BE more slanted against the hard working families in rural areas???!?!?!
		STOP with your "Sky is falling" attitude towards the environment.
		WHERE are the quality of life related to stopping human trafficking? I-43 is a major trafficking throughway - spend
1640	Northeast	some of the taxpayer dollars on that instead of worrying about the swallow's nests!
1070	Hortifeast	We need to preserve every single bit of our natural environment. Re build and repurpose the infrastructure we have.
1641	Northeast	No new roads and infrastructure.
		more money spent on public transportation mainly rail with environmentally friendly efficient non polluting fuel
1642	Northeast	source. Lets catch up with other highly developed nation: Europe and Japan.
		Efficient and effective mass transit, not only within cities but between them in certain areas
1643	Northeast	

ID	Region	Comment
		Build bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure so it can be maintained and used 365 days per year.
		Help those who do not bike understand how dangerous it is to bike around potholes, lineal cracks, spilled gravel and
1644	Northeast	other hazards that would not impact the safe control of a car
		·
1645	Northeast	Better funding for mass transit so you can be a regional transit rider not just in the area where the system is located
1646	Northeast	Marked and safe bicycle paths on or trails near all major roads
1647	Northeast	This is the highest priority
1648	Northeast	Selection of materials in the design phase.
		How people utilize transportation can have a positive impact on their health and wellbeing (i.e. being able to walk or
		bike safely to a destination). This is also an economic incentive, as tourists that can easily access our natural resources
		with these means of transportation are more likely to appreciate it and come to see it. If our transportation system is
		focused on sustainability, it's practicing what it's preaching, which is one way of ensuring our citizens also do the same
1649	Northeast	thing with our transportation systems, and their health.
1650	Northeast	Toll roads
		Lower weight limits for trucks. No exceptions for favorite industries. More enforcement of weight limits. Almost all
		damage to pavement is caused by heavy trucks but little is done to enforce weight laws.
1651	Northeast	
		Having the funds to fix roads instead of waiting for a new project.
1652	Northeast	
		New corridors should take a back seat to preserving the existing corridors. Most existing corridors will be approaching
		100 years of life on the original base they were constructed on. We can't just keep milling and resurfacing them
		forever and expect to get a return on that investment. Service lives are reduced with every perpetuation and slopes
		steepen beyond safe limits. Shoulder widening has proven to be a very effective safety measure yet some corridors
1653	Northeast	can't support them since they were constructed too narrow to begin with.
		Develop the best methodology for freeway improvements under asset management. Incorporate that methodology
		into corridor visioning/planning. This could be operations or needs studies that while precursors' are valuable to direct
		improvement projects that develop from them in the Backbone or 3R Program. Having priority corridors for this type of
		planning activity would be good strategy for infrastructure maintenance. For example resurface projects that can take
		the study scope and do smaller scale ramp or intersection terminal improvements during construction.
		Look to the outcomes of the group in SE Region doing this safety operations cost benefit (IHSDM type) study on
1654	Northeast	priority corridors. They have worked closely with NE Region DOT with valuable outcomes for I-41.
4.655		
1655	Northeast	Need to move away from Gas Tax as major source of revenue. Need to move to Road Use Fees more equitable.
1656	Northeast	Use environmentally friendly solutions.
1657	Northeast	Use recycled material like glass and plastic to build roads
		Safe and secure bike storage at park n ride locations to easily bike the last 3 miles of a trip.
		Buses designed to transport bikes inside, fitting more than 3 per bus
		Amtrak from Oshkosh to Green Bay with bikes
1.050	NI the -	Water transport from Oshkosh to Green Bay with bikes
1658	Northeast	Safe and secure bike storage at city centers and final destinations
1659	Northeast	Update rails and trains to high speed. Expand stops lower prices.
1,000	NI - mail	
1660	Northeast	Convenience for paying for trips and connectivity of payment and schedules for different modes of transportation.
1001	۰ مالحد ما	Network of rapid charge stations to encourage the use of electric vehicles, especially for people who don't own a
1661	Northeast	home.

ID	Region	Comment
1662	Northeast	More train travel.
1663	Northeast	Rail and bus options, that's it!
1005	Hortifeast	Improved internet accessibility in remote areas. More direct routes between cities. More rails to trails projects in
1664	Northeast	Northeast WI
1004	Northcast	Northeast Wi
1665	Northeast	Public transportation options leading to northern Wisconsin communities restore bus and rail connections??
		Get poor working people to jobs. As a service industry economy, we need comprehensive weekend bus
		transportation. Make bus passes affordable. Offer employers grants to partially reimburse PUBLIC transportation
		costs for workers. OR develop a state-sponsored refund/rebate of public transportation costs.
		Filing for refund could be similar to Homestead Credit process
1666	Northeast	
1667	Northeast	We need to expand passenger rail service in the state to connect Milwaukee to Green Bay or farther north
		I think this is the most important area of need in our transportation system. We need more ways to stay connected to
1668	Northeast	other parts of our state and the midwest.
1669	Northeast	Train connecting Green Bay, the Fox Cities, Milwaukee, down to Chicago
		I just want to reiterate a point above. Added service for Amtrak through Northeast Wisconsin could effectively connect
		the entire eastern portion of Wisconsin (and Upper Michigan, and potentially Canada) to existing routes via Chicago to
1670	Northeast	destinations like St. Louis, New Orleans, and more.
1671	Northeast	More bike/pedestrian bridges across major obstacles like rivers and freeways
		I would love to see a train that would run from Green Bay to MKE/Chicago and Minneapolis! It would make it easier to
1672	Northeast	use airports in those areas if people could have a quick option to get there!
		A dedicated bus route supported in part by the manufacturer for its workers to arrive at work with opening and closing
		of shifts be the timing would not be a bad solution for the overcrowding of highways because the factory is away from
1673	Northeast	the residence of the workers.
1674	Northeast	Pedestrians and cycling. Alternatives to cars.
		Public transportation needs to be affordable. Options for free public transportation for people who have disabilities or
4675	NI - utla t	are low income can offer new opportunities for integration into communities. Public transportation during the evening
1675	Northeast	can offer more opportunities for employment, school, appointments, and visits with family.
1676	NI a while a a a h	Quit spending so much money on city buses. They rarely have any one of them. There is no reason for the rest of
1676	Northeast	Wisconsin to be funding these.
1677	Northeast	Develop an intercity transportation system similar to BritRail for non-drivers to be able to get around Wisconsin.
1678	Northeast	Affordability for users
1679	Northeast	Having a long range plan to service to more cities with rail service would be huge benefit.
1680	Northeast	Keep rural Wisconsin rural.
1000	Northeast	Receptural Wisconsilitural.
1681	Northeast	Many areas are out of range for a lot of the services. Those areas should not have to be burdened by such projects.
1682	Northeast	Higher impact usage should have higher impact fees.
		Mileage-based is very appropriate for commercial transport, and very inappropriate for private citizens-an invasion of
		privacy.
		Tolling is a regressive tax and creates an undue burden on lower income people.
1683	Northeast	If more public transport were available, it could be taxed to make up for the lost in gas tax.
4.60	A 11	
1684	Northeast	Public transit is important service and should be considered when securing additional transportation funds.
1685	Northeast	NO TOLLS,!

Statewide bike tax on all bicycles sold in the state to fund bike lane projects. Tax or fee on packages delivered within the state by carriers such as ups, Amazon, fedex. People order onl themselves a trip, but transportation systems are still used Increase fees for an individual licensing more than two personal-yse x'se vehicles. Adopt fee structures to on electric or hybrid vehicles. I am a cyclist. I would be willing to pay a registration fee annually to pay for more separated drive lanes. Northeast Put in a wheel tax with no exemptions for any sector so that all users pay Northeast Bike and ped facilities can be installed along with infrastructure projects and may be covered by grants Private funding and private control and management should always be the first choice in any project. And being considered should be presented to the voters via referendum. Industries or corporate that require new and more durable access to public roads should pay for their owr The public road does not need to support the heaviest truck in the world in a residential area. Delivery ser utilized to deliver smaller loads if necessary. A dirt road in downtown is not necessary norit necessary to h inches of concrete in a residential section. Don't put the sole burden on Wisconsinites. Gas tax provides a fairness related to operation and use of ve indirect user fee. No other measure needs to be determined unless the funding is raided. Toll Roads wou ineffective and shift vehicles to parallel routes which defeats the purpose of having our key highways iden which the majority of traffic should be using and funding is spent. This would equate to having to spend money on the secondary routes creating a greater funding issue.	needed. d any project n upgrades. vices can be ave 12
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which the majority of traffic should be using and funding is spent. This would equate to having to spend no Northeast money on the secondary routes creating a greater funding issue.	
Northeast money on the secondary routes creating a greater funding issue.	
	nore repair
	likes of the
Charge bicyclists for their bicycle infrastructure. I am tired of being bashed and insulted for driving by the Wisconsin bicycle federation.	likes of the
No to tolling.	
1695 Northeast I don't know what other sources would be other then gas tax.	
1093 Northeast Tuon t know what other sources would be other their gas tax.	
I've been in Wisconsin for 20 years. Coming from another state that uses the sales tax to help fund the DO	T This also
kept property taxes down. Example the state had a 5% state tax and the County could add 1% if needed w	
did and the city could add 1% for a total sales tax of 7%. This insures everyone is contributing even tourists	-
state and reducing the burden on homeowners. The biggest issue I have is the high property taxes here. Al	•
previous state charged plate fees based on the value of the vehicle. Buy a new car, prepare to pay \$500 to	-
must have had a 5 year plan to get down to the regular plate rate. Just a thought - as I get closer to retiren	
1696 Northeast looking to move to a retirement friendly state although we really love it here.	nene we are
Equitable funding of the transportation system is a priority and needs to be explored and implemented. V	Vithout
proper sustainable and predictable funding, planning and maintaining or expanding on infrastructure will of	
1697 Northeast fall behind. A combination of user fees will be necessary, there is no one solution.	
Electric Vehicle transportation. as battery technology improves, the use of this vehicles can reduce the dep	pendance on
gas fueled vehicles, also reduces the noise pollution, they are cost effective, and minimmun maintenace is	required vs
1698 Northeast gas run vehicles.	
Seriously - AGAIN with punishing people in rural areas??????? STOP with this socialist view that everyone	needs to
1699 Northeast live in the cities!	
The gas tax is simple, the more you drive the more you're contributing. There's no need to waste money b	uilding a toll
system or requiring everyone to report their vehicles mileage for the year and charge based on that. Just k	reep it
1700 Northeast simple.	
1701 Northeast Let's get those Japanese bullet trains	
Efficient high speed trains potentially replacing highways could be an excellent economic and environment	tal
1702 Northeast opportunity.	

ID	Region	Comment
		It would be nice to see more public transportation options in touristy places, at least for the season. I have experience
		working in Door County, so I'll speak to that I think drunk Illinois residents would benefit from safe rides home, traffic
		would improve if there was some sort of shuttle in between towns, and people would be much more willing to work up
1703	Northeast	there if they didn't have to own a car. you could tax the FIBs to fund it! just kidding :)
1704	Northeast	Better road quality and transportation funds are for JUST that. Not teachers or lining anybody elses pockets!
		g: ,,
		It is imperative that newer technology, like autonomous vehicles, are properly tested and programmed to recognize
		ALL modes of transportation (motorcycles, bicycles, pedestrians, trains, animals, etc.) before they are implemented on
1705	Northeast	our roadways. They also need to be able to respond appropriately to these types of transportation.
		More public or public/private transportation options for 2nd and 3rd shift workers. We need transportation for them
1706	Northeast	so that people who want to work those jobs, can, regardless of if they own a car or not.
1707	Northeast	I would love to see increased bike safety measures such as barriers for bike lanes, and more bike lanes.
1708	Northeast	I know it falls under inattentive driving we don't need any more bans BUT,Ban Cell Phone Use While Driving,,,,PERIOD!
1709	Northeast	Creating motorcycle awareness and teaching other drivers how to interact with motorcycles on the roads appropriately
1710	Northeast	Be wary of noise pollution and disrupting natural habitats.
1710	Hortifeast	be wary or noise poliation and disrapting natural nusitates.
		I just am finding out about Wisconsin's extensive rail-to-trail network, and I think that more people should know about
		them! They benefit communities in multiple ways and increase the quality of life for people in Wi.
		I also feel that city planning should continue to increase "walkability/bikeability" if I can walk or bike somewhere, I
1711	Northeast	will do that instead of taking my car. I am appreciative of efforts in Appleton towards this goal.
1712	Northeast	I wonder about the impact of self-driving / automated vehicles.
1713	Northeast	Investment in mass transit systems, for the workers to travel to/from work and contribute to the economy
		Thank you for sharing the link. I found a mistake, however. Look at 05 What trends can affect economic activity, under
		the economic activity tab, you have the wrong label on one of the chart heading. "Earnings" should be replaced with
1714	Northeast	"Employment".
1715	Northoost	Many people commuting to work would like to have Train/bus/high speed options that eliminate driving themselves,
1715	Northeast	and offer comfort and Internet access so they can work/study/research while on their commute. We blew it when high speed rail didn't happen. Even if it went from MKE to La Crosse or the Twin Cities, that would be
1716	Northeast	HUGE for us.
1710	Worthcast	ITOGE TOT U.S.
		Ongoing drivers education perhaps some public service campaigns to review proper use of acceleration lanes the
		difference between yielding and merging what are blinkers and why are they important the proper lane usage in a
		round about Scrzmbling the text features of cell phones in cars with only a driver what's the difference between
		a white solid line and those that are not solid cost effective ways to manage speeders — more cameras? Technology?
1717	Northeast	Since it seems the only incentive to slow down is punishment (sigh)
		Don't be discouraged by rude and unkind ppl — sadly it seems to be popular these days to be nasty and snarky to
1718	Northeast	anyone trying to improve / change / make a difference. Your work is appreciated
4740	Mand	The use of rail will be important as we move forward. I believe it was short sighted to turn a lot of the rail lines in
1719	Northeast	Wisconsin into bike paths. Rail lines need to be repaired. Increased safety for railroad crossings will become even more important when rail is used to move more goods and
1720	Northeast	people.
1/20	1,011110031	lkeek.e.

ID	Region	Comment
		We need a 4 lane highway from Green Bay, through Wausau and to the Twin Cities in Minnesota.
		There has already been money spent on the biking and walking paths. We need to spend money on new ideas.
		Increasing Amtrak to more cities is very important. The line should go through the Fox Cities to Green Bay and through
1721	Northeast	Sheboygan to Green Bay.
		The funds to properly maintain Wisconsin roads has been lacking in the past. We would not have so much repair if
1722	Northeast	proper maintenance and design was done.
		Dring head, will be a secretarion for head months and goods
		Bring back rail transportation for both people and goods.
1722	Northoast	Create a 4 lane travel corridor between Green Bay, Wausau and the Twin Cities in Minnesota.
1723	Northeast	Add two Amtrak lines to Green Bay from Milwaukee. One through Sheboygan and one through the Fox Cities.
1724	NI a while a a a h	Don't let Scotty walker back in as governor otherwise throw everything down the toilet because he let everything run
1724	Northeast	down while he was governor. Index fuel tax to road construction cost increases.
1725	Northeast	Transportation options that will allow for all socio-economic classes to use equally. This could be to work sites and
		public transportation to new and existing businesses adding to economic growth and financial gain in lower to middle
		class.
		Easy access to travel throughout the state on business (cheap/same day in state flights or near by larger metropolitan
1726	Northeast	areas, joining corridors, trains, or good highway conditions).
1/20	Northeast	areas, joining corridors, trains, or good riighway conditions).
		Increased emphasis on non-motorized transportation (walking and bicycling) is needed in Wisconsin, along with better
		integration of the modes. Years ago Wisconsin led the country in trail development and biking/walking policies, but
		lost that position under Scott Walker. Now we can restore that emphasis and again attract substantial tourism and
		healthy travel options for the Badger State.
		healthy travel options for the badger state.
		In addition, public transportation, both rubber-tired and light rail, offers real opportunities for viable mode choices for
1727	Northeast	low income populations and those with mobility challenges. These will be especially vital to an aging population.
1/2/	Northcast	low meetine populations and those with mostility challenges. These will be especially vital to an aging population.
		Build future-forward transportation systems that increase our Wisconsin pride in our natural environment. Make sure
		to respect and work with indigenous communities as well as minority and low SES folks. DEFINITELY reduce (if not
1728	Northeast	completely eliminate) reliance on fossil fuels which are contributing to the climate crisis.
		YES YES
1729	Northeast	Can you also add Green Bay and Eau Claire to the high speed rail?
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		High priority on transportation alternatives, from public transport methods to individual alternatives like bikes and
1730	Northeast	pedestrian walkways. Ensure transportation is ADA compliant and beyond, fully accessible to people with disabilities.
1731	Northeast	High priority for safety, of course!
		Increase reliance on new and sustainable energy sources, and make sure public transportation is as accessible as
1732	Northeast	possible to the disabled, elderly, etc.
		Tax the rich! Please do not impose tolls or mileage taxes on drivers because people of all socioeconomic statuses need
		to use transportation to get to work and important appointments, and a transportation tax would hurt them. Higher
		taxes should be imposed on wealthier state residents, via taxing commercial properties, sales of luxury goods, and
		state corporate taxes. I would also vote to end any state-level corporate tax "breaks," "vacations," or special deals for
1733	Northeast	Foxconn and the like. (Kudos to the EDC for canceling the Foxconn deal since they didn't meet the original terms.)
1734	Northeast	Fix the roads we already have
		Connecting rural areas with the cities where the necessary services are, like hospitals, treatment programs, and social
1735	Northeast	support functions (food banks, support groups)
		Actually enforcement, radar, or cameras. People disregard the laws and signs because they know there will be no
1736	Northeast	consequences.

ID	Region	Comment
		Better long range planning if a road needs to be redone but utilities under the road will need to be repaired/replaced
		in 2 years resulting in the road needing to be ripped out again things should be coordinated so the cost of tearing out
1737	Northeast	and repaving are only incurred once.
		Knowing what localities already have extra taxes for roads. We pay to register our vehicles, pay a municipal wheel tax,
		and pay an additional half a percent sales tax all to maintain roads that are crumbling. After all that when a road is
1738	Northeast	actually repaired properly, not just patched we are assessed for the cost.
		Riding on the interstates in Wisconsin is dangerous. People hauling trailers and recreational equipment have a difficult
		time going 65 couple that with most people going 75 or 80 (many faster and texting). I am shocked that there aren't
1739	Northeast	more big accidents .
1740	Northeast	No more roundabouts!
1741	Northeast	No more roundabouts!!!
1742	Northeast	Build the Depere bridge already!!!
		We are paying big money for roads Bridges overpasses that are built wrong inspectors are not allowed could do
		anything for check for material quality projectsupreme Play Strong overpasses have big bumps on the ends where they
1743	Northeast	meet the road I drive them everyday it's just ridiculous
		Please spend more money on light rail for passengers and less on pouring more cement for roads. Reserve the roads
1744	Northeast	for freight traffic.
1745	Northeast	More light rail, please. I love using this service in city's that have it.
		There are so many unused and defunct railways that would make wonderful interurban trails. I live in Cleveland, WI
		along the Lake Michigan shoreline. The old railroad tracks would make an amazing recreational trail that could connect
		Sheboygan with Manitowoc. What if the trail in Oostburg could be connected to these old rail lines and further
		connect the lakeshore area for addition recreational use?
1746	Northeast	
1747	Northeast	Mass transit!
		I don't feel Amtrak has been successful, but a modern high speed train system that has multiple stops and is at least
		competitive or cheaper than air would be ideal.
1740		Witness to in Indian to an all Forth a West history
1748	Northeast	Wisconsin is lacking in good East to West highways.
		Tolling is annoying. If we are looking for alternative ways other than a gas tax to increase revenue it should be vehicle
1740	NI - utla t	weight. Heavy vehicles wreck roadways, if it is driven on a public roadway it should be subject to a fee, no exceptions
1749	Northeast	for construction or farm vehicles.
1750 1751	Northeast Northeast	Hover/flying cars still aren't available.
1/51	Northeast	Strong passenger train system like Illinois had.
		Reducing dependence on fossil fuels and encouraging development of hybrid and alternative fuel methods of
		transportation. Safety (!) of people, products, and surrounding areas. Long-term reliability and safety of transportation
		structures. Expansion of mass public transportation systems and affordable access to different transportation systems
1752	Northeast	for everyone from the common bus passenger to the company shipping freight by rail.
1/32	Northeast	To everyone from the common bus passenger to the company shipping freight by fail.
		Shifting away from our reliance on fossil fuels and creating environmentally-conscious transportation systems that are
		effective and safe will be a critical area of development in the next quarter century. The states and countries that can
1753	Northeast	capitalize on this will have a significant advantage going into the second half of the 21st century.
1/33	ivoi tileast	lowa City had a Cambus (free) bus system that I used long after I graduated. I did not purchase my first car until I was
1754	Northeast	37 years old. I used public transit, mechanical (bike and walking) and the campus transit.
1,34	Northeast	57 years ord. I used public durisit, mechanical (blice and walking) and the campus durisit.
		There are many improvements our small town could make with some of the roads and traffic issues but are often
		hobbled because the roads are state highways and it seems to be difficult to make adjustments tailored to individual
1755	Northeast	towns and cities. Lots of paperwork and few government staff to manage these requests.
1,00		to this are allest core of paper from and ten potentiality start to manage these requests.

ID	Region	Comment
		-PLEASE use a different color than white for center lines or paint them more often. At night, when it's been raining or
		snowing, the road is gray or black and the white center line has faded, it's really hard to see and stay in the lane.
		Rumble strips are okay, but you have to cross the center line to know where the center line is. Not safe.
		-Please consider adding a pamphlet that tells the drivers what new road laws have been passed the past year. Insert it
		with the license plate annual sticker? I've been driving for over 50 years and I'm sure the laws have changed or been
		added to. Windshield wipers on when it's raining? Illegal to have a cell phone in your hand while your driving in WI?
1756	Northeast	Great to make all these safety laws, but worthless if the population is uninformed.
1757	Northeast	I would be against any tolling except for perhaps at the borders of our state
		Perhaps more emphasis should be placed on driver education and rules of the road. Sometimes this should be more of
1758	Northeast	a priority whether a driver is a newbie or an experienced driver.
1759	Northeast	Driverless cars need to be studied more. At least with a driver, someone is doing the driving and not something.
		Complete and add to closed Interstate System (e.g. Hwy 41 Green Bay to Marinette/Menominee; Hwy 141 to Iron
		Mountain and Hwy 2 (bypass Niagara); Extend I-39 to Hwy 8; Hwy 29 Green Bay to Elk Mound; Hwy 10 from I-43 to I-
1760	Northeast	94; Hwy 18 from Madison to Prairie du Chien; and Upgrade Hwy 21 from Oshkosh to Tomah.
1761	Northeast	Build more interchanges where appropriate and continue building roundabouts.
		Reducing the number of vehicles on the road and miles driven makes all of the other goals easier to achieve. Changing
1762	Northeast	people's behavior takes time, but this is a 30 year plan.
		While all of the topics are important, none can be successful without maintaining Wisconsin's infrastructure system.
		This includes viewing alternatives to automobile travel (mass transit, walking, and biking) as an integral part of the
		system. Walking, biking, and using mass transit reduces the number of cars which reduces maintenance costs and
1763	Northeast	pollution.
		I'm someone that would benefit from a mileage-based system but don't see it as achievable and possibly not fair. A
		well designed and managed transportation system benefits me in ways beyond my personal miles. My life is better
1764	Northeast	when the common good is well served. I am willing to pay for that.
		Mass transit throughout the Fox Valley by high speed train or subway with connect to Milwaukee and Chicago. Express
		service between major hubs from Chicago north to Green Bay along lakeshore and Winnebago routes. Commuter
		trains between Green Bay and Appleton with spurs to major parts of city. From Green Bay north, tourist train in a loop
1765	Northeast	through the north woods.
1766	Northeast	Make it high speed and electric or magnetic.
4767		trains to and from our large and medium cities, crisscrossing the state. Stop removing tracks.
1767	Northeast	death let Death literature in a consideration and the foreign
1768	Northeast	don't let Republicans make any decisions on their own.
		Bring back the trains and depots and add bus service where they connect through out the entire state. Our roads are
		packed with people rushing and causing accidents and to get away means options only to Milwaukee, not right. We
		have a beautiful state and rail goes off the beaten path to many areas most folks would enjoy without having to drive
		and even the disabled could get out more. The northern counties are basically only accessible if you drive or find
		someone to drive you. Busses take forever and travel already congested and crazy highways, but trains are easy, travel
1769	Northeast	faster and can access many areas and give people down time to take in all the beauty WI has to offer.
1/09	ivortifeast	I would like to see an east west corridor developed between Appleton and Manitowoc county that is 4 lane divided,
		limited access. The current route, Hwy. 10 stinks. We need a freeway type of highway to connect these 2 points, not
1770	Northeast	some country bumkin road!!!
1771	Northeast	l've just completed the survey. Thank you for allowing my input.
1//1	Northeast	The survey was very well written and complete answers were available. There was also space for individual comments
1772	Northeast	which was nice.
1//2	ivoitileast	which was nec.

ID	Region	Comment
		I am concerned about the excessive traffic on Highway 76 North from interstate 41 up to Wisconsin 15. With the
		increasing development west of Appleton, truck traffic has increased by the way over 400% over the last several years.
		That truck traffic along with the increased automobile traffic over the last several years and the unregulated speed
		along those stretches of highways is a dangerous situation. And now we are looking at the harvest season in all sorts of
		tractors and farm equipment on the road. We also have a number of roundabouts that have been installed but people
1773	Northeast	just do not follow speed limits and are not courteous. How do you propose to handle this
1//3	Northeast	In 2050, its most likely that most cars will be electric and autonomous for both personal vehicles and trucks. Support
		infrastructure and new regulation will be needed as it will become dangerous if a vehicle that is not autonomous drives
1774	Northoast	on the roads i
1774	Northeast	
4775	N1 + l +	Try to improve the infrastructure with as little infringement on the natural environment and people's homes as
1775	Northeast	possible.
		Passenger trains should not be expanded outside of the existing service areas, although more frequent or faster service
		should be considered.
		Please address hurdles to widespread AV use in the plan.
1776	Northeast	Please address societal changes as a result of the pa
1//6	Northeast	Please address societal changes as a result of the pa
1777	Northeast	My biggest desire is to see a 70 mph route between Manitowoc county and the Appleton area tying in at Hwy 441.
1///	Hortifeast	I think the use of mass transit for both people and cargo will become more and more important. Wisconsin is behind
		in preparing our rail system for the benefits in the economy of scales and increased efficiency offered by a better rail
1778	Northeast	system.
1778	Northeast	Signage that addresses the changes in vision that we experience as we age
		Signage that addresses the changes in vision that we experience as we age
1779	Northeast	Colors, fonts, could be friendlier
1773	Northcast	Stop expanding roads so much. Some need it but others don't. I'd rather see us spend the money on good alternatives
1780	Northeast	to passenger cars.
1781	Northeast	Stop spending money on bike trails, pedestrian walkways etc. Bikes pay no taxes (as autos and trucks do)
		By 2050 Battery electric vehicles with advanced driver assist systems will be the norm. The state's transportation
1782	Northeast	infrastructure has to make sure it is designed up front to be ready for this modern transportation methods.
1783	Northeast	Out of state heavy through put should be moved on dedicated rail to reduce wear on highways and safety for cars.
1784	Northeast	Stop wasting or money. We need a business approach to solving problems, not a government approach
		Wisconsin needs at least one major multi-modal facility on a major rail line in the state. Wisconsin has four class 1
		railroads in different areas of the state. WisDOT working with those companies can build several multi-modal facilities
1785	Northeast	to reduce truc
		expounding upon point 2: revitalizing the ports of Green Bay to draw in water shipping from across the great lakes.
		Point 5: LOCAL roads especially. Local roads take a beating during the winter months and many medium size cities [Eau
1786	Northeast	Claire, Green Bay] c
		I would like to emphasize the importance of improved rail access to our state. Wisconsin is famous for our agricultural
		and industrial products. We are handicapped by our lack of a cost effective and efficient method to load and ship
1787	Northeast	containers by rail
		High speed rail?
		Connecting Green Bay to Milwaukee via rail.
1788	Northeast	Using the very best material to build our highway system. Let's not skimp on cost.
1789	Northeast	Sustainable revenue sources for transportation that are primarily user based.
1790	Northeast	Multi-modal transit. No new lanes if not needed!!!!!!
1791	Northeast	Passenger Rail
1792	Northeast	We need to look at getting rid of speed traps and areas where traffic is slowed down. This will save time and fuel.

ID	Region	Comment
1793	Northeast	Ongoing training for people regarding new transportation or road designs such as the roundabouts.
		Thanks for engineering safe. Now:
		Education.
		Enforcement.
		Get the drunk drivers off of the roads.
1794	Northeast	Build more roundabouts so that everyone is moving!
		Driving under the influence of alcohol and drugsWe've got people driving into buildings night and day, people driving
		off with needles in their arms
1795	Northeast	THIS IS NUTS!!! And it is the biggest problem we face with transportation. It isn't safe night or
1796	Northeast	Use and regulation of automated vehicles.
1797	Northeast	Protected bike lanes! Sidewalks! Multi-modal options.
		I feel it is important for future transportation planning to incorporate designs to help push technological safety
1798	Northeast	features. For example lane markings that driver assistance systems can easily recognize.
1799	Northeast	Scheduled Maintenance
1800	Northeast	All cell phones have a gps in them. They know how fast we are going. At 25 mph shut off text!
		None of these cover enforcement. The three "E" of highway safety are education, engineering, and enforcement. You
		can design a safe road and teach people to drive safely, but there must be a strong enforcement component that
1801	Northeast	ensures drivers comply wi
		Allocating funds to help fight invasive species, provide wildlife crossings in high issue areas, as well as providing
		communities across the state resources to maintain roads in an environmentally respectful way [i.e. salt alternatives
1802	Northeast	that are just as e
1803	Northeast	Bike and pedestrian accommodations where it makes sense.
1804	Northeast	Roads aren't just for cars—it's time WISDOT changed their ways.
		Wisconsin needs to be on the forefront of the transition to battery electric vehicles. It needs to make sure that the
1805	Northeast	transportation system and the power grid are in sync.
		Need to design roads that have an 8' section to the right of the driving lane that is separated by a solid white line. This
		8' section an be used to park cars, ride bikes, etc. We don't need to have parking just on one side to accommodate bike
1806	Northeast	lanes.
1807	Northeast	Explore other states' award winning transportation and innovative designed road systems.
1808	Northeast	Please implement road diets so that the land can be returned to better uses.
		I feel that Wisconsin has made a wise choice by implementing the use of round-abouts where streets and county
		highways intersect. I also feel that greater use of the diverging diamond arrangement at freeway access points should
1809	Northeast	be used more in the future
		Construction on a road should be around the clock to minimize the restriction to traffic. And restrictions to traffic
		should only be in construction zones not where construction will be in 2 weeks. Make the restrictions as small as
1810	Northeast	possible.
		Floatsia care and charging stations at reasonable ratios. Darkova having Driverland and stational in control
4044	NI	Electric cars and charging stations at reasonable prices. Perhaps having Driverless cars stationed in central areas that
1811	Northeast	can pick a person up and drive them where they need to go eliminating the need to purchase a car of your own.
1812	Northeast	Sidewalks. Encourage local governments to build sidewalks or the state will limit local road aids.
		A true limited access freeway between Manitowoc and Appleton to avoid Hwy 10 and having to drive through the
1043	NI the -	small cities along the way has been desired by myself and many others for many years, if not decades! Whitelaw,
1813	Northeast	Reedsville, Brillion and Forest J
1044	Ni a liste i	Regional transit, especially in the four county region in Milwaukee! We need to stop taking a piecemeal approach.
1814	Northeast	Make RTAs legal again.
1815	Northeast	Midwest Passenger rail service
		raise the gas tax or at least let it rise with inflation. the gas tax is the fairest system to make sure all users pay for roads.
4046	NI	out of state drivers that drive in Wisconsin would pay when they fill up, aliens or non citizens would pay when they fill
1816	Northeast	<u>u</u>

ID	Region	Comment
	-	Tolling as a way to contribute to transportation funding for Wisconsin: out of state tolling. Many out of state drivers
		use our roads, considering our tourism draws, so charging local residents may be asking too much, but asking out of
1817		state drivers to c
		Index the fuel tax.
		Increase the registration fee to \$100 for standard vehicle with built in modest increases.
		Opposed to tolling.
		Opposed to mileage-based user fee.
1818	Northeast	Allow for Regional Transit Authorities / let local units of government decide what is
		I feel that trucking should pay the lions share of road taxes since these vehicles take the heaviest tolls on our roads and
1819		highways. It may also help to get shipping companies to utilize rail transportation more within our state in the future.
		Implement tolling. Raise the gas tax so tourists pay for our roads. Don't be afraid to spend money on multi-modal
1820	Northeast	projects.
1821	Northeast	Rural roads including county highways and township roads
		If we go to toll roads, the taxes collected need to be reduced! We are over taxed now! We do not need more! We need
1822	Northeast	to spend the money more efficiently.
		I am concerned about the excessive traffic on Highway 76 North from interstate 41 up to Wisconsin 15. With the
		increasing development west of Appleton, truck traffic has increased by the way over 400% over the last several years.
1823	Northeast	That truck traffic along
		We need to be wise about growth in Wisconsin. There are few pols that don't run on a pro-growth platform. Growth,
		however, comes with growth in problems. Law enforcement needs, environmental degradation, air quality, water
		quality, transportation needs, schooling, healthcare, care of our elderly population all must reconsidered before we
1824	North Central	sacrifice quality of life for growth. Quality fo life and sustainability resources have to be our priority.
1825	North Central	Look at allowing more public transit between rural communities
		We need more options in rural and central Wisconsin for public Transportation. Many individuals are limited to the one
		cab service we have in our area and it can be pretty pricey. Plain and simple there are not enough options in the Wood
1826	North Central	County area, especially between Wisconsin Rapids to Marshfield or Wisconsin Rapids to Plover/Stevens Point area.
		had of effected by the second of the second
		Lack of affordable public transportation continues to be a serious concern in my rural county located about one hour
		north of Madison. Fewer people, fewer resources. Yet the distance to travel for needed services and amenities is far
		greater due to miles and miles of rural roads and insufficient access to nearby healthcare, stores, service centers, etc. Increased public funding for rural transportation needs AND policies that ensure flexible scheduling is critical
		especially for disabled, elderly and low-income people. These needs are vital for the health and safety of our citizens
1827		and for their quality of life as part of a caring community, county and state.
1027	North Central	There is no bus service available. I mean buses lke greyhound bus lines that operate in this rural area. Tour buses are
		not equipped with wheelchair lifts. If you can not climb steps you can not go on a tour. there is the the bart bus
		system that operates in the area. To get a ride for a out of town medicial appointment I would need to call logisicare. I
		used to be able to schedule rides with North Country independent Living but last time I needed a ride I was turned
1828		down.
		U. S. 10 bypass should be constructed from mile 237 or mile 230 to I-39, U. S. 51 (Mile 156) at Plover to eliminate the
		congestion on the east side of Stevens Point. Also possibilities of construction of a freeway along or near the vicinity of
		Wis 173from Tomah where I-90, I-94 split to Port Edwards to Wis 54 (River view Expressway) in the Wisconsin Rapids
1829		Micropolitain Area to I-39, U. S. 51 in Plover, WI.
		Can we get trains throughout Wisconsin? Something like in Europe where the trains visit and can get to every city in
1830		the coutry or state?
		I don't envy your jobs in distributing the dollars but please don't leave out the small rural communities as they try to
1831	North Central	keep their roads in a good condition for residents and visitors alike!

ID	Region	Comment
1832		Lower impact modes and lower emissions should be rewarded, not punished by a bigger fee on hybrids and electrics.
1833		Gasoline and diesel engines must be completely eliminated from the Wisconsin transportation system.
1834	North Central	Let's have a multi-use path from the Mississippi River to Lake Michigan.
		I worry that as cities become larger, public transportation cannot serve everyone. The solution might be to create
1025		transportation islands where public transportation is alive and well. I fear that residents would then have to choose to
1835		live in an area with or without good public transportation.
1836	North Central	I'll be dead or 101 so I may need public transportation Self driving cars will need to work together with human driven cars. Some people will refuse to own self driving cars.
		They will thing their freedoms are taken away. Self driving public transportation is the future. People can order a self
		driving ride share from there phone and get picked up to go to work or hospital. Self driving cars will eliminate drunk
1837		driving fatalities.
1037	North Central	uriving ratancies.
		There will be many more fuel efficient cars/SUVs like Hybrids or Electric cars on the road in 30 years. The state will lose
		a lot of money, since people will be using less gas (thus, less revenue from the gas tax). Other sources of revenue will
		be needed. I oppose a toll system on the WI interstates, since I believe we need to encourage people to travel into and
		though our state. Maybe the annual registration fees for cars need to increase. the newer the car, the more you pay
		in registration fees, like insurance. making those who own an Electric or Hybrid car/SUV pay an extra \$75 fee per year
		during the registration renewal should be discontinued, as the state should seek ways to encourage energy efficient
		and Green methods of transportation (people using hybrid/E-cars), not penalizing them because they are using these
1838	North Central	fuel efficient cars/SUVs
		finding a way to keep the snow and ice more clear on the roads to ensure safety would be a wonderful concept in our
1839	North Central	area.
		Between 2015 and 2040, the population ages 65 and older is expected to increase by over 600,000 people (72%). By
		2040, 18 Wis. counties are projected to have at least 33% of their total population ages 65 and older, with three of
		these counties estimated to reach 40%. This dramatic growth in the aging population, in combination with people with
		disabilties and younger non-drivers will require increased investment in transportation systems to keep citizens
1840	North Central	connected to and engaged in their communities.
		While there have been improvements in the roads/highway system this year, many roads are still woefully inadequate.
		An event such as RAGBRAI in Iowa would do much to increase tourism in Wisconsin and would do much to direct
1841		attention to improving county roads and highways in the State.
		More should be done to prevent Vehicle vs. Wildlife collisions. Look into implementing wildlife bridges over major
		highways. (Like an overpass but has grass and stuff growing on top for deer and such to cross the freeway/highway
1842	North Central	safely)
		Most transportation innovation starts on the coasts and spreads to the mainland. Don't let Wisconsin follow this trend.
		Our motto is Forward. As soon as there is an opportunity to invest in an innovative technology that could reduce
		greenhouse emissions and budget-spending down the line, take that opportunity, even if it doesn't pay off in the short
		term. Don't be conservative because it doesn't seem like something Wisconsin could lead in. Don't wait for California
1843		or New York to set a trend. The future can start in the Heartland. Take a chance on solar. Keep moving forward.
1844	North Central	Please just fix our roads
		Solar panel roadways. Look it up on YouTube. It'd be pricey to start, but would eliminate the need for winter upkeep,
		reduce cost for maintenance, and it's solar, having a potential to supply the state. It raises the bar on safety, saves on
1845		signage, and has so many positive points for in the long run
		High speed rail, regional transit authority in the state, secured funding for public transit both at the state and federal
1000		level. The transit systems across the country were essential during COVID So we should fund it as essential now and in
1846		
1847	North Central	I'll likely be dead by then.

The population of people with visual impairment is expected to double by 2030 because the baby-boomers are aging. North Central It will be important to remember this as future transportation plans are being considered. North Central 30 yrs from now should almost be fossil free. North Central Isso North Central Isso North Central Changing the roads & updating them on our reservation is important Changing the roads & updating them on our reservation is important North Central Susses, trains, bikes, and walking paths! Try to reduce the need for cars. Bridges need to be replaced including rural areas, and funding should be used for places that are having roads washed out from storms like it keeps happening in northern with, ashland/Bayfield areas Wisconsin needs a vision of what we want our transportation system to look like and I hope that comes out in Connections 2050. If we don't have a vision to work towards, we will continue to do things the way we always have and that won't be able to happen with funding constraints and partisanship. WisboTh has done great work under Sec. Gottlieb and now Sec. Thompson. That is not recognized enough. The Sec. and staff are too often caught in a partisan battle. North Central My 10 year old expects flying cars, or perhaps we will have personal drones North Central Focus more on maintenance of existing system. No new highways. North Central Focus more on maintenance of existing system. No new highways. Consider how much time and energy (gas, oil, electricity) is lost by traffic stoppage when it could be avoided. Syncronize traffic flow. Spead travel time over 24 hours rather than peak hours. Regulate vacation times to avoid congestion. North Central Prepare for the emergence of alternate forms of transportation (think drone travel). We need to look at how we do business on maintenance. The old way of having locals maintain the state infrastructure needs to be reviewed for change. Begin looking at multiple areas such as a combination of state employees, private con	ID	Region	Comment
1849 North Central 1849 North Central 1849 North Central 30 yrs from now should almost be fossil free.			
1849 North Central 1849 North Central 1849 North Central 30 yrs from now should almost be fossil free.			The population of people with visual impairment is expected to double by 2030 because the baby-boomers are aging.
1859 North Central Consider alternate energy transportation North Central Society and peneral population North Central North Central Society and walking paths Try to reduce the need for cars.	1848	North Central	
North Central North Central North Central Consider alternate energy transportation			
1851 North Central Changing the roads & updating them on our reservation is important			
North Central Busses, trains, biskes, and walking paths! Try to reduce the need for cars.	1850	North Central	I would like to see less automotive traffic and more railways for use by both industry and general population.
North Central Busses, trains, bikes, and walking paths! Try to reduce the need for cars.	1851	North Central	Changing the roads & updating them on our reservation is important
Bridges need to be replaced including rural areas, and funding should be used for places that are having roads washed out from storms like it keeps happening in northern wi, ashland/Bayfield areas	1852	North Central	Consider alternate energy transportation
1854 North Central Out from storms like it keeps happening in northern wi, ashland/Bayfield areas Wisconsin needs a vision of what we want our transportation system to look like and I hope that comes out in Connections 2050. If we don't have a vision to work towards, we will continue to do things the way we always have and that won't be able to happen with funding constraints and partisanship. WisDOT has done great work under Sec. Gottlieb and now Sec. Thompson. That is not recognized enough. The Sec. and staff are too often caught in a partisan battle. North Central My 10 year old expects flying cars, or perhaps we will have personal drones North Central Have community meetings in the evening so others can participate advertise meetings and projects more 1859 North Central Focus more on maintenance of existing system. No new highways. 1860 North Central Hopefully expand the rail system. Consider how much time and energy (gas, oil, electricity) is lost by traffic stoppage when it could be avoided. Syncronize traffic flow. Spead travel time over 24 hours rather than peak hours. Regulate vacation times to avoid congestion. 1861 North Central Prepare for the emergence of alternate forms of transportation (think drone travel). We need to look at how we do business on maintenance. The old way of having locals maintain the state infrastructure needs to be reviewed for change. Begin looking at multiple areas such as a combination of state employees, private contractors and some local forces to accomplish the work. Most people do not understand how this works so before asking for this input we should be informing the public about the way it is arranged The gap of expressway/freeway on US 10 in Stevens Point east of I-39 which is the only 2 miles of US 10 between Marshfield and Appleton that is not a expressway or freeway needs to be identified as a need in the 2050 plan. This Electric Vehicles will be here in no time so prepare infrastructure to accommodate !!!	1853	North Central	Busses, trains, bikes, and walking paths! Try to reduce the need for cars.
Wisconsin needs a vision of what we want our transportation system to look like and I hope that comes out in Connections 2050. If we don't have a vision to work towards, we will continue to do things the way we always have and that won't be able to happen with funding constraints and partisanship. WisDOT has done great work under Sec. Gottlieb and now Sec. Thompson. That is not recognized enough. The Sec. and staff are too often caught in a partisan battle. 1855 North Central battle. 1856 North Central My 10 year old expects flying cars, or perhaps we will have personal drones 1857 North Central Have community meetings in the evening so others can participate advertise meetings and projects more 1858 North Central Focus more on maintenance of existing system. No new highways. 1860 North Central Hopefully expand the rail system. Consider how much time and energy (gas, oil, electricity) is lost by traffic stoppage when it could be avoided. Syncronize traffic flow. Spead travel time over 24 hours rather than peak hours. Regulate vacation times to avoid congestion. 1861 North Central Prepare for the emergence of alternate forms of transportation (think drone travel). We need to look at how we do business on maintenance. The old way of having locals maintain the state infrastructure needs to be reviewed for change. Begin looking at multiple areas such as a combination of state employees, private contractors and some local forces to accomplish the work. Most people do not understand how this works so before asking for this input we should be informing the public about the way it is arranged The gap of expressway/freeway on US 10 in Stevens Point east of I-39 which is the only 2 miles of US 10 between Marshfield and Appleton that is not a expressway or freeway needs to be identified as a need in the 2050 plan. This Electric Vehicles will be here in no time so prepare infrastructure to accommodate !!!			Bridges need to be replaced including rural areas, and funding should be used for places that are having roads washed
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	1864	North Central	
1865 North Central There us a need to determine alternative funding streams to the gas tax.	-		There us a need to determine alternative funding streams to the gas tax.

ID	Region	Comment
	-6.3	
		Yes:
		Please allow municipalities more flexibility in doing lane conversions, redesigns, pop-up urbanism, open streets, etc.
		treatments on highways and highway connectors that cut through municipalities.
		Please provide more TAP Grant (or other bike-ped infrastructure) funding.
		Please tie transportation planning into a climate action responsive process - I.E. prioritize projects that reduce lane miles, reduce the use of single POV, reduce infrastructure liability, create facilities that are more resilient to large stormwater events, encourage multi-modal use, reduce urban sprawl, etc.
		Please don't expand 194 nearby Milwaukee! Look to Los Angeles or Houston to see how continual expansion of roadways to relieve congestion is a myth. Instead, this induces demand for single use POVs and the roadway is
1866	North Central	congested again. What relieves congestion and creates more jobs is multi-modal transport.
1867		Reduce costs by eliminating prevailing wage requirements.
1007	North Central	Reduce costs by eminimating prevailing wage requirements.
1868	North Central	I believe with the increase in registration costs, the least you could do is give decent roads to drive on. Middle to lower class families like mine are forced to make our vehicles last longer for lack of being able to reasonably replace.
		Left lane for thru traffic in congested areas.
1869	North Central	
		Please create a four-lane highway all the way from Marshfield on State Hwy 13 to connect with Highway 29 in
		Abbotsford by avoiding all the small towns and creating growth.
1870		Also if Hwy 29 could become an Interstate, that would be awesome.
1871	North Central	Yes, complete the Highway 10 by pass around Stevens Point.
		Please review the use on contracting out services. These are not cost effective. In house resources are needed to
1872	North Central	deliver the programs.
1873		Please continue to fix roadways in northern WI
		gas tax is good, kwh tax is good, value added tax better than income tax. More tax on freight as the damage done by
		trucks is orders of mangitude more. Then they can pass on their costs to those who are using this. More equitable to
1874	North Central	everyone. Otherwise, some reap the profits at the expense of all.
1875	North Central	Electric charging station integration and availability
		-Implement modern project delivery systems like design-build, CMGC, etc. The taxpayers are the clients and are not obligated to use the most profitable and least risky methods to appease the contractor and design firm associations. The state government on the other hand does have an obligation to get the most out of each taxpayer dollar.
		Sometimes that may mean planning for larger more complex projects that out of state contractors may be the most
1876		qualified to***if it means a savings in time or cost.
1877	North Central	Eliminate traffic circles!!!!!
		Don't route away from towns. Small towns need to survive in Wisconsin. We can all go 45 for a while and not get to
1878	North Central	upset
		Rural areas are being neglected. We have to travel farther and pay our share of fuel taxes. Heavy farm equipment &
1879	North Central	trucks take a huge toll on the condition of our roads.
		Single use cars will be a rarity because of the convenience and usability of the fully accessible public transit.
		Driverless shuttles will be common in dense urban areas and they will still be talking about them on the horizon next to
1880	North Central	flying cars.
1881	North Central	Thank you.
1882		Bayfield is beautiful, Chequamegon-Nicolet National Forest is breath taking, wisconsin is full of stare parks and community parks, but their not easy to get to for city folks. Transportation from wood county to mosinee airport is limited. Winter is the time when public transit sh o uld be pushed for the most, it could reduce accidents.
		1

ID	Region	Comment
		1) Drivers are becoming more and more impatient in work zones and in winter driving conditions. The DOT needs more initiatives to slow drivers down and make sure they are paying attention in work zones. It is a law that drivers stay more than 200' behind a plow truck in the winter. I can't tell you how many times the salt off my spinner has been hitting cars because they are tailgating me. This is dangerous for the worker and all drivers around them. It would be
		good for the DOT to explain to the public what the expectations are for winter maintenance. The expectations the DOT has for their roads are much different than the travelling public. It is important to share these expectations so the public is aware when rural state roads aren't plowed to the public's expectations.
1883		2) It is important to increase maintenance dollars to keep maintaining our roads-cracksealing, patching, etc.
1884		Increase in funding is the number one issue we need to tackle.
1885	North Central	This surgery was too complicated
		Transportation in Wisconsin should be completely zero-emissions by 2050, and preferably by much, much sooner. Changing buses and trucks from diesel to electric, heavily encouraging the use of electric vehicles through numerous incentives, and, eventually, banning the use of gasoline and diesel automobiles in general.
1886	North Central	Fighting climate change is going to be the biggest thing humanity has to deal with in the coming decades, and doing things in the transportation sector will be absolutely necessary to combat it.
1887	North Central	Northern Wisconsinite that is tired of transportation funding dollars disproportionately spent on southern Wisconsin. Our state roads are in desperate need of repair. For example state hwy 64 was unexpectedly closed this past weekend because of inadequate bridges and Hwy 51 north by tomahawk is so bumpy.
1888		lowa has a farmer/dot program where they cooperate with each otherfarmers agreeing to leave corn stand in winter to make a natural snow fenceand also letting their fence lines to grow brush and we really need to start cooperating with all cheese factories cutting down our costs for salt brine on roads
1000	North Central	Overall, I feel we are lucky with roads in WIand lucky that most are kept open during construction. Thank you. I'll never understand the USH 51 project around Minocqua and how the two-lane alignment was just shifted. Took out all the fun vertical curves. Work on the USH 10 project on east side of Stevens Point - that is a mess - trying to turn RIGHT (forget left) within the commercial stretch is hard enough. So much work was done improving USH 10 further east (Amherst) and west and this area is the bottleneck! Consider more passing lanes on the smaller highways (Hwy 8, Hwy 13, Hwy 70).
		Also, Bus 52 in SchofieldWOWthat needs to be redone. More roundabouts - Hwy 17, and CTH W, and STH 64 near Merrill!
		Also - don't spend all my tax dollar down in Milwaukee, Madison and Green Bay. The central and northern roads need attention too!
		And, do we really need fancy overpasses (i.e. decorative stuff). Let the local municipality decide if they want to pay extra for that stuffdon't costshare that portion.
1889	North Central	But, mainly bring back eminent domain for bike/ped trails and more focus on bike/ped trails as alternate transportation.
1890		Transit bus services
1891	North Central	Raise state gas tax, encourage electric vehicles not tax them more.
		Pertaining to the conditions of the roadways. Just a side note not just the condition but is it accessible to large trucks? how a Round about is designed to accommodate large vehicles. to make them safer in general. having a simple plan to make them uniform. for all Vehicles. and safer so a vehicle can stay in just one lane as it works its way through the
1892	North Central	intersection. not having to use both lanes just to make it through the intersection.

ID	Region	Comment
1893		Prepare for high concentration of electric vehicle (EV) traffic within 10 years. Invest in high speed rail service.
1894		Incentive for public transit use by tourists and the general public
1895	North Central	Promoting public transportation to aid in lowering fossil fuel use
1896		It was very disappointing to see the state make the decision to put transportation funds all on wisconsin residents by raising fees on license and title(it was ok to some because its called a fee and not a tax) instead of raising gas tax so all people using our roadways pitch in, as trucking and such affect our roads more then local people
		Transportation options to get around without owning your own vehicle. It attracts businesses and employees and
1897	North Central	supports a strong economy.
1898		Pipelines do not last forever. When they fail the damage to our environment is tremendous. We must reduce dependance on petroleum, coal and gas products so that the infrastructure to transport such hazardous and destructive materials is not necessary.
1899		Strong highway system that operates well for both local and through traffic.
		Gas tax and registration fees should only be used for roads. Trains, airports, and public transportation should not
1900		receive funding from gas tax and registration fees.
1901		We have interstates running north and meandering to the west. Why can't we get some sort of major 4 lane road to go west to east across the state. The little highways going across the state are not maintained or adjusted as the traffic
		Our state motto is "Forward' and we should be innovators of progressive transportation solutions. What are other
		states doing in regards to transportation innovation? Other countries? Strategic planning to keep Wisconsinites
1902	North Central	moving forward.
		 - High speed high efficiency passenger rail. - Freight funded freight corridors - the public should not bear the costs of OSOW and High Clearance routes. - Ag transportation tax/fees on large farming operations like CAFOs. Large farm equipment beats up shoulders and pavement edges and loads and loads of manure hauling operations (many would be found to be over weight if checked) beat up travel lanes at the public's expense. Small family owed farms with less than a certain amount of acres would be exempt.
1903	North Central	
1904	North Central	Bid to local companies
		Less reliance on fuel taxes
1905	North Central	Add more tolls for out of state drivers using an ipass system (since Illinois has developed it) (btw, have you used it)
		I think investing in transportation future means looking at efficient ways to move people and goods. Rail is much more efficient than individual cars and trucks, both for hauling goods and transporting people.
1006		Investing in rail, high speed rail, can help get us ready for the future. Every other major country has done this, and large cities outside of Wisconsin have done this. There are plenty of examples to draw from to make choices that fit
1906	North Central	our state and the regions within.
1907		Maybe relax road constructionmaybe instead of tearing apart all arteries into and out of citymaybe complete one and the start anotherleaving motorists options for a safer environmentand still completing projects without creating a dangerous situation no matter which way you gothis might actually protect workers at construction site also People willing to drive an extra 15 min unrestricted
165-		Repair potholes and dips on roads! When traveling the roads in the northern half of the state, including state highways, there are very few roads without major potholes! They continue to increase in size because they are not being fixed. State highways 110 and 161 are exceptionally bad. More dollars need to be spent on our rural roads
1908	North Central	instead of all the interchanges and art work on the major highways.

ID	Region	Comment
		Improved signage at roundabouts to allow drivers adequate time to see their exit. Additional education and outreach
		on safely navigating roundabouts, especially multiple consecutive roundabouts - including encouraging drivers to "take
		another lap" if they miss their exit (I see too many accidents in this scenario).
		Properly spaced bike lanes to ensure the safety of both bicyclists and vehicle traffic.
		Pedestrian cross-walks properly timed to allow for pedestrians to safely cross - even if they walk slower or are using
1909	North Central	adaptive devices.
1910		Drivers should have to re-apply for their license and re-take a driver's test at regular intervals throughout life.
1911		Solar panel roadways
1912		get rid of zipper merging
1913		Well maintained roads
1914		Complete streets support increased safety for all roadway users.
1915		Entrance and Exit ramps need to be in place for all state highways.
		DWI must be taken seriously. The Tavern League's influence on DWI enforcement must end. Those choosing to drive
1916		while intoxicated must be removed from our roadways.
		Proactive safety improvements along highways such as intersection improvements, flattening slopes, and maintenance
1917	North Central	of shoulders.
		There will always be human error. Please design roadways so that these errors don't turn into fatalities. Reduce lane
1010		widths, design multi-modal, reduce speed limits, stop expanding lanes on highways/interstates and start doing more
		multi-modal planning, shift from LOS to VMT, implement a statewide Vision Zero campaign, etc. Building roads that last longer to delay maintenance and prevent damages to vehicles.
1919		Buy the necessary real estate and mitigate for natural impacts to construct wider shoulders and recoverable slopes
1920		rather than finding reasons not to do so.
1921		Driver training programs better than we have
1321	North Central	Communication on the road: construction consistency between counties, state and federal construction.
		solution of the rough construction consistency settleen countries, state and reactured is action.
		More STOP SIGN Stop Lines
		Wider exit lanes on state highways and more (increase length)
1922	North Central	Highlight more intersections with reflective paint.
		It is important that we start teaching young drivers how to behave in construction zones. After experiencing running
		road crews, I've seen first hand how dangerous our roads are becoming due to distracted drivers. Law enforcement
1923	North Central	needs to be more active in work zones to help protect our work forces.
		offering online or on location at the dmv short seminars that help people refresh and learn about safe driving
1924	North Central	maybe a video to watch before renewing one's license that helps a person to review safety rules for driving

ID	Region	Comment
		I am shocked that this description focuses on, almost exclusively, car transportation. As a cyclist and frequent
		pedestrian, I am frustrated at being excluded from these types of conversations.
		When I think of road safety, I think of the following:
		separate bike lanes/paths, separated at minimum by burm
		increased visibility for pedestrians and cyclists
		regional bike routes
		large, or at least some, shoulder of the road when a separate bike lane doesn't make sense
		coordination of bike routes regionally and within cities
		bicycle and pedestrian safety programs
		4 -to-3 lane conversions, traffic circles, and other traffic calming measures
		legislation that puts responsibility on drivers for hitting, hurting, killing, damaging pedestrians and bikers. (Often, the
		conversation turns to the responsibility of the victim)
		recognition that these often entirely carbon free (or extremely low in e-bikes) are the wave of the future, good for our
		bodies, good for our planet, and good for our local economy, by keeping us close to our external environment.
1925	North Central	
1926		Somehow not let a person use their cell phone at all while driving.
1927	North Central	More law enforcement.
		We need to consider the natural environment and include how wildlife are affected by our roadways. Every year there
1928		are turtles, small mammals, deer, etc killed on the road and it's a danger to drivers.
1929	North Central	Fragmentation and impact on natural environments.
		By 2050 climate change will be killing people all over the world due to reduced agricultural and seafood harvests,
		spread of infectious diseases, heat stroke, and more powerful storms.
		People will be forced to leave coastal and tropical areas due to heat.
1930	North Central	Transportation emissions need to be reduced to zero by 2050.
1931	North Central	Connect multi-use paths for a statewide network.
		Raise fuel taxes so users, including out of state drivers, pay for low mileage/heavier vehicles and DO NOT penalize
1932	North Central	electric high mileage vehicles that are less polluting and do less road damage.
		Blend the environmental factor with an aim toward maximizing economic growth; e.g. Training Minorities for Clean
1933	North Central	Energy jobs in transportation
		Keep flowers and nesting sights out of medians; Attract wildlife to the roadside, not the median.
		For all large non-linear projects such as parks and new building construction, require an amount of trees for every
1934	North Central	square foot of property.
		What we use an aug reads for anougand iso solt anyons and such the closedy and such according to the control of the closedy and according to the closedy accor
1025	Namble Courts	What we use on our roads for snow and ice, salt, sprays and such. Its already contaminated our water supply and kills
1935	North Central	trees and plants that are roadside. I'd like to see environmentally responsible, cost effective solutions worked on.
1026	North Cartinal	Using shared modes of transportation like transit, or walking or biking will help the environment and will reduce the
1936	worth Central	need for expanded roads.
1027	North Control	Ensuring there are no burial sites and take into account not having a pipeline of a highway straight into Native
1937		communities Developing and installing a statewide electric charging station system on existing highways
1938	North Central	Developing and installing a statewide electric charging station system on existing highways.
1020	North Control	Our scenic beauty and pristine waterways & forest are what "drive" visitors to our area. Those things need to be preserved, and opportunities for enjoyment enhanced.
1939	MOLITI CELITIAL	preserved, and opportunities for enjoyment enhanced.

ID	Region	Comment
		Plan for a predominantly electric vehicle reality. This must include plans for recharging vehicles both when in use as well as when they are parked.
		Drone transportation of people will become common. Plan laws and routes for such modes of personal transportation
		Plan for automatically speed governing ability to include the ability to remotely control everyones speed and remotely change route signage.
		Integrate local routes to include paths for people powered modes.
		Explore more durable materials to use instead of short lived concrete.
		Protect waterway quality both on and over such routes.
1940	North Central	
13 10	Troreir certerar	
		Wisdot needs to be more receptive to local voices. A recent project development meeting held in my community just
		seemed that it was held to check the box. Several project changes were asked for but dot staff were not willing to
1941	North Central	discuss. Final plans and construction did not include any elements that locals wanted.
		Top priority has to be resource efficiency for system reliability and equity.
		Our automobile-dominated system that guzzles fossil fuel and requires families to foot the bill for vehicle operation
		and maintenance is a system that is already seriously failing households with budget constraints. As roads get even
		rougher and as fuel, cars, insurance, and repairs get even pricier, more and more people will be left without any
1942	North Central	tenable options, further limiting economic opportunities.
		WI needs to greatly increase and improve public transportation, including rail systems. Concentrating on personal
		automobiles is an outmoded and environmentally negative path. Looking to the future, public transportation within
1943	North Central	cities and through the state and to surrounding states indeed to become a priority.
		Hold private developments along state highways to the same or higher standards. A large business development
		needing public highway upgrades should not have any special priority or standards different than any state highway for
	North Central	
		Less paved "back roads"
1946		More green space!
1947	North Central	Add more "brown" signage for natural features, local area attractions
		Quality of life can be measured by freedom to make choices. In many communities, car travel is really the only option, as bus systems are inefficient, bike lanes/paths sparse, driver training on bikes/pedestrians limited, sidewalks gone,
		and traffic calming measures not in place. Increasing good options within the community is key to quality of life,
		people's interactions with their lived environment, and a sense of belonging to one's community.
		Naises need to be board. A community many and began to the dath air material and the day of the day
		Voices need to be heard. A community near our hometown had their water levels wrecked by changes to a water table
		due to Hwy 10 being moved north. They received no compensation or acknowledgement that it was a result of the
		state, even though they anticipated it and measured it. I think the state absolutely must take into account local people's voices when making big decisions and consider the local quality of lifeor at least provide some assistance
10/10	North Central	when they damage it.
1948	MOLULI CELLUIAL	when they daillage it.

ID	Region	Comment
		Moving the transportation systems we have now to greener sources of energy is extremely important, such as going
		from diesel buses to electric buses in cities, and, in general, going green. Utilizing solar, wind, and hydro energy more,
		and completely phasing out the use of fossil fuels.
		Implementing more mass transit options and availability all across the state. Light rail, electric buses, anything that is
		both climate-friendly and will help people from more rural parts of the state be able to go to other parts of the state.
1949	North Central	Connecting everyone will support everyone.
1950	North Central	We don't need all the bike paths
		Advance and visualize the growth of self driving vehicles and prepare roadway and infrastructure for their
1951	North Central	implementation.
		making sure that roads are maintained so that potholes and other crumbling issues are resolved and damage to
1952	North Central	vehicles is limited
		More road/traffic signs indicating that bicyclists might be nearby (like deer crossing signs, but warning drivers to look
1953		for cyclists instead).
1954	North Central	Have higher maintenance of rural roads on roads North of STH 64.
1955	North Central	Fix existing facilities first.
		Stop paying higher rates per mile on state jobs, and if we can send men to space could we build a road that withstands
		freeze thaw cycle
1956	North Central	
		Corporations that are heavy users of our roadways must pay the cost of such use. Companies such as UPS, FedEx, and
		Amazon are making billions while sticking the cost of maintaining our roadways on taxpayers.
		The days of giving large corporations big tax breaks to build their plants and profits in Wisconsin at taxpayers expense
1957	North Central	must be eliminated.
		Improve highway maintenance throughout the state by increasing preventative maintenance activities such as crack
1958	North Central	sealing, concrete joint repair, pavement markings, and bridge maintenance.
		Stop the excessive spending on decorating roads and bridges like what was done in Green Bay. If the community
1959	North Central	wants it let them add the money for that.
		-Base local funding by "grading" the effectiveness of the funds already provided and local long-term planning and
		budgeting. Many local governments simply do not plan and budget for roadway infrastructure maintenance and
		development appropriately.
		-at the state level there needs to be better overall medium-term and regional system planning. Planning to 2050 is
1000	Nauth Cautual	great, but without that plan being broken down to smaller achievable components, it does no good. The present the
1960	North Central	shorter-term plans to communities so they can base local plans off the bigger plan.
		From all levels of government Townships, County, State, and Federal, road maintenance expense can be predicted and
		should always be maintained or fixed based on the cost of living, it seems to be always fudged with by governing bodys
		and that couses are roads to cost more money or deteriorate to a point where they are horrible or unsafe roads to
		drive.
1061	North Control	Long story short a sharp engineer can mathematically predict the maintenance cost and replacement cost of our roads,
1961	North Central	and also that number should not be adjusted other than cost of living. Maintain what we already have! The system has been neglected for way too long. Bridges, railroad crossings and
		resurfacing. Only after catching up with maintenance, then think about new bike trails and sidewalks (which should be
1062	North Control	
1962	North Central	done during repair or new construction).
1963	North Control	Design is one thing but extra cost for color, engravings, metal displays on overpasses is too much. Keep it simple.
1303	NOITH CEHTIAL	After working with counties and townships, I've seen the struggles rural communities have with keeping up roads and
1964	North Central	bridges. It is important not to forget about them when distributing funding.
1504	NOTHI CEILII di	pringes, it is important not to forget about them when distributing funding.

ID	Region	Comment
		Off-road bike lanes and/or berms to increase the safety of cyclists and pedestrians, as well as to incentivize healthier,
		more sustainable ways of travel.
		This increases safety for families with small children and/or strollers as well as people with disabilities too. These
1965	North Central	groups are often overlooked.
		Currently, certain roads are maintained while others are not. I do understand the budget constraints, the how's and
		why's with respect to WisDOT. However, currently a few of the roads that should be repaired are not being repaired,
		while roads that WisDOT could get more life out of are. This system has been broken for quite some time. There are
		also a few roads getting the incorrect treatment. STH 73 West of Wisconsin Rapids to STH 186 for example, in 2000 it
		was decided to crack and seat in place the existing concrete, very bad decision based on the soils. The concrete was
		able to bridge certain areas prior and now the road has been left with a very poor surface, major tenting, rutting, raveling and during storm events a very unsafe road to travel. Currently in the schedule for 2025. Should an asphaltic
		surface be left in service for 25 years with that amount of ADT & truck traffic? Should have been addressed in 2015
		while other road like STH 80 South of Pittsville get reconditioned while no signs other than surface cracks are detected.
		The existing STH 80 had a good ride, it was crack sealed, no signs of rutting past 1/2" - 3/4" and yet WisDOT spends
		their resources on roads the public questions why when we have this one over here that is clearly 100% worse? Again,
		understanding budget, just spending the money on the wrong roads. So what's important for supporting overall
		infrastructure maintenance in Wisconsin? Spend the money on the correct roads as needed. Prioritize based on
1966	North Central	something more than what a van will tell you.
1967	North Central	Expanding into rural communities and keeping a healthy environment to stop the spread of covid
		State Hwy 97 north of Marshfield is congested during the peak rush hours times, and has bee prone to accidents, since
		it is heavily used by people outside of Marshfield to commute to and from work in Marshfield. Hwy 97 needs to be
		expanded to a 4 lane highway, from Marshfield to Hwy 29. I could parallel Gavin Ave or County Road E going North-
		South along this corridor, and pass along the west side of Stratford and avoid the McMillian Marsh Perserve.
		Also, I would like to see more paved bike trails in Wisconsin, including state bike trails like the famous Elroy-Sparta
		trail. It should be paved. Paved trails allow people with disabilities, like people in wheelchairs, a chance to enjoy these
		trails. Young children with smaller bikes can ride paved trails with their families much easier. Once a trail is paved, it
1968		should last many years, since trucks and autos are not using these trails. Thanks for your consideration.
		Additional resources to help those who no longer drive learn about the options available and learn how to access/use
1969		them - mobility managers and travel trainers.
		More accountability for the environmental impact of marine transit - hefty fines for littering, spills, facilitation of the
1970	North Central	transportation of invasive species, dumping, noise/light pollution.
		Just increased accessibility and connectivity for people. Spread out the reach of public transit within small cities and
		make it a more appealing option for those that might not otherwise ride the bus. Later hours and weekend hours
1971		would help with that, and traveling to better shopping opportunities would stimulate the economy!
1972		Separate bike and walking only paths on highways and from connecting towns.
1973		Rural areas need to be prioritized for transportation for elderly. There is nothing
1974		Making sure streets are designed for all roadway users. Complete streets are needed, they are safer and end up saving money in the long run.
13/4	NOT UT CETTURAL	inioney in the long run.
		Too many vehicles have only one passenger. Ride sharing should be encouraged. Too many pickup trucks are driven
		to school, to work, to church, to entertainment sites etc when a much smaller vehicle would suffice.
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1975	North Central	

ID	Region	Comment
		Amtrak's current low speeds make it a national disgrace compared with systems in countries where people know the
		meaning (and value) of high speed rail. It will take major infrastructure investment to even begin to show more
		Midwesterners what a fast train can do. So sure, plan to connect more cities. But don't bother doing unless it comes
		with service that will knock our socks off, attract choice riders among others, and make us glad to leave the car at
		home for the occasional inter-city trip.
		Awareness efforts and smartphone apps are relatively inexpensive no-brainer synergistic enhancements that can be
		added any time and need not distract planners from the overdue task of modernizing our transportation infrastructure
		and creating a 21st century transportation system. Direct big spending where there is big need for better
1976	North Central	infrastructure.
		Address connectivity issues in any highway systems such as locations were those is a gan in frequency or four land
		Address connectivity issues in our highway systems such as locations were there is a gap in freeways or four lane
1077	Namble Cambrel	facilities. One example that needs to be addressed is the gap of expressway/freeway on US 10 in Stevens Point which is
1977	North Central	the only 2 miles of US 10 between Marshfield and Appleton that is not a expressway or freeway.
		There is a fairly decent rail system in the state between active lines and lines with track present but are out of service.
1070	North Control	Improving existing rail infrastructure on these existing lines and rehabilitating rail banked tracks can help bring
1978 1979		passenger and some freight service back to rural areas where it's needed.
1979		High-speed passenger rail. High speed rail connecting WI to Minneapolis and Chicago. People don't want to fly anymore!
1960	North Central	rnight speed rail conflecting witto Millineapoils and Chicago. Feople don't want to my anymore:
		Adequate facilities at connections points for all modes of transport. Parking, sheltered and secure bike parking, bus
		lane priorities,- non-embarrassing human amenities (seating, trash receptacles, bathroom facilities, water fountains).
		indice priorities, from embarrassing namemates (seating, trasm receptables) sating our racing states from the many materials and the seating from the seating f
1981	North Central	Better connections is directly linked to increased usage.
		Increased safety messaging is needed.
		Increased training is needed (even as a commercial)
		Mixed use safety messaging (bike, motorcycle, car, trucks, semis) are needed
		Proper testing of electric cars and self driving vehicles is needed.
1982	North Central	Proper vetting of platooning semi loads is needed. (Legislation?)
		I feel acessability should be focused on, access for those in wheel chairs with opinions from those in wheel chairs on
		how to make it the most efficient and safe for those individuals. I also feel communities should encourage their
1002	Nauth Cautual	populations to use bike or walking lanes, and utilize public transit. Wisconsin has a lot of small towns filled with unique
1983		and one of a kind small businesses, trolleys would be excellent to see the community.
1984	North Central	Living in a rural community, these options will have little to no impact on our citizens.
		I think this is the most important area, now that I know the specific bullet points covered. Hopefully I can return to the
		first answer and resubmit!
		instanswer and resultine:
		I think this area is key to economic vitality and transportation security.
		Of note, if bus options are expanded, they also should be made accessible. Right now, it's significantly cheaper to drive
		by car than take a bus between cities in WI. Yet, many take the bus because they cannot afford a car. This seems like
		an unfair tax on those who already do not have enough. It's also a disincentive for folks who want to choose more
1005	Nowth Cartinal	sustainable, less harmful options, because the cost is high. (It's a \$60 round trip cost for about a total of 200 miles of
1985	North Central	travel. This could be accomplished by many car drivers for half the cost.)
1986	North Central	A general increase is public transit options connecting population centers within Wisconsin would be nice.
1300	oren central	It makes no sense having a brand new facility
		30 miles away from another 41 northbound
		Dot scalewouldn't we be better suited closing the old one downand opening one up on hwy 29 .as it's a gateway to
1987	North Central	northeast Wisconsin especially with land available between highway in Wittenberg area
,	2 00	

ID	Region	Comment
		Bring back eminent domain for bike/ped trails. If the state can condemn land for Fox Conn (a private venture) than
		there is no reason land for bike/ped trails (public goodespecially since we are all so obese) shouldn't be condemned.
1988	North Central	I cannot believe WisDOT did not fight harder on that one.
		5
		Develop sustainable sources of funding transportation that maintain credibility with taxpayers yet will expand to take
1989	North Central	into account inflation in the transportation sector. E.g. the gas tax has not paid for maintaining roads
		Give high priority to the gas tax as a source of funds. It is painless, easiest to administer, and provides much needed
1990	North Central	revenue. Do not ever rob the funding source again for anything other than transportation needs.
		Implement a tax on trucks (recreational trucks only, not those used by businesses or self-employed contractors). If a
		citizen has chosen a larger, louder, less fuel-efficient vehicle with a higher carbon footprint but doesn't need that
		vehicle versus another more efficient one, there should be a tax during registration and renewal of that vehicle,
1991	North Central	however small the disincentive.
1992		Adjust registration fees by cost of vehicle and estimated gas mileage.
		I think the state of Wisconsin should have enabling legislation for the formation of a regional transit authority in the
		state. We need secure funding for public transit so everyone has access to housing, jobs, medical appointments and
		everyday activities. It not just about roads. Think of us ride the bus think of us connect the bus think of us fund the
1993	North Central	bus.
1333	Horair certain	DO NOT PUT TOLL ROADS IN WISCONSIN! DO NOT CHARGE A DRIVER TAX BASED ON MILAGE DRIVEN!! LEARN TO
1994	North Central	BETTER MANAGE THE MONEY YOU HAVE!!!
1995		Pave our roads up North.
1333	Worth Central	Tave our rouds up North.
		The Gas tax was a brilliant idea because it ould have allowed out-of-state travellers, especially those from Illinois, who
1996	North Central	use our highway systems constantly throughout the year, to pay for some of the wear they had caused.
1997		Have the legislature get over their partisanship and work together on a solution!
1998	North Central	Calculate a fair and enforceable method for covering road cost paid by the actual users of the roadways.
1330	Horair Certain	Sales and and annotation for containing rouse cost parts of the actual acceptance of the rouse rouse.
		The gas tax is what we have and can implement right now. Raising it to support development of a 21st century
		transportation system that actually works for more working families is a good idea - plain and simple. Our excessive
		fuel consumption is not going anywhere soon enough to discredit the idea of taxing gas. The gas tax should be much
		higher than it is, and should have been raised years ago. And it is IMPORTANT that the revenues be used to expand
		affordable transportation options and reforms that deliver outcomes that favor people with limited means.
		and date dansportation options and reforms that deliver outcomes that lavor people with innited means.
		I doubt that the "industry dynamics" mentioned in the preface for this focus area pose any major consequence for the
		next budget cycle. Messaging about distant-future funding alternatives is not my Immediate concern. As a citizen I
		expect you to understand that the State of Wisconsin has my support to raise the gas tax so long as the revenues
		expand efficient transportation options that everyone can afford.
		expand emoteric danaportation options that everyone can allora.
		Best to simply tax the wasteful and the rich, and put the money toward an efficient system that serves everyone
		better. But don't bother without a compelling vision to do so. Beyond the widely shared savings and safety of better-
		maintained roads, I don't see much value in increased spending on business-as-usual road projects.
		mantantea roads, raon cose mach value in increased opending on business-as-usual road projects.
		Avoid partnerships where businesses gain from taxpayers' losses. Clever arrangements to capture some of the value of
1999	North Central	transit oriented development may work.
1333	NOTHI CEITHAI	We need to find bi-partisan solutions to fund our transportation system that are equitable to residents, businesses,
2000	North Central	
2000	NOTHI CEITHAI	and visitors.

ID	Region	Comment
	- 0	
		Do not spend all the transportation funds in the bigger cities like GOV. Walker did. Our local roads and streets are in
		terrible condition. Cut state pensions. They are sucking up all the tax money that should be used towards roads instead
		of giving someone an easy retirement at the expense of our roads. Go get a job in the private sector if your so smart.
2001	North Central	Where's the money going? We can't support anymore tax increases.
2002		Trucks do the damage to the road. They should pay their fair share.
		It is important to fully fund maintenance of existing assets and hold service providers accountable for the maintenance
2003	North Central	they provide.
2004	North Central	gas tax is probably fairest of all. May need an electric vehicle tax on kwh in future.
		Maintain roadways properly, poor quality roadways end up costing more, exploding concrete, road closures, shocks,
2005	North Central	tires , etc
		-Public-Private Partnerships only if the state (public) maintains control and final decisions based on benefits to all WI
		taxpayers, not only the private entities with big contributions.
		-See earlier responses noting freight and big ag need to pay their fair share as they require more costly highways and
2006	North Central	cause the majority of damage to the pavement and shoulders.
2007	North Central	Improve right of way (ROW) areas with better trees, shrubs and flowers to provide interest while driving.
		As we've all seen, our transportation budget cannot keep up with the rate our roads are deteriorating. It is important
		that we look at other options to increase funding so that right time resurface projects and right time maintenance
2008	North Central	activities can take place. It is more efficient to maintain existing roadways than to reconstruct them.
		I am not sure why gas tax is off the table. I say, put the gas tax on the table. It's a good incentive to travel by other
2009	North Central	means, and would easily increase revenue. People are still going to travel.
		Public transportation I.e. bussing would be more helpful if it reached rib mountain and schofield. As well as to continue
		being affordable. Personally I think it should run on the weekends too. It's hard to utilize the bussing system for work if
		it doesnt run on thr weekends, as well as single mothers with children that have things to do on weekends such as
2010	North Central	shopping.
2010	North Central	
		I moved to where i live now for the piece and quite of living in the country but nlw this has all been changed by the dot
		they reblack topped the highway by our houses and they added them stupid rumble strips in the center of the highway
		and now thats all we here is cars crossing the center line and running over them stupid rumble strips such a joke they
		are in the first place. Looking at suing the state for wrecking our piece and quite and the devalue of our homes
2011	North Central	
2012		Technology is fast changing so too many long range plans won't be accurate.
		Change the hours of service so that truckers can be more efficient and have less trucks on the roads. Monitor weight
2013		compliance of trucks repairing the roads.
2014	North Central	Keep our roads safe and well maintained. Make sure that drivers understand why speelimits are necessary.
		Occupant protection, education on rules of the road for pedestrians, bicyclists. Eliminating vehicles from public
2015		roadways that are not intended for public roadways-i.e. ATV/UTV. Access to safe walking/biking paths/lanes.
		Protecting our youth now is vital in helping any of these areas in the future. Many of these areas should have a
2016		separate sub category with children/teens as they impact them differently than others.
		Car ferry from Egg Harbor to Marinette to eliminate the drive around Greenbay for people who want to travel from
2017	North Central	northern WI to Door County and vice versa.
		Motorcycle safety is always "High Priority". Keep adequate funding to continue Motorcycle safety courses available to
2018	North Central	the public. I would also be great to see more emphasis on advancing the skills of existing motorcyclists.
		Solve the problem of deer crashes. Research ways to scare deer away from approaching vehicles. A \$500 device to
2019	North Central	add to my vehicle would be worth it - and maybe it would become standard in the future.

ID	Region	Comment
	-0	
		Drunk driving is still a major problem in our state. I want to maintain our drinking culture for camaraderie, but I don't
		want to support driving while drunk. Please suggest the following improvements: 1. require shelf stable food to be
		available for sale (or complimentary) at every location serving alcohol (the only times that I became too drunk to drive
		were times when food was not available)[Bavarian pretzels, Bavarian pretzel bites, Bavarian pretzel sticks, pickled
		foods, doughnuts - are some options, but potato chips and basic pretzels are not]; 2. increase the penalty for the first
		DWI to require a 1 or 2 hour driver training class, possibly at a restaurant; 3. increase the tax on all types of alcohol to
		pay for 30% of all local law enforcement (if that is the statewide average for how much time they spend dealing with
2020		DWIs); and 4. Enforce 100% compliance with installing court ordered ignition interlock devices.
2021		More passenger train service, especially connecting the Northwoods with urban areas.
2022		Trains need to be encouraged for transportation of goods.
		Animal crossings like they have in Canada, so animals can walk over or under roadways. Much needed in our state and
2023		weird we don't have any.
2024		Thank you for asking.
2025		Equity for rural resident employees who must drive further to work.
	central	
2026	North Central	Good job addressing some climate change prevention, mitigation and adaption issues without using the term.
2020	Worth central	I wish there were more public transportation options for those who cannot, will not or are not allowed to drive.
		Connecting parts of the state with public transportation would be smart in many ways - less pollution if people utilize
2027		existing routes; more
2027		Please, let's stop the exclusive focus on bicycle paths to promote only recreation. Lets give equal thought and time to
		supporting the bike as a viable mode of transportation. People will use bikes for transportation if they can ride safely
2028	North Central	
2028	North Central	and there is
2029	North Central	There won't be any internal combustion engines. Need more passenger rail options to Chicago and MPLS.
2023	Worth central	Right now, the only thing keeping people from using alternative forms of travel on WI roadways is the fear of getting
		run over. Off-road trails between cities are not always available. Just a a few feet of pavement next time you pave the
2030	North Central	
2030		More efficient and safer routes from the central to the western part of the state and the same between communities
2031	North Central	·
2031		Keeping everyone attentive to driving and off their phones and other distractions. Keeping roadways clear of snow and
2032		
2032		We only have one planet, and even though the majority of environmental issues are caused by major corporations, it is
2033		still incredibly important that we the people do our part to protect the environment.
	. TOTAL COILLIAN	same salary important that we the people do our part to protect the challoninent.
2034	North Central	Yah, hopefully there will be connections between wausau, marshfield, stevens point, Tomahawk, Minoqua etc.
2035		Kowalski road off ramp construction in marathon city
		More police presence on roads, highways, and interstates! Also a way to contact the Wisconsin State Patrol in an
2036	North Central	
2030		Bigger is not always better. The environment is suffering from consumerism, materialism, and the thought that more
		is better. States need to preserve the environment and true driver of the economy. What is Wisconsin without snow,
2037		quality drinking wate
2038		Road maintenance is my highest priority.
2000		Please remember that Wisconsin is also north of Hwy 10. We feel the we are forgotten "up north" and Milwaukee and
2039		Madison seem to get the most resources. There is resentment with M&M!
2040		Wisconsin also needs to be a leader in electric vehicle transportation.
2040	oren central	2050 could bring quite a bit of change. Technology and transportation advancements just in the past 5-10 years has
		started to change the way we utilize our transportation network. I hope that as these changes continue to occur, we as
2041	North Central	a state can adapt wi
2041	North Central	a state can adapt wi

ID	Region	Comment
		We need to save money and environment as #1 priorities. Then help others who may need it and public
		transportation. We have to stop wasting our money! No more bike paths for a while. No more tourism. Inspect and fix
2042	North Central	bridges! Make things safer!
		Fix the roads, they are falling apart. Due to the poor road conditions there is more vehicle maintenance and in return
2043	North Central	more vehicle cost for repairs. We already have a wheel tax on vehicle registration. Where is that money going?
		Register Amish buggies. They use the roads and leave nails and horse poop on the roads which can affect the people
2044		who are paying to use the roads.
2045		More bike and pedestrian trails, access, facilities to attract more people into our economy.
2046		Safety First, Maintenance Second, the Rest is a Want - Not a Need
2047		I would say that about covers it.
2048		Bridge and road repair.
2049	North Central	Fix the rural roads
		Roads that self destruct as soon as they are built, less new roads, most of the state is covered in decaying pavement,
		don't make more, build safe roads, not roads with danger built in (hwy 29 west onto SB I39, Hwy 10 east onto SB I 39,
2050	North Central	
2051	North Central	Excellent roads are a must!!!
		We need to have a transportation system that is well maintained, focuses on safety, and helps people and goods to
		move easily around the state. By doing this, it will spur economic development.
2052	North Control	Locally, I can speak to the a couple of issues that need ad
2032	North Central	Please stop giving money to airports! Overfunded. Stop building and maintaining road barricade railings on northern
		roads. We don't need them! They just have to be maintained when idiots hit them. Fix roads in Milwaukee. Work for
2053	North Central	more rail transport as
2055	North Central	Fix the condition of the roads. They are falling apart and as a result there is added
		maintenance cost from more vehicle repairs. We already have a wheel tax on vehicle registration, why are the roads
		not
2054	North Central	being taken care of better?
2034	North Central	being taken care of better:
		The question "Transportation options that support economic growth while protecting the environment and reducing
		reliance on fossil fuels" is a two part question and results in misleading answers. It should be:
		Tenunce on rossil rucis is a two part question and results in misicading answers. It should be:
2055	North Central	*Transportation options that support econo
		Analyzing traffic patterns and making changes in lanes/spacing, traffic light timing, traffic police presence to keep
2056		problems from snowballing
2057		More police presence on roads, highways, and interstates!
		Implement the following: increased fines in work zones, increased education for youth and driver's education
2058	North Central	programs for work zone and drive safety, automated speed enforcement for work zones.
		We can't dummy-proof the world so please stop building barriers that get wrecked. Put more \$ into speed limits
		painted on roads, funny signs on the highway and good signage. We have to stop spending money on things that are
2059	North Central	broken and temporary.
2060	North Central	We need to use better materials, even if it is more costly upfront, so we don't have to repave every three years.
		I am convinced the quality of life increases for all people when the transportation system is environmentally
		sustainable, is integrated into the abundant natural beauty and diversity we are fortunate to have in our state, and
2061	North Central	there is accessibility for
		Use Eco friendly and potentially recyclable materials (ex: recycled plastic roads)
2002	Namble Co. 1	
2062	North Central	More needs to be done to regulate vehicle emissions as well as regulating roadside waste.
		Sustainability - Less dependency on gas modes of transportation. Light rail and other modes that reduce carbon
2063		emissions, climate change and green house gases. Reducing materials consumption and oil dependency.
2003	North Celludi	emissions, chimate change and green nouse gases. Neutronig materials consumption and on dependency.

ID	Region	Comment
		It is impossible to get to a grocery store without traveling on a main road with a car. Planning for local communities is
2064		important.
		High speed rail is a must consideration for the near future!!! We need to make this a top priority for Wisconsin in
2065	North Central	order compete with other states.
		We must protect wildlife when making transportation plans, building or repairs. Too many wildlife habitats are
		destroyed for the sake of a nice looking area. That's garbage behavior. Stop putting all the railings and barricades in.
2066	North Central	People will be stupi
2067	North Central	Make all cities more bicycle friendly.
2068	North Central	Maintaining quality township roads to facilitate the movement of wood products from the forest to the mills.
		Improving maintenance of the air transportation in Wisconsin. Our local airports are vital to the communities they
2069	North Central	serve.
2070	North Central	Support "last mile" funding for local roads that are critical for the overall transportation system.
		8th Street in Wisconsin Rapids continually gets eliminated from your long term projects. It's OUR main street and has
		been ignored long enough. Take care of your responsibilities and stop bleeding our tax dollars into political b.s. (i.e.
2071	North Central	Foxconn). I
		We need more public transportation in highly populated areas. Also need more emphasis on pedestrian safety there.
		Not in the north where I live. When I go to Milwaukee it makes me so mad at the horrible conditions of roads and
2072	North Central	sidewalks.
		I don't believe there is a "one size fits all" solution. Each town, country, region of the state has different conditions that
		would require specialized solutions. For example, I envision a world where a combination of safe and segregated from
2073	North Central	cars bicyc
2074	North Central	Bicycle lanes for all highway projects would make travel by bicycle a more attractive option for commuters.
2075	North Central	Decreased reliance only on cars. A viable train option would be nice.
2076	North Central	More options for rural and central WI.
		There should be a more reasonable bike trail system. There shouldn't be so many bike paths along busy and
		sometimes narrow roadways. It seems that bike trails have hi jacked some roads. I am in favor of bike trails, but some
2077	North Central	places are unsafe, and n
		We need to stop with the bike and walking paths! It's a fad. We don't need to find Amtrak more than we are as they
2078	North Central	need to do better with their funds. Stop funding airports. Help people with disabilities and fund public transport.
2079	North Central	Minimize semi traffic; tax the semis more
		I think road maintenance and long range planning for roads will be beneficial, right now it seems as if road repairs and
		building is reactive instead of being on a pro active plan. It appears if the state is always scrambling for funding for
2080	North Central	
2081	North Central	Reduce administrative and oversight costs so more funds are available for actual construction.
		Tolls for Illinois drivers must happen. We need the gas tax raised a bit. We need fewer managers being paid and less
2082		paid for barriers and other things that are easily destroyed. More roundabouts and fewer stoplights.
2083		Do better at spending the money you already get.
2084		I was happy to provide input. I appreciate the opportunity.
		Why are so many new bridge expansion and approach joints so rough and off so mutch? I'm a truck driver and this
2085	North Central	seem like they never used to be that rough!! And that poorly made!
		I'm interested in fast speed railway options from north of Wisconsin to the south. I would also like to see city bike lanes
		raised with a curb separating the bicycle from the automobile. The bike lane could run along next to the sidewalk or
		shared depending on the volume of bikers and pedestrians. Unsure why money is spent on bike lanes in the street that
		end within several blocks or are not wide enough to accommodate both. I would like to bike more in many of
2086	North Central	Wisconsin's cities (including my commute to work), but do not feel that it is safe.
2087		Encourage people to use electric vehicles or public transportation by making both desirable and convenient

ID	Region	Comment
2088		Give the money to county highway department to fix our roads.
2089		Investment in more public transportation would help our environment and economy
		More lanes attracts more traffic. Stop expanding lanes.
		Learn from Germans how to build roads that last longer in cold climate.
2090		Transit must be intrinsic to transportation strategy.
		Need to keep up with the ever changing technologies and do not be afraid of change. A 30 year plan seems like an
		eternity nowadays with how much technology is changing. It is impossible to predict what needs there will be 30 years
2091		from now.
2092		Please lower the speed limit on state highways in cities where there are many entrances and exits.
		There is no question this is a awful survey!!!!!!!! Can't someone think of questions that make some kind of sense. Who
2093		ever approved this should be fired. Give the taxpayers a decent survey to respond to.
2094		There should be fewer individuals in cars
2095		You're not listrning, so no.
2033		Exploring adding a 0.25% sales tax across the state for local transportation funding designated for improving the local
2096		roads and highways in addition to the GTAs.
2030		Interconnection with the National Intercity Bus Network, Improved lower cost transportation options and increased
2097		coverage areas for intercity bus travel.
2098		INVENTORY ROAD AND SET PLANS TO UPDATE 20% EVERY 5 YEARS IN AN AREA
2030		For the previous question, high priority for local roads and streets and transit vehicles. Low priority for trails. These
2099		should not be in the same question
2100		Can high speed rail be an option again?
2101		I want to be able to take a train to the East Coast.
2102		We need to seriously star building rail infrastructure
2102		We need to seriously star building rail lill astructure
		I would love to increase our focus on human-powered transit and more mass transit options, like trains, with lower
2103		carbon footprints. I want it to be easier for people to make temptations choices that are better for the environment
2103		Jeff Olson can build a roundabout around my ***!!!
2104		Sound barriers between highways and residential areas. With several freeways going through residential areas often
		traffic noise is an issue for those that live close to the highway. Roads should be designed in a way that limits this
2105		preferably through
2103		Stop wasting money on old 20th century freeways and inest in sustainable non-carbon inducing alternstives. I know
2106		thats pretty hard on folks who were trained to build systems that move cars faster.
2100		I think the tourist economy is really important and it will disappear if we don't do more to combat climate change. I'm
		not sure what balance we can strike since we've been doing too little about the climate for too long - I think it will
2107		require a much
2107		Properly repair & maintain road systems that have not been maintained well in the last 10 years (including highways &
2108		bridges).
2109		High speed rail
2109		Fix it first, what we have is poorly maintained. DOT likes large capital projects rather than maintenance. To many traffic
		engineers have a "mine is bigger than yours" attitude to budgets and want to work on a replacement project rather
2110		than repairing things. This mind set has got to change.
2110		Resuce the administration costs by using automation and artificial intelligence programs that can build reports from
		data analytics.
		2. Provide local job sourcing wherever possible.
2111		3. While it is difficult, remove government bureaucracy from as many areas as possible. Give project managers the
2111		ability to adjust on the fly.
		Consider using alternate environmentally friendlier materials for roads. Use other substances less toxic than road salt
2112		for de-icing. Several options are out there. This salt gets into our water. Encourage transportation efforts that use less
2112		fossil fuel.
2113		regional transportation agencies as we go more global

distracted & drunk driving (like losing your license). Vulnerable users! Deaths of bike and peds are on the rise and DOT has not met safety goals. There is \$0 investme state dollars for bike ped encouragement, education, or safety projects. Use all the TAP dollars for their purpose giving half to highways. Reinstate statewide safety education programs. Including and integrating all modes of transportation in planning. Destroying forests to put up highways is a problem for native species Plan the transportation system for Madison proper area, expanding perhaps to Milwaukee but not the western o southwestern collar communities. Do not encourage or reward urban and suburban sprawl by funding roads after poor planning decisions have bee taken. Greater focus on pedestrian and bike facilities—and integrating those facilities. Rail transit between Madison, Milwaukee, Chicago & Minneapolis. Just maintain or roads, and leave us alone. Providing safe streets for bicyclist and pedestrians. Don't just build more highways, rethink how roadways can be maximized to be more effective, without adding me concrete/asphalt footprint or tearing up land/marsh/private housing in the name of development. Honor local ing Support high speed trains. Plant native perennials and do less cutting in medians, next to roadways, etc. Stop putting in new roads, stop changing the environment and causing flooding. Use what you have. General maintenance and up keep of current infrastructure. Balance is the key. Our activities impact the environment. A true "return to nature" is not possible or desirable at point. However, impacts need to be understood from a variety of perspectives and hidden costs need to be minir instead of ignored. Improve analytical capabilities and waiters of performance analyses result in real feedback int methods and processes of transportation project implementation. We need more Greenway trails, especially in Milwaukee city, so that bikers and walkers can avoid car traffic. This	ID	Region	Comment
consumption locally. Transportation infrastructure investment throughout the state and region should be aimed. encouraging parallel investments to serve local markets rather than to hunt the elisive globalized unicorn. Passenger high speed rail. Passenger local metro/metro type rail and make the hop go to destinations like Miller the airport, etc. Invest in community transportation upgrades to promote economy and multi-modal transportation. We need to invest on a high speed train to connect Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison, the Delis, La Crosse with MN. boost tourism to those cities form both Chicago and MSP while being more environmentally friendly. Use more PCC in roads, have more competition for HMA. Utilize perpetuate pawement. Focus more on building by base materials for roads. Ficusenon more materials testing, increased staff in regions and BTS. Limit contractor involvement in writing specification. Complete uggrades of freeway corridors that were left unfinished. Bike trails are great for tourism and support of small communities. Build the route of the badger out completely to connect bike tourism dollars to small communities. Plan for visibility-signage, etc. Putting up more or larger signs/signals is not an answer to safety. Driver's attention spans are shorter and it is jue more that drivers dismiss or get distracted by. A better focus is to remove distractions (signs, phones, etc.) and he driver focus on driving. Red light rouns on driving. Red light rouns and diving (like losing your license). Vicinerable users! Deaths of bike and peds are on the rise and DOT has not met safety goals. There is 50 investme state dollars for bike ped encouragement, education, or safety projects. Use all the TAP dollars for their purpose state dollars for bike ped encouragement, education, or safety projects. Use all the TAP dollars for their purpose state dollars for bike ped encouragement, education, or safety projects. Use all the TAP dollars for their purpose gliving half to highways. Reinstate statewide safety educatio			
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would be good for recreation and getting around.	2136		would be good for recreation and getting around.

ID	Region	Comment
		Need to have state law changed for allowing condemnation of right of way for trails. Trails added to highway projects
		allow for many positive benefits for community and tourism. Many projects would not have been built just due to 1
		person not liking the plan. Not allowing use of eminent domain when there is overall approval and support by the local
2137		community is just wrong.
		Stop highway expansion. Climate change is directly linked to the increase in pollution by automobiles. Invest in busses,
2138		trains, bike paths, and safe ped infrastructure.
2139		More intercity train lines within the state
		Wisconsin is a beautiful state and could be rich in bicycling options; however many Seperated long distance corridors
		are non-existent. I recently travelled from Chicago to MKE by bike, urban cycling was relatively easy through Chicago
		but difficult in Milwaukee. Consider more long distance rail-trail options. The Katy trail in MO is a great example that
2140		we could easily accomplish in Wisconsin with better interagency coordination.
2141		Expand passenger rail service to Green Bay and the Fox Valley
		Increased trails and safe streets for pedestrians and bicyclists.
		Make more transportation options available so people don't Have to drive or pay for taxis and such to get around if
		they can't drive.
2142		
		Even those of us who love our cars have to face the fact that current modes of individual-focused transportation are
		unsustainable. While private vehicle ownership and operation is often reasonable and necessary, we need to start
		promoting other options by spreading the cost of those options among those who use them and those who choose
		private transportation even when it's not necessary. Smarter user and registration fees and taxation can bolster
		individual mobility where it's needed and appropriately tax luxury when it's not. For example, a farmer or lineman
		servicing a rural area needs to own their one or two vehicles, while a retired person in a suburb with three vehicles
2143		
2145		does not. High ground rail connections to Chicago and man Cafe highelp and podestrian connections. State eversight of mandated
2144		High speed rail connections to Chicago and msp. Safe bicycle and pedestrian connections. State oversight of mandated
2144 2145		regional bike/ped plans. More green options! I don't want to rely on fossil fuels to travel the state
2143		We need to invest in public transit in the major cities while encouraging other forms of transit within cities. High speed
		rail should have been invested in as it would place less strain on our major interstate while allowing those without cars
		in Chicago and MSP to connect to our cities on tourist destinations. We missed a major opportunity and connect WI
21.46		
2146		with neighboring large cities.
2147 2148		Pay by card or on phone.
2140		Build the Route of The Badger plan out and connect communites bu bike trail in SE WI.
		Do not over build. The interchange between 29, 41 and 43 was grossly overbuilt costing \$300 million more than it
		needed to by building ramps and bridges where a simple roundabout junction would have been sufficient for the traffic
21.40		flow. This is repeated across the state. Use active real time traffic management information to direct traffic to the most
2149		efficient route- avoiding building expensive redundancy. Surface and bridge repair
2150 2151		Don't do stupid projects like light rail.
2151		Don't do stupia projects like light rail.
		Start viewing access to technology and information infrastructure (the worldwide web) as a transportation issue. Work-
		from-home options and researching options before making trips can significantly reduce load on our roads. This all
2152		depends on accessible and inexpensive Internet service for our residents and businesses.
2152		depends on accessible and mexpensive internet service for our residents and businesses.
		integrating more technology and smart systems into our roadways for traffic control, safety, and security of all
		motorists on WI roads. Upgrading current systems, fiber pathways, and incorporating Al into our solutions.
		motorists on wirroads. Opgrading current systems, ilber pathways, and illediporating Armito our solutions.
2153		Happy to support the WisDOT efforts! www.cablecomllc.com
2154		Lower traffic state highways
2154		Leaver traine state ingriways

ID	Region	Comment
		Abolish the special registration fee tax on on vehicles that are fuel efficient. Graduate the annual vehicle Registration
2155		Fee so that it is proportional to the damage caused to the roads by the vehicle weight
		Stop the Governor from siphoning gas tax dollars from the fund for things like museums. Our roads in Northern
2156		Wisconsin are getting worse.
		Sensitivity to international visitors' needs
		A control coordination of train and bus selectules beloing those who do not drive (such as the blind or olderly) boy to
2157		A central coordination of train and bus schedules helping those who do not drive (such as the blind or elderly)how to
2157		independently get around in Wisconsin
		Keep our public infrastructure in the hands of the public, not in profit-seeking entities or fluff-y middlemen. Shift the
2450		burden of cost onto those choosing less-sustainable options, but exempt key industries that maintain our
2158		infrastructure and promote a strong localized economy.
2159		Spend you money on the driving surfaces and quit wasting money on things like fake brick all over the place.
2133		Tolling has already been studied in this state way too often. Go back and look at the first 2 studies. The costs in install
		and maintain tolling won't be effective. Just finished I94 from Milwaukee to Illinois unless you put OH cameras
2160		everywhere how will be done with cash.
2161		no tolls!!!!!!!
2101		With electric cars and more fuel efficient vehicles, we need to figure out how to raise the necessary funds to maintain
		our roads. If funding is not available, we need to focus on maintaining what we have instead of investing in major
2162		projects that will have minimal impacts.
2163		Stop diverting TAP dollars to highway projects.
2164		More intercity train lines people (like what Scott Walker foolishly shot down
		To me, the most important issues to focus on are:
		1) improving fuel efficiency and exploring sustainable energy options for public transportation
		2) improving the quality and convenience of public transportation so that more people will use it instead of individual vehicles
2165		Thank you!
2100		Reduce vehicle miles traveled significantly by removing unnecessary highways, tolling, and improving multimodal
2166		options
2100		Hoping that there is rail transit with bike storage to State Parks/ Rail transit between large citiesso that we are less
2167		dependent on cars.
2168		This won't be America by then we will have killed ourselves off in another civil war.
2169		This is a test submission to ensure that the updated Budget Tool is working and submitting correctly.
2100		This is a test submission to chisare that the apaated badget rooms working and submitting correctly.

ID	Region	Comment
		I have already completed my survey but forgot a very important recommendation. I believe if Wisconsin is truly ever going to have a safe, efficient and sustainable transportation system we must move away from a partisan appointed system of leadership. We cannot accomplish the goals of any long-term planning efforts when the direction of the
		entire department has to change coarse with each administration, Assembly or Senate change, especially when that change is from one party control to another. We cannot get to our destination with a map that is continually rewritten each election. It is critical to Wisconsin's future to transform to a bipartisan transportation board made of legislators (if it were up to me, no legislators would be involved as I do not believe politics has any place in engineering but I
		understand that is not a reasonable expectation), transportation professionals, planning professionals, local representation, public members at large who do not have a particular business interest and possibly non-voting members from other state transportation departments. The members should rotate with rolling terms opposite the bi-
		annual budget, extending beyond the 6-year program, and include term limits. Decisions should then be made based on weighted benefit-cost which benefits the largest number of WI taxpayers and is developed with sound engineering, not specific industries, businesses or individuals.
2170		Without a drastic change like this, the 2050 plan will be outdated by the next election.
2171		Be sure that any system created is accessible to everyone
2172		There is enough existing road way and the focus should be on maintaining current infrastructure.
2173		Make sure the the government can't take funds away from transportation to use some where else.
		sustainability will be a key issue. Stop adding capacity, focus on fix it first projects and investments in multimodal
		transportation. Consider pricing in congested areas and invest excess pricing revenue in transit and bike/ped. Create a
		sustainability program at DOT. Look to california's caltrans for guidance on sustainability in rural areas, as well as
2174		urban.
2175		Be a hyperloop train city
2176		Continue to provide transportation for all income levels and demographics. Pedestrian connections are important. Fix safety issues before a serious crash or fatality. You are engineers you know where potential issues are. Don't wait
		until it's another statistic.
2177		Get the biggest bang for the buck and do more highway projects and less mega projects.
2178		Most wear & tear on roads is commercial traffic, so corporate taxes should be raised to pay for most maintenance.
		Please look for connections and mobility across the state. Sections of I94 between Madison/Milwaukee and Madison and Portage need to be expanded. These are the guts of our economy and tourism and having slow downs and
2179		unreliable system are not Wisconsin and how we should manage Wisconsin highways.
2180		raise the gas tax
2181		The IH 794 extension to STH 100 (or further south) should be a high priority.
2182		Maintain the rds!!!!! Wisconsin rds suck!!!
2183		Be innovative and forward-thinking
		More public transit is a must because increasing roads will not help people move efficiently. If possible, we need to
		think about removing unnecessary0 highways within major cities to reconnect neighborhoods while improving regional
2184		transportation. We are losing people because of the lack of transportation options available in our cities.
2185		Wisconsin should use any and all other means of financing infrastructure maintenance than the use of tollways.
2186		Trains should be used more throughout Wisconsin
2187		better rds

ID	Region	Comment
		So much forestry and natural habitat has been removed so the higher income subdivisions could be installed. Millions move to areas because we expected to live in a "natural" area full of trees and wildlife. The big city "visitors" have destroyed the wildlifes ability to roam and are killing and running over anything that gets in their way. Knocking off mailboxes etc has caused financial stress on some people because the young just do not care in today's world. Throwing garbage out of the automobile window because they might have to stop at a garbage receptacle and actually do something besides be on their phones. Maybe start giving jail time for littering/dumping instead of a ticket that will not be paid anyway. Stop ignoring those who actually care about the area they live in because as we all know - hard working taxpayers are what funds these projects - not welfare recipients. More roundabout in Highly traveled areas
2188		
		More roundabout in Highly traveled areas
2189		
2190		More roads, fix existing roads/bridges, no more money for Barrett's trolly.
2191		Stop using chemicals that destroy are vehicles. I can imagine what its doing to the environment
2192		Stop using chemicals
2193		Switch to electric vehicles with renewable energy charging stations
2194		We need high speed rail to connect our major (and some not so major) population areas (connect our state north to south, east to west)
2195		Freeway ramp design should have maximum safety in mind. Drivers on ramps should see main traffic flow without completely turning away from the road in front of them.