# Kasungu District Council Summary of Development Priorities 2017-2022





## Introduction

Kasungu District is located in the Central Region of the Republic of Malawi. The total area of the district is 7,878 square kilometres, making up 8.4% of the total land area of Malawi (94,276 KM²). The district is bordered by Zambia in the west; Mchinji, Dowa, and Lilongwe in the south; Mzimba in the north; and Nkhotakota and Ntchisi in the east. It is one of the biggest districts in Malawi, and the second largest in the central region after the district of Lilongwe. It shares boundaries with the largest number of districts in the Central Region. The district has both Municipal and District Councils with their headquarters located approximately 127 Kms Northwest of Lilongwe. According to the National Statistical Office (NSO 2008), the district's projected population in 2015 was estimated at 826,285. Kasungu District Council has 18 wards, each represented by a Councillor and 30 Area Development Committees represented by an elected chairperson

Priority Area	<b>Strategies (Planned Interventions)</b>
1: Food insecurity	Enhance redistribution of agriculture markets
	Lobby for timely financial allocation to ADMARC as main buyer of farm produce
	Promote utilisation of soil & water conservation technologies
	Redistribute land to small holder farmers
	Promote irrigation development & services
	Promote farmer adoption of irrigation technologies
	Promote and protect livestock
	Promote value addition
	Promote adoption of livestock pass on programmes
	Introduce robust cost recovery techniques
	Develop feeds for livestock with private entrepreneurs
	Promote vaccination against rabies
	Enhance dairy production
	Enhance livestock services
	Promote fish production
	Enhance aquaculture production
	Institute legal fishing methods
	Protect fish in breeding grounds
	Promote data management on fish business
	Increase farmer support on FISP
	Lobby for high prices for agriculture produce
	Promote adoption of livestock pass on programmes
	Introduce robust cost recovery techniques
	Develop feeds for livestock with private entrepreneurs
	Promote vaccination against rabies
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	Enhance aquaculture production
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Promote data management on fish business	
Increase farmer support on FISP	
Lobby for high prices for agriculture produce	

Priority Area	<b>Strategies (Planned Interventions)</b>
2: Low women participation in development programmes	• Build capacity of local structures on participation of women in development programmes
	<ul> <li>Sensitize communities on negative influences of culture &amp; tradition</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Build skill levels of women &amp; Youth</li> </ul>
	Training on gender mainstreaming
	Equip women financially
	Promote girl-child education and retention

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
3. Poor access to safe	Rehabilitate water points
portable water sources	Provide more safe water facilities
	Supervise and sanction drilling of boreholes
	Build capacity of CBM committees
	Supervision& regular maintenance of water aquifers
	Reduce vandalism of water sources by strengthen Comm policing
	Shorten distances to water sources
	Strengthen partnerships in water management & provision
	Distribute partners evenly
	Develop a water point map

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
4. High mortality &	Promote sanitation coverage
morbidity rates	Lobby for deployment of more Health personnel
	Increase Health facilities
	Campaign on dangers of unskilled health personnel
	Prevent HIV/AIDs
	Reduce risk factors to Health (TB inclusive)
	Increase immunisation coverage
	Provide essential pharmaceutical drugs
	Strengthen relationship with private sector
	• Introduce early identification mechanism, public health intervention and treatment
	Increase use of family planning methods
	Provide adequate essential Health service delivery
	<ul> <li>Lobby for functionality of all health facilities</li> </ul>
	Provide alternative energy and water supply
	<ul> <li>Introduce early identification mechanism, public health intervention and treatment</li> </ul>
	Increase use of family planning methods
	Provide adequate essential Health service delivery
	Lobby for functionality of all health facilities
	Provide alternative energy and water supply

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
5. High environment	Enhance afforestation programs
degradation	Establish collaborative management of natural resources

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Lobby for more forest staff
Promote family planning practices
Enhance solid waste management
Establish collaborative management of natural resources
Intensify soil and water conservation practices
Intensify law enforcement
Promote and Utilise potential alternative energy sources
Promote Forest based IGA
Enhance customary land forest based management
Promote VFAs management plans
Promote services for collection and disposal of solid waste

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
6. High illiteracy rate at	Provide quality service in ECD
42% than	Lobby for expansion of school feeding programme
	Intensify supervision
	Promote use local teaching & learning materials
	Train more instructors
	Lobby for more teachers
	Provide more classroom blocks
	Reduce gender inequality
	Provide more sanitary & hygiene facilities
	Lobby for more teachers
	Provide more sec schools
	Create awareness on girl child

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
7. High HIV/AIDS prevalence rate	Promote advocacy and awareness programmes
	Create awareness campaigns on dangers of none use of condoms
	Reinforce laws on drug and alcohol abuse
	Produce and enforce by laws

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Create campaigns on bad cultural behaviours	
Provide more outreach programmes	
Provide adequate CBOS support	

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
8. Poor roads, housing,	Provide more road networks
tourism, energy and communication	Upgrade road networks to bitumen standards
infrastructure	Provide durable road structures
	Provide adequate infrastructure for tourism attraction
	Promote other sources of energy
	Lobby for more radio and phone
	Lobby for reduced internet costs
	Provide housing infrastructure
	Develop urban structure plans and detailed layout plans for upcoming urban trading centres

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
9. Low income at	Provide and enforce farm produce prices
household level	Provide support to producer/trader agro based markets
	Facilitate more micro-finance opportunities
	Create more self-employed opportunities
	Enhance production technologies
	Utilise LED economic opportunities
Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
10. Poor governance &	Provision & redistribution of more security personnel
high insecurity	Provision of adequate transport & equipment
	Establishment of more police units and post
	Strengthen & establish more community policing
	Introduce justice reform programme

Lobby for more judiciary personnel
Provision of more courts
Lobby for Police unit and immigration in border areas
Institute rule of law on foreigners permits
Build community participation & understanding of their role in governance
Promote service charter on service delivery for all actors
Enhance CSOs and public accountability and transparency
Create conducive environment for democratic dispersion
Enhance public and private partnerships
Build capacity of Councils and other actors in development
Build Council understanding of their role and mandate
Institute rule of law
Orient citizens, government and private on their role in service delivery

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
11. Child Labour	Provide capital for business
	Promote parental care
	Promote advocacy & awareness campaigns
	Provide care and support to OVC
	Campaign for reduced population growth
	Promote and advocate for parenthood
	Awareness campaign
	Organise child labour campaign
	Establish Labour committees at TA level
Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
12.Low council revenue	Develop mechanisms to manage mining (private) sector
collection (Local economic development)	Investigate all corruption cases and monitor staff
	Develop by-laws to govern mineral, commercials sectors
	Enforce adherence to small scale miners
	Develop development proposals for urban centres
	Manage council assets and liabilities
	Build citizens capacity to pay tax

Lobby for predictable ceded revenue to the Council	
	Develop assessment, enumeration, registration, billing & collection of all revenue potential sources

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
13. Erratic supply of	Promote power/energy connectivity using solar and windmill
electrical power/energy	Lobby for improvement in sources of power
	Develop structural plans
	Development mechanism to support the poor on electrical power connections (MAREP)
	Lobby for completion of the WB project (Millennium Challenge account)
	Invest in solar energy and bio gas
	Invest in small hydro power such as in Bua river

Priority Area	Strategies (Planned Interventions)
14. Poor land use planning	Develop structural plans for urban centres
	Build council capacity on their role on land policy guidance
	Develop detailed layout plans
	Engage personnel and train on land use management
	Lobby for devolvement of the ministry
	Build community knowledge on land policy.