

Version

Version 7, December 2019.

Acknowledgements

This project was endorsed by the PEGZ Steering Committee[^]. The first version was worked on and trialed by the PEGZ Statutory Planning Project Team[#].

*In November 2016, the Victorian Government announced the introduction of the Economic Growth Zone (EGZ), which is not a planning zone, to the Latrobe Valley. This includes a range of financial incentives and programs to reduce regulatory barriers and improve the planning system to ensure development, investment and employment can progress in a streamlined manner with greater certainty.

^A three-year Victorian Government funded planning project - Planning in the Economic Growth Zone (PEGZ) - was established to help generate economic growth and ensure planning supports growth within the EGZ. The PEGZ Steering Committee oversees the PEGZ project with representatives from DELWP, the three councils in the EGZ (Baw Baw Shire, Latrobe City, Wellington Shire), Latrobe Valley Authority, Victorian Planning Authority, Regional Development Victoria and the Red Tape Commissioner. A Memorandum of Understanding was signed by all parties to ensure a strong partnership, collective collaboration and to assist with achieving the key deliverables for the project.

#Two project teams were established to help deliver the PEGZ project plan deliverables. The two teams were the Statutory Planning Project Team and Planning Scheme Project Team comprised planners from DELWP and the three councils within the EGZ. The aim of the project teams was to streamline the planning systems of Latrobe City, Baw Baw Shire, and Wellington Shire Councils in statutory planning processes and planning schemes.

The plans were completed by Latrobe Valley Drafting, June 2019 and were reviewed by the SPPT and endorsed by the PEGZ Steering Committee.

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How to use this guide

This guide provides a series of checklists, template plan examples and general information on how to prepare and lodge a planning permit application with Council to ensure that it is processed efficiently.

This guide contains two sections:

Planning permit application preparation and lodgement

- How to prepare a planning permit application
- Checklists
- Template plan examples

General information

- Planning permit application timeframes
- · Required regulatory approvals
- Relevant planning information

The guide is available from Council via:

- Online at the Council website
- Hard copy at the Council office

Background

Introduction

The Department of Land, Water and Planning (DELWP) with the three councils in the Latrobe Valley Economic Growth Zone* (Latrobe City, Baw Baw Shire and Wellington Shire) have produced this guide to help lodge satisfactory information for planning permit applications to expedite the approval process for the use and development of land. This initiative is part of the Planning in the Economic Growth Zone (PEGZ)^ project.

Purpose

This guide:

- Assists Council planners and customers to provide the required information to lodge planning permit applications.
- Accelerate the approval process for the use and development of land.
- Improves customer satisfaction and education through easy access to consistent information.
- Promotes economic growth through simplified and streamlined planning processes across the EGZ.

Best Practice

There has been an endeavor to provide all the information required for the satisfactory lodgment and assessment of a planning permit application based on the most common planning proposals. This guide is not an exhaustive list and does not account for all unique circumstances relating to the use and development of land.

Statutory Status

This guide has been:

- worked on and adopted by the PEGZ Statutory Planning Project Team#.
- endorsed by the PEGZ Steering Committee[^].
- prepared by a qualified draftsman[~] (development plans only)

References

For more information on the planning system please refer to the following documents and links:

- Using Victoria's Planning System, Department of Sustainability and Environment.
- A Practitioners Guide to Victorian Planning Schemes, Department of Sustainability and Environment, October 2018.
- Planning practice and advisory notes on a range of planning processes and topics are available at: www.planning.vic.gov.au/resource-library/planning-practice-notes

Contact

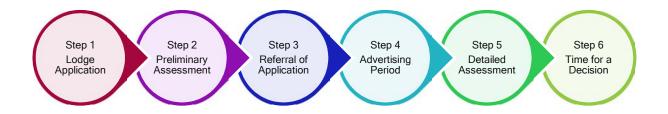
For more information please contact DELWP Regional Planning Services, Gippsland on (03) 5172 2533 or gipps.plan@delwp.vic.gov.au

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Step by Step Guide:



- Step 1: Applicant lodged application with Council.
- **Step 2**: A preliminary assessment of the application is undertaken.
- **Step 3**: If required under the Council's planning scheme the application will be referred to relevant agencies.
- Step 4: If required or allowed by the planning scheme the application will be advertised for a period of 14 days (public notification).
- Step 5: A detailed assessment of the proposal against planning policy contained in the planning scheme is undertaken.
- Step 6: Once all matters have been finalised a decision will be determined.

HOW TO PREPARE A PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION

Step 1 - Contact

PRIVATE PROPERTY

Contact Council's planning department to confirm if a planning permit and any other regulatory approvals are required. If a planning permit is required, confirm with a Council planner if it can be assessed as VicSmart*.

BUSINESS/COMMERCIAL

If starting a new business or buying an existing business, more than one permit maybe required to operate. Contact Council's business approvals team to confirm what registrations and permits are required.

Step 2 - Application Form

Complete the relevant application form (standard or VicSmart) and sign the declaration.

Step 3 - Title

Include the Certificate of Title, Plan of Subdivision and any restrictions registered on the Title (i.e. Covenant/Section 173 Agreement). The Title must be not more than 60 days old at the date of lodgment and can be obtained from www.landata.vic.gov.au/

Step 4 - Supporting Information

Include a written summary about the proposal in response to the relevant provisions of the planning scheme. Use the relevant checklist to ensure the required information is included:

- Commercial Development
- Industrial Development
- Heritage
- Licensed Premise
- Multi Dwellings
- Native Vegetation Removal
- Rural Dwelling
- Signs
- Subdivision

Step 5 - Plans

Include the proposed plans. Use the following plan examples to help determine the required information for planning permit applications:

- Two Dwellings on a Residential Lot
- Commercial Development
- Industrial Warehouse
- Agricultural Building

Step 6 - Lodgement

Lodge the planning permit application with the Council and pay the fee.

Check the Council website to see how to lodge the planning permit application by post, in person or online.

Note

Other requirements might be required depending on the proposal including (but not limited to):

- Bushfire Management Plan www.planning.vic.gov.au/#bushfire flood amp other natural hazards
- Cultural Heritage Management Plan <u>www.aboriginalvictoria.vic.gov.au/cultural-heritage-management-plans</u>
- Garbage and Recycling Management www.epa.vic.gov.au/your-environment/waste
- Native Vegetation Removal www.environment.vic.gov.au/native-vegetation/native-vegetation
- Wastewater Treatment <u>www.epa.vic.gov.au/your-environment/water/onsite-wastewater</u>

Understanding all Council requirements before lodging your planning permit application can avoid requests for more information and enable a coordinated approach for the assessment process.

*VicSmart is a streamlined assessment process for certain planning permit applications involving:

- prescribed planning permit application fee
- 10-day planning permit application process
- no public notice or third-party appeal rights
- pre-set information must be lodged with an application
- · Chief Executive Officer or delegate officer (planner) of council is the decision maker

For more information please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/vicsmart

CHECKLISTS

Use these checklists as a guide for the necessary information to lodge a planning permit application to ensure efficient processing:

- Commercial Development
- Industrial Development
- Licensed Premise
- Heritage
- Multi Dwellings
- Native Vegetation Removal
- Rural Dwelling
- Signs
- Subdivision

Note:

These checklists are a general guide only. A Council planner will assess the application when received and if required may ask for additional information.

COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit can be required for commercial development. Ask a Council planner if a planning permit is required. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FORMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS
☐ Planning Permit Application form or apply online ☐ Pay fee
Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including:
☐ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan
☐ Restrictive Covenants (if any)
□ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For a copy of the Title please refer to www.landata.vic.gov.au/
PLANS
Site Plan including:
□ Drawn to scale
□ North point
☐ Boundaries and dimensions of the site
☐ Relevant ground levels including any proposed earthworks (cut and fill)
 □ Existing or proposed easements and services □ Location and layout of existing and proposed buildings and works including setbacks to boundaries
☐ Location and use of buildings and works on adjoining land
☐ All existing and proposed fences including location, height and materials
☐ All existing and proposed access points, driveways, car parking and loading areas including
dimensions and surface materials
☐ Existing and proposed trees and landscape areas
☐ Garbage and recycling disposal and storage areas
Floor plan including:
☐ Drawn to scale
□ North point
☐ Proposed building layout including dimensions and floor areas
Elevation Plans including:
☐ Drawn to scale
☐ Maximum height of buildings and works from natural ground level
□ Colours and materials of buildings
REPORTS
Written response for the proposal including:
☐ Existing (or former) and proposed use of land
☐ Type of business and operation activities
☐ Staff and patron numbers
☐ Satisfying the zone, overlays and other relevant provisions of the planning scheme
For a copy of planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-
amendments/browse-planning-schemes

OTHER REQUIREMENTS	
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required including (but not limited to):	
☐ Feature Survey prepared by a qualified Land Surveyor	
☐ If a sign is proposed, see Signs checklist	
☐ If subdivision is proposed, see Subdivision checklist	
Carparking Demand Assessment and/or Traffic Impact Assessment by a qualified Traffic Engineer	
☐ Bushfire Management Plan	
Cultural Heritage Management Plan	
TERMS EXPLAINED	

Planning

Planning covers a broad range of issues, but is essentially about the control of the construction, growth and development of towns, cities and urban areas. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf file/0017/95012/Using-Victorias-Planning-System-2015.pdf

Planning Permit

A planning permit is a legal document that allows a certain use and/or development on land. A planning permit is not a building permit. You may need to obtain both a building permit and a planning permit. More information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/do-i-need-a-permit

Under Victoria's planning system, local councils and the State Government develop planning schemes to control land use and development. They contain planning policies, zones, overlays and other provisions that affect how land can be used and developed. Further information is available at planning-schemes.delwp.vic.gov.au/about

VicSmart

VicSmart is a streamlined assessment process for straightforward planning permit applications including:

- prescribed planning permit application fee
- a 10-day planning permit application process
- applications are not advertised and there are no third-party appeal rights
- pre-set information must be submitted with an application
- the Chief Executive Officer or delegate officer (planner) of council is the decision maker

Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/vicsmart

LODGEMENT

Check the Council website to see how to lodge the planning permit application by post, in person or online.

PLEASE NOTE

These checklists are for preapplication assessment only. An initial assessment will be undertaken upon the receipt of the planning permit application and additional information may be required once this has occurred.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit can be required for industrial development. Ask a Council planner if a planning permit is required. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FORMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS
Planning Permit Application form or apply onlinePay fee
Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including:
☐ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan☐ Restrictive Covenants (if any)
☐ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For a copy of the Title please refer to www.landata.vic.gov.au/
rol a copy of the Thie please refer to <u>www.faridata.vic.gov.au/</u>
PLANS
Site Plan including:
□ Drawn to scale
□ North point
□ Boundaries and dimensions of the site
□ Relevant ground levels including any proposed earthworks (cut and fill)□ Existing or proposed easements and services
☐ Location and layout of existing and proposed buildings and works including setbacks to boundaries
□ Location and use of buildings and works on adjoining land
☐ All existing and proposed fences including location, height and materials
☐ All existing and proposed access points, driveways, car parking and loading areas including
dimensions and surface materials
 □ Existing and proposed trees and landscape areas □ Garbage and recycling disposal and storage areas
Floor Plan including:
☐ Drawn to scale
 □ North point □ Proposed building layout including dimensions and floor areas
Elevation Plans including:
□ Drawn to scale
☐ Maximum height of buildings and works from natural ground level
□ Colours and materials of buildings
REPORTS
Written response about the proposal including (but not limited to):
☐ Existing (or former) and proposed use of land
☐ Type of business and operation activities
☐ Staff and patron numbers
□ Satisfying the zone, overlays and other relevant provisions of the planning scheme
For a copy of planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-
amendments/browse-planning-schemes

OTHER REQUIREMENTS	
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required including (but not limited to):	
 ☐ Feature Survey prepared by a qualified Land Surveyor ☐ If a sign is proposed, see Signs checklist ☐ If subdivision is proposed, see Subdivision checklist ☐ Carparking Demand Assessment and/or Traffic Impact Assessment by a qualified Traffic Engineer ☐ Bushfire Management Plan ☐ Cultural Heritage Management Plan 	
TERMS EXPLAINED	

I EKWIS EXPLAINE

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Under Victoria's planning system, local councils and the State Government develop planning schemes to control land use and development. They contain planning policies, zones, overlays and other provisions that affect how land can be used and developed. Further information is available at planning-schemes.delwp.vic.gov.au/about

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LICENSED PREMISE - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit may be for a licensed premise. Ask a Council planner if a planning permit is required. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FORMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS
 □ Planning Permit Application form or apply online □ Pay fee □ Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including: □ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan □ Restrictive Covenants (if any)
□ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For a copy of the Title please refer to <u>www.landata.vic.gov.au/</u>
PLANS
 ☐ Site Plan including: ☐ Drawn to scale ☐ North point ☐ Boundaries and dimensions of the site ☐ Existing and/or proposed area for the sale or consumption of liquor outlined by a red line ☐ Location and use of buildings and works on adjoining land
 ☐ Floor Plan including: ☐ Drawn to scale ☐ North point ☐ Existing and/or proposed area for the sale or consumption of liquor outlined by a red line
REPORTS
 □ Written response about the proposal including (but not limited to): □ Existing and/or proposed type of licence □ Existing and/or proposed hours of trading under the liquor licence □ Existing and/or proposed number of patrons □ The cumulative impact of any existing licensed premises and the proposed licensed premises the amenity of the surrounding area. See Planning Practice Note 61 June 2015 Licenses premises: Assessing cumulative impact at www.planning.vic.gov.au/publications/planning-practice-notes □ Satisfying the zone, overlays and other relevant provisions of the planning scheme.
For a copy of the planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-
amendments/browse-planning-schemes
OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required

TERMS EXPLAINED

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LODGEMENT

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HERITAGE OVERLAY - PLANNING APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit may be required to develop land in a Heritage Overlay. Ask a Council planner if a planning permit is required. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FORMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS	
 □ Planning Permit Application form or apply online □ Pay fee □ Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including: □ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan □ Restrictive Covenants (if any) □ Section 173 Agreements (if any) 	
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.	
For a copy of the Title please refer to www.landata.vic.gov.au/	
PLANS	
 Site Plan including: □ Drawn to scale □ North point □ Boundaries and dimensions of the site □ Relevant ground levels including any proposed earthworks (cut and fill) □ Existing or proposed easements and services □ Location and layout of existing and proposed buildings and works including setbacks to boundaries □ All existing and proposed fences including location, height and materials □ Garden area* including dimensions □ Existing and proposed trees and landscape areas □ Location and use of buildings on adjoining land 	
 ☐ Floor plan including: ☐ Drawn to scale ☐ North point ☐ Existing and proposed building layout including dimensions and floor areas 	
 □ Elevation Plans including: □ Drawn to scale □ Maximum height of buildings and works from natural ground level □ Colours and materials of buildings 	
REPORTS	
 ☐ Written response about the proposal including (but not limited to): ☐ How heritage values have been protected and/or incorporated into the development ☐ Satisfying the zone, overlays and other relevant provisions of the planning scheme. 	
For a copy of the planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-	
amendments/browse-planning-schemes	

OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Ask a Council planner if any other information is required
TERMS EXPLAINED

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Planning Permit

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LODGEMENT

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MULTI DWELLINGS - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit is required to develop more than one dwelling on land. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FOI	RMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS
	Planning Permit Application form or apply online Pay fee Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including: □ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan □ Restrictive Covenants (if any) □ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
	r a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For	r a copy of the Title please refer to <u>www.landata.vic.gov.au/</u>
PL/	ANS
	Neighbourhood and Site Description and Design Response Plan
	Site Plan including: Drawn to scale North point Boundaries and dimensions of the site Existing or proposed easements and services Adjoining roads Relevant ground levels including any proposed earthworks (cut and fill) Location and layout of existing and proposed buildings and works including setbacks to boundaries Location and use of buildings on adjoining land All existing and proposed fences including location, height and materials All existing and proposed access points, driveways, car parking and bicycle parking including dimensions and surface materials Garden area* including dimensions Existing and proposed trees and landscape areas Wastewater and effluent disposal area (if required) Garbage and recycling disposal and storage
	Floor Plan including: □ Drawn to scale □ North point □ Existing and proposed building layout including dimensions and floor areas
	Elevation Plans including: □ Drawn to scale □ Maximum height of buildings and works from natural ground level □ Colours and materials of buildings
	Shadow diagrams
	Overlooking diagrams

REPORTS	
Written response about the proposal and how it satisfies the zone, overlays and other relevant provisions of the planning scheme including Clause 55 (ResCode).	
For a copy of planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-	
amendments/browse-planning-schemes	
OTHER REQUIREMENTS	
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required including (but not limited to):	
Feature Survey prepared by a qualified Land Surveyor	
☐ If subdivision is proposed, see subdivision checklist	
☐ Carparking Demand Assessment	
☐ Bushfire Management Plan	
Cultural Heritage Management Plan	
TERMS EXPLAINED	

Clause 55 assessment (ResCode)

In Victoria the residential development of more than one dwelling on land must be assessed in accordance with Clause 55 of the Planning Scheme, or commonly known as ResCode, and includes:

- objectives that must be met
- decision standards that should be met
- guidelines

A ResCode report is only required in urban areas and does not apply to rural land. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/specific-permit-topics/residential-development

Garden area

Any area on a lot with a minimum dimension of 1 metre that does not include:

- a) a dwelling or residential building, except for:
 - an eave, fascia or gutter that does not exceed a total width of 600mm;
 - a pergola;
 - unroofed terraces, patios, decks, steps or landings less than 800mm in
 - height:
 - a basement that does not project above ground level;
 - any outbuilding that does not exceed a gross floor area of 10 square metres; and
 - domestic services normal to a dwelling or residential building;
- b) a driveway; or
- c) an area set aside for car parking.

A lot must provide the minimum garden area at ground level as set out in the planning scheme.

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Planning Permit

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permit. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/do-i-need-a-permit

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LODGEMENT

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PLEASE NOTE

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NATIVE VEGETATION REMOVAL - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit may be required to remove, destroy or lop native vegetation* (including dead vegetation) on private or public land. Ask a Council planner to confirm if a planning permit is required. The information requirements are also detailed in the <u>Guidelines for the removal, destruction or lopping of native vegetation</u> (Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, 2017) (Guidelines). These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FORMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS
 □ Planning Permit Application form or apply online □ Pay fee □ Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including: □ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan □ Restrictive Covenants (if any) □ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For a copy of the Title please refer to <u>www.landata.vic.gov.au/</u>
APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS
All applications to remove native vegetation must include the following information as appropriate: Site Plan including: North point Boundaries and dimensions of the site Existing site conditions, buildings, driveways, fences and vegetation All proposed vegetation removal Tree protection zones*
REPORTS
The assessment pathway*. This includes the location category of the native vegetation to be removed. A description of the native vegetation to be removed* including: whether it is a patch or a scattered tree (or both) the extent (in hectares) the number and circumference (in centimetres measured at 1.3 metres above ground level) of any large trees within a patch the number and circumference (in centimetres measured at 1.3 metres above ground level) of any scattered trees, and whether each tree is small or large the strategic biodiversity score the condition score if it includes endangered Ecological Vegetation Classes if it includes sensitive wetland or coastal areas.
The offset requirement*, determined in accordance with section 5 of the Guidelines, that will apply if the native vegetation is approved to be removed.
*A report can be created using DELWP systems and tools to address the above application requirements. Please visit nvim.delwp.vic.gov.au to access the Native vegetation removal tool.

ADDITIONAL APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS
In addition to the above planning permit application requirements, an application in the Detailed
Assessment Pathway may be required including:
 ☐ A site assessment report of the native vegetation to be removed including: ☐ A habitat hectare assessment of any patches of native vegetation, including the condition, extent (in hectares), Ecological Vegetation Class and bioregional conservation status. ☐ The location, number, circumference (in centimetres measured at 1.3 metres above ground level) and species of any scattered trees, and whether each tree is small or large.
 ☐ Information about impacts on rare or threatened species habitat* including: ☐ The relevant section of the Habitat importance map for each rare or threatened species requiring a species offset
 □ For each rear or threatened species that the native vegetation to be removed is habitat for according to the Habitat importance maps: ■ the species' conservation status
 the proportional impact of the removal of native vegetation on the total habitat for that species whether their habitats are highly localised habitats, dispersed habitats, or important areas of habitat within a dispersed species habitat.
OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required

Assessment pathway

TERMS EXPLAINED

There are three assessment pathways for an application to remove native vegetation: *Basic*, *Intermediate* and *Detailed*. The assessment pathway reflects the potential impact the removal has on biodiversity. These pathways are determined by:

- the amount of native vegetation (in hectares)
- whether any large trees are to be removed, and
- the location of the native vegetation.

Basic Assessment Pathways and Intermediate Assessment Pathways do not require a site assessment by an accredited native vegetation assessor. Further information is available at www.environment.vic.gov.au/native-vegetation/native-vegetation/native-vegetation

Habitat hectare assessment

An assessment of native vegetation to determine its condition, extent (in hectares) and EVC. The assessment must be completed by an accredited native vegetation assessor following methodology described in Native vegetation Quality Assessment Manual — Guidelines for applying the habitat hectares scoring method, Version 1.3 (or its successor) and updated in the Assessor's handbook. Further information is available at www.environment.vic.gov.au/native-vegetation/biodiversity-information-tools

Native vegetation

Native vegetation is defined in Clause 72 of the Victoria Planning Provisions and all local planning schemes as 'plants that are indigenous to Victoria, including trees, shrubs, herbs and grasses'. Please refer to www.environment.vic.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf_file/0021/91146/Guidelines-for-the-removal,-destruction-or-lopping-of-native-vegetation,-2017.pdf

Offset

An offset requirement specified in general habitat units to compensate for the biodiversity loss from native vegetation removal. DELWP systems and tools contains information required to address this application requirement and is available at www.environment.vic.gov.au/native-vegetation/native-vegetation/native-vegetation/biodiversity-information-tools

Planning

Planning covers a broad range of issues, but is essentially about the control of the construction, growth and development of towns, cities and urban areas. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf file/0017/95012/Using-Victorias-Planning-System-2015.pdf

Planning Permit

A planning permit is a legal document that allows a certain use and/or development on land. A planning permit is not a building permit. You may need to obtain both a building permit and a planning permit. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/do-i-need-a-permit

Under Victoria's planning system, local councils and the State Government develop planning schemes to control land use and development. They contain planning policies, zones, overlays and other provisions that affect how land can be used and developed. Further information is available via: planning-schemes.delwp.vic.gov.au/about

Tree protection zone (TPZ)

The TPZ is the area required to protect a tree from adverse construction impacts and involves the required distance stemming outwards from a trees crown and roots.

VicSmart

VicSmart is a streamlined assessment process for straightforward planning permit applications including:

- prescribed planning permit application fee
- a 10-day planning permit application process
- applications are not advertised and there are no third-party appeal rights
- pre-set information must be submitted with an application
- the Chief Executive Officer or delegate officer (planner) of council is the decision maker

Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/vicsmart

LODGEMENT

Check the Council website to see how to lodge the planning permit application by post, in person or online.

PLEASE NOTE

These checklists are for preapplication assessment only. An initial assessment will be undertaken upon the receipt of the planning permit application and additional information may be required once this has occurred.

RURAL DWELLING - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit may be required to develop a dwelling on rural land. Ask a Council planner if a planning permit is required. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FORMS, FEES AND LEGALDOCUMENTS
 □ Planning Permit Application form or apply online □ Pay fee □ Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including: □ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan □ Restrictive Covenants (if any) □ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For a copy of the Title please refer to www.landata.vic.gov.au/
PLANS
□ Site Plan including: □ Drawn to scale □ North point □ Boundaries and dimensions of the site □ Existing or proposed easements and services □ Adjoining roads □ Relevant ground levels including any proposed earthworks (cut and fill) □ Location and layout of existing and proposed buildings and works including setbacks to boundaries □ Location and use of buildings and works on adjoining land □ All existing and proposed fences □ All existing and proposed access points and driveways □ Existing and proposed trees and landscape areas □ Wastewater treatment details and details of water supply and servicing
 ☐ Floor Plan including: ☐ Drawn to scale ☐ North point ☐ Existing and proposed building layout including dimensions and floor areas
 ☐ Elevation Plans including: ☐ Drawn to scale ☐ Maximum height of buildings and works from natural ground level ☐ Colours and materials of buildings
REPORTS Written response about the proposal and how it satisfies the zone, overlays and other relevant
provisions of the planning scheme.
For a copy of planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-

amendments/browse-planning-schemes

OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required including (but not limited to):
 ☐ Feature Survey prepared by a qualified Land Surveyor ☐ Bushfire Management Plan ☐ Cultural Heritage Management Plan ☐ Land Capability Assessment or waste water treatment details ☐ Other site conditions and requirements may apply i.e. VicRoads, relevant water authority, CFA ☐ Any relevant correspondence from other agencies
TERMS EXPLAINED

Planning

Planning covers a broad range of issues, but is essentially about the control of the construction, growth and development of towns, cities and urban areas. Further information is available at

www.planning.vic.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf_file/0017/95012/Using-Victorias-Planning-System-2015.pdf

Planning Permit

A planning permit is a legal document that allows a certain use and/or development on land. A planning permit is not a building permit. You may need to obtain both a building permit and a planning permit. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/do-i-need-a-permit

Under Victoria's planning system, local councils and the State Government develop planning schemes to control land use and development. They contain planning policies, zones, overlays and other provisions that affect how land can be used and developed. More information is available at

www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-amendments/browse-planning-schemes

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- pre-set information must be submitted with an application
- the Chief Executive Officer or delegate officer (planner) of council is the decision maker

Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/vicsmart

LODGEMENT

Check the Council website to see how to lodge the planning permit application by post, in person or online.

PLEASE NOTE

These checklists are for preapplication assessment only. An initial assessment will be undertaken upon the receipt of the planning permit application and additional information may be required once this has occurred.

SIGNS - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit may be required to display a sign, depending on the type and size of the sign and which zone it is located in. Ask a Council planner if a planning permit is required. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

FORMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS
 □ Planning Permit Application form or apply online □ Pay fee □ Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including: □ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan □ Restrictive Covenants (if any) □ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For a copy of the Title please refer to www.landata.vic.gov.au/
PLANS
 □ Site Plan including: □ Drawn to scale □ North point □ Boundaries and dimensions of the site □ The location and size of the proposed sign on the site □ The location and size of any other existing signs on the site
 □ Elevation Plans including: □ Dimensions and height above ground level □ The size of the display (total advertising area including all sides of a multi-sided sign) □ Details of any illumination including proposed illumination times □ The colour and materials of the proposed sign
REPORTS
Written response about the proposal and how it satisfies the zone, overlays and other relevant provisions of the planning scheme including Clause 52.05-3 (Signs).
For a copy of planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-
amendments/browse-planning-schemes
OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required
TERMS EXPLAINED
Planning
Planning covers a broad range of issues, but is essentially about the control of the construction, growth
and development of towns, cities and urban areas. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf file/0017/95012/Using-Victorias-Planning-System-
2015.pdf

Planning Permit

A planning permit is a legal document that allows a certain use and/or development on land. A planning permit is not a building permit. You may need to obtain both a building permit and a planning permit. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/do-i-need-a-permit

Under Victoria's planning system, local councils and the State Government develop planning schemes to control land use and development. They contain planning policies, zones, overlays and other provisions that affect how land can be used and developed. Further information is available at

www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-amendments/planning-scheme-structure

VicSmart

VicSmart is a streamlined assessment process for straightforward planning permit applications including:

- prescribed planning permit application fee
- a 10-day planning permit application process
- applications are not advertised and there are no third-party appeal rights
- pre-set information must be submitted with an application
- the Chief Executive Officer or delegate officer (planner) of council is the decision maker Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/vicsmart

LODGEMENT

Check the Council website to see how to lodge the planning permit application by post, in person or online.

PLEASE NOTE

These checklists are for preapplication assessment only. An initial assessment will be undertaken upon the receipt of the planning permit application and additional information may be required once this has occurred.

SUBDIVISION - PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

A planning permit may be required to subdivide land. Ask a Council planner if a planning permit is required. These planning permit applications should be accompanied with the following information.

Note: If the proposal is for subdivision only, the application must be submitted through SPEAR via www.spear.land.vic.gov.au/spear/

FORMS, FEES AND LEGAL DOCUMENTS
 □ Planning Permit Application form or apply online □ Pay fee □ Copy of Title not more than 60 days old including: □ Plan of Subdivision or Title Plan □ Restrictive Covenants (if any) □ Section 173 Agreements (if any)
For a copy of the form and fees please refer to the Council website.
For a copy of the Title please refer to www.landata.vic.gov.au/
PLANS
 □ Proposed Plan of Subdivision prepared by a qualified Land Surveyor □ Site Plan including: □ Drawn to scale □ North point □ Boundaries and dimensions of the site □ Existing or proposed easements and common property □ Existing or proposed access points □ All proposed infrastructure and works □ Garden area* including dimensions □ Proposed sequencing of development (if required) □ Proposed effluent disposal building envelope (if required)
REPORTS
Written response about the proposal and how it satisfies the zone, overlays and other relevant provisions of the planning scheme including Clause 56 for residential subdivision (ResCode) [∗] if required.
For a copy of planning scheme provisions please refer to www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-amendments/browse-planning-schemes
OTHER REQUIREMENTS
Ask a Council planner if any other requirements are required
TERMS EXPLAINED
Clause 56 assessment (ResCode)
In Victoria the residential subdivision of land must be assessed in accordance with Clause 56 of the
Planning Scheme, or commonly known as ResCode, and includes:

objectives that must be met

- standards that should be met
- decision guidelines

A ResCode report is only required in urban areas and does not apply to rural land. Further information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/specific-permit-topics/residential-development

Garden area

Any area on a lot with a minimum dimension of 1 metre that does not include:

- a) a dwelling or residential building, except for:
 - an eave, fascia or gutter that does not exceed a total width of 600mm;
 - a pergola;
 - unroofed terraces, patios, decks, steps or landings less than 800mm in
 - height:
 - a basement that does not project above ground level;
 - any outbuilding that does not exceed a gross floor area of 10 square metres;
 - and
 - domestic services normal to a dwelling or residential building;
- b) a driveway; or
- c) an area set aside for car parking.

A lot must provide the minimum garden area at ground level as set out in the planning scheme.

Planning

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www.planning.vic.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf file/0017/95012/Using-Victorias-Planning-System-2015.pdf

Planning Permit

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Under Victoria's planning system, local councils and the State Government develop planning schemes to control land use and development. They contain planning policies, zones, overlays and other provisions that affect how land can be used and developed. Further information is available at

www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-amendments/planning-scheme-structure

Public Open Space

An area of land to provide a network of quality, well-distributed, multi-functional and cost-effective open space to the public that includes local parks, active open space, linear parks and trails and links to regional open space.

VicSmart

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- pre-set information must be submitted with an application
- the Chief Executive Officer or delegate officer (planner) of council is the decision maker

More information is available at www.planning.vic.gov.au/planning-permit-applications/vicsmart

LODGEMENT

Check the Council website to see how to lodge the planning permit application by post, in person or online.

PLEASE NOTE

These checklists are for preapplication assessment only. An initial assessment will be undertaken upon the receipt of the planning permit application and additional information may be required once this has occurred.

TEMPLATE PLAN EXAMPLES

Use the following plans to determine the information required to satisfactorily lodge a planning permit application and ensure it is efficiently processed:

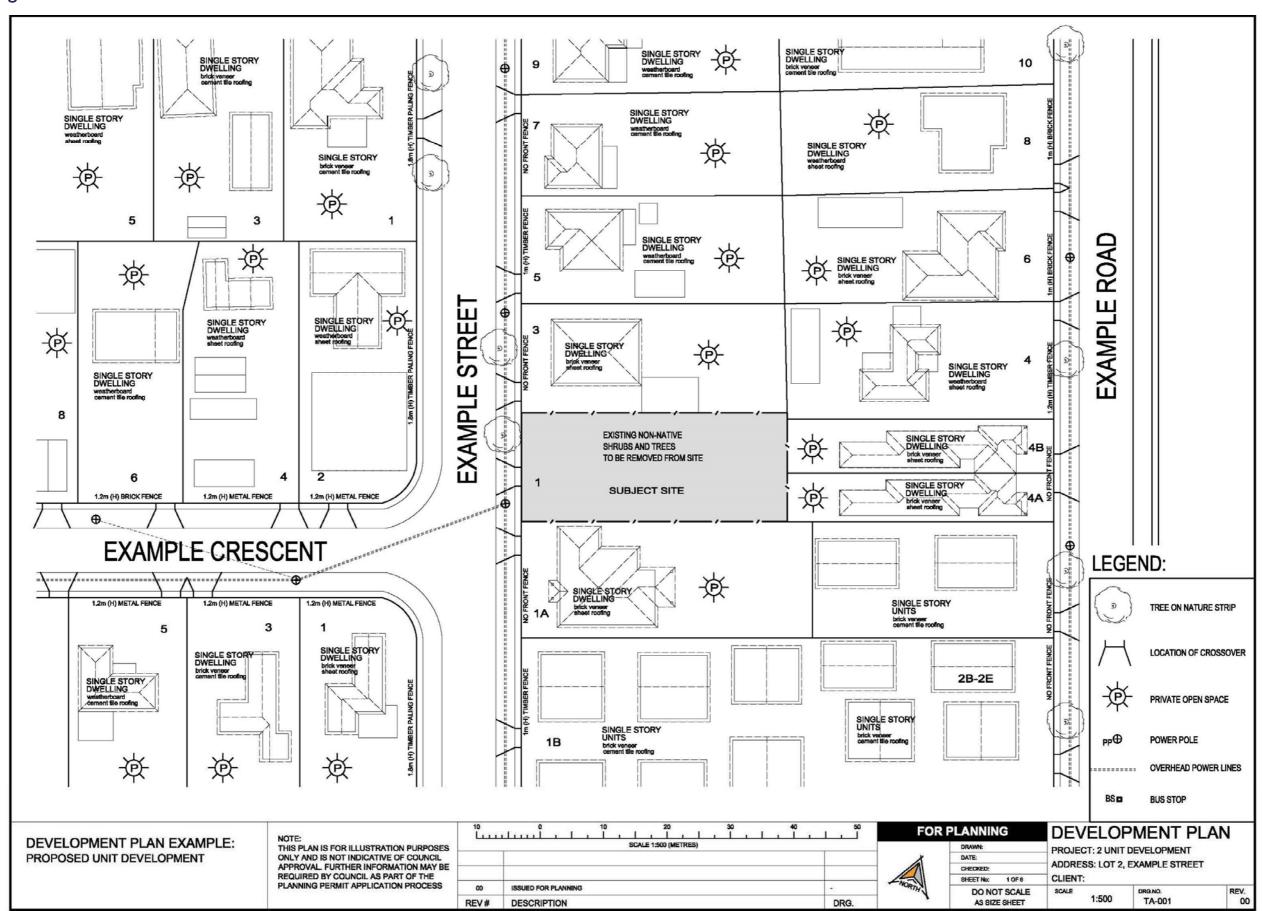
- Two dwellings on a residential lot
- Commercial use and development (food and drink premise)
- Industrial warehouse
- Agricultural building

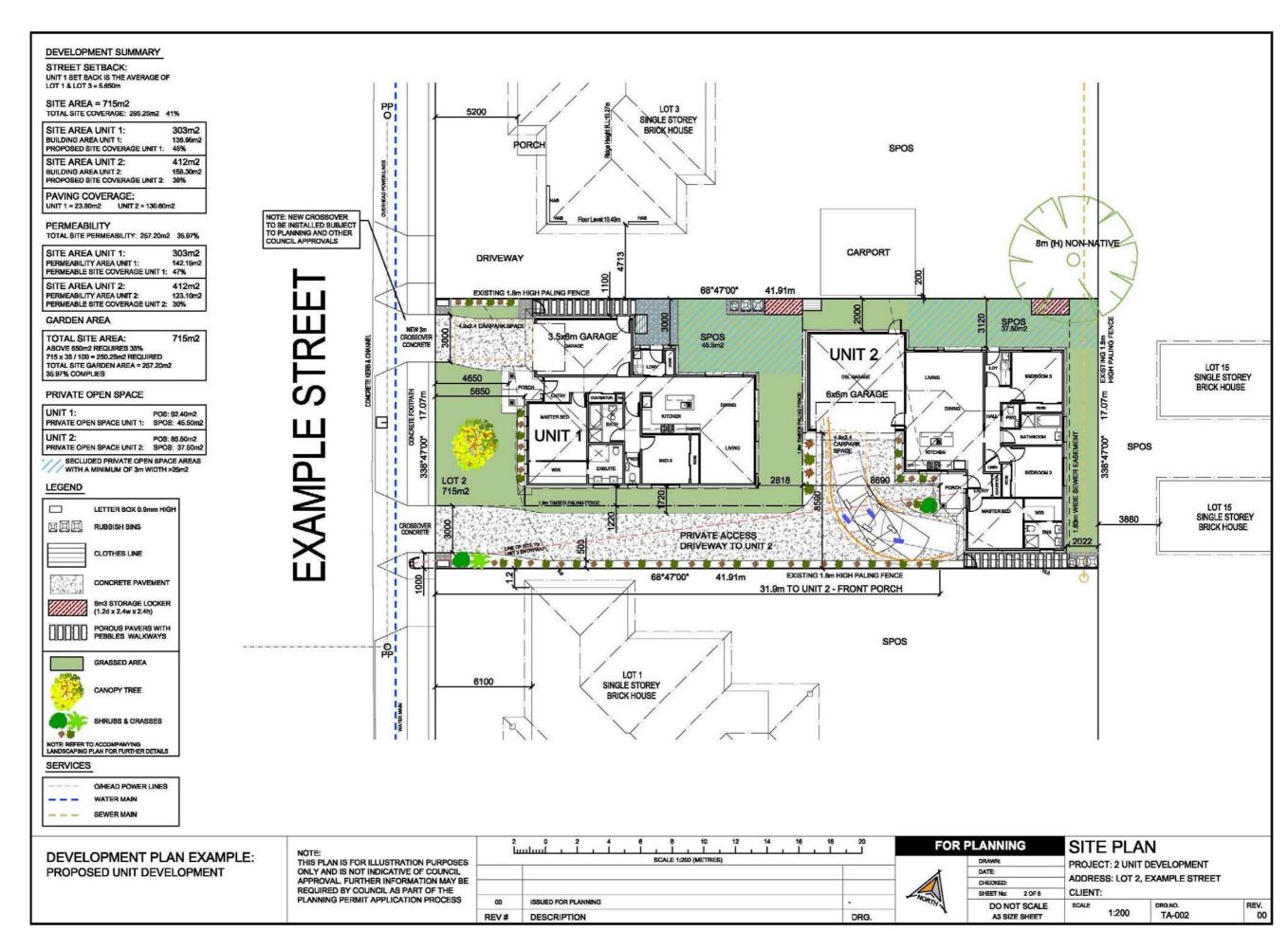
The plans can also be used as a guide for other planning permit application types.

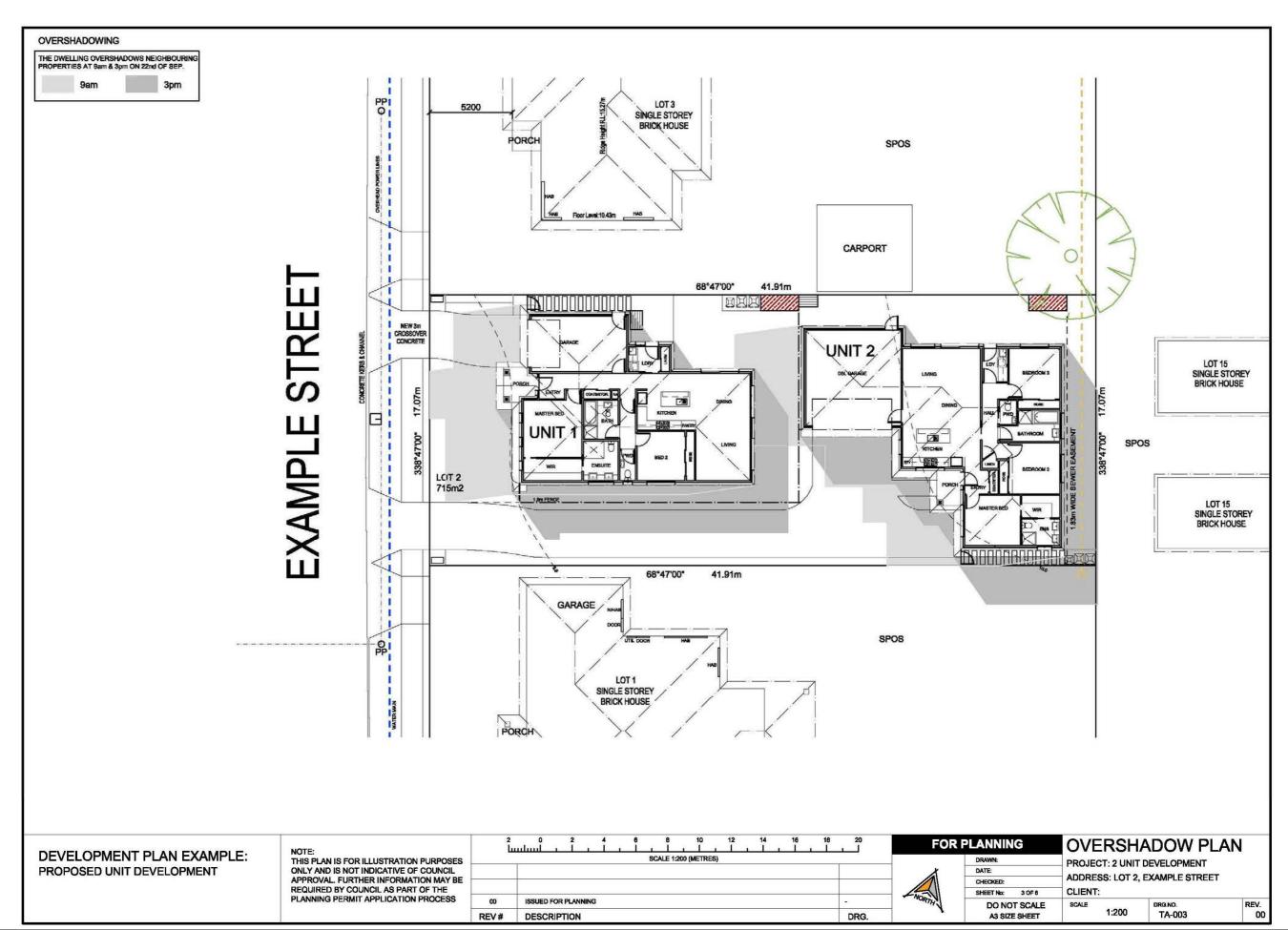
Note:

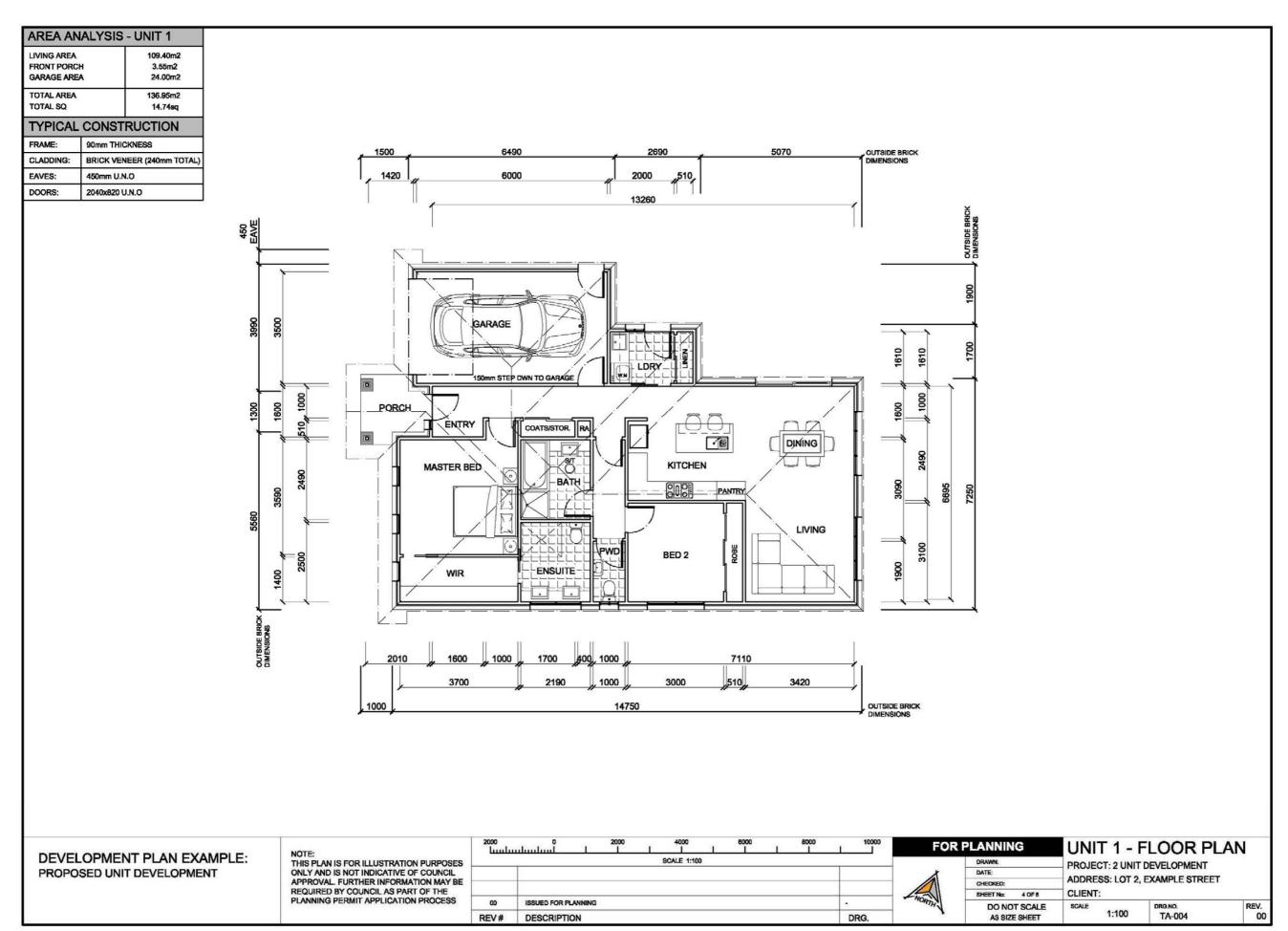
These plans are a general guide only. An initial assessment will be undertaken by a Council planner upon the receipt of a planning permit application and additional information may be required once this has occurred.

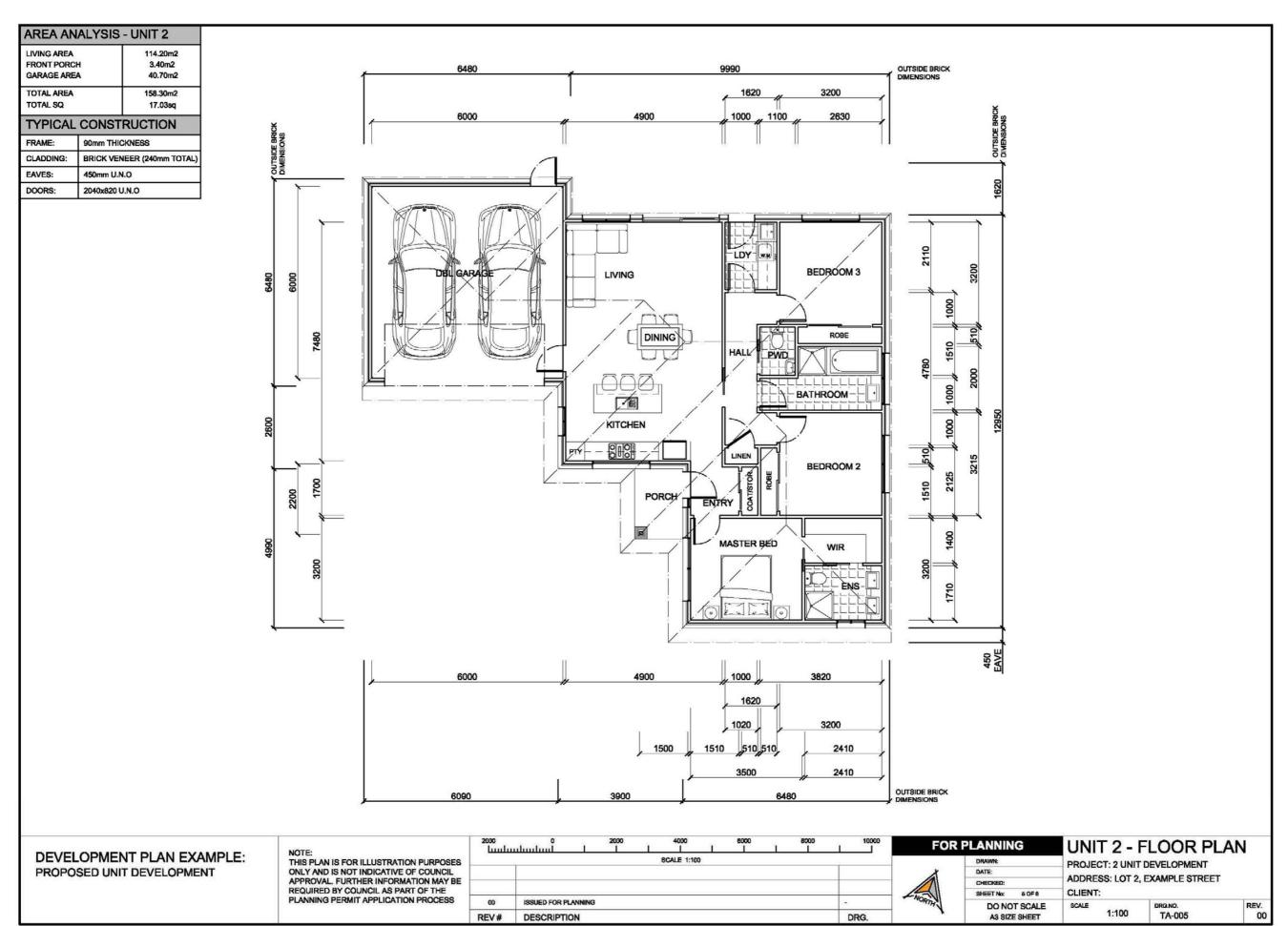
Two dwellings on a residential lot





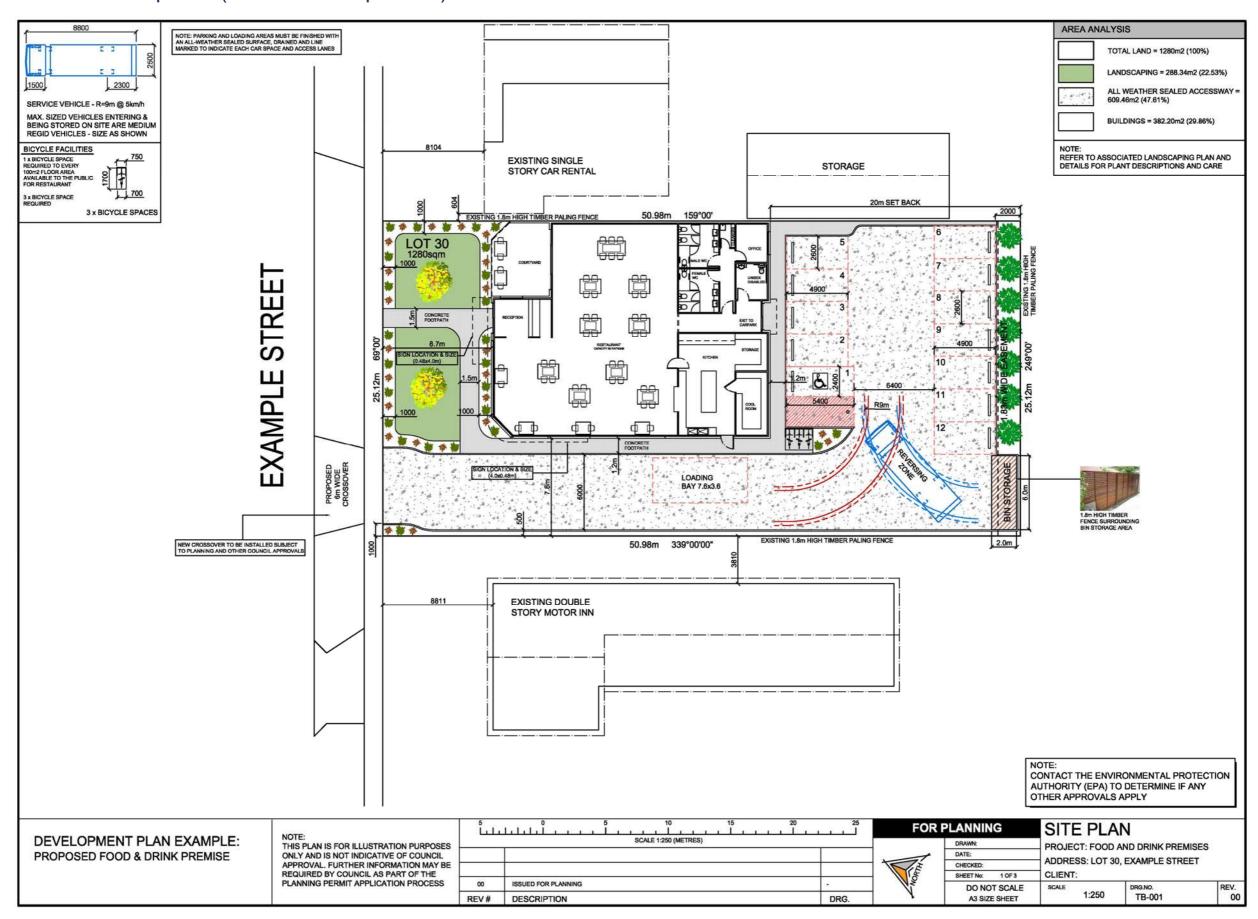


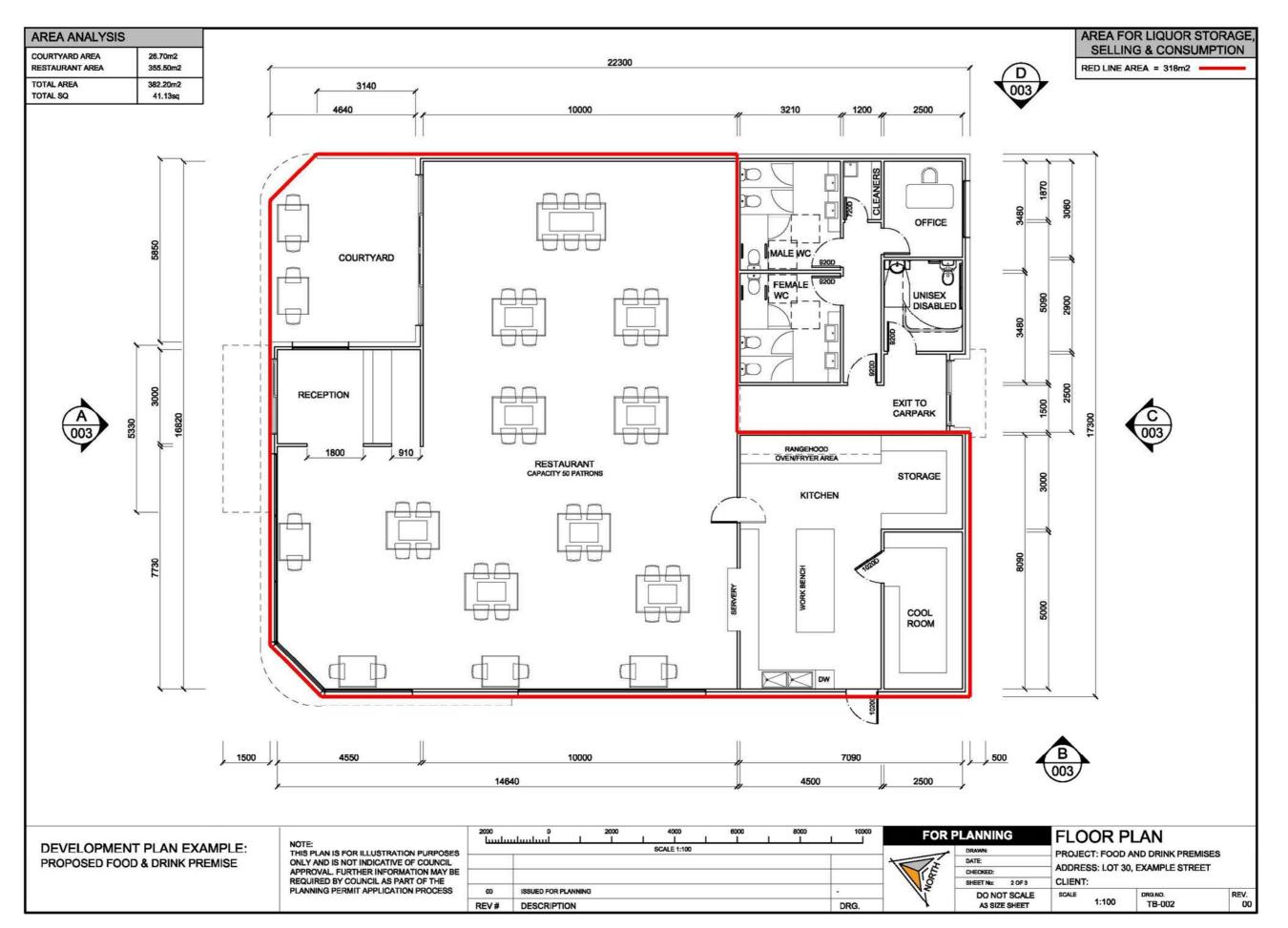


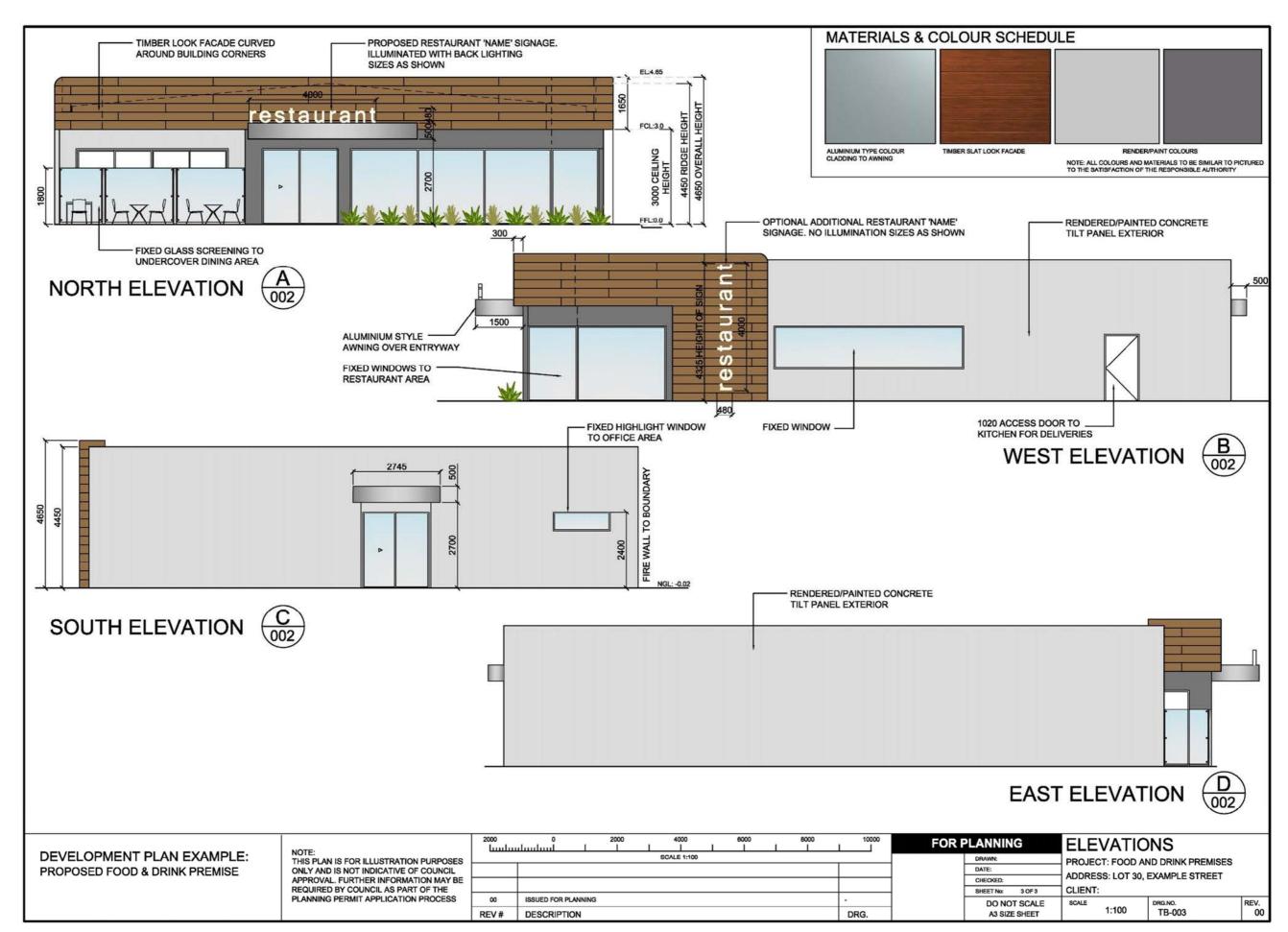




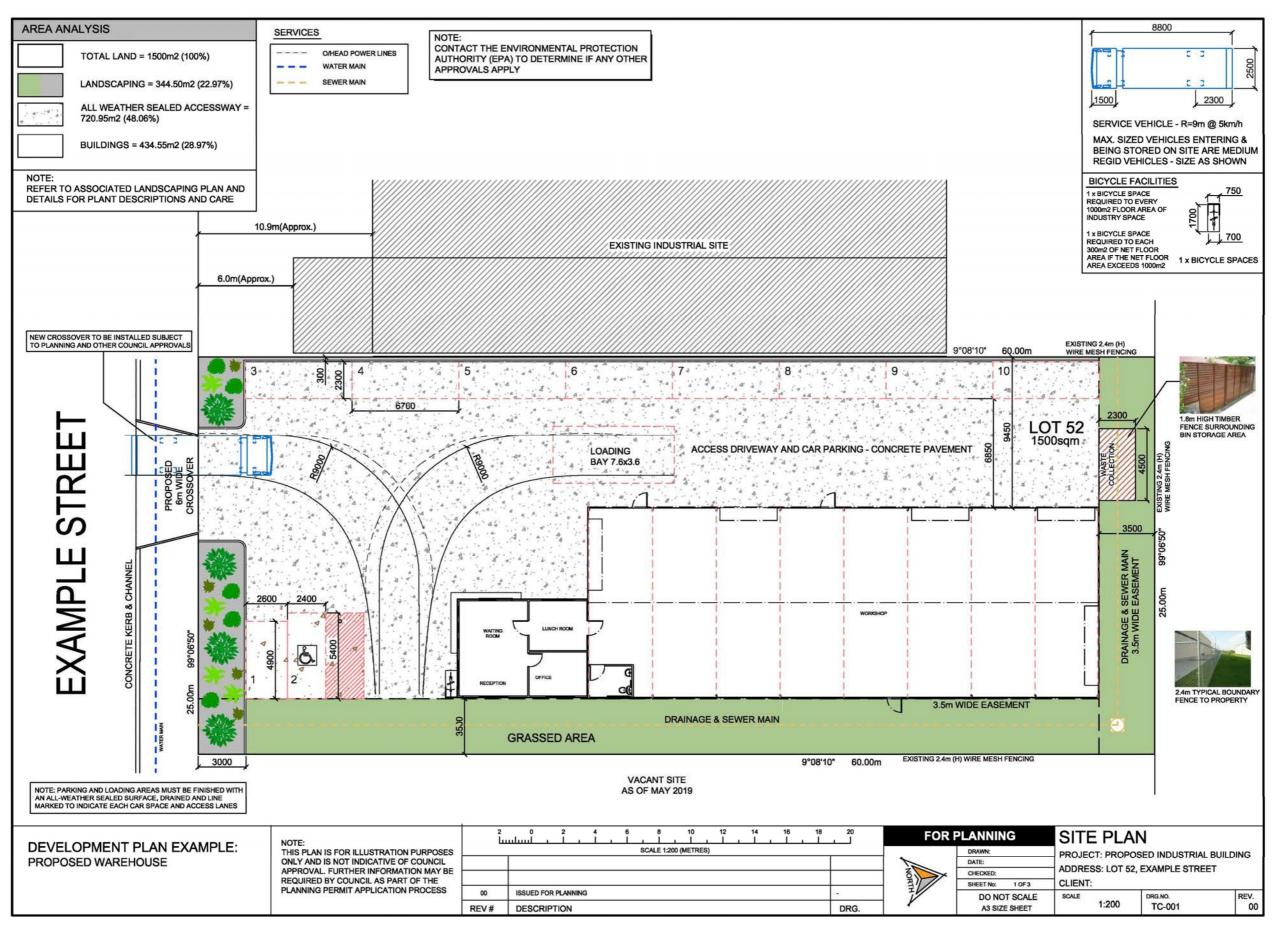
Commercial use and development (food and drink premise)

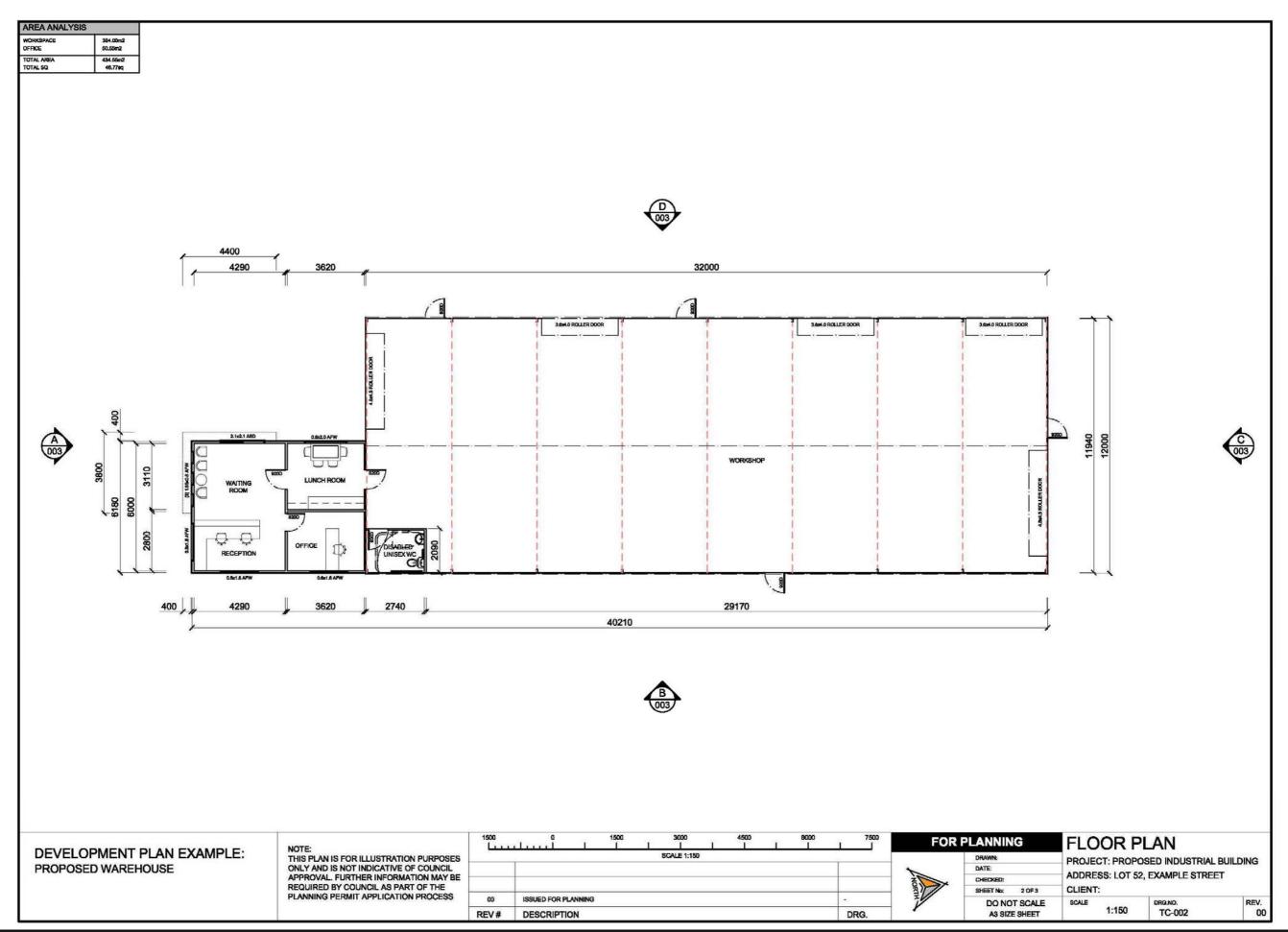


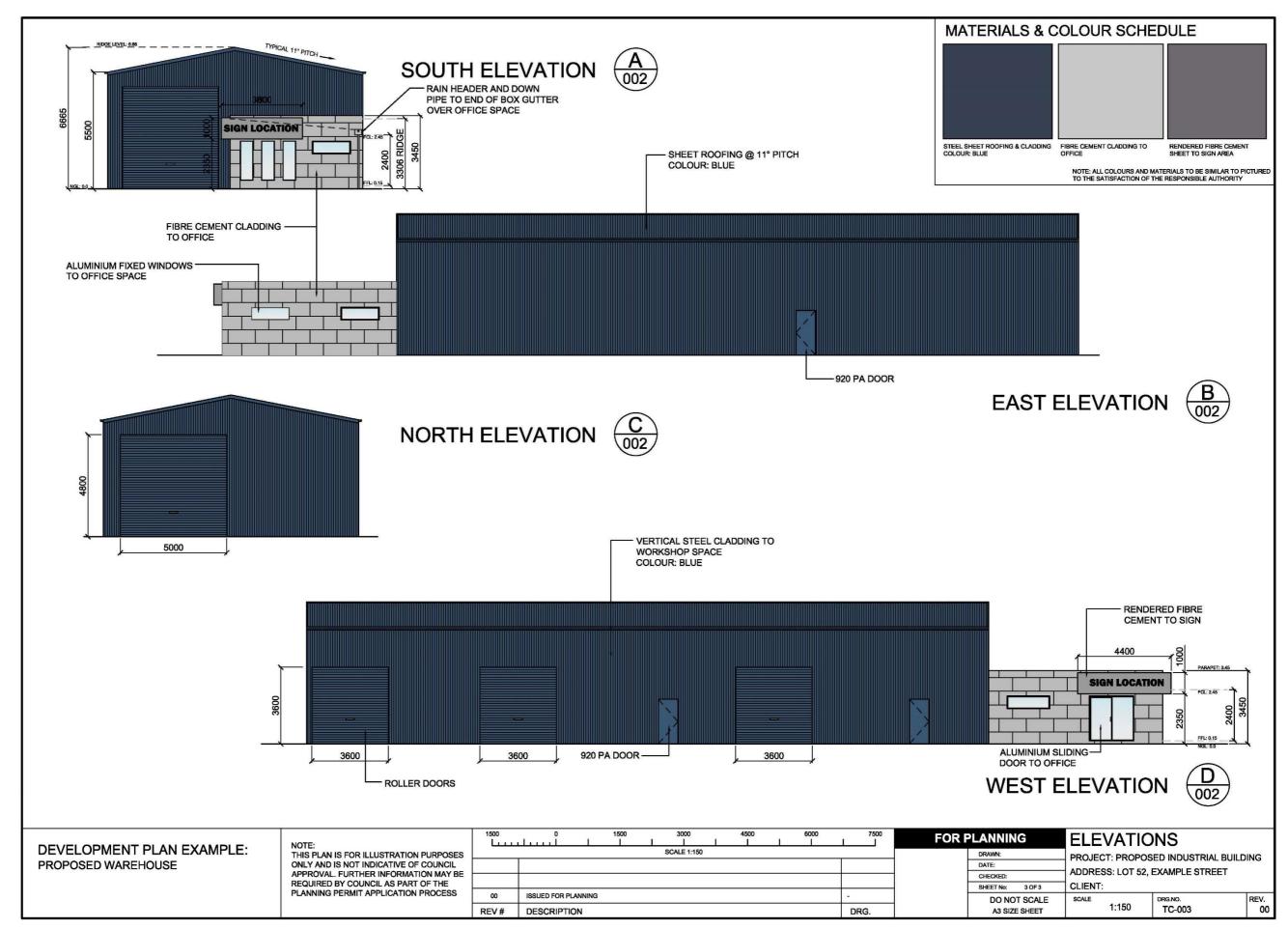




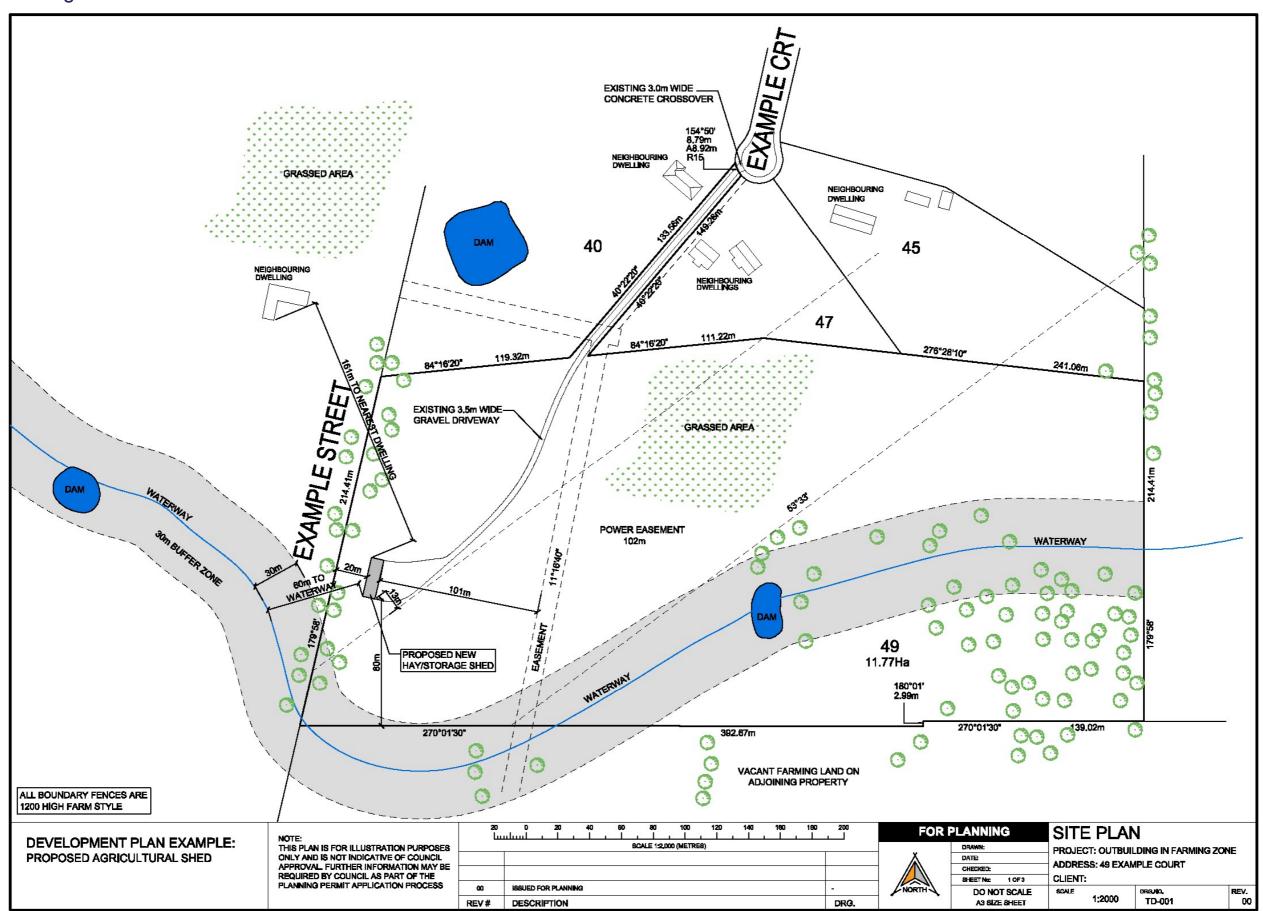
Industrial warehouse

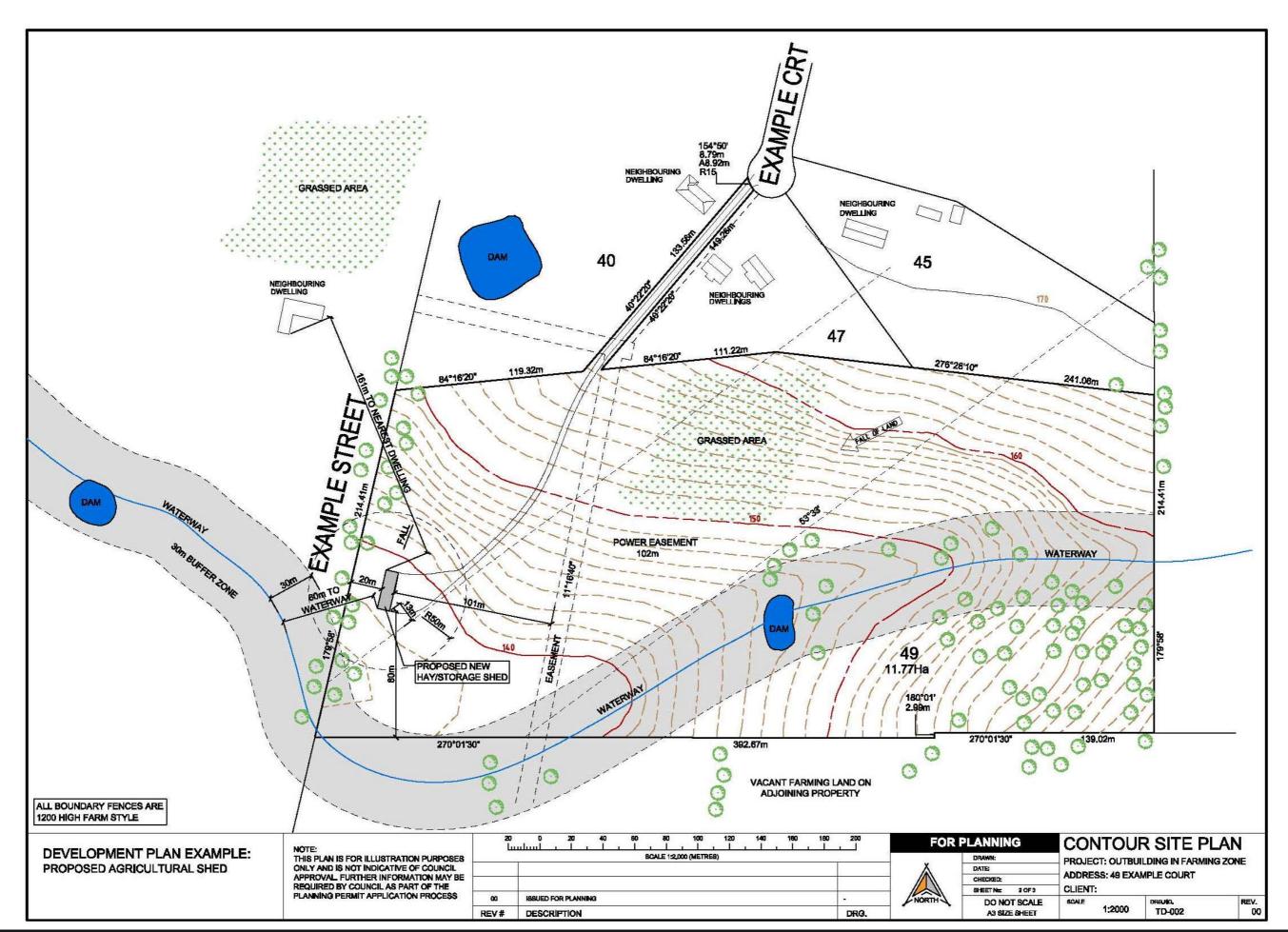


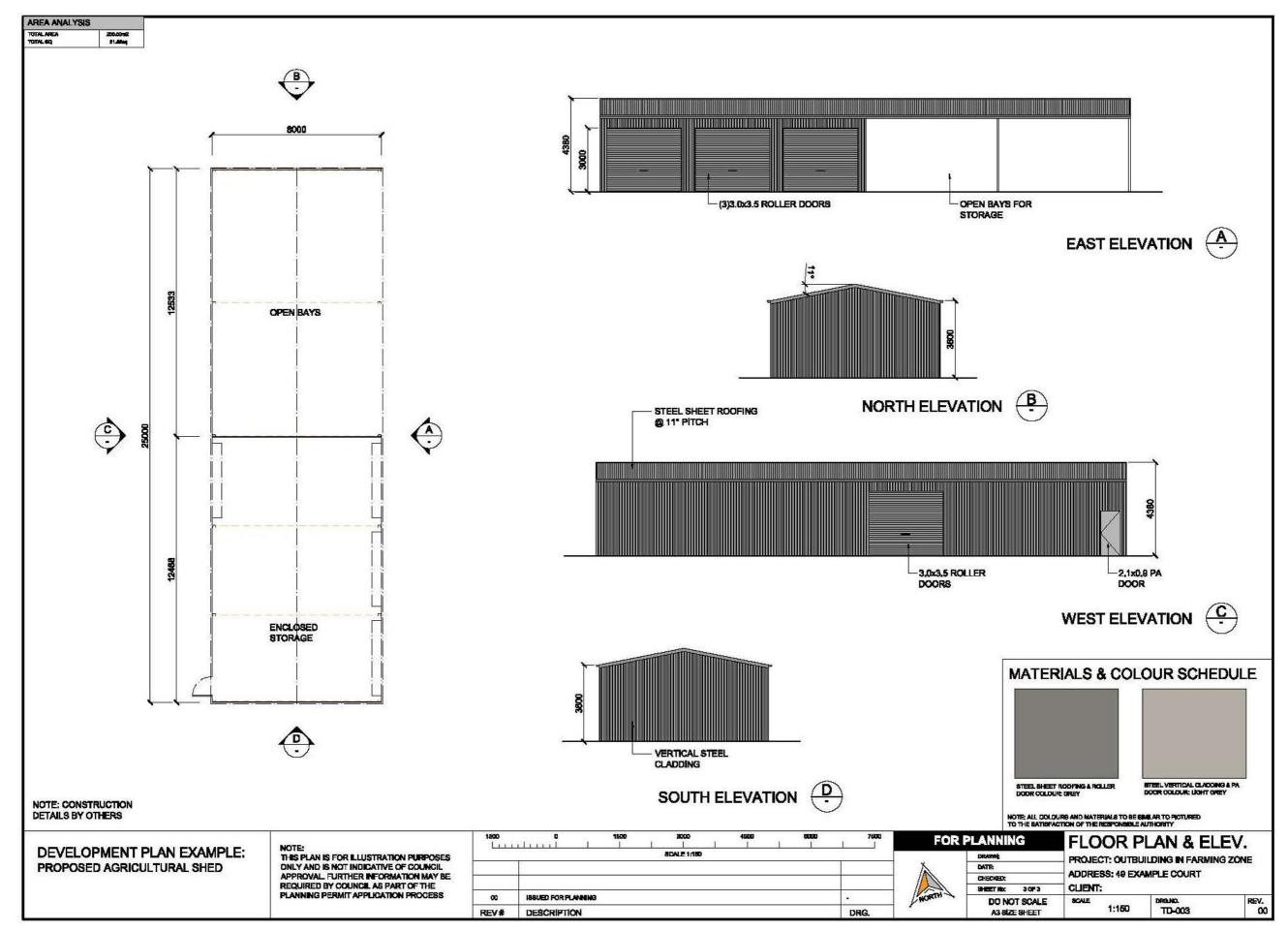




Agricultural building







PLANNING PERMIT APPLICATION TIMEFRAMES

Council is legally required to make a decision on a planning permit application within 60 days from the lodgment date, however many factors can influence this timeframe.

These factors are detailed below for a standard (not VicSmart) planning permit application process:

Council initial review of application	Clock Reset	Clock Runs	Clock Stopped	Clock Runs	Clock Runs	Clock Stopped
	Request for further	Further	Notice of	Last notice given	Council final	Decision issued
	information within	information	application		assessment of	Application lodged
	28 days	provided	required		application	at VCAT
	Clock Runs	Clock Runs	Clock Stopped	Clock Runs	Clock Runs	Clock Stopped
	Request	Further	Notice of	Last notice given	Council final	Decision issued
	information	information	application		assessment of	Application lodged
	outside 28 days	provided	required		application	at VCAT
	review of	Council initial review of application Request for further information within 28 days Clock Runs Request information	Council initial review of application Request for further information within 28 days provided Clock Runs Request Clock Runs Request information information	Council initial review of application Application Request for further information within 28 days provided required Clock Runs Request Further information application required Clock Runs Further Notice of application application	Council initial review of application Request for further information within 28 days provided Clock Runs Request Further information provided Clock Runs Request information information information application Request for further information application Clock Runs Request information information application Clock Runs Request information information application	Council initial review of application Request for further information within 28 days Clock Runs Request Request Further information Provided Clock Runs Request Information Informatio

Note:

If an amendment to a planning permit application is lodged during the process, the statutory timeframe is reset to zero and the process starts again.

If the council does not issue a decision on a planning permit application within the statutory timeframe, the applicant has the right to lodge an appeal with the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal (VCAT) under section 79 of the Act.

REQUIRED REGULATORY APPROVALS

Early identification of the regulatory approvals and information required for your proposal can enable a coordinated and streamlined approach for the assessment process. The following table shows the regulatory approvals that might be required based on common proposals:

Proposal	Likely Approvals	Relevant Organisation	
Dwelling	Planning Permit	Council Planning Department	
	Building Permit	Private Building Surveyor	
	Septic System and Effluent Disposal	Council Health Department	
	Crossover Permit	Council Infrastructure Department	
	(New or altered access only)	VicRoads (Access to Road Zone	
		Category 1 only)	
	Development Contributions Levy	Council Infrastructure Department	
	(New dwellings and multi-dwellings only)		
Subdivision	Planning Permit	Council Planning Department	
	Public Contributions Levy	Council Infrastructure Department	
	Certification	Council Planning Department	
Commercial	Planning Permit	Council Planning Department	
Development	Building Permit	Council Planning Department	
	Crossover Permit	Council Infrastructure Department	
	(New or altered access only)	VicRoads (Access to Road Zone	
		Category 1 only)	
	Development Contributions Levy	Council Infrastructure Department	
Food and Drink	Planning Permit	Council Planning Department	
Premise	Building Permit	Private Building Surveyor	
Health and Beauty	(Buildings and works proposed only)		
Accommodation	Liquor License & Footpath Trading	Council Health Department	
		Council Planning Department	
		Victorian Commission for Gambling and	
		Liquor Regulation	
	Business Identification Sign	Council Planning Department	
	A-Frame Sign	Council Local Law Department	
Agricultural Building	Planning Permit	Council Planning Department	
	Building Permit	Private Building Surveyor	
Other (Site Specific)	Flood Risk	Local Water Authority	
		Local Catchment Management Authority	
		Council Planning Department	
	Bushfire Risk	Council Planning Department	
	Bushfire Management Plan	CFA	
	Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Sensitivity	Registered Aboriginal Party	
	Cultural Heritage Management Plan	Council Planning Department	
	Constructing Over Easement	Asset Owner	
	Pathway Assessment Report	Department of Environment, Land,	
	(Native vegetation removal only)	Water and Planning	
		Council Planning Department	
	Access to Road Zone Category 1	VicRoads	

RELEVANT PLANNING INFORMATION

Service	What is it?	Source	
Legislation			
Planning and	This Planning and Environment Act 1987 (the Act) governs	www8.austlii.edu.au/cgi-bin/viewdb/au/legis/vic/consol_act/paea1987254/	
Environment Act 1987	planning in Victoria.		
Planning and	The Planning and Environment Regulations 2015 sit under the Act	www8.austlii.edu.au/cgi-	
Environment	and provides the prescribed forms and notices.	bin/viewdoc/au/legis/vic/consol_reg/paer2015363/index.html	
Regulations 2015			
Subdivision Act 1988	This is the Act governing the subdivision process in Victoria.	www8.austlii.edu.au/cgi-bin/viewdb/au/legis/vic/consol_act/sa1988153/	
Prescribed Fees	The state government has a set of prescribed fees for planning	www.planning.vic.gov.au/legislation-regulations-and-fees/planning-and-	
	permits, planning scheme amendments and some other planning	subdivision-fees	
	matters. These are determined by using the government's fee		
	units which is set in accordance with the Monetary Units Act 2004.		
Victorian Civil and	VCAT hears and decides on applications by permit applicants,	www.vcat.vic.gov.au/get-started/planning-and-environment	
Administrative Tribunal	permit holders, objectors and responsible authorities involving		
(VCAT)	disputes over the use and/or development of land. Majority of		
	matters fall under the Planning and Environment Act 1987.		
Planning Panels	Planning Panels Victoria provide independent planning advice and	www.planning.vic.gov.au/panels-and-committees/panels-and-committees	
Victoria	recommendations by considering submissions, conducting		
	hearings and preparing reports for the responsible authority and		
	involves third parties where relevant.		
Austlii	Austlii is an online database for legal hearings. You can find both	www.austlii.edu.au/cgi-bin/viewdb/au/cases/vic/VCAT/	
	VCAT cases and red dot decisions (these identify the		
	interpretation of provisions or clarify points of law).		
Planning Schemes and	Maps		
Using Victoria's	Using Victoria's Planning System is s detailed guide that provides	www.planning.vic.gov.au/guide-home/using-victorias-planning-system	
Planning System	technical information on using Victoria's planning system including		
	statutory planning processes and planning scheme amendments.		

Service	What is it?	Source
A Practitioner's Guide	The Practitioner's Guide to Victorian Planning Schemes is a guide	www.planning.vic.gov.au/latest-news/practitioners-guide
to Victorian Planning	to assist practitioners with preparing a new or revised provision for	
Schemes	the planning scheme.	
Planning Schemes	Planning Schemes Online is an electronic version of the planning	planning-schemes.delwp.vic.gov.au/schemes
Online	scheme.	
VicPlan	VicPlan is a mapping tool produced by the state government	mapshare.maps.vic.gov.au/vicplan/
	where you can research the planning controls and information for	
	a property. You can also create property reports which identify all	
	the planning controls on a parcel of land.	
General		
Planning Services -	The state government is the leading planning authority in Victoria	www.planning.vic.gov.au/
Department of	the website is a general source of current planning or other	
Environment, Land,	relevant information.	
Water and Planning		
(DELWP)		
Technical		
Cultural Heritage	A CHMP might be required on a site that is subject to Aboriginal	www.aav.nrms.net.au/aavQuestion1.aspx
Management Plan	cultural heritage significance under the Aboriginal Heritage Act	
(CHMP)	2006 (Victoria) and Aboriginal Heritage Regulations 2007. A tool	
	can be used at the following link to confirm if a CHMP is required.	
Bushfire Manage	The BMO information provided by DELWP has information that	www.planning.vic.gov.au/policy-and-strategy/bushfire-protection/bushfire-
Overlay (BMO)	can be used by both practitioners of the scheme and the public.	management-overlay
	This includes planning permit application requirements for building	
	in the BMO and other relevant information and templates.	
Advisory Notes	An advisory note relates to specific planning issues or	www.planning.vic.gov.au/publications/planning-advisory-notes
	amendments. They are an information document rather than	
	providing guidance on assessing planning matters. When a major	
	policy change occurs, an advisory note is usually produced. Some	
	examples include:	
	Information about when the planning scheme amendment process	
	changed.	
	Information about reducing amendment timeframes	

Service	What is it?	Source
	Information regarding the gaming provisions in the scheme.	
Practice Notes	A practice note provides advice about the operation of the Victoria	www.planning.vic.gov.au/publications/planning-practice-notes
	Planning Provisions, planning schemes and a range of planning	
	processes and topics. They are used in both statutory planning	
	and strategic planning by planners and the public in the	
	assessment of applications. Some examples include:	
	Contaminated land	
	Applying different controls (more related to planning scheme	
	amendments)	
	Assessing applications under Cause 55	
	Rural residential development	
Environment	Depending on the proposal, EPA guidelines may apply such as	www.epa.vic.gov.au/business-and-industry/guidelines/planning
Protection Authority	buffers or separation distances for industrial air emissions,	
(EPA) policies	industrial waste disposal, noise associated with commercial uses	
	and landfills.	
Incorporated	Incorporated documents must be considered as part of a planning	www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-amendments/planning-scheme-
documents	decision. They can be state wide, or municipal specific. Some	structure/planning-scheme-structure/incorporated-documents
	examples include:	
	Native vegetation	
	Codes of Practice	
Reference documents	Reference documents do not hold statutory weight and provide	www.planning.vic.gov.au/schemes-and-amendments/planning-scheme-
	background to the policy in the planning schemes. Each council	structure/planning-scheme-structure/incorporated-documents
	will have their own set of reference documents.	
Codes of Practice	In the planning scheme, some uses require compliance with a	Refer to clause 72.04 of the Planning Scheme planning-
	Code of Practice and these can be incorporated documents in the	schemes.delwp.vic.gov.au/schemes
	planning scheme that must be considered with a planning permit	
	application. Some examples include:	
	Timber production	
	Telecommunications facilities	
	Tennis Courts	

- End report -